



SUBSIDIARY BODY FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL ADVICE

Twenty-eighth session

Bonn, 4–13 June 2008

Agenda item 3

Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change

**Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability
and adaptation to climate change**

Revised draft conclusions proposed by the Chair

1. The Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA) welcomed the progress made up to its twenty-eighth session in the implementation of the Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change.
2. The SBSTA noted that the outcomes of the activities completed to date, including the workshops and expert meetings, constitute a useful initial contribution to the objective and expected outcomes of the Nairobi work programme.
3. The SBSTA affirmed that its activities under the Nairobi work programme are undertaken to assist all Parties, in particular developing countries, including the least developed countries (LDCs) and small island developing States (SIDS), to improve their understanding and assessment of impacts, vulnerability and adaptation, and to make informed decisions on practical adaptation actions and measures to respond to climate change on a sound scientific, technical and socio-economic basis, taking into account current and future climate change and variability in accordance with decision 2/CP.11.
4. The SBSTA expressed its appreciation to the Governments of Australia, Canada, the Czech Republic, Germany, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, and to the World Meteorological Organization, for their contributions towards the implementation of the Nairobi work programme. It also expressed its appreciation to the Governments of Egypt, Mexico, Thailand, and Trinidad and Tobago, and to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, for contributing by hosting activities under the Nairobi work programme, as well as to the experts and representatives of relevant organizations for contributing their time and expertise.
5. The SBSTA welcomed the progress made under the Nairobi work programme in catalysing action by organizations outside the UNFCCC, and expressed its appreciation to the organizations that have undertaken, or stated their intention to undertake, actions in support of the objective of the Nairobi work programme. The SBSTA encouraged organizations to enhance their efforts towards this end, including

through the submission of action pledges to the secretariat, and to make the information on the results achieved available to the SBSTA.

6. The SBSTA agreed to promote, both under the UNFCCC process and among relevant organizations, institutions, experts and communities, the consideration of recommendations and calls for action that result from workshops and expert meetings, with a view to undertaking activities at international, regional, national and subnational levels aimed at addressing the gaps and needs identified.

7. The SBSTA, in accordance with its conclusions at its twenty-fifth session¹ and with the aim of contributing to the identification of further activities, as well as appropriate timing and modalities, for inclusion in the Nairobi work programme, considered:

- (a) The report of the informal meeting of representatives from Parties on the outcomes of completed activities under the Nairobi work programme held in Bangkok, Thailand, 7–9 April 2008 (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/5);
- (b) The views of Parties on further activities, including the views in documents FCCC/SBSTA/2008/MISC.3 and Add.1–2;
- (c) The outcomes of activities completed up to SBSTA 28;²
- (d) Information presented in the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and other new scientific information;
- (e) Relevant activities from international and regional institutions.

8. The SBSTA recognized that the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report represents the most comprehensive and authoritative assessment of climate change to date and agreed to make use of the information contained in that report in the further implementation of the Nairobi work programme.

9. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to provide a report for consideration at each of its sessions, starting from SBSTA 29 (December 2008), on progress made in implementing activities under the Nairobi work programme, including calls for action, whereby endorsement of any calls for action mentioned in the report would be provided by Parties.

10. The SBSTA recalled that a summary report for the first phase of the Nairobi work programme, will be made available to Parties and relevant organizations by the twenty-ninth session of the SBSTA, which will consolidate the results of the implementation of the Nairobi work programme for the period up to SBSTA 28.³

11. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare a summary report on the results of the second phase of the implementation of the Nairobi work programme for the period up to SBSTA 32 (May–June 2010) for its consideration at SBSTA 33 (November 2010).

12. The SBSTA noted that outcomes of activities completed up to its twenty-eighth session may contain useful information for Parties in the consideration of relevant agenda items under the Subsidiary Body for Implementation (SBI).

13. In accordance with the annex to decision 2/CP.11 and its conclusions at SBSTA 25,⁴ the SBSTA agreed to provide at its twenty-ninth session, and is expected to provide at its thirty-third session (November 2010), relevant information and advice on the scientific, technical and socio-economic aspects

¹ FCCC/SBSTA/2006/11, paragraph 22.

