United Nations

FCCC/SBI/2026/15

Framework Convention on Climate Change

Distr.: General
28 August 2026

Original: English

Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Report of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation on its sixty-fourth session, held in Bonn from 8 to 18 June 2026

Contents

		Page
	Abbreviations and acronyms	5
I.	Opening of the session (Agenda item 1)	6
II.	Organizational matters (Agenda item 2)	6
	A. Adoption of the agenda	6
	B. Election of officers other than the Chair	7
	C. Organization of the work of the session	8
	D. Facilitative sharing of views	8
	E. Facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress	9
	F. Mandated events	9
III.	Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention (Agenda item 3)	9
	A. Compilations and syntheses of biennial reports	9
	B. Report on national greenhouse gas inventory data	9
IV.	Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention (Agenda item 4)	10
	A. Information contained in national communications	10
	B. Provision of financial and technical support	10
	C. Summary reports on the technical analysis of biennial update reports	10
V.	Reporting and review pursuant to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement: provision of financial and technical support to developing country Parties for reporting and capacity-building (Agenda item 5)	10
VI.	Sharm el-Sheikh mitigation ambition and implementation work programme (Agenda item 6)	10
VII.	United Arab Emirates just transition work programme (Agenda item 7)	11

Please recycle

VIII. Matters relating to the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures serving the Convention, the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement (Agenda item 8) 12

IX. Sharm el-Sheikh joint work on implementation of climate action on agriculture and food security (Agenda item 9) 12

X. Matters relating to adaptation (Agenda item 10) 14

A. Global goal on adaptation 14

B. Review of the progress, effectiveness and performance of the Adaptation Committee 14

C. Guidance relating to adaptation communications 14

XI. Matters relating to the least developed countries (Agenda item 11) 14

XII. Matters relating to technology development and transfer (Agenda item 12) 16

A. Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network 17

B. Alignment between processes pertaining to the review of the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the periodic assessment of the Technology Mechanism 17

C. Host of the Climate Technology Centre 17

D. Linkages between the Technology Mechanism and the Financial Mechanism 18

E. Second periodic assessment referred to in paragraph 69 of decision 1/CP.21 18

F. Poznan strategic programme on technology transfer 19

XIII. Matters relating to finance (Agenda item 13) 19

A. Matters relating to the Adaptation Fund 19

B. Second review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance 20

XIV. Matters relating to capacity-building (Agenda item 14) 20

XV. Matters relating to Action for Climate Empowerment (Agenda item 15) 22

XVI. Arrangements for intergovernmental meetings (Agenda item 16) 23

XVII. Arrangements for funding infrastructure, processes and capacity-building for implementing the guidance on cooperative approaches referred to in Article 6, paragraph 2, of the Paris Agreement (Agenda item 17) 29

XVIII. Administrative, financial and institutional matters (Agenda item 18) 30

XIX. Other matters (Agenda item 19) 30

XX. Closure of and report on the session (Agenda item 20) 30

Annexes

I. Terms of reference for the 2026 review of the United Arab Emirates just transition work programme 32

II. Elements of a memorandum of understanding between the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Environment Programme regarding the hosting of the Climate Technology Centre 34

Addendum – FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.1

Draft decisions forwarded for consideration and adoption by the Conference of the Parties, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

Addendum – FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.2

Procedural summary report on the facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress at the sixty-fourth session of the Subsidiary Body for Implementation

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACE	Action for Climate Empowerment
CMA	Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement
CMP	Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol
COP	Conference of the Parties
CTC	Climate Technology Centre
CTCN	Climate Technology Centre and Network
GCF	Green Climate Fund
GEF	Global Environment Facility
LDC	least developed country
LDCF	Least Developed Countries Fund
LEG	Least Developed Countries Expert Group
MOU	memorandum of understanding
NAP	national adaptation plan
SB	sessions of the subsidiary bodies
SBI	Subsidiary Body for Implementation
SBSTA	Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice
SCCF	Special Climate Change Fund
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme

I. Opening of the session
(Agenda item 1)

1. SBI 64 was held at the World Conference Center Bonn in Bonn, Germany, from 8 to 18 June 2026.

2. The SBI Chair, Julia Gardiner (Australia), opened the session and welcomed all Parties and observers. She also welcomed Eyad Aljubran (Saudi Arabia) as Vice-Chair and Kamil Salazar (Belize) as Rapporteur.

3. The opening included remarks by the UNFCCC Executive Secretary, Simon Stiell, and the President-Designate, Murat Kurum, and President of Negotiations, Chris Bowen, of COP 31 (November 2026).[1] Tributes were paid to the late Abdullah bin Hamad Al-Attiyah (Qatar) and Aziz Mekouar (Morocco) for their significant contributions to the UNFCCC process.

II. Organizational matters
(Agenda item 2)

A. Adoption of the agenda
(Agenda sub-item 2(a))

4. At its 1st meeting, held together with the 1st meeting of SBSTA 64, on 8 June, the SBI considered a note by the Executive Secretary containing the provisional agenda.[2]

5. On a proposal by the Chair, the SBI adopted the agenda as follows:[3]

1. Opening of the session.
2. Organizational matters:
   (a) Adoption of the agenda;
   (b) Election of officers other than the Chair;
   (c) Organization of the work of the session;
   (d) Facilitative sharing of views;
   (e) Facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress;
   (f) Mandated events.
3. Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention:
   (a) Compilations and syntheses of biennial reports *(held in abeyance)*;
   (b) Report on national greenhouse gas inventory data *(deferred to SBI 65)*.
4. Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention:
   (a) Information contained in national communications *(held in abeyance)*;
   (b) Provision of financial and technical support;
   (c) Summary reports on the technical analysis of biennial update reports.
5. Reporting and review pursuant to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement: provision of financial and technical support to developing country Parties for reporting and capacity-building.
6. Sharm el-Sheikh mitigation ambition and implementation work programme.*

[1] The remarks can be heard at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_112560/agenda (starting at 0:02:18).
[2] FCCC/SBI/2026/3.
[3] Joint SB 64 agenda items are marked with an asterisk.

7. United Arab Emirates just transition work programme.*

8. Matters relating to the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures serving the Convention, the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement.*

9. Sharm el-Sheikh joint work on implementation of climate action on agriculture and food security.*

10. Matters relating to adaptation:

    (a) Global goal on adaptation;*

    (b) Review of the progress, effectiveness and performance of the Adaptation Committee *(deferred to SB 65)*;*

    (c) Guidance relating to adaptation communications.

11. Matters relating to the least developed countries.

12. Matters relating to technology development and transfer:

    (a) Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network;*

    (b) Alignment between processes pertaining to the review of the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the periodic assessment of the Technology Mechanism *(deferred to SBI 68)*;

    (c) Host of the Climate Technology Centre;

    (d) Linkages between the Technology Mechanism and the Financial Mechanism;

    (e) Second periodic assessment referred to in paragraph 69 of decision 1/CP.21;

    (f) Poznan strategic programme on technology transfer *(deferred to SBI 65)*.

13. Matters relating to finance:

    (a) Matters relating to the Adaptation Fund;

    (b) Second review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance *(deferred to SBI 65)*.

14. Matters relating to capacity-building.

15. Matters relating to Action for Climate Empowerment.

16. Arrangements for intergovernmental meetings.

17. Arrangements for funding infrastructure, processes and capacity-building for implementing the guidance on cooperative approaches referred to in Article 6, paragraph 2, of the Paris Agreement.

18. Administrative, financial and institutional matters.

19. Other matters.

20. Closure of and report on the session.

B. Election of officers other than the Chair

(Agenda sub-item 2(b))

6. At the 1st meeting, the Chair recalled that the SBI was expected to elect its Vice-Chair and Rapporteur. The Chair reminded Parties that consultations on nominations for SBI Vice-Chair and Rapporteur were ongoing and proposed returning to this sub-item at the closing plenary of this session.

7. At the resumed 4th meeting of the SBI, held together with the resumed 4th meeting of SBSTA 64, on 18 June, the Chair informed Parties that Kamil Salazar had been nominated to serve as SBI Rapporteur for a second term. On a proposal by the Chair, the SBI re-elected Kamil Salazar as its Rapporteur, and the Chair congratulated her on her re-election. The Chair informed the SBI that the secretariat had not received any nominations for SBI Vice-Chair. In accordance with rule 22, paragraph 2, of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the current Vice-Chair, Eyad Aljubran, will remain in office until his successor has been elected at SBI 65 (November 2026).

C. Organization of the work of the session
(Agenda sub-item 2(c))

8. At the 1st meeting, the Chair urged Parties to adhere to meeting times and recalled the deadline for all groups to conclude work by noon on 17 June to ensure the timely availability of draft conclusions in all official languages of the United Nations for the closing plenary on 18 June. She encouraged Parties to keep all informal consultations open to observers in accordance with established practice.[4]

9. On a proposal by the Chair, the SBI agreed to proceed on that basis and in line with previously adopted SBI conclusions[5] on the timely conclusion of negotiations and related working practices.

