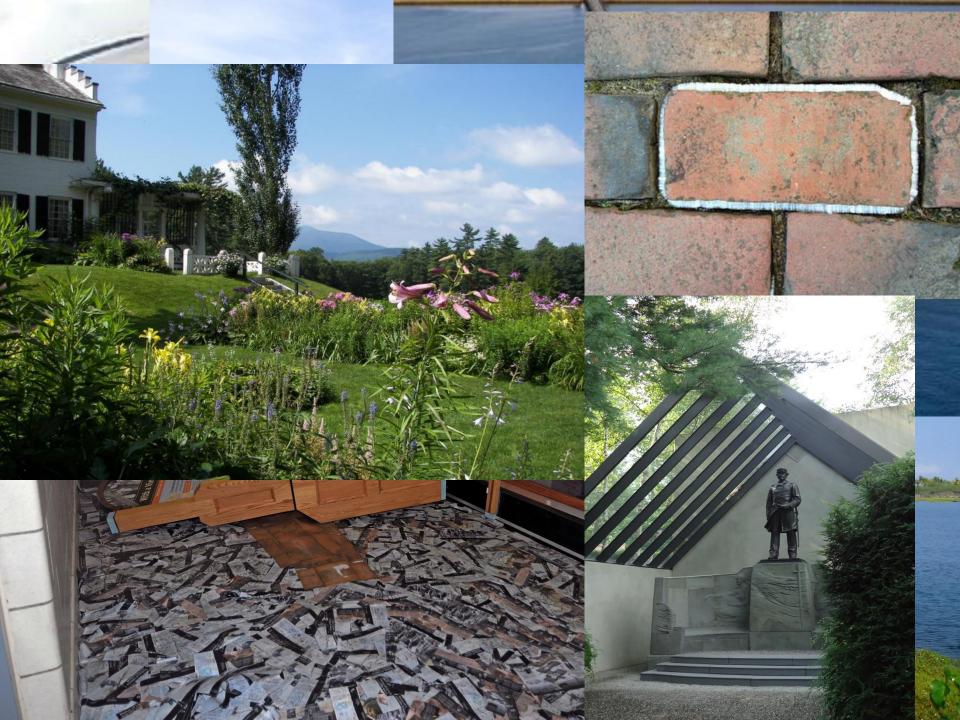
# Cultural Heritage: Addressing NELD due to Climate Change



UNFCCC: Excom 3 Expert Briefings April 26, 2016, Bonn, Germany





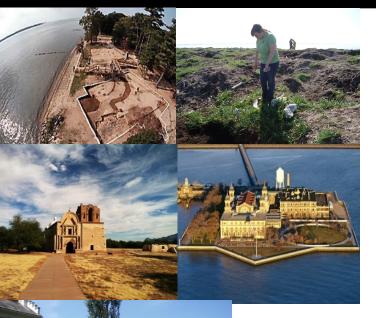


# US National Park System





## Cultural Heritage Includes:



Archaeological sites

**Buildings and Structures** 

**Cultural Landscapes** 

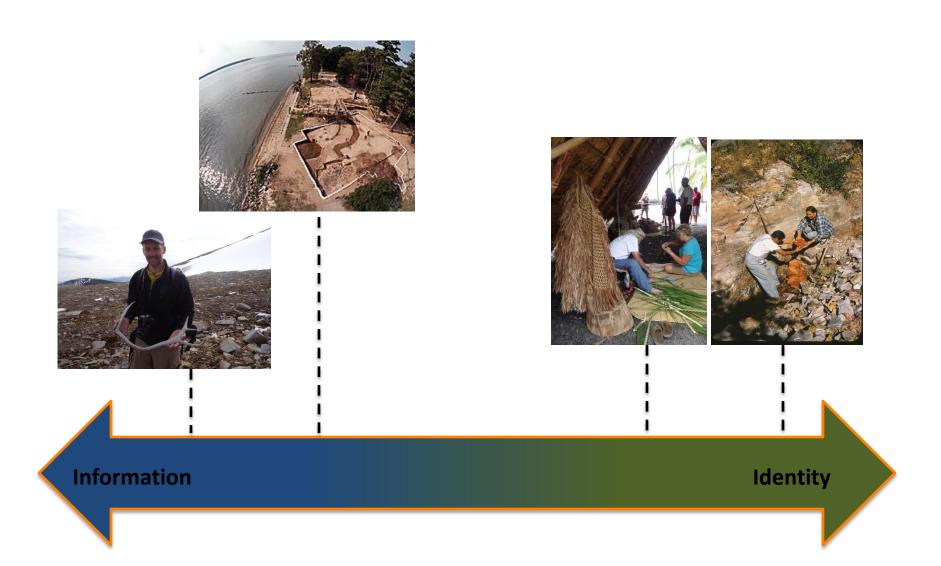
**Ethnographic Resources** 



Museum collections (including archives)