² An overview of outputs of the activities completed up to SBSTA 28 is included in annex I to these conclusions.

³ FCCC/SBSTA/2006/11, paragraphs 23 and 24.

⁴ FCCC/SBSTA/2006/11, paragraph 25.

of impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change arising from the implementation of the Nairobi work programme for consideration by the SBI, following consideration by the SBSTA of the summary reports mentioned in paragraphs 10 and 11 above.

14. The SBSTA may also provide any relevant information and advice, as appropriate, on the scientific, technical and socio-economic aspects of impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change arising from the implementation of the Nairobi work programme to:

- (a) The Ad Hoc Working Group on Long-term Cooperative Action under the Convention (AWG-LCA), with a view to providing input to discussions on enhanced action on adaptation as envisaged in decision 1/CP.13, paragraph 1 (c);
- (b) The Adaptation Fund Board, if requested, with a view to facilitating the operation of the Adaptation Fund.

15. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to organize, under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA and before its thirty-third session, an informal meeting of representatives from Parties and organizations and experts to consider the outcomes of the activities completed prior to this meeting, taking into account the summary report mentioned in paragraph 10 above and the expected outcomes of the Nairobi work programme outlined in paragraph 2 of the annex to decision 2/CP.11. The SBSTA further requested the secretariat to prepare a report on this meeting, to be made available to the SBSTA by its thirty-third session.

16. The SBSTA agreed to consider, at its thirty-third session, the outcome of the informal meeting referred to in paragraph 15 above, the summary report referred to in paragraph 11 above, new scientific information, as well as relevant activities from organizations and institutions, with a view to reviewing the effectiveness of the Nairobi work programme and reporting on its outcomes to the Conference of the Parties (COP) at its sixteenth session (November 2010) in accordance with decision 2/CP.11, paragraph 6 (e).

17. The SBSTA requested the secretariat, under the guidance of the SBSTA, to continue its efforts in engaging a wide range of organizations, institutions, experts, communities and members of the private sector in the implementation of the Nairobi work programme, including those active at the community level and those undertaking education, training and awareness-raising.

18. The SBSTA recalled that it agreed at its twenty-seventh session to consider at SBSTA 29 the possible need for a group of experts, taking into account the outcome of its consideration of the activities completed by SBSTA 28, the future activities to be identified at SBSTA 28 and the summary report to be prepared by SBSTA 29.

19. The SBSTA agreed to take into account relevant outputs of agenda items and work of relevant expert groups under the Convention in the implementation of the Nairobi work programme.

20. The SBSTA took note of the first forum of focal points of engaged organizations and institutions, convened by the Chair of the SBSTA in Bali, Indonesia, on 10 December 2007, and requested the secretariat to regularly organize such meetings with representatives of interested Parties, during the sessions of the COP, with a view to taking stock of activities undertaken by organizations and institutions in support of the objective of the Nairobi work programme and to promoting a periodic dialogue between Parties and engaged organizations and institutions.

21. The SBSTA encouraged organizations and institutions that are engaged in the Nairobi work programme and have national and regional representation to develop specific activities at the national and regional level in support of the objective and expected outcomes of the Nairobi work programme. The SBSTA further encouraged those organizations and institutions to make the information on the results achieved available to the SBSTA for its consideration.

22. The SBSTA recognized that regional centres and networks undertaking work relevant to climate change play an important role in enhancing adaptation through supporting adaptation planning and practices, the application of models and tools, the development of adaptation projects and their regional integration, and through providing other forms of technical support related to capacity-building and information sharing.

23. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to organize, before its thirty-second session and under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA, a technical workshop with representatives from Parties, relevant organizations, regional centres and networks, and communities, and experts, on how regional centres and networks undertaking work relevant to climate change could collaborate, with a view to:

- (a) Providing information on the use of different methods and tools for various users and types of assessment;
- (b) Enabling users to share information on different methods and tools, including details on their application, limitations and usefulness for different types of tasks and users;
- (c) Facilitating a dialogue between users and developers of methods and tools to encourage the development and application of more demand- and stakeholder-driven methods and tools;
- (d) Enabling users to exchange good practices and lessons learned in accessing and applying data;
- (e) Promoting a dialogue between the providers and users of data in order for providers to better meet the needs of different users;
- (f) Disseminating good practices and lessons learned in the development and application of methods and tools;
- (g) Providing information on available climate models, scenarios and downscaled projections, including on their application, limitations and usefulness for different purposes and geographical areas;
- (h) Facilitating feedback between users and providers of climate models, scenarios and downscaled projections, in order to enable or enhance the development and to improve the usability of regional climate models and scenarios.

