Regional Climate Week

Latin America and the Caribbean

Panama City, Panama – 23-27 October 2023





Welcome Remarks



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United Nations Climate Change



ICEBREAKER: Let's get to know each other!!!







Icebreaker Activity

1. First Step

Think about your favourite place (**Mountain** or **Beach**) and find your group.









Icebreaker Activity

2. Second Step

Mountain Group:

Who identifies as an:

- Eagle
- Tiger









Beach Group:

Who identifies as an:

- Water
- Sand





Icebreaker Activity

3. Now, you ALL divide in 4 groups:

- Choose a song music that they relate with or identify with the group.
- Name a group.
- Present the name of the group and explain why you have chosen the song.
- Play the song loud in the room, (dance possible).













Agenda of Day 01: Monday, October 23rd, 2023

Time	Topic		
09:30 – 10:30	Session 1a: Consideration of instruments		
	Session 1b: Introduction to Carbon Pricing and Domestic Consideration		
	Session 1c: Carbon Pricing Approaches.		
10:30 – 10:50	Coffee Break		
10:50 – 13:00	Session 1d: Carbon Pricing Approaches		
	Session 2: Domestic Considerations in choice of carbon pricing		
	 Countries Experiences: Lessons Learned, Opportunities and Challenges ETS (Quebec, Dominican Republic) Carbon Tax (Colombia, Trinidad and Tobago) Offsetting System (Panama) 		
	Special Presentation		
13:00 – 14:30	Lunch		
14:30 – 16:00	Session 3: Introduction to international compliance carbon markets.		
16:00 – 16:30	Coffee Break		
16:30 – 17:30	Session 04: Introduction to international voluntary carbon markets.		
17:30 – 18:00	Wrap Up and Closing		



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RediCAP + Article 6 Training + DNA Forum

Stay tuned...

Follow our channel on WhatsApp







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Housekeeping Rules

- Put your cellphone in silent mode.

- Be punctual. ②
- Raise hands for questions.
- Interpretation is available in English and Spanish.
 - Other Option: Download the App and choose your language wearing your headphones.





Landscape of Instruments: Reflections to start with...





Basic premise:

Achieving the objectives of the Paris Agreement will require instruments to:



Make high emitting solutions less attractive (e.g fee / obligations)

and/or

Make low-carbon solutions more attractive (e.g support / incentive)



Decision 1/CP.21: §136. *Also recognizes* the important role of providing **incentives for emission reduction activities**, including tools such as domestic policies and **carbon pricing**;





Basic premise:

Achieving the objectives of the Paris Agreement will require instruments to:

Make high emitting solutions
less attractive
(e.g fee / obligations)

and/or

- Make low-carbon solutions more attractive
 - (e.g support / incentive)

- Mandates/standards (GHG/Efficiency)
- Fees (carbon tax; energy tax; etc.)
- Obligations to reduce/offset GHGs

- Support to investments (Grants, tax credits, etc.)
- Result-based funding (carbon credits, feed-in tariff, etc.)
- Other support (rebates, incentives etc.)





	Kyoto Protocol	Paris Agreement
Non-Annex I countries	No climate targets	All Parties have Article 6
Annex I countries	Binding climate targets	Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)
Instrument of collaboration	CDM (between Annex I and non- Annex I countries) JI (between Annex I countries) IET (between Annex I countries)	 Article 6 of the Paris Agreement (between any Parties) Article 6.4: mechanism for the creation of units (tCO₂e): A6.4ER Article 6.2: transfers of mitigation outcomes for NDCs and OIMP Article 6.8: non-market approaches



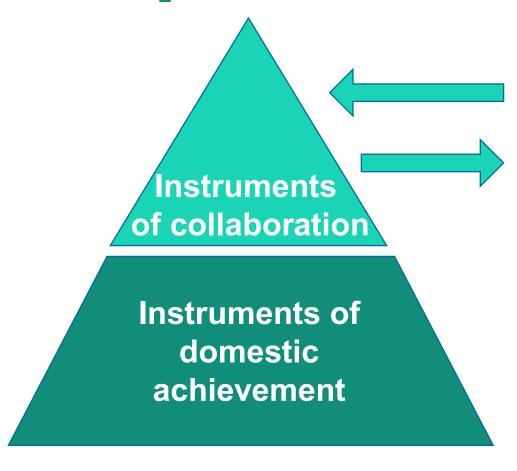


What changed in the Paris Agreement landscape compared to the Kyoto Protocol

- Need for ALL Parties to achieve their own self-set targets (Nationally Determined Contributions).
 - Need for <u>domestic instruments</u>, measures and/or actions to curb domestic GHG emissions.
- Instruments of cooperation still exist:
 - Allow Party A to invest in measures in host Party B to cut emissions and claim the outcomes.
 (but then host Party B cannot claim these outcomes as part of its NDC achievement)
 - Two main instruments for carbon units:
 - One central mechanism for creating mitigation outcomes.
 - One instrument for transferring mitigation outcomes.



