

STRATEGY AND ROADMAP FOR THE NAP PROCESS IN THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

LEG: Regional Training Workshop on Adaptation for African Anglophone Least Developed Countries

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By

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Selected initiatives in addressing the challenges of climate change in Tanzania

- I997: Environmental Policy (and other environmental Related Policies);
- 2004: The Environmental Management Act (2004);
- 2006: Development and implementation of Strategy for Urgent Actions on Land Degradation and Water Catchments;
- 2007: National Adaptation Programme of Action (NAPA);
- 2012: National Climate Change Strategy;
- 2012: National Climate Change Communication Strategy;
- 2013 Guidelines for integrating climate change adaptation into national sectoral policies, plans and programmes.

others initiatives include:-

- Mainstreaming environmental issues (including CCA) into the National Strategy for Growth and Reduction of Poverty (NSGRP, 2010), Vision 2025 and Five (5) Years Development Plans.
- There are also initiatives being taken by various sectors to address the impacts of climate change and enhance resilience of communities
 - e.g. Adaptation, mitigation and vulnerability assessment projects and programmes including training programmes (short and long term)

Despite the initiatives, various challenges still exist





Challenges cont......





Challenges cont......

- Low level of awareness and understanding of climate change issues among stakeholders
- Inadequate information on climate change impacts and vulnerability
- Inadequate capacity to address climate change impacts
- Lack of medium and long term interventions

Therefore,

The Government realised the need to formulate more comprehensive, medium and longer-term strategic responses on adaptation

NAP process Strategy

- The mandate for the NAP process is derived from the National Environmental Policy (1997) and the Environmental Management Act (2004);
- Tanzania NAP process is being coordinated by Vice President's Office - Division of Environment;
- The NAP process effectively started in January 2013, and it is expected that main outputs will be produced by May 2014, outlining progresses made and plans for adaptation;
- Participatory approach is being used to take all stakeholders on board;
- NAPs will be revised and updated after every 5 years.

Strategy and road map for the NAP process in Tanzania



May 2013

Jul-Sept 2013

Oct '13 -Mar '14

May 2014

Establishment of the NAP team, stakeholder consultations

Launch of initial assesments

Comprehensive assesments at local and sectoral levels

Compiling and reviewing assesments and findings

Communicating progress through a NAP



Some initial activities in place/on going

- Collection and analysis of critical geospatial and socioeconomic issues
- Comprehensive assessments of risks, vulnerabilities and impacts, including gaps and challenges
- Review of existing institutional arrangements; national, local and/or sectoral policies, plans, strategies and programmes
- Identifying and appraising adaptation options and Undertaking costing of adaptation interventions
- Preparation of implementation strategies, including frameworks for reporting monitoring and review modalities

Conclusion

- Strategy and roadmap for the NAP process is an initial step towards preparation and implementations of NAPs in Tanzania
- It is expected that, the NAP will contributing positively in achieving our sustainable national development agenda
- Tanzania is open to all actors, donor agencies and other development partners to support the national initiatives to prepare and implement the NAP

Thank You For Listening

Asanteni Kwa Kunisikiliza