10. At the 2nd and resumed 2nd meetings of the SBI, held together with the 2nd and resumed 2nd meetings of SBSTA 64, on 8 June, statements were made by representatives of 36 Parties, including 15 on behalf of groups of Parties: African Group; Alliance of Small Island States; Arab Group; Brazil, South Africa, India and China; Coalition for Rainforest Nations; Environmental Integrity Group; European Union and its member States; Group of 77 and China; Group of Landlocked Developing Countries; Group SUR; Independent Association for Latin America and the Caribbean; LDCs; Like-minded Developing Countries; Mountain Group; and Umbrella Group.[6]

11. At the resumed 2nd meeting, statements were made by representatives of five intergovernmental, including United Nations, organizations: Global Climate Observing System, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, International Civil Aviation Organization, World Climate Research Programme and World Meteorological Organization.[7] A written statement by the International Maritime Organization is available on the submission portal.[8]

12. Statements were also made by representatives of the nine UNFCCC constituencies of non-governmental organizations: business and industry, children and youth, environmental, farmers and agricultural, research and independent, and trade union non-governmental organizations; Indigenous Peoples organizations; local government and municipal authorities; and women and gender constituency.[9]

13. All documents prepared for this session are available on the UNFCCC website.[10]

D. Facilitative sharing of views
(Agenda sub-item 2(d))

[4] See documents FCCC/SBI/2011/7, para. 167, and FCCC/SBI/2014/8, paras. 222–225.
[5] FCCC/SBI/2014/8, paras. 213 and 218–221.
[6] The statements can be heard at https://unfccc.int/event/opening-plenaries-of-sbsta-64-and-sbi-64 (starting at 1:18:30) and https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_112560?g=2&c=51.315213 (starting at 0:00:54).
[7] The statements can be heard at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_112560?g=2&c=51.315213 (starting at 1:22:17).
[8] https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1544.
[9] As footnote 7 above (starting at 1:34:10).
[10] https://unfccc.int/event/sbi-64.

14. At its 1st meeting, the SBI took note of the information provided by its Chair on the twentieth workshop for the facilitative sharing of views,[11] which took place in conjunction with this session featuring three Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention.[12]

E. Facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress
(Agenda sub-item 2(e))

15. At its 1st meeting, the SBI took note of the information provided by its Chair on the third working group session for the facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress,[13] which took place in conjunction with this session featuring 37 Parties.[14]

F. Mandated events
(Agenda sub-item 2(f))

16. At its 1st meeting, the SBI took note of the information provided by its Chair on the mandated events being held in conjunction with this session.[15]

17. A statement was made by one Party on behalf of a group of Parties.[16]

18. At the resumed 4th meeting, a statement was made by one Party on behalf of a group of Parties.[17]

III. Reporting from and review of Parties included in Annex I to the Convention
(Agenda item 3)

A. Compilations and syntheses of biennial reports
(Agenda sub-item 3(a) *held in abeyance*)

B. Report on national greenhouse gas inventory data
(Agenda sub-item 3(b))

19. At its 1st meeting, the SBI considered the report prepared by the secretariat on national greenhouse gas inventory data for 1990–2023.[18]

20. A statement was made by a representative of one Party.[19]

---

[11] See https://unfccc.int/process-and-meetings/transparency-and-reporting/reporting-and-review/reporting-and-review-under-the-convention/national-communications-and-biennial-update-reports-non-annex-i-parties/the-facilitative-sharing-of-views-under-the-ica-process/twentieth.

[12] Ecuador, Niger and Seychelles.

[13] See https://unfccc.int/Third_Session_FMCP3. The procedural summary report is contained in document FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.2.

[14] Argentina, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bhutan, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Denmark, Ecuador, France, Georgia, Germany, Ghana, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Latvia, Lithuania, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritius, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Sweden, Thailand, Türkiye, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay and Uzbekistan.

[15] See document FCCC/SBI/2026/3, paras. 12–13.

[16] Ghana, on behalf of the African Group, requested that its statement, available at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_112560/agenda (starting at 0:42:00), be reflected in the report on the session.

[17] Ghana, on behalf of the African Group, requested that its statement, available at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_114267/agenda (starting at 1:32:31), be reflected in the report on the session.

[18] FCCC/SBI/2025/20.

[19] Ukraine requested that its statement, available at https://unfccc.int/event/opening-plenaries-of-sbsta-64-and-sbi-64 (starting at 1:01:12), be reflected in the report on the session.

21. The SBI agreed to defer consideration of this matter to SBI 65.

IV. Reporting from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention

(Agenda item 4)

A. Information contained in national communications

(Agenda sub-item 4(a) *held in abeyance*)

B. Provision of financial and technical support

(Agenda sub-item 4(b))

22. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Sandra Motshwanedi (South Africa) and Ole-Kenneth Nielsen (Denmark).

23. At the resumed 4th meeting, the Chair informed the SBI that Parties could not conclude consideration of this matter at this session. In accordance with rules 10(c) and 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the matter will be included in the provisional agenda for SBI 65.

C. Summary reports on the technical analysis of biennial update reports

(Agenda sub-item 4(c))

24. At its 1st meeting, the SBI took note of the summary reports on the technical analysis of biennial update reports finalized by 3 April 2026 and published on the UNFCCC website.[20]

V. Reporting and review pursuant to Article 13 of the Paris Agreement: provision of financial and technical support to developing country Parties for reporting and capacity-building

(Agenda item 5)

25. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Sandra Motshwanedi and Ole-Kenneth Nielsen.

26. At the resumed 4th meeting, the Chair informed the SBI that Parties could not conclude consideration of this matter at this session. In accordance with rules 10(c) and 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the matter will be included in the provisional agenda for SBI 65.

VI. Sharm el-Sheikh mitigation ambition and implementation work programme*

(Agenda item 6)

1. Proceedings

27. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda item 5 in informal consultations co-facilitated by Ursula Fuentes Hutfilter (Germany) and Maesela John Kekana (South Africa).

28. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below

[20] https://unfccc.int/ICA-reports.

29. Statements were made by representatives of 10 Parties, including 6 on behalf of groups of Parties.[21]

2. Conclusions

30. The SBI and the SBSTA could not conclude consideration of this matter at SB 64.

31. They agreed to continue consideration of the matter at SB 65 (November 2026).

VII. United Arab Emirates just transition work programme*

(Agenda item 7)

1. Proceedings

32. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda item 6 in a joint contact group co-chaired by Federica Fricano (Italy) and Joseph Teo (Singapore).

33. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

34. The SBI and the SBSTA considered matters relating to the implementation of the United Arab Emirates just transition work programme, including the development of terms of reference for its review,[22] which will take place at CMA 8 (November 2026),[23] and the process for the operationalization of the just transition mechanism referred to in paragraph 25 of decision 2/CMA.7.

35. The SBI and the SBSTA welcomed the fifth dialogue under the work programme,[24] which was held in hybrid format from 24 to 25 April 2026 on the topic of just transition pathways for holistic approaches to food security, including with a focus on agriculture and oceans, in the context of element (c) in paragraph 2 of decision 3/CMA.5, as decided upon and communicated by the Chairs of the SBI and the SBSTA on the basis of views submitted by Parties, and observers and other non-Party stakeholders.[25]

36. The SBI and the SBSTA recalled paragraph 2 of decision 3/CMA.5, in which the elements of the work programme were set out, and paragraph 7 of decision 2/CMA.7, in which the importance was emphasized of comprehensively and systematically considering all elements of the work programme.

37. The SBI and the SBSTA also recalled paragraph 3 of decision 3/CMA.5 and paragraphs 27–28 of decision 2/CMA.7, developed the terms of reference for the review of the work programme referred to in paragraph 34 above, as contained in annex I, and agreed to conduct the review at SB 65 in accordance with the terms of reference with a view to informing the consideration of the continuation of the work programme at CMA 8.

38. The SBI and the SBSTA invited Parties and non-Party stakeholders to submit via the submission portal[26] by 15 September 2026 views on the review of the work programme on the basis of the terms of reference contained in annex I.

39. The SBI and the SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare a report on the views referred to in paragraph 38 above, including proposals for improving the modalities of the work programme.

[21] The statements can be heard at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_114267/agenda (starting at 0:51:41).

[22] Pursuant to decision 2/CMA.7, para. 27.

[23] Pursuant to decision 3/CMA.5, para. 3.

[24] Held pursuant to decision 3/CMA.5, para. 5.

[25] Pursuant to decision 3/CMA.5, para. 7. The submissions, invited in decision 3/CMA.5, para. 6, are available at https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1542.

[26] https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1550.

40. The SBI and the SBSTA discussed the potential key messages emerging from the dialogue referred to in paragraph 35 above.

41. The SBI and the SBSTA initiated discussions on the process for the operationalization of the just transition mechanism as referred to in paragraph 34 above.

42. The SBI and the SBSTA agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SB 65, taking note of the informal note[27] prepared by the co-chairs for the relevant agenda items at SB 64 as input, recognizing that the informal note has been prepared by the co-chairs under their own responsibility and that it does not reflect all views shared and proposals made by Parties, does not represent a basis for further negotiations, is non-exhaustive, includes divergent views, does not prejudge further work and does not prevent Parties from expressing additional views at any time, as well as the views submitted via the submission portal no later than four weeks prior to SB 65, with a view to recommending a draft decision thereon for consideration at CMA 8.

43. The SBI and the SBSTA invited their Chairs to consider informal intersessional work on the issues under the relevant agenda items, prior to SB 65, in appropriate formats subject to the availability of financial resources.

44. The SBI and the SBSTA took note of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraph 39 above.

45. They requested that the actions of the secretariat called for in these conclusions be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

VIII. Matters relating to the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures serving the Convention, the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement*

(Agenda item 8)

1. Proceedings

46. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda item 7 in a contact group co-chaired by Veronika Bagi (Hungary) and Peter Govindasamy (Singapore).

47. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

48. The SBI and the SBSTA could not conclude consideration of this matter at SB 64.

49. They agreed to continue consideration of the matter at SB 65.

IX. Sharm el-Sheikh joint work on implementation of climate action on agriculture and food security*

(Agenda item 9)

1. Proceedings

50. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda item 8 in informal consultations co-facilitated by UnaMay Gordon (Belize) and Claudia Heidecke (Germany).

51. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

[27] Available at https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000184.

2. Conclusions

52. The SBI and the SBSTA continued consideration of the Sharm el-Sheikh joint work on implementation of climate action on agriculture and food security.[28]

53. The SBI and the SBSTA took note of the report on the first in-session workshop as part of the joint work,[29] on the topic of systemic and holistic approaches to implementing climate action on agriculture, food systems[30] and food security, understanding, cooperation and integration into plans,[31] held at SB 62, and agreed to continue consideration of the report at SB 65.

54. The SBI and the SBSTA took note of the oral presentation delivered at SB 63 by the Standing Committee on Finance on the outcomes of the 2025 Standing Committee on Finance Forum,[32] the topic of which was accelerating climate action and resilience through financing for sustainable food systems and agriculture.

55. The SBI and the SBSTA noted with appreciation that Parties are increasingly including climate action on agriculture, food systems and food security in their national strategies, plans, programmes and policies in accordance with national circumstances and priorities, and encouraged them to continue to do so.

56. The SBI and the SBSTA acknowledged the further development by the secretariat of the structure, functionalities and accessibility of the Sharm el-Sheikh online portal[33] and underscored the role that the online portal can play in facilitating collaboration, the sharing of knowledge and matchmaking for funding in relation to climate action on agriculture and food security.

57. The SBI and the SBSTA took note of the second annual synthesis report on work undertaken by constituted bodies and financial and other entities under the Convention, as well as by relevant international organizations, on activities related to the joint work[34] and agreed to continue consideration of the report at SB 65. They took note of the submissions from international organizations and representatives of initiatives of COP Presidencies on this matter,[35] which served as input to the report.

58. The SBI and the SBSTA invited the constituted bodies and the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism to take into account the outcomes of the joint work in implementing their actions and workplans, according to their mandates.

59. The SBI and the SBSTA took note with appreciation of the secretariat's organization of the second in-session workshop, held at SB 64, as part of the joint work,[36] on the topic of progress, challenges and opportunities related to identifying needs and accessing means of implementation for climate action on agriculture and food security, including sharing of best practices. They noted the submissions from Parties and observers,[37] which served as input to the workshop. They also noted that the report on the workshop will be prepared for consideration at SB 65.

60. The SBI and the SBSTA expressed appreciation to speakers, observer organizations, financial entities and constituted bodies for participating in the workshop referred to in paragraph 59 above. They noted that the world café session held by the secretariat as part of

[28] See decision 3/CP.27.

[29] The workshop took place in hybrid format to facilitate both virtual and in-person participation in accordance with decision 3/CP.27, para. 15(b), and documents FCCC/SBSTA/2024/7, para. 112, and FCCC/SBI/2024/13, para. 59.

[30] This does not preclude other approaches.

[31] FCCC/SB/2025/5.

[32] See https://unfccc.int/event/2025-forum-of-the-standing-committee-on-finance.

[33] https://docs.unfccc.int/sharm-el-Sheikh-online-portal.

[34] FCCC/SB/2026/1, prepared in accordance with decision 3/CP.27, para. 15(a).

[35] Invited in documents FCCC/SBSTA/2025/4, para. 103, and FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 65. The submissions are available at https://docs.unfccc.int/sharm-el-Sheikh-online-portal.

[36] As footnote 30 above.

[37] Invited in documents FCCC/SBSTA/2024/7, para. 114, and FCCC/SBI/2024/13, para. 61. The submissions are available at https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1475.

the workshop presented an excellent opportunity for participants to exchange information pertaining to the joint work.

61. The SBI and the SBSTA welcomed with appreciation the financial contributions of the Governments of Germany, Norway and Switzerland that enabled the further development of the Sharm el-Sheikh online portal referred to in paragraph 56 above, the preparation of the report referred to in paragraph 58 above and the organization of the workshop referred to in paragraph 59 above.

62. The SBI and the SBSTA agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SB 65, including consideration of the workshop report referred to in paragraph 53 above and the annual synthesis report referred to in paragraph 57 above.

X. Matters relating to adaptation
(Agenda item 10)

A. Global goal on adaptation*
(Agenda sub-item 10(a))

63. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this sub-item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda sub-item 4(a) in informal consultations co-facilitated by Ricardo Marshall (Barbados) and Peter Wittoeck (Belgium).

64. At the resumed 4th meeting, the Chair informed the SBI that Parties could not conclude consideration of this matter at this session. In accordance with rules 10(c) and 16 of the draft rules of procedure being applied, the matter will be included in the provisional agenda for SBI 65.

65. Statements were made by representatives of 11 Parties, including 7 on behalf of groups of Parties.[38]

B. Review of the progress, effectiveness and performance of the Adaptation Committee*
(Agenda sub-item 10(b))

66. At the 1st meeting, the SBI and the SBSTA agreed to defer consideration of this matter to SB 65.

C. Guidance relating to adaptation communications
(Agenda sub-item 10(c))

1. Proceedings

67. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Marie Wien Fjell (Norway) and Thomas Lerenten Lelekoitien (Kenya).

68. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

69. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SBI 65 on the basis of the informal note available on the UNFCCC website.[39]

XI. Matters relating to the least developed countries
(Agenda item 11)

[38] As footnote 21 above (starting at 1:13:40).
[39] https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000162.

1. Proceedings

70. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Rik den Hoedt (Kingdom of the Netherlands) and Ephraim Shitima (Zambia).

71. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

72. The SBI welcomed the report on the 49th meeting of the LEG,[40] held in Nouakchott, Mauritania, from 24 to 27 February 2026.

73. The SBI also welcomed the successful conduct of NAP Expo 2026, held in Kigali, Rwanda, from 18 to 21 May 2026, and the regional NAP Expo for Asia and the Pacific, held in Yeosu, Republic of Korea, from 21 to 25 April 2026 during the first Climate Week of 2026.

74. The SBI expressed appreciation to the Government of Mauritania for hosting the 49th meeting of the LEG, to the Government of the Republic of Korea for hosting the regional NAP Expo for Asia and the Pacific and to the Government of Rwanda for hosting NAP Expo 2026.

75. The SBI welcomed the work programme of the LEG for 2026–2027.[41]

76. The SBI also welcomed the submission of NAPs[42] by Lesotho, Tuvalu and the United Republic of Tanzania since SBI 63, noted with appreciation the ongoing efforts of many LDCs in formulating and implementing NAPs and encouraged the LDCs that have not yet done so to initiate the process to formulate and implement NAPs.

77. The SBI noted that, as at 13 March 2026:

(a) Of the 44 LDCs, 27 had prepared NAPs and submitted them on NAP Central,[43] 3 had draft NAPs that they expected to finalize and submit in 2026,[44] 10 were in the process of formulating NAPs with support from various organizations,[45] 2 had not yet started formulating NAPs[46] and information from 2 regarding their NAPs was pending;[47]

(b) Overall, 26 of the 27 LDCs that had submitted NAPs[48] had had their proposals approved by the GCF for implementing priority actions identified therein, with the proposals addressing climate risks relating to agriculture, ecosystems, energy, health and water resources; and of those 26 LDCs, 1 had had only single-country projects,[49] 3 had had only multi-country projects[50] and 22 had had both single- and multi-country projects[51] approved.

78. The SBI also noted that:

(a) As at 29 May 2026, the Adaptation Fund portfolio for the LDCs amounted to USD 612.8 million for 73 projects, with 41 of the 44 LDCs having accessed resources under the portfolio;[52]

[40] FCCC/SBI/2026/8.
[41] Contained in document FCCC/SBI/2026/8, annex II.
[42] All NAPs are available at https://napcentral.org/submitted-naps.
[43] Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, Haiti, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia.
[44] Angola, Malawi and Mali.
[45] Comoros, Eritrea, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Mauritania, Rwanda, Senegal, Solomon Islands and Uganda.
[46] Djibouti and Yemen.
[47] Afghanistan and Myanmar.
[48] All countries referred to in footnote 44 above except the Central African Republic.
[49] Haiti.
[50] Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo and Lesotho.
[51] Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Liberia, Madagascar, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia.
[52] All the LDCs except the Democratic Republic of the Congo, South Sudan and Timor-Leste.

(b) As at 15 June 2026, 122 projects supporting adaptation priorities in the LDCs, in the amount of USD 4.52 billion, had been approved by the GCF, of which 27, amounting to USD 949 million, had been approved for 16 direct access entities, while 17 approvals had been provided under the GCF Project Preparation Facility in the amount of USD 11.6 million to support the formulation of large-scale projects aligned with the NAP implementation priorities of the LDCs.

79. The SBI welcomed the endorsement by the LDCF/SCCF Council at its 40th meeting, held on 2 June 2026, of the GEF programming strategy on adaptation to climate change for the LDCF and the SCCF for the period of the ninth replenishment of the GEF (1 July 2026 to 30 June 2030) and operational improvements,[53] and also welcomed the approval by the Council at the same meeting of the work programme for the LDCF and the SCCF for the period of the eighth replenishment of the GEF (1 July 2022 to 30 June 2026).

80. The SBI noted the approval by the LDCF/SCCF Council at its 40th meeting of grant funding under the LDCF in the amount of USD 64.71 million for projects for Bangladesh, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Guinea-Bissau, Senegal, Solomon Islands, the Sudan and Togo.

81. The SBI noted with concern that seven adaptation proposals with technical clearance to receive funding from the LDCF and six medium-sized adaptation projects under the LDCF will not be funded in the remaining period of the eighth replenishment of the GEF owing to lack of funds available under the LDCF.