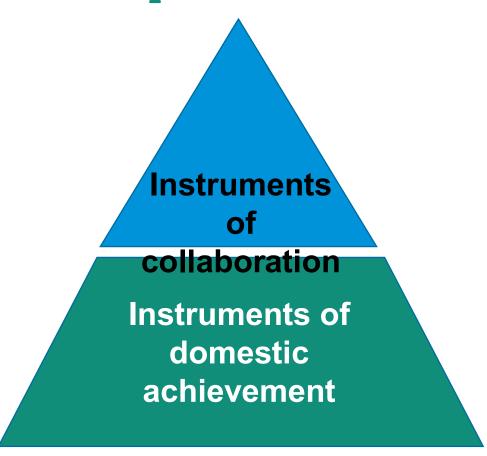




Support (funding / capacity / technology)
Outcomes (in traded units or not)











How can I use them?

Art. 6.4

Art 6.2

ETS

Carbon tax

Domestic

crediting

VCM



Many others...

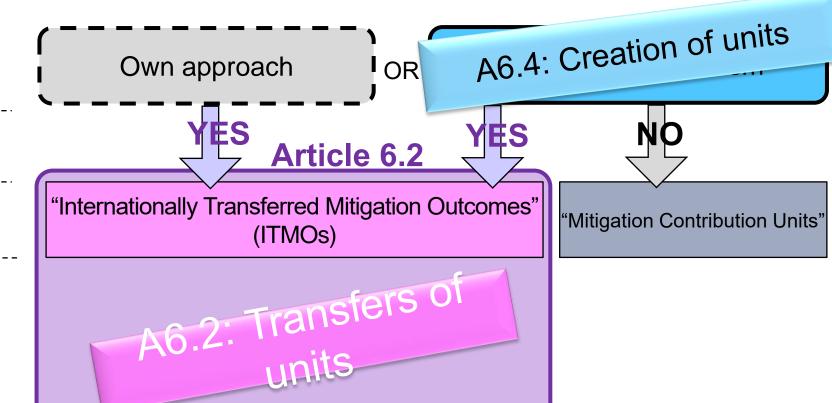


Creation of carbon units

(e.g. carbon credits):

"Authorized*" units?:

Type of units:







* Authorization of units under Article 6.2 of the Paris Agreement opens the right to transfer units from Party A to Party B for NDC use or for "other international mitigation purposes" – but it also creates obligations in terms of participation requirements, the application of "corresponding adjustments" and reporting obligations

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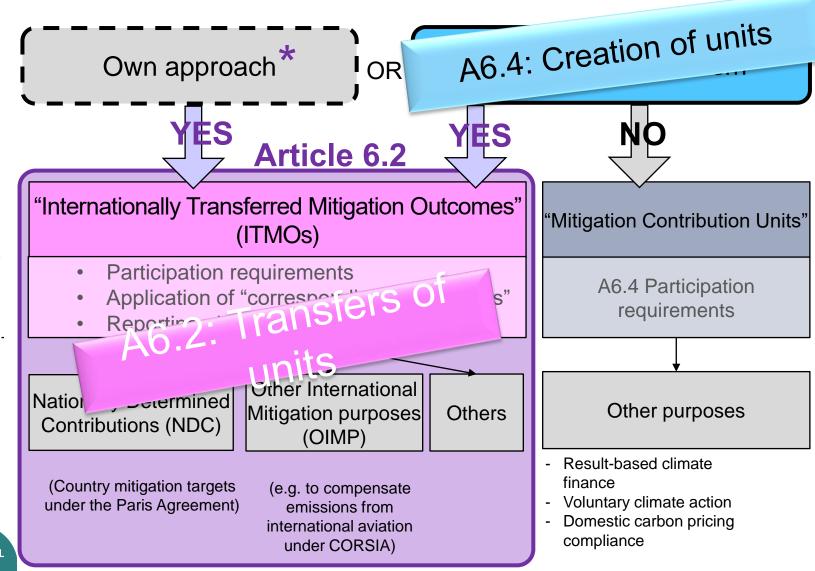
Type of units:

Requirements:

