Paris Committee on Capacity-building (PCCB)
Call for submissions from Parties and non-Party stakeholders:
Existing tools and methodologies for implementing capacity-building activities that enable countries to achieve the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement

Background

The PCCB aims to address gaps and needs, both current and emerging, in implementing capacity-building in developing country Parties and further enhance capacity-building efforts.

Current priority areas are:

> a) Enhancing coherence and coordination of capacity-building under the Convention;
> b) Identifying capacity gaps and needs, both current and emerging, and recommending ways to address them;
> c) Promoting awareness-raising, knowledge- and information-sharing and stakeholder engagement.

To learn more about the work of the PCCB, you can access its annual reports and other documents here.

Topic for submissions

As part of its continuing efforts to respond to these priorities, the PCCB determined in its 2021-2024 workplan, to make calls for submissions from Parties and non-Party stakeholders on:

> *Existing tools and methodologies for implementing capacity-building activities that enable countries to achieve the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement.*

Submissions form

We thank you in advance for filling out this template with concise, evidence-based information and for referencing all relevant sources. There are 2 sections in this template:

- *Details about your organization*
- *Guiding questions about implementing NDCs and national development plans in developing countries*

How will the inputs be used?

The inputs for implementing capacity-building activities will feed into upcoming deliverables under Activity B.2 of the 2021-2024 PCCB workplan, including a technical session at the 4th Capacity-building Hub in 2022.

Further information:

You are welcome to provide any other information that your organization thinks would highlight suggestions made in response to this call for submissions.

Address for submission: pccb@unfccc.int

Deadline for submissions: 30 November 2021

Organization or entity name:

Mirroring Hope: The Bhungroo Irrigation Technology Oral History Project

Type of organization:

Please choose as appropriate:

☐ Intergovernmental organization

☐ UN and affiliated organization

☐ International network, coalition, or initiative

☐ Regional network, coalition, or initiative

☐ Public sector entity

☐ Development agency

☐ Development bank / financial institution

☐ Non-governmental organization

☐ Research organization

☒ University/education/training organization

☐ Private sector entity

☐ Philanthropic organization

☐ Other (Please specify) _____

Organization Location

City: Stony Brook
Country:USA

Scale of operation:

☐ Global

☒ Local

☐ National

☐ Regional

☐ Subregional

☐ Transboundary

City(ies)/Country(ies) of operation (if appropriate):

Nani Chandoori, Dudkha, Aritha

<u>Existing tools and methodologies for implementing capacity-building activities that enable countries to achieve the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement.</u>

Having the right and necessary tools and methodologies available to efficiently design, implement, and monitor and evaluate meaningful capacity-building interventions is key to making sure that countries successfully implement the Paris Agreement and reach its goals.

The PCCB seeks information on tools and methodologies used in climate-related efforts that aim to strengthen capacities at the individual, institutional or systemic level to meet objectives or perform better, and/or that enhance the sustainability, replicability or scalability of capacity-building projects/efforts. Relevant tools and methodologies also include those supporting the design and monitoring and evaluation of capacity-building efforts.

What are good examples of tools and methodologies used by different actors for implementing capacity-building activities that enable countries to achieve the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement?
• The tool I am submitting here is a digital collection of oral histories of farmers in three villages in Gujarat, India who have been severely affected by droughts and floods; and the introduction of an irrigation technology, Bhungroo, that aims to help farmers adapt and enhance their capacity building
Which types of tools and methodologies for capacity building have proven to be the most effective and why?
• The tool I am suggesting here is a digital collection and archive of oral histories with farmers, as mentioned above. It is most effective for educating university students and others about climate adaptation in rural communities and gender justice.   • The purpose of the collection is tyo promote awareness raising, knowledge and information sharing, and stakeholder engagement among colleges and universities worldwide.
Which (types of) tools and methodologies to support the efficient design, implementation, and monitoring/evaluation of meaningful capacity-building interventions are currently lacking?
• The methodology involved establishing an interview schedule; working with program managers at local levels to identify interviewees; gaining permission from each interviewee to record the interviews and take photos in the field; processing all of the materials through our university library; writing an narrative essay about our findings; and using a professional design firm (Schema Design) to create an interactive tool to allow others to explore the collection.
In which thematic area(s) of the Paris Agreement are new tools and methodologies for capacity-building most required in order to achieve the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement?
• Gender responsiveness and human rights
Useful sources:
Please give examples of useful sources relevant to this topic   *(e.g. webpages and portals, publications, fora, organizations working on this issue)*   • https://exhibits.library.stonybrook.edu/s/mirroring-hope-bhungroo-oral-history-project/page/welcome
Open comment:

I hope I have completed the form correctly. Please let me know if you need further information. Thank you for considering my submission.