82. The SBI expressed appreciation to the LEG and the secretariat for their invaluable work in supporting the LDCs, including in supporting their efforts to put in place national adaptation plans, policies and planning processes by 2025 and to have progressed in implementing them by 2030.[54]

83. The SBI recalled paragraph 14 of decision 15/CP.30, in which the LEG was requested to include in its report to SBI 65 a summary of the views exchanged among relevant organizations and other stakeholders at NAP Expo 2026 on enhancing the provision of support to the LDCs for implementing NAPs.

84. The SBI also recalled paragraph 12 of decision 8/CP.30, in which the LEG was requested to compile from relevant reports, in collaboration with the Adaptation Committee and the Standing Committee on Finance, an overview of climate finance flows and financial support provided by developed country Parties to developing country Parties for formulating and implementing NAPs for inclusion in the 2026 report on progress in the process to formulate and implement NAPs to be prepared for consideration at SBI 65.

85. The SBI initiated its stocktake of the progress of the work of the LEG and its terms of reference with a focus on the evolving needs of the LDCs taking into account the information in the synthesis report[55] prepared by the secretariat on this matter.[56]

86. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of the stocktake of the progress of the work of the LEG and its terms of reference with a focus on the evolving needs of the LDCs at SBI 65 taking into account the draft decision texts[57] prepared by the co-facilitators for this agenda item at this session with a view to recommending draft decisions on the matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31 and CMA 8.

XII. Matters relating to technology development and transfer

(Agenda item 12)

[53] Available at https://www.thegef.org/council-meeting-documents/gef-ldcf-sccf-02-sm4-01.
[54] In accordance with decision 1/CMA.5, para. 59.
[55] FCCC/SBI/2026/11.
[56] As per decision 15/CP.30, para. 19.
[57] Available at https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000207.

A. Joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the Climate Technology Centre and Network*

(Agenda sub-item 12(a))

87. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed that this sub-item would be considered together with the equally titled SBSTA 64 agenda item 9 in informal consultations co-facilitated by Elfriede Anna More (Austria) and Ashabrick Nantege (Uganda).

88. At the resumed 4th meeting, the SBI and the SBSTA recommended draft decisions on this matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31 and CMA 8.[58]

89. A statement was made by a representative of one Party.[59]

B. Alignment between processes pertaining to the review of the Climate Technology Centre and Network and the periodic assessment of the Technology Mechanism

(Agenda sub-item 12(b))

90. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to defer consideration of this matter to SBI 68 (June 2028).

C. Host of the Climate Technology Centre

(Agenda sub-item 12(c))

1. Proceedings

91. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Mareer Mohamed Husny (Maldives) and Stig Svenningsen (Norway).

92. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

93. The SBI highlighted that the purpose of the revised functions of the CTC[60] and the call for proposals to host the CTC[61] is to strengthen technology development and transfer.

94. The SBI expressed appreciation to the evaluation panel convened for the purpose of evaluating the proposals received for hosting the CTC[62] for preparing a report on the evaluation of the proposals[63] and for conducting the evaluation process in accordance with the criteria for evaluating and selecting the host of the CTC.[64]

95. The SBI noted that the call for proposals to host the CTC was issued by the secretariat on 16 January 2026, inviting interested organizations, including consortiums of organizations, to submit their proposals by 16 March 2026.[65] It also noted that 22 proposals were received in response to this call and that the executive summaries of the 6 proposals that met the mandatory information requirements[66] were published on the UNFCCC website[67] on 31 March 2026.

---

58 For the text of the draft decisions, see documents FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.1 and FCCC/SBSTA/2026/5/Add.1.

59 As footnote 21 above (starting at 0:46:40).

60 Contained in decision 10/CP.30, annex I.

61 Available at https://unfccc.int/topics/climate-technology/resources/host-of-the-climate-technologycentre.

62 See decision 10/CP.30, paras. 8–10, affirmed in decision 17/CMA.7, para. 6.

63 FCCC/SBI/2026/13.

64 Contained in annex II to decisions 10/CP.30 and 17/CMA.7.

65 Pursuant to decision 10/CP.30, para. 8(a).

66 Set out in annex 3 to the call for proposals, available at https://unfccc.int/topics/climatetechnology/resources/host-of-the-climate-technology-centre.

67 https://unfccc.int/host_ctc#Executive-Summaries.

96. The SBI expressed appreciation to the secretariat for supporting the evaluation panel referred to in paragraph 94 above in preparing the report referred to in the same paragraph.

97. The SBI noted with appreciation the efforts made by the proponents in responding to the call for proposals to host the CTC.

98. The SBI considered the report referred to in paragraph 94 above and noted that the evaluation panel referred to in the same paragraph identified a shortlist of two proposals that satisfy the requirements referred to in paragraph 95 above and the criteria referred to in paragraph 94 above.

99. The SBI recommended UNEP as the host of the CTC.

100. The SBI encouraged UNEP to seek collaboration, cooperation and partnership, as appropriate, with potential partners, such as the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the United Nations Office for Project Services and others, as relevant, with a view to leveraging the comparative advantages of these organizations.

101. The SBI recalled paragraphs 12–13 of decision 10/CP.30 and paragraphs 8–9 of decision 17/CMA.7 and requested the secretariat to prepare with UNEP the draft MOU between the COP, the CMA and UNEP regarding the hosting of the CTC on the basis of the elements of an MOU contained in annex II for consideration at SBI 65.

102. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SBI 65 on the basis of the draft text[68] prepared by the co-facilitators for this agenda sub-item at this session.

D. Linkages between the Technology Mechanism and the Financial Mechanism

(Agenda sub-item 12(d))

103. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Omar Alcock (Jamaica) and Céline Phillips (France).

104. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI recommended a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31.[69]

E. Second periodic assessment referred to in paragraph 69 of decision 1/CP.21

(Agenda sub-item 12(e))

1. Proceedings

105. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Pemy Gasela (South Africa) and Stephen Minas (Cyprus).

106. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

107. Recalling decisions 1/CP.16, 1/CP.21, 10/CP.30, 15/CMA.1, 16/CMA.1, 17/CMA.3, 20/CMA.4 and 17/CMA.7, the SBI initiated the second periodic assessment of the effectiveness and adequacy of the support provided to the Technology Mechanism in supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement on matters relating to technology development and transfer as agreed in decision 1/CP.21 and in accordance with the scope of and modalities for the assessment.[70]

[68] Available at https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000214.

[69] For the text of the draft decision, see document FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.1.

[70] Pursuant to decision 20/CMA.4, para. 11. The scope and modalities are contained in decision 16/CMA.1, annex.

108. The SBI recalled that the periodic assessment should be undertaken in a transparent, inclusive and participatory manner and that its outcomes should serve as input to the global stocktake.[71]

109. The SBI also recalled that the outcome of the periodic assessment should guide improved effectiveness and enhanced support to the Technology Mechanism in supporting the implementation of the Paris Agreement.[72]

110. The SBI requested the secretariat to prepare an interim report on the second periodic assessment for consideration at SBI 66 (June 2027).

111. The SBI also requested the secretariat, in preparing the interim report referred to in paragraph 110 above and in line with the scope of and modalities for the periodic assessment, to consider, as appropriate:

(a) Decisions of the CMA pertaining to the work of the Technology Mechanism adopted since the conclusion of the first periodic assessment, including decisions 17/CMA.7 and 18/CMA.7;

(b) Technology priorities identified by developing countries in their technology needs assessments, technology action plans, biennial transparency reports, NAPs, nationally determined contributions, long-term low-emission development strategies and long-term strategies;

(c) The extent to which the support has met the budgets and plans of the Technology Mechanism;

(d) Documents and outcomes resulting from the third independent review of the CTCN, while avoiding duplication of work.

F. Poznan strategic programme on technology transfer
(Agenda sub-item 12(f))

112. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to defer consideration of this matter to SBI 65.

XIII. Matters relating to finance
(Agenda item 13)

A. Matters relating to the Adaptation Fund
(Agenda sub-item 13(a))

1. Proceedings

113. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this sub-item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Koosje Beumer-van der Loo (Kingdom of the Netherlands) and Isatou F. Camara (Gambia).

114. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

115. The SBI continued consideration of three separate mandates:

(a) The matter of the arrangements for the Adaptation Fund to exclusively serve the Paris Agreement;

(b) The initiation of the fifth review of the Adaptation Fund;

(c) The matter relating to the membership of the Adaptation Fund Board.

[71] Decision 16/CMA.1, paras. 2 and 4.
[72] Decision 16/CMA.1, para. 5.

116. The SBI noted that progress has been made on the matter of the arrangements for the Adaptation Fund to exclusively serve the Paris Agreement and the initiation of the fifth review.

117. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of the matters referred to in paragraph 115(a–c) above at SBI 65 on the basis of the work and progress achieved at this session and the draft texts available on the UNFCCC website.[73]

118. The SBI noted that these conclusions do not prejudge the final outcomes at SBI 65.

B. Second review of the functions of the Standing Committee on Finance
(Agenda sub-item 13(b))

119. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to defer consideration of this matter to SBI 65.

XIV. Matters relating to capacity-building
(Agenda item 14)

1. Proceedings

120. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Abzeita Djigma (Burkina Faso) and Marie Vadronick (France).

121. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

(a) Matters relating to capacity-building under the Convention

(i) Annual monitoring of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Convention

122. The SBI welcomed the synthesis reports prepared by the secretariat on the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries established under decision 2/CP.7 and the capacity-building work of bodies established under the Convention and its Kyoto Protocol and undertaken by bodies serving the Paris Agreement.[74]

123. The SBI acknowledged the progress in implementing the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Convention at the individual, institutional and systemic level.