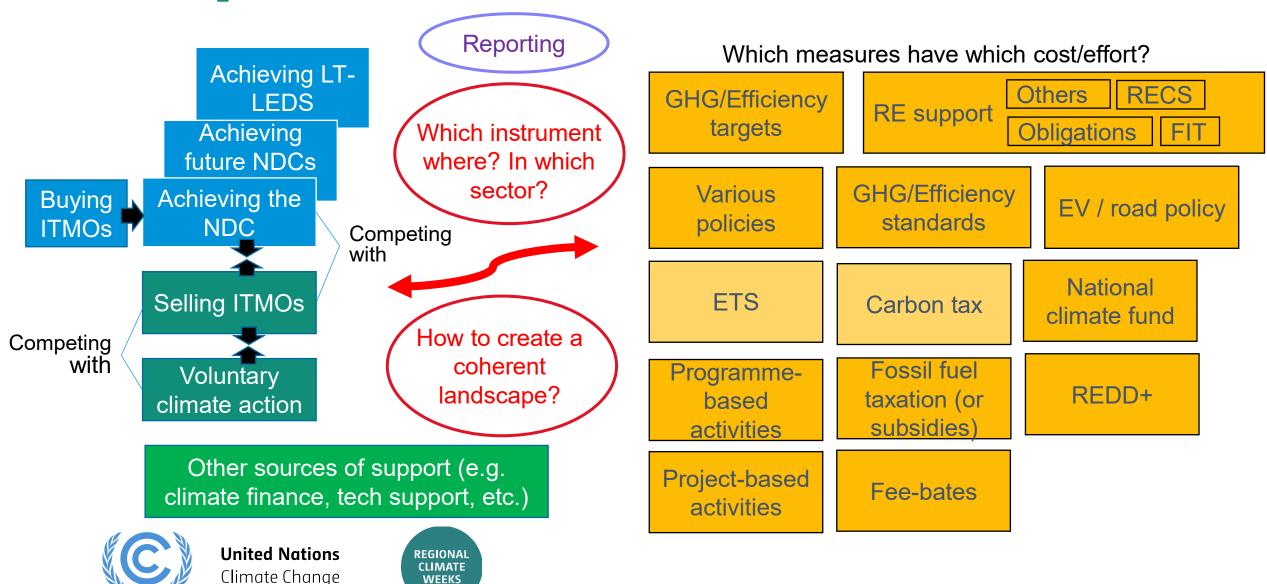
Use:







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WEEKS

Some key questions

- Which is the relative cost/effort of mobilizing various measures?
 - O How can I harvest all-low-cost measures?
- Where is the most promising abatement potential in my country (current and future)?
- Which sectors can easily be mobilized with which instruments?
 - What is the nature of the barrier to implementation? Cost? Adequate financing?
 Technology? Capacity building? Institutional? Lack of mandate? Others?
 - Which instrument fits best?
 - Economic instruments? Which ones? Incentives? Penalties? Both?
 - Mandates?
 - Awareness-raising and support?