24. The SBSTA further requested the secretariat to prepare a report on the workshop referred to in paragraph 23 above, to be made available by its thirty-third session.

25. The SBSTA welcomed the wide dissemination of outputs resulting from the implementation of the Nairobi work programme to relevant stakeholders and requested the secretariat to continue, in consultation with Parties, to develop user-friendly outputs and accessible forms of disseminating these outputs, to enhance the Nairobi work programme website and to develop further activities aimed at reaching adaptation practitioners at the national and subnational level, in particular in developing countries.

26. The SBSTA agreed to enhance outreach and foster a dialogue and exchange of information relevant to the Nairobi work programme among stakeholders involved in impacts, vulnerability and adaptation activities. The SBSTA further agreed to promote existing networks for impacts, vulnerability and adaptation and encouraged the establishment of new networks. The SBSTA also encouraged established networks that are not focused on climate change to consider impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change in their work, as appropriate.

27. The SBSTA agreed that the thematic areas of the Nairobi work programme as contained in the annex to decision 2/CP.11, with their action oriented sub-themes and the nine areas of work identified at its twenty-fifth session, should be the basis for further activities under the Nairobi work programme. The SBSTA agreed to further implement the Nairobi work programme through the activities contained in these conclusions.⁵

28. The SBSTA noted that the implementation of the Nairobi work programme in the period up to SBSTA 33 cannot be fully covered by the resources available from the core budget for the biennium 2008–2009, and that supplementary funds are needed for this work given that implementation will be fulfilled subject to the availability of resources for this purpose.

29. The SBSTA urged Parties included in Annex II to the Convention, and other Parties in a position to do so, to provide financial support for the implementation of the Nairobi work programme.

Methods and tools

30. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of methods and tools are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-themes a (i), “Promoting development and dissemination of methodologies and tools for impact and vulnerability assessments, such as rapid assessments and bottom-up approaches, including as they apply to sustainable development”, and b (i), “Promoting the development and dissemination of methods and tools for assessment and improvement of adaptation planning, measures and actions, and integration with sustainable development”.

31. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to include consideration of relevant matters related to sub-themes a (i) and b (i) in the technical workshop referred to in paragraph 23 above.

32. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to develop, by its thirty-second session (May–June 2010) and in collaboration with relevant organizations, institutions and networks, a user-friendly version of the UNFCCC Compendium on methods and tools.⁶

Data and observations

33. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of data and observations are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme a (ii), “Improving collection, management, exchange, access to and use of observational data and other relevant information on current and historical climate and its impacts, and promoting improvement of observations, including the monitoring of climate variability”.

34. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to include consideration of relevant matters related to sub-theme a (ii) in the technical workshop referred to in paragraph 23 above. It further encouraged the secretariat to provide links on the UNFCCC website to existing efforts to identify, describe, apply and make accessible terrestrial, atmospheric and oceanic data and available climatic and relevant non-climatic data and information, including socio-economic information and data on climate change impacts.

Climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling

35. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme a (iii), “Promoting the development of, access to, and use of information and data on projected climate change”.

36. The SBSTA took note of the discussions that took place during the in-session workshop on climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling. It recognized the importance of regional modelling,

⁵ An overview of activities to be undertaken and outputs from the second phase of the Nairobi work programme is included in annex II to these conclusions.

⁶ <<http://unfccc.int/2674.php>>.

scenarios and downscaling and requested the secretariat to include consideration of relevant matters related to sub-theme a (iii) in the technical workshop referred to in paragraph 23 above.