124. The SBI reiterated that gaps and needs remain in addressing the initial scope of needs and areas for capacity-building in developing countries identified in the framework for capacity-building in developing countries,[75] particularly the capacity gaps and needs of those developing country Parties that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, such as the LDCs and small island developing States.

125. The SBI noted that further efforts are needed to address current and emerging capacity-building gaps and needs related to implementing the Paris Agreement in developing countries and that Parties frequently report gaps and needs[76] in areas that are outside the current scope of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries as it pertains to the Convention.

126. The SBI emphasized the importance of the capacity-building portal[77] and the Durban Forum on capacity-building as means of effectively and continuously sharing information, good practices and lessons learned among a wide range of stakeholders under and outside the Convention.

[73] https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000181.
[74] FCCC/SBI/2026/5 and FCCC/SBI/2026/1 respectively.
[75] See decision 2/CP.7, annex, para. 15.
[76] See document FCCC/SBI/2026/5, chap. V.
[77] https://unfccc.int/cbportal.

127. The SBI noted with appreciation the outcomes of the 15th Durban Forum, held at this session, on practical capacity-building support for developing countries, from climate plans to funded projects,[78] in alignment with the focus area of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2025–2026, which is building capacity for designing holistic investment strategies, bankable projects and stakeholder engagement to strengthen the implementation of nationally determined contributions and NAPs in developing countries.

(ii) Fifth comprehensive review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Convention

128. The SBI recommended a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31.[79]

(iii) Sixth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition under the Convention

129. The SBI recommended a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31.[80]

(b) Matters relating to capacity-building under the Kyoto Protocol

(i) Annual monitoring of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Kyoto Protocol

130. The SBI welcomed the synthesis reports prepared by the secretariat on the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries established under decision 2/CP.7, and reaffirmed in decision 29/CMP.1, and the capacity-building work of bodies established under the Convention and its Kyoto Protocol and undertaken by bodies serving the Paris Agreement,[81] insofar as they relate to bodies established under the Kyoto Protocol.

131. The SBI acknowledged the progress in implementing the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Kyoto Protocol.

132. The SBI emphasized the importance of the capacity-building portal and the Durban Forum on capacity-building as means of effectively and continuously sharing information, good practices and lessons learned among a wide range of stakeholders under and outside the Convention and its Kyoto Protocol.

133. The SBI noted with appreciation the outcomes of the 15th Durban Forum, held at this session, on practical capacity-building support for developing countries, from climate plans to funded projects, in alignment with the focus area of the Paris Committee on Capacity-building for 2025–2026, which is building capacity for designing holistic investment strategies, bankable projects and stakeholder engagement to strengthen the implementation of nationally determined contributions and NAPs in developing countries.

(ii) Fifth comprehensive review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries under the Kyoto Protocol

134. The SBI recommended a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption at CMP 21 (November 2026).[82]

[78] See https://unfccc.int/event/15th-durban-forum-on-capacity-building-from-climate-plans-to-funded-projects-mandated-event.
[79] For the text of the draft decision, see document FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.1.
[80] As footnote 79 above.
[81] FCCC/SBI/2026/5 and FCCC/SBI/2026/1 respectively.
[82] As footnote 79 above.

(iii) Sixth review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in countries with economies in transition under the Kyoto Protocol

135. The SBI recommended a draft decision on this matter for consideration and adoption at CMP 21.[83]

XV. Matters relating to Action for Climate Empowerment

(Agenda item 15)

1. Proceedings

136. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Arne Riedel Escobar (Germany) and Carol Simon (Panama).

137. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

138. The SBI welcomed the 2026 ACE Dialogue,[84] which was held at this session with the aim of facilitating inputs to inform the midterm review of the Glasgow work programme on Action for Climate Empowerment,[85] mandated to take place at this session,[86] by focusing discussions on the effectiveness of the work programme and any emerging gaps and needs relating to its implementation, as well as to inform any discussions on improving the work programme, as appropriate.[87] The SBI also welcomed the interactive technical workshop held at the Dialogue for Parties and other stakeholders to discuss potential elements for a new action plan under the Glasgow work programme.[88]

139. The SBI noted with appreciation the submissions received from Parties and non-Party stakeholders ahead of the Dialogue and technical workshop,[89] which helped to shape their agendas and interactive format.

140. The SBI took note of the synthesis report prepared by the secretariat ahead of the midterm review of the Glasgow work programme on the integration of ACE into relevant reports and communications submitted by Parties to the secretariat as part of the UNFCCC process.[90]

141. The SBI initiated the midterm review of the progress of work under the Glasgow work programme and agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SBI 65, on the basis of the informal note prepared by the co-facilitators for this agenda item at this session,[91] with a view to recommending draft decisions on the matter for consideration and adoption at COP 31 and CMA 8.

142. The SBI invited Parties, observers and other stakeholders to submit via the submission portal by 1 October 2026 views on the informal note referred to in paragraph 141 above, including proposals for strengthening existing activities and new elements by streamlining and merging current ideas in order to enhance the effectiveness of a new action plan under the Glasgow work programme.

143. The SBI requested the secretariat to prepare a compilation of the submissions received in response to paragraph 142 above, making them available clearly on the UNFCCC website, to inform Parties' consideration at SBI 65.

---

[83] As footnote 79 above.
[84] See https://unfccc.int/event/in-session-action-for-climate-empowerment-ace-dialogue-2026.
[85] Contained in the annex to decisions 18/CP.26 and 22/CMA.3.
[86] Para. 11(g) of decisions 18/CP.26 and 22/CMA.3.
[87] As per para. 4 of decisions 17/CP.30 and 27/CMA.7.
[88] As per para. 5 of decisions 17/CP.30 and 27/CMA.7.
[89] As invited in decision 17/CP.30, para. 6. The submissions are available at https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1548.
[90] FCCC/SBI/2026/2.
[91] Available at https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000182.

144. The SBI recalled activity C.1 of the current action plan under the Glasgow work programme,[92] on building and strengthening the capacity and skills of national ACE focal points, and invited the secretariat to continue providing capacity-building opportunities for national ACE focal points.

145. The SBI took note of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraph 143 above.

146. It requested that the actions of the secretariat called for in these conclusions be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

XVI. Arrangements for intergovernmental meetings

(Agenda item 16)

1. Proceedings

147. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in a contact group co-chaired by Kaveh Guilanpour (Georgia) and Felix Wertl (Switzerland).

148. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

149. The SBI took note of the document on arrangements for intergovernmental meetings prepared for this session.[93]

150. The SBI emphasized the importance of openness, transparency, inclusiveness and adherence to established procedures for decision-making in making arrangements for sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies, underscored the importance of open, transparent, inclusive, consultative and Party-driven processes in the conduct of negotiations and the preparation and adoption of decisions and conclusions, and encouraged all presiding officers, with the support of the secretariat, to continue strengthening efforts in this regard.

(a) Preparations for the thirty-first session of the Conference of the Parties, the twenty-first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the eighth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

151. The SBI welcomed with appreciation the preparations by the Government of Türkiye, in partnership with the Government of Australia, to ensure the success of the United Nations Climate Change Conference to be held in Antalya from 9 to 20 November 2026, which will include COP 31, CMP 21, CMA 8 and SB 65.

152. The SBI requested the secretariat, in consultation with the Government of Türkiye in partnership with the Government of Australia, to make arrangements for facilitating the smooth conduct of negotiations and the effective participation of Parties and observer organizations in the Conference.

153. The SBI noted that the Government of Türkiye will invite Heads of State and Government to attend a Leaders Summit to be held from 11 to 12 November 2026.

154. The SBI invited the incoming Presidency of COP 31, in consultation with the secretariat and the Bureau, to finalize the details of the arrangements for the Conference and to keep Parties informed thereof.

155. The SBI requested the secretariat to take note of the views expressed by Parties regarding possible elements for the provisional agendas for COP 31, CMP 21 and CMA 8[94] and the organization of work for those sessions.

156. Emphasizing the need to ensure efficient time management, and reemphasizing the importance of concise statements at plenary meetings during United Nations climate change

[92] Contained in the annex to decisions 23/CP.27 and 22/CMA.4, with activity C.1 included in table 3.
[93] FCCC/SBI/2026/4.
[94] See annex IV to document FCCC/SBI/2026/4.

conferences,[95] the SBI also requested presiding officers, with the support of the secretariat, to continue enhancing efforts to maximize the time available for negotiations. It encouraged Parties and observer organizations to upload their full statements to the submission portal.

(b) Hosts of future sessions

157. The SBI reiterated that confirming the host country for a United Nations climate change conference as far in advance of the conference as possible minimizes logistical and financial risks and enables the secretariat to facilitate timely planning.[96]

158. The SBI noted that, in keeping with the rotation of the office of President among the United Nations regional groups, the President of COP 33 (November 2028) would come from the Asia-Pacific States.

159. The SBI urged the Asia-Pacific States to finalize consultations within the group with a view to presenting an offer to host COP 33, to be held from 6 to 17 November 2028, as soon as possible and no later than at COP 31 to facilitate timely planning.

160. The SBI noted that, in keeping with the rotation of the office of President among the United Nations regional groups, the President of COP 34 (November 2029) would come from the Eastern European States.

161. The SBI encouraged the Eastern European States to accelerate consultations within the group and submit an offer to host COP 34, to be held from 5 to 16 November 2029, as soon as possible and no later than at SBI 66 to facilitate early planning.