# Cultural Heritage NELs



## NPS Climate Change Response Strategy: 4 Pi

#### Science **Mitigat**

Reducing environm

Reducing ions

**Improving** 

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### Comm

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and engaging Science,

Mitigation:

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**Programs** 



**Facilities Management** 



## NPS 2x4 Concept Framework for Climate Change-Cult. Heritage

Dual approach: impacts on heritage | information and identify anchored in heritage

#### Science

- Climate science@CR scales
- Vulnerability assessments
- Inventory –Monitoring
- GIS
- Preservation science
- Documentation science

- Paleoclimate
- Social climatic thresholds
- Shifting baselines
- Traditional ecological knowledge ation Mitigation
- Past land use
- Paleogenetics

### **Mitigation**

- Historic buildings in energy efficiency
- Resource conservation via historic or native landscapes
- Past architectural and landscape techniques suited to local environments
- Cultural heritage donserve/re-establish sense of place and stewardship

### **Adaptation**

- Scenario planning
- Adaptation approaches
- Decision frameworks
- Policy and standards
- Research to support decision and policy
- Past social adaptability to past env. change
- Traditional ecological knowledge
- Relating past adaptability to current issues, methods, decisions

- Cult. resources climate
- change (CR-CC) literacy
- Dialogue between impacts and information in all pillars
- Links between CR-CC managers-researchers (local-international)
- CR-CC links to public

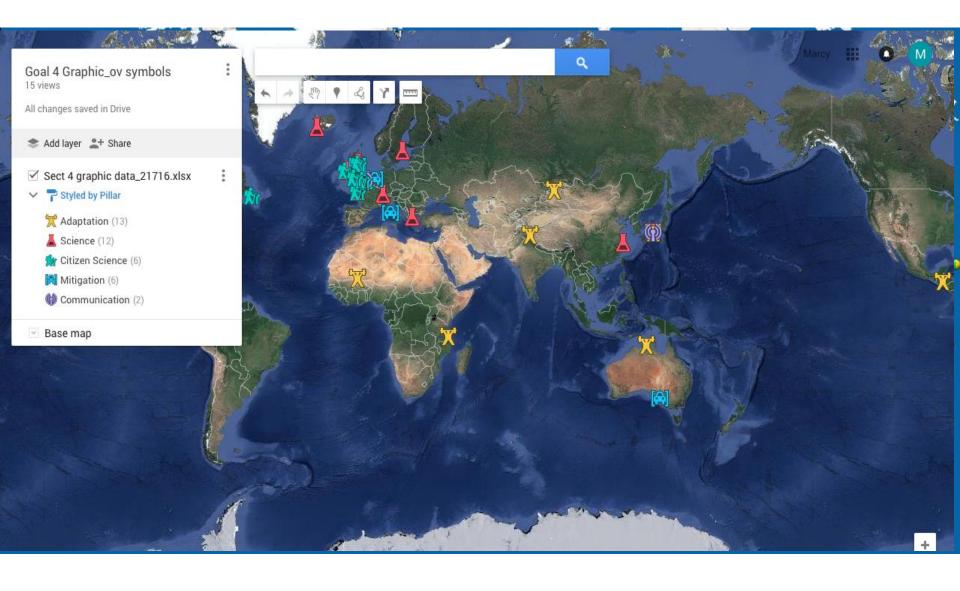
- Every Place has a Climate Story:
- Change in the material world
- Change in experience &
- **ll**feways