37. The SBSTA encouraged the IPCC Task Group on Data and Scenario Support for Impact and Climate Analysis to enhance their outreach and sharing of information on the development of new scenarios with a view to increasing awareness among Parties on ways in which these scenarios will be used for impacts, vulnerability and adaptation assessments.

Climate-related risks and extreme events

38. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of climate-related risks and extreme events are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme a (iv), “Promoting understanding of impacts of, and vulnerability to, climate change, current and future climate variability and extreme events, and the implications for sustainable development”.

39. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare a technical paper, before its twenty-ninth session, on physical and socio-economic trends in climate-related risks and extreme events in the context of their implications for sustainable development, paying particular attention to the most vulnerable developing countries, especially LDCs and SIDS. The paper should include inputs from experts in the science of climate-related hazards and experts in disaster management, insurance and reinsurance. The SBSTA suggested that this paper could provide valuable input to the workshop on risk management and risk reduction strategies, including risk sharing and transfer mechanisms such as insurance, to be held during AWG-LCA 4 (December 2008).

Socio-economic information

40. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of socio-economic information are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme a (v), “Promoting the availability of information on the socio-economic aspects of climate change and improving the integration of socio-economic information into impact and vulnerability assessments”.

41. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare, before its thirty-first session, a technical paper reviewing the existing literature on the potential costs and benefits of adaptation options.

42. The SBSTA invited Parties and relevant organizations to submit to the secretariat, by 18 September 2009, information on efforts undertaken, including methods used, to assess the costs and benefits of adaptation options, as well as their views on lessons learned, good practices, gaps and needs.

43. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to compile these submissions into a miscellaneous document to be made available by SBSTA 31 (November–December 2009) and to prepare a synthesis report based on the submissions as well as on other relevant sources to be made available by SBSTA 32.

44. The SBSTA also requested the secretariat to organize, under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA, a technical workshop on costs and benefits of adaptation options. The workshop should take place before SBSTA 32 and involve representatives from Parties, relevant organizations, communities and experts. It should be held with a view to facilitating the identification of appropriate adaptation practices and measures and avoiding maladaptation, taking into account the miscellaneous document and the synthesis report mentioned in paragraph 43 above.

45. The SBSTA further requested the secretariat to prepare a report on this workshop, to be made available by SBSTA 33.

Adaptation planning and practices

46. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of adaptation planning and practices are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-themes b (ii), “Collecting, analysing and disseminating

information on past and current practical adaptation actions and measures, including adaptation projects, short- and long-term adaptation strategies, and local and indigenous knowledge”, and b (iv), “Facilitating communication and cooperation among and between Parties and relevant organizations, business, civil society and decision makers, and other stakeholders”.

47. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare by its twenty-ninth session a technical paper on integrating practices, tools and systems for climate risk assessment and management and disaster risk reduction strategies, such as included in the Hyogo Framework for Action, into national policies and programmes.

48. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to organize, under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA, a technical workshop on integrating practices, tools and systems for climate risk assessment and management and disaster risk reduction strategies into national policies and programmes. The workshop should take place before SBSTA 30 (June 2009) and involve representatives from Parties, relevant organizations and experts with a view to facilitating the identification of successful examples of using such tools and integrating such practices into national policies and programmes.

49. The SBSTA further requested the secretariat to prepare a report on this workshop, to be made available by its thirty-first session.

50. The SBSTA invited Parties and relevant organizations to submit to the secretariat, by 20 March 2009:

- (a) Views and information on approaches to and experiences in integrating and expanding adaptation planning and action at national, subnational, community and local levels, including scaling up of local and community-based adaptation;
- (b) Views on lessons learned, good practices, gaps, needs, barriers and constraints to adaptation, including implementation of adaptation projects.

51. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to compile these submissions into a miscellaneous document to be made available by SBSTA 30, and to prepare a synthesis report based on the submissions as well as on other relevant sources, including experiences gained during the national adaptation programme of action process, by SBSTA 31.

52. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to organize, under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA, a technical workshop to consider how to advance the integration of various approaches to adaptation planning, including scaling up of local and community-based adaptation. The workshop should take place before SBSTA 31 and involve representatives from Parties, relevant organizations, communities and experts. It should be held with a view to making informed decisions on integrated practical adaptation actions and measures at various levels and for various sectors and livelihoods taking into account the miscellaneous document and the synthesis report mentioned in paragraph 51 above.