162. The SBI acknowledged the views expressed by Parties and observer organizations at this session on improving the inclusivity and accessibility of, and the overall experience of participants in, the sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and encouraged the secretariat, the host countries of such sessions and mandated events, and the presiding officers of the governing and subsidiary bodies, as appropriate, to continue making efforts to:

(a) Improve accessibility, including through accessible communication and availability of reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities;

(b) Enhance the timely dissemination of logistical, operational and scheduling information relating to conferences, sessions and mandated events;

(c) Improve the accessibility and usability of digital platforms and conference-related digital tools.

163. The SBI highlighted the importance of ensuring the full participation of Parties and the effective and meaningful participation of observer organizations in sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and mandated events.

164. The SBI acknowledged the continued efforts of the secretariat to facilitate the participation of delegates in sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and meetings of the UNFCCC constituted bodies. It reiterated concern regarding the difficulties experienced by some delegates, in particular from developing country Parties, in obtaining visas to enable them to attend sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and mandated events, including those convened at the seat of the secretariat,[97] and urged the relevant authorities to continue efforts to simplify and facilitate the process of obtaining visas in a timely manner for all participants, in accordance with the respective agreements and arrangements concluded with the secretariat. The SBI reaffirmed the importance of adhering to the equal treatment of the six official languages of the United Nations.[98]

165. The SBI reiterated the encouragement for hosts of sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and mandated events to reaffirm their commitment to upholding the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and international human rights law before, during and after the sessions and mandated events. It reemphasized the

[95] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 184.
[96] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 192.
[97] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 194.
[98] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 195.

importance of ensuring that participants can exercise human rights without fear of intimidation and repercussions[99] while respecting, without prejudice to the privileges and immunities of the participants, the national laws and regulations in force in the host country.

166. The SBI highlighted the importance of participants abiding by the Code of Conduct for UNFCCC events[100] at all sessions and events and, without prejudice to their privileges and immunities, respecting the national laws and regulations in force in the host country. It requested the secretariat to continue disseminating information on the arrangements for reporting breaches of the Code of Conduct, including through the designated focal point.[101]

167. The SBI also requested that only legally qualified[102] representatives be nominated by Parties to participate in sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies as Party and Party overflow delegates, and further requested Parties to carefully review and verify the registration of their delegations in this regard, including Party overflow delegates, as well as to ensure appropriate badge management, and to take measures to prevent disruption of the integrity and order of the sessions and the process of negotiations.

168. The SBI recalled that host country agreements should reflect the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the respective obligations under international human rights law, and facilitate the inclusive and effective participation of Parties and observer organizations, with a view to ensuring that sessions and mandated events are convened in places where human rights and fundamental freedoms are promoted and protected, and where all participants are effectively protected against any violations or abuses, including harassment and sexual harassment.[103]

169. The SBI also recalled the recommendation[104] that the secretariat and hosts of future conferences and mandated events work together to:

(a) Make logistical arrangements that facilitate the inclusive and effective participation of Parties and observer organizations, including timely issuance of visas, where required, to all participants; a safe and secure venue for all; and ease of access to the venue;

(b) Make sure that sufficient accommodation is available within a reasonable distance of the venue, and the safety and security of participants in that accommodation can be ensured;

(c) Consider affordability measures, including flexible payment arrangements, relating to the price of accommodation;

(d) Consider affordability measures relating to delegation offices, the price of pavilion spaces and services at the venue.

170. The SBI encouraged the hosts of future conferences and mandated events and the secretariat, as appropriate, to ensure accessibility when selecting host cities, including the availability of convenient flight connections.

171. The SBI recalled the request for the secretariat to, when possible, undertake missions to gather logistical information on the location proposed for convening a United Nations climate change conference, in collaboration with the country nominated by its regional group to host the session, and inform the Bureau of its findings with a view to facilitating early planning and collaboration between the secretariat and the nominated host country.[105]

172. The SBI acknowledged the ongoing efforts of the secretariat, host countries and incoming COP Presidencies to improve host country agreements with a view to enhancing inclusive, accessible, safe and effective participation in United Nations climate change conferences. It encouraged host Governments to ensure that host country agreements enter

[99] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 196.
[100] Available at https://unfccc.int/about-us/code-of-conduct-for-unfccc-conferences-meetings-and-events.
[101] The focal point can be reached at speakup@unfccc.int.
[102] In accordance with Articles 7, para. 6, and 20 of the Convention, Article 24, para. 1, of the Kyoto Protocol, Article 20, para. 1, of the Paris Agreement and the draft rules of procedure being applied.
[103] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 198.
[104] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 193(b).
[105] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 200.

into force as expeditiously as possible, in accordance with the national laws of the host country.

173. The SBI acknowledged the views shared by Parties and observer organizations at this session regarding host country agreements and highlighted the following additional measures to facilitate the inclusive, accessible, safe and effective participation of Parties and observers in United Nations climate change conferences:

(a) Requesting the secretariat to:

(i) Publish, in consultation with the host Governments of United Nations climate change conferences, the legal text of the host country agreement on the UNFCCC website as soon as possible after entry into force;

(ii) Continue to support the implementation of provisions of the host country agreement relating to accessibility, visa issuance, affordable accommodation and safe and inclusive participation in United Nations climate change conferences;

(b) Inviting host countries and the secretariat to update the Bureau on the status of the implementation of host country agreements and request its guidance, as appropriate.

(c) Calendar of future sessions

174. The SBI recommended the following dates for the sessional periods in 2032 for consideration and adoption at COP 31:

(a) First sessional period: Monday, 7 June, to Thursday, 17 June;

(b) Second sessional period: Monday, 8 November, to Friday, 19 November.

175. The SBI also recommended the following dates for the sessional periods in 2033 for consideration and adoption at COP 31:

(a) First sessional period: Monday, 6 June, to Thursday, 16 June;

(b) Second sessional period: Monday, 7 November, to Friday, 18 November.

176. In proposing the dates of future sessional periods, the SBI encouraged the secretariat to continue the practice of considering major religious observances with a view to facilitating the full, effective and inclusive participation of Parties and observers in the UNFCCC process.

(d) Increasing the efficiency of the UNFCCC process

177. The SBI welcomed the rich exchange of views among Parties at this session on increasing the efficiency of the UNFCCC process towards enhancing ambition and strengthening implementation, while recognizing that agendas and mandates reflect the urgent need to address climate change. It underscored that efforts and measures to increase the efficiency of the UNFCCC process, including those referred to in paragraphs 179 and 182 below, must preserve its Party-driven nature, respect agreed mandates and the draft rules of procedure being applied and enable inclusive and effective participation of Parties and observer organizations in the process.

178. The SBI reiterated the invitation for Parties to pursue efficiency in the consideration of matters under agenda items at sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies while respecting the Party-driven nature of the UNFCCC process and the draft rules of procedure being applied.[106]

179. The SBI acknowledged the efforts undertaken by all presiding officers, with the support of the Bureau and the secretariat, to improve coordination in and enhance the efficiency, transparency and inclusiveness of the UNFCCC process; encouraged the presiding officers and the secretariat to continue these efforts; and also encouraged further strengthening of the conduct and organization of work under the Convention, the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement by:

[106] FCCC/SBI/2025/19, para. 133. See also document FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 176.

(a) Encouraging all presiding officers, with the support of the secretariat, to continue striving for transparent, inclusive, consultative and effective approaches to the conduct of negotiations, and the preparation and adoption of decisions and conclusions, including by ensuring timely access to draft texts, clarity regarding negotiating modalities and procedures, and inclusive and equitable opportunities for all Parties to engage in consultations;

(b) Encouraging all presiding officers to continue their efforts to facilitate Parties' decision-making openly, transparently and inclusively;

(c) Inviting presiding officers of the governing and subsidiary bodies, and incoming Presidencies, with the support of the secretariat, to continue efforts to improve planning, coherence and coordination across sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies and related workstreams under the UNFCCC process;

(d) Encouraging efforts by the secretariat and all presiding officers to improve the efficacy of scheduling for negotiations and mandated events, including by minimizing overlaps, where feasible, and communicating scheduling changes in a timely manner;

(e) Encouraging continued efforts to enhance the legal clarity and quality of draft decisions and conclusions, including through support provided by the secretariat and all presiding officers;

(f) Recalling its request for the secretariat to support Party delegates, in particular youth delegates, in building their capacity to engage in the negotiation process, and to make training and other relevant materials available on the UNFCCC website,[107] and requesting the secretariat to provide an update on support provided in this regard;

(g) Inviting Parties to consider the potential impacts of increasingly extensive agendas on the effective participation of small delegations.

180. The SBI acknowledged the continued efforts of presiding officers and the secretariat to optimize the organization of work during sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies, improve the efficient conduct of proceedings and time management and ensure the timely availability of documents, and encouraged them to continue their efforts in this regard.

181. The SBI urged Parties to respect and support the role of all presiding officers in guiding the UNFCCC process in an impartial, transparent and efficient manner, and to engage constructively in proceedings to facilitate timely outcomes.