**Communication** 

- Lessons in change from past societies
- Origins of modern climate dituation

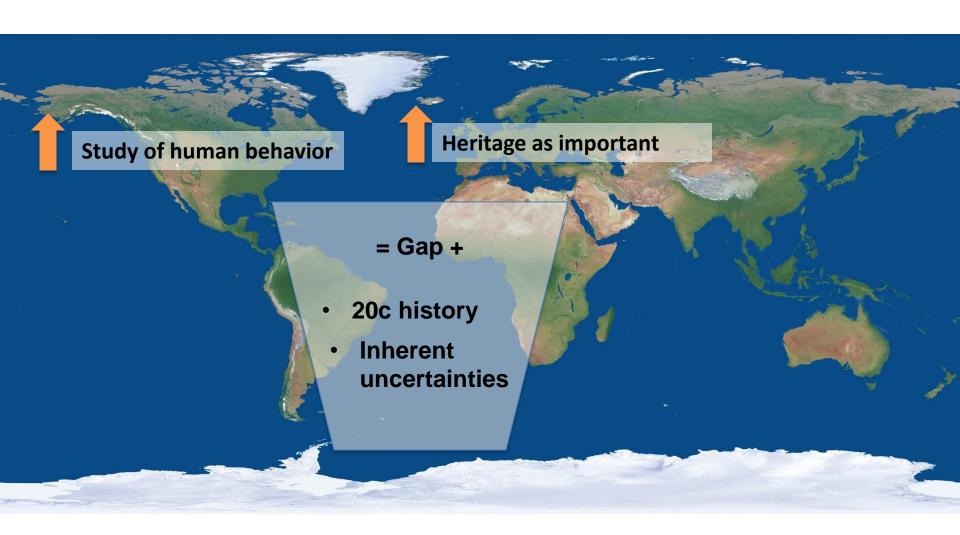


## International Work on Cultural Heritage NELs





## Background of Cult. Heritage in Global Climate Efforts



Global Climate Community

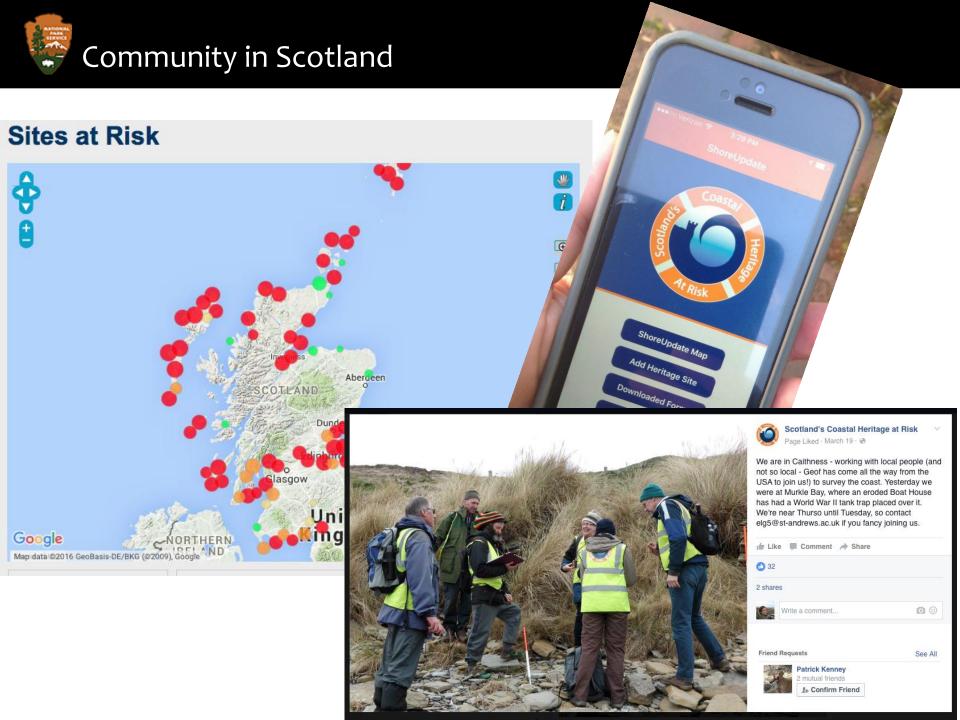


#### A-2. Adaptation Experience

Throughout history, people and societies have adjusted to and coped with climate, climate variability, and extremes, with varying degrees of success. This section focuses on adaptive human responses to observed and projected climate-change impacts, which can also address broader risk-reduction and development objectives.

Local Communities

Scottish Coastal Archaeology and the Problem of Erosion





## NPS Approach (with insights from Scotland)

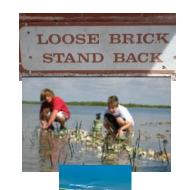
- 1. Cultural heritage includes impacts on and learning from
- 2. We are the change: adaptation for cultural heritage lies in our management of it
- 3. Prioritization should be based on vulnerability and significance
- 4. Significance should reflect input of stakeholders: contemporary communities with scientific importance, etc.
- 5. Plan for some goodbye: it will not be possible to save all heritage

6. Every place has a climate story, from how we see and understand change and to origins of modern climate change;

cultural heritage should be an integral part of climate change communication.

#### For vulnerable heritage, options are:

- No active intervention
- 2. Offset stresses
- 3. Improve resiliency/modify resource
- Manage change
- 5. Movement
- 6. Document (prior to loss)
- 7. Interpret the change (climate change is heritage of future)







## Growing Cultural Heritage Networks...



Citizen science for coastal impacts



Preservation during conflict



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