National Mapping exercise





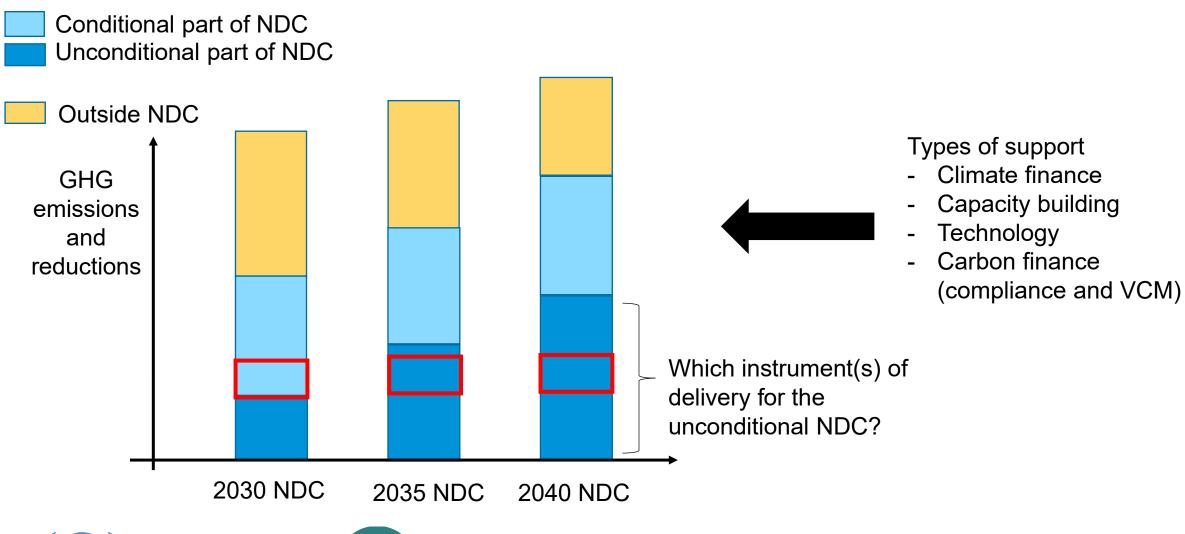
Some key questions and points

- Which type of support is available? Which is fitting for which area?
- Do I need/want private sector involvement
- What is in the current NDC? What will be in my future NDCs?
 - Which sectors/measures should I start mobilizing for future NDCs?
 - Am I on track to achieving my NDC?
- What are the co-benefits of measures?
 - How do I capture them?
- Do I have adequate institutions or need to build them up?
 - O Which support is available?





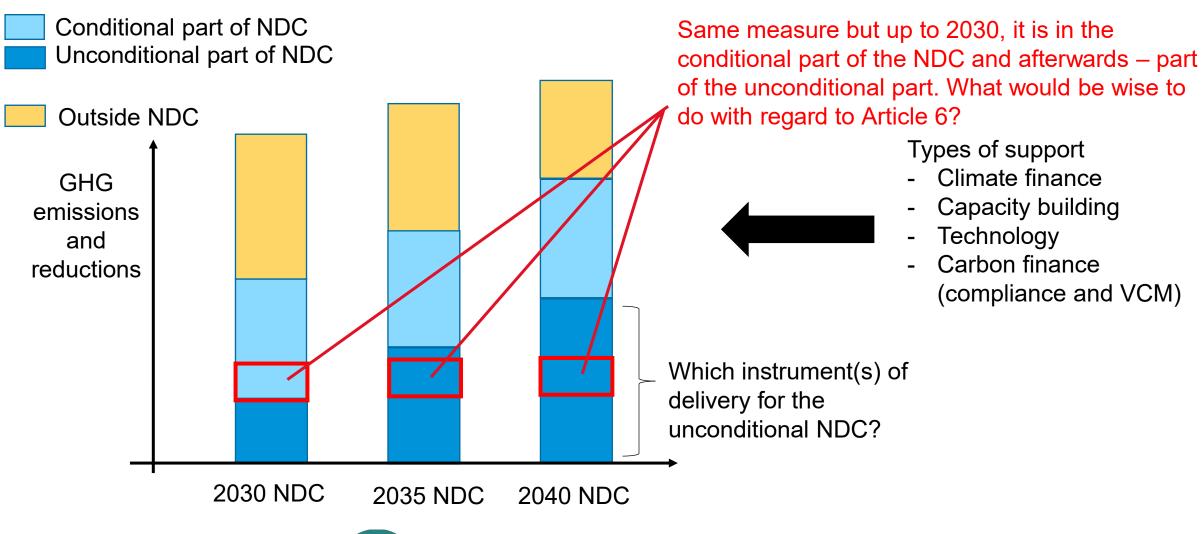
Reflection: Where will measures fit?







Reflection: Where will measures fit?







Reflection: Where will measures fit?

Some key questions and points

- Consideration of tradability
 - Are the outcomes easily identifiable? Can they be MRV'd (Monitored, Reported, Verified)
 - Can the outcomes be easily unitized (turned into units)?
 - Which benefit would the crediting/selling of outcomes bring? Which disadvantages?
 - What do I need to ensure that the selling of outcomes does not endanger the achievement of my current NDC and future NDC? And possibly benefit them?
- How to avoid double counting / double use of outcomes and sources of support?
 - Climate finance
 - Carbon finance
 - Other forms of support





Some reflections before starting on carbon pricing

- Do I need to actively discourage the emissions from of fossil fuels? (to achieve my current NDC, future NDC and LT-LEDs)
 - o Now?
 - In the future? do I already need to plan for it to avoid "stranded assets" (major list of heavy emitting plants by mid-century?)
 - E.g. in my national planning?
- What are the associated benefits?
- Who can help me?
- What about the cost?
 - O What is the net cost?
 - Who bears a cost? Who gets benefits?
 - O Which costs can be borne easily / which not? By whom?
 - O What are the cost mitigation measures?
 - Can I somehow support the cost through cooperative action under Article 6?





Some reflections before starting on cooperative approaches

- What is included in my current NDC?
 - What is in the unconditional part of my NDC (what will I achieve on my own)?
 - What is included in the conditional part of my NDC? Which support will I use?
 - What is outside my NDC? Do I want to mobilize this and how?
- What could be included in my future NDC?
 - Could I credit sell/credit the results now and at a later point end the crediting and count results towards my NDC?
- What could contribute to my LT-LEDs?





THANK YOU FOR ATTENDING