182. The SBI noted the challenges associated with the increasing number of mandated events and highlighted the following measures aimed at improving the scheduling, coordination, organization and efficiency of such events to facilitate the timely preparation, coordination and participation by all Parties and observers, as well as the efficient use of time, resources and meeting space:

(a) Reiterating the request for the secretariat to continue to cluster mandated events where feasible[108] and inviting the secretariat and presiding officers to continue considering ways to improve the organization, coordination, scheduling and clustering of mandated events, where feasible, noting the need to ensure sufficient time for negotiations;

(b) Encouraging Parties, presiding officers and the secretariat, where appropriate and feasible, to make use of hybrid participation modalities for mandated events, taking into account different time zones and the need to facilitate inclusive and equitable participation, noting that virtual participation causes difficulty for some Parties;

(c) Requesting the secretariat and presiding officers, where possible, to make documents, concept notes and information relating to mandated events available at least two weeks in advance thereof to facilitate timely preparation and coordination by Parties and observers;

(d) Requesting the secretariat, subject to the availability of resources, to review, inter alia, the number, formats, duration, organization and cost-effectiveness of previous

[107] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 209(b).
[108] FCCC/SBI/2025/19, para. 134.

mandated events with a view to developing recommendations thereon for consideration at SBI 66.

183. The SBI recalled the recommendation that all meetings taking place on a Saturday during the first sessions of the subsidiary bodies of the year be completed by midday[109] and recommended that such arrangements remain subject to negotiation needs, noting the importance of facilitating the scheduling of mandated and other events as well as informal meetings among Parties.

184. The SBI welcomed the rich exchange of views among Parties at this session on proposals for improving the management of increasingly extensive agendas for sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies with a view to ensuring sufficient time for the efficient consideration of mandates.

185. The SBI invited Parties and observer organizations to submit via the submission portal by 31 March 2027 views on possible measures for improving the efficiency of the UNFCCC process, including with regard to organization of work and management of agendas and mandated events.

186. The SBI requested the secretariat to prepare for consideration at SBI 66 an information paper informed by the submissions from Parties and observer organizations on the matter referred to in paragraph 185 above, including recommendations for further measures for increasing the efficiency of the UNFCCC process.

187. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of increasing the efficiency of the UNFCCC process at SBI 66.

(e) Enhancing the engagement of observer organizations in the intergovernmental process

188. The SBI underscored the valuable contributions of observer organizations to advancing ambitious outcomes under the UNFCCC process and the value of open, inclusive and meaningful observer engagement in the UNFCCC process while upholding the Party-driven nature of the process and noted with appreciation statements made on this matter by constituencies in the UNFCCC process.

189. The SBI took note of the report[110] by the secretariat on efforts to improve regional balance among observer organizations participating in sessions of the governing and subsidiary bodies, mandated events and side events; enhance transparency with regard to participants; and ensure more diverse representation of observers, including the group for persons with disabilities.

190. The SBI also took note of the large number of applications for admission, and the significantly increasing number of organizations admitted as observers, to the UNFCCC process and noted the associated physical and logistical challenges.

191. The SBI invited Parties and observer organizations to submit via the submission portal by 31 March 2027 views on ways to urgently address the challenges referred to in paragraph 190 above taking into consideration the need for regional balance and diversity among observer organizations participating in the UNFCCC process.

192. The SBI requested the secretariat to prepare a paper, informed by the submissions from Parties and observer organizations on the matter referred to in paragraph 191 above, outlining options for addressing the challenges referred to in paragraph 190 above for consideration at SBI 66.

193. The SBI recalled the invitation for Parties, as appropriate, to consider the implications of their registration of Party overflow badges for the number of participants at conferences, as well as for manageability, pressure on conference services and on the price and availability of accommodation, and observer participation.[111]

[109] FCCC/SBI/2014/8, para. 213.
[110] FCCC/SBI/2026/4.
[111] FCCC/SBI/2025/11, para. 193(a).

194. The SBI requested the secretariat, subject to the availability of resources, to implement mandates from past conclusions related to observer engagement in the UNFCCC process, including those related to the provision of targeted capacity-building and opportunities for intersessional and in-session engagement for newly admitted observer organizations and organizations from underrepresented regions.

195. The SBI took note of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the secretariat referred to in paragraphs 179(e–f), 182(d), 186, 192 and 194 above.

196. It requested that the actions of the secretariat called for in these conclusions be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

XVII. Arrangements for funding infrastructure, processes and capacity-building for implementing the guidance on cooperative approaches referred to in Article 6, paragraph 2, of the Paris Agreement

(Agenda item 17)

1. Proceedings

197. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in informal consultations co-facilitated by Pacifica F. Achieng Ogola (Kenya) and Peer Stiansen (Norway).

198. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the conclusions below.

2. Conclusions

199. The SBI considered the sufficiency and stability of funding for the operation and maintenance of the infrastructure under Article[112] 6, paragraph 2; Article 6 technical expert reviews;[113] and capacity-building activities in respect of Article 6, paragraph 2.[114]

200. The SBI took note of the updated technical paper by the secretariat on options for funding the activities related to the infrastructure and processes under Article 6, paragraph 2.[115]

201. The SBI also took note of the informal note[116] prepared by the co-facilitators for this agenda item at this session, which captures views expressed by Parties at this session on the matters referred to in paragraph 199 above.

202. To facilitate deliberations on the matters referred to in paragraph 199 above, the SBI requested its Chair to prepare an informal document, including textual proposals, informed by the relevant views expressed by Parties at this session, as captured in the informal note referred to in paragraph 201 above, for consideration at SBI 65 with a view to the SBI recommending a draft decision on the matters for consideration and adoption at CMA 8.

203. The SBI took note of the significant gap in funding identified in the updated technical paper referred to in paragraph 200 above and expressed concern regarding the implementation of the infrastructure and processes under Article 6, paragraph 2.

204. The SBI recalled paragraph 30 of decision 19/CMA.7, in which Parties were urged to provide voluntary contributions to the trust fund for supplementary activities to enable the full development, establishment and operation of the infrastructure under Article 6, paragraph 2, the conduct of Article 6 technical expert reviews and the capacity-building activities of the secretariat in respect of Article 6, paragraph 2.

[112] Articles referred to in these conclusions are Articles of the Paris Agreement.
[113] As referred to in decision 2/CMA.3, annex, chap. V.
[114] Pursuant to decision 19/CMA.7, para. 27.
[115] FCCC/TP/2026/2.
[116] Available at https://docs.unfccc.int/documents/10000151.

205. The SBI urged the secretariat to strengthen its fundraising efforts for the purpose referred to in paragraph 204 above.

206. The SBI requested the secretariat to include, in the context of its annual report to the CMA on the implementation of Article 6, paragraph 2, detailed information on the assumptions underlying the supplementary budget aligned with the distribution of activities in the updated technical paper referred to in paragraph 200 above, including information on the funds currently available, the spending to date during the current biennium and the expected remaining spending for the current biennium, in accordance with decisions 20/CP.30 and 8/CMP.20, on administrative, financial and institutional matters.[117]

207. The SBI agreed to continue consideration of this matter at SBI 65.

XVIII. Administrative, financial and institutional matters

(Agenda item 18)

208. At its 1st meeting, the SBI agreed to consider this item in a contact group co-chaired by Lenneke Ijzendoorn (Kingdom of the Netherlands) and Pacifica F. Achieng Ogola.

209. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI, having taken note of the information in the documents on administrative, financial and institutional matters prepared for the session,[118] recommended two draft decisions for consideration and adoption at COP 31 and CMP 21.[119]

XIX. Other matters

(Agenda item 19)

210. The SBI considered this item at its 1st meeting. No other matters were raised.

XX. Closure of and report on the session

(Agenda item 20)

1. Administrative and budgetary implications

211. At the resumed 4th meeting, a representative of the secretariat informed the SBI that additional activities mandated at this session require additional resources over and above the core budget for the biennium 2026–2027.[120] Relevant requests for activities are contained in conclusions adopted under various SBI, including joint SBI–SBSTA, agenda items.

212. The representative of the secretariat noted that the requested activities are categorized as temporary or short-term activities (category 3).[121]

213. The representative emphasized that the amounts presented are preliminary and based on information available at the time, and noted that the secretariat is counting on Parties to provide supplementary funding for these activities in a timely and predictable manner.

214. The representative concluded by noting that costs for 2028–2029 will be reviewed in the context of preparing the budget for that biennium.

[117] This request does not alter the allocated budget agreed for the biennium 2026–2027, including allocation across budget lines and core and supplementary budgets, nor is it the intention of the SBI to alter the allocated budget upon consideration of the information provided in response to this request.

[118] FCCC/SBI/2026/6, FCCC/SBI/2026/7 and Add.1, FCCC/SBI/2026/INF.1, FCCC/SBI/2026/INF.2, FCCC/SBI/2026/INF.3/Rev.1, FCCC/SBI/2026/INF.4 and Corr.1, and FCCC/SBI/2026/INF.5 and Corr.1.

[119] For the text of the draft decisions, see document FCCC/SBI/2026/15/Add.1.

[120] The statement on the preliminary assessment of resource implications can be heard at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_114267/agenda (starting at 1:36:50).

[121] According to the categorization established for the UNFCCC budget; see document FCCC/SBI/2019/4, para. 36.

2. Closure of and report on the session

215. At the 3rd meeting of the SBI, held together with the 3rd meeting of SBSTA 64, on 18 June, statements were made by representatives of 36 Parties, including 14 on behalf of groups of Parties: African Group; Alliance of Small Island States; Arab Group; Brazil, South Africa, India and China; Environmental Integrity Group; European Union and its member States; Group of 77 and China; Group of Landlocked Developing Countries; Group SUR; Independent Association for Latin America and the Caribbean; LDCs; Like-minded Developing Countries; Mountain Group; and Umbrella Group.[122] Statements were also made by representatives of the nine UNFCCC constituencies of non-governmental organizations: business and industry, children and youth, environmental, farmers and agricultural, research and independent, and trade union non-governmental organizations, and Indigenous Peoples organizations, local government and municipal authorities, and women and gender constituency.[123] Written statements submitted at the meeting are available on the submission portal.[124] The UNFCCC Executive Secretary also submitted a written statement.[125]

216. At its resumed 4th meeting, the SBI considered and adopted the draft report on the session and authorized the Rapporteur, with the assistance of the secretariat and under the guidance of the Chair, to complete the report on the session and make it available to Parties.

217. The Chair thanked all Parties and observers for their constructive engagement throughout the session. She also thanked the co-chairs of contact groups and co-facilitators of informal consultations for their work, the other presiding officers for their close collaboration and the translators, technicians and World Conference Center Bonn staff for their support and facilitation. The Chair then closed the session.

[122] The statements can be heard at https://unfccc-events.azureedge.net/SB64_113148/agenda (starting at 0:04:47).

[123] As footnote 122 above (starting at 2:16:23).

[124] https://submissions.unfccc.int/?cfsid=1547.

[125] Available at https://unfccc.int/news/written-statement-of-unfccc-executive-secretary-on-closing-of-un-june-climate-meetings-sb64.

Annex I

Terms of reference for the 2026 review of the United Arab Emirates just transition work programme

I. Mandate

1. The CMA agreed to review the effectiveness and efficiency of the United Arab Emirates just transition work programme and consider its continuation at CMA 8.[1]

2. The CMA requested SB 64 to develop terms of reference for the review, considering, inter alia, ways to improve existing modalities, without prejudice to the outcome of the consideration of the continuation of the work programme.[2]

3. The review of the work programme will be conducted by the SBI and the SBSTA.

II. Objective

4. The objective of the review is to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the work programme, as well as ways to improve its modalities, with a view to informing the consideration of the continuation of the work programme at CMA 8.

III. Scope

5. When undertaking the review, the subsidiary bodies will consider:

(a) Progress in implementing the work programme since its establishment in decision 1/CMA.4;

(b) Contributions of the work programme in achieving its objective as defined in paragraph 1 of decision 3/CMA.5;

(c) How all elements of the work programme, as set out in paragraph 2 of decision 3/CMA.5, have been comprehensively and systematically considered;

(d) The usefulness of the outputs of the work programme for Parties, non-Party stakeholders and constituted bodies, as well as relevant processes, under the Convention and the Paris Agreement;

(e) The effectiveness and efficiency of the modalities of the work programme, including the dialogues, annual high-level ministerial round table on just transition and reports;

(f) The inclusiveness of the modalities of the work programme, including with regard to enabling participation of Parties and non-Party stakeholders in implementing the work programme;

(g) Opportunities for improving the modalities of the work programme;

(h) How the review of the work programme could inform or be informed by the process for the operationalization of the just transition mechanism, without prejudice to the mandate set out in paragraph 25 of decision 2/CMA.7.

IV. Sources of input

6. The review will be informed by:

[1] Decision 3/CMA.5, para. 3.
[2] Decision 2/CMA.7, paras. 27–28.

(a) Submissions from Parties and non-Party stakeholders called for in paragraph 38 of this document;

(b) Annual summary reports on the dialogues under the work programme;

(c) The summary report, on activities under the work programme, to be prepared in accordance with paragraph 11 of decision 3/CMA.5;

(d) The mapping of relevant instruments, initiatives and processes under the Convention and the Paris Agreement and relevant entities in the United Nations system and the synthesis report to be prepared as requested in paragraph 24 of decision 2/CMA.7, including areas of complementarity and coherence if any;

(e) Informal notes summarizing the annual high-level ministerial round tables on just transition;

(f) The synthesis report to be prepared by the secretariat on proposals submitted by Parties and non-Party stakeholders for improving modalities in accordance with paragraphs 35–36 of this document.

V. Modalities

7. The following modalities are to be used in conducting the review:

(a) The call for submissions referred to in paragraph 38 of this document;

(b) The consideration of the synthesis report prepared by the secretariat referred to in paragraph 6(f) above;

(c) The undertaking of the review through the joint contact group on the work programme at SB 65.

VI. Expected outcome

8. On the basis of the assessment undertaken in accordance with paragraphs 1–7 above, SB 65 will prepare a draft decision, including a set of recommendations that respond to the objective of the review as defined in paragraph 4 above, for consideration at CMA 8.

Annex II

Elements of a memorandum of understanding between the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement and the United Nations Environment Programme regarding the hosting of the Climate Technology Centre

Preamble

I. Purpose

- To stipulate the terms of the relationship between the COP and the CMA and UNEP.

II. Role and responsibilities of the Conference of the Parties and the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement

- Accountability to the COP and the CMA;
- Role of the Advisory Board of the CTCN in advising the CTCN on the implementation of the terms of reference and relevant guidance provided by the COP and the CMA;
- COP and CMA decision-making and consideration of the joint annual report of the Technology Executive Committee and the CTCN;
- Consultation with the host on decisions affecting its operations.

III. Role and responsibilities of the United Nations Environment Programme

- Provisions related to the criteria contained in annex II to decisions 10/CP.30 and 17/CMA.7;
- Organizational structure, management, and administrative and infrastructure support;
- Appointment of the Director of the CTC;
- Appointment of core staff to support the CTC in an effective and efficient manner;
- Provision of periodic updates on matters regarding its role as the host of the CTC, including through the annual report of the CTCN;
- Support to fulfil the revised functions of the CTC as per decisions 10/CP.30 and 17/CMA.7;
- Resource mobilization plans and efforts;
- Collaboration, cooperation and partnerships;
- Responsibility for the execution of the functions of UNEP under this MOU.

IV. Role and functions of the Climate Technology Centre and Network

- Reporting to the COP and the CMA;

- To operate in accordance with the relevant decisions of the COP and the CMA;
- Revised functions of the CTC (contained in annex I to decisions 10/CP.30 and 17/CMA.7, text provided below)
    - To enhance the impact of its work, promote transformational change and support Parties in realizing technology development and transfer in order to improve resilience to climate change and reduce greenhouse gas emissions, the CTC shall facilitate a Network of global, regional, national and sectoral technology networks, organizations, platforms and initiatives in performing the following functions:

(a) At the request of a developing country Party:

- Provide advice and support in:
    i. Identifying, prioritizing and addressing technology-related needs, including by supporting the deployment of climate technologies through pilot, demonstration, diffusion and dissemination projects;
    ii. The development of enabling environments;
- Support the enhancement of national systems of innovation and capacity for developing Indigenous and endogenous technologies;
- Provide information, training and support for programmes aimed at building or strengthening the capacity of developing country Parties to identify technology options, make technology choices and operate, maintain and adapt technologies;
- Facilitate prompt action on the development, deployment, diffusion and dissemination of technologies in developing country Parties on the basis of identified needs;
- Provide technical and logistical support to national designated entities to enable them to fulfil their role;
- Support, in accordance with the respective guidelines and criteria, the preparation of project proposals to enable the financing, deployment and use of existing technologies for mitigation and adaptation;

(b) Utilize multi-country and programmatic approaches to responding to requests for technology development and transfer;

(c) Enable and encourage the development and transfer of climate technologies through collaboration and partnerships with private sector entities, philanthropic organizations, public institutions, and academic and research institutions, as well as through opportunities for North–South, South–South and triangular technology cooperation;

(d) Facilitate its Network in order to:

- Cooperate with national, regional and international technology centres and relevant national organizations, including those that facilitate social inclusion and promote gender-responsive technologies, technologies led by youth, women and Indigenous Peoples as well as local communities, and endogenous technologies;
- Foster international partnerships with public and private sector stakeholders to accelerate the development, deployment, diffusion and dissemination of climate technologies in developing countries;
- Provide in-country technical assistance and training to support the development and implementation of identified technology actions in developing countries;
- Stimulate the establishment of twinning centre arrangements to promote North–South, South–South and triangular partnerships with a view to encouraging cooperative research, development, demonstration and deployment;

- Identify, disseminate and assist with developing analytical tools, policies and best practices for country-driven planning to support the development, diffusion and dissemination of climate technologies;
- Provide matchmaking for the purpose of securing funding for implementing technologies identified as needed by developing country Parties;

(e) Cooperate with the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, the Adaptation Fund and UNFCCC constituted bodies;

(f) Evaluate, in coordination with nationally designated entities, the outcomes and long-term impacts of technical assistance provided in response to requests from developing country Parties as part of the monitoring and evaluation framework of the CTC;

(g) Perform other activities as may be necessary to carry out the above-mentioned functions.

V. Role and functions of the Director and personnel of the Climate Technology Centre secretariat

- Accountability of the Director for the effectiveness and efficiency of the CTC;
- Director to serve as the secretary of the Advisory Board of the CTCN;
- Director to prepare the budget and annual reports;
- Director to prepare the resource mobilization plan, and the monitoring, evaluation and learning system;
- Director to manage financial resources;
- Director and personnel of the CTC to liaise with the UNFCCC secretariat.

VI. Financial arrangements for the Climate Technology Centre and Network

- Sources associated with the costs of the CTC;
- Financial and in-kind contributions from the host;
- Collaboration with the UNFCCC secretariat on resource mobilization.

VII. Implementation of this memorandum of understanding

- Standard language on the implementation of the MOU.

VIII. Dispute settlement

- Standard language on resolving disputes.

IX. Entire agreement

- Standard language on entry into force of the MOU, including any annexes.

X. Interpretation

- Standard language on interpretation of the MOU in accordance with relevant decisions.

XI. Term of this memorandum of understanding

- Standard language on initial term and renewal of the MOU.

XII. Notification and amendment

- Standard language on amendments to the MOU.

XIII. Entry into force

- Standard language on entry into force being the last date of signature.

XIV. Termination

- Standard language on options for terminating the MOU.