53. The SBSTA also requested the secretariat to prepare a report on this workshop, to be made available by SBSTA 32.

54. The SBSTA further invited Parties and relevant organizations to submit to the secretariat, by 18 September 2009, information on efforts undertaken to monitor and evaluate the implementation of adaptation projects, policies and programmes and the costs and effectiveness of completed projects, policies and programmes as well as views on lessons learned, good practices, gaps and needs.

55. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to compile these submissions into a miscellaneous document to be made available by SBSTA 31. It further requested the secretariat to prepare a synthesis report based on the submissions as well as on other relevant sources, to be made available by SBSTA 32,

with a view to facilitating the development of indicators for assessing the implementation of adaptation projects, policies and programmes.

56. The SBSTA also requested the secretariat to enhance the web-based interface on adaptation practices by its thirtieth session, in order to provide access to information on specific adaptation practices; enable adaptation practitioners to share information on and experiences with different adaptation practices; and disseminate good practices and lessons learned in the implementation, monitoring and evaluation of adaptation practices.

Research

57. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of research are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme b (iii), “Promoting research on adaptation options and the development and diffusion of technologies, know-how, and practices for adaptation, particularly addressing identified adaptation priorities and building on lessons learned from current adaptation projects and strategies”.

58. The SBSTA encouraged greater consideration of adaptation in future dialogues between international and regional research bodies and programmes and Parties. The SBSTA noted the research needs identified in document FCCC/SBSTA/2007/12 and invited bodies and programmes involved in this type of research to inform the SBSTA of their activities, including during at the research dialogue to take place at its thirtieth and thirty-second session.

59. The SBSTA encouraged relevant institutions to further research on vulnerability mapping for analysis of the impacts associated with climate change in key areas, including terrestrial and marine ecosystems, in the light of economic, environmental and social indicators.

Technologies for adaptation

60. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of technologies for adaptation are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme b (iii), “Promoting research on adaptation options and the development and diffusion of technologies, know-how, and practices for adaptation, particularly addressing identified adaptation priorities and building on lessons learned from current adaptation projects and strategies”.

61. The SBSTA acknowledged the previous work undertaken by the Expert Group on Technology Transfer on technologies for adaptation and requested the group to take into account outcomes from the Nairobi work programme up to SBSTA 28 for consideration under relevant aspects of its work programme for 2008–2009.

Economic diversification

62. The SBSTA affirmed that activities in the area of economic diversification are undertaken with a view to advancing sub-theme b (v), “Promoting understanding and the development and dissemination of measures, methodologies and tools including for economic diversification aimed at increasing economic resilience and reducing reliance on vulnerable economic sectors, especially for relevant categories of countries listed in Article 4, paragraph 8, of the Convention”.

63. The SBSTA invited Parties and relevant organizations to submit to the secretariat, by 20 March 2009, additional information on examples of measures, methodologies and tools on increasing economic resilience to climate change and reducing reliance on vulnerable economic sectors, including through economic diversification. It requested the secretariat to compile these submissions into a miscellaneous document to be made available to the SBSTA by its thirtieth session.

64. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to organize, before SBSTA 30 and under the guidance of the Chair of the SBSTA, a technical workshop on increasing economic resilience to climate change and reducing reliance on vulnerable economic sectors, including through economic diversification, with the

participation of representatives from Parties, business, and communities, and experts. The workshop should be held with a view to promoting understanding and the development and dissemination of measures, methodologies and tools for increasing economic resilience, including the understanding of social aspects, and take into account:

- (a) Previous submissions from Parties⁷ and relevant organizations⁸ on this matter and the synthesis report thereon;⁹
- (b) The submissions referred to in paragraph 63 above.

65. The SBSTA requested the secretariat to prepare a report on this workshop, to be made available by SBSTA 31.

⁷ FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.15 and Add.1.

⁸ FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.16.

⁹ FCCC/SBSTA/2007/14.

Annex I

Overview of outputs of activities completed up to the twenty-eighth session of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice under the Nairobi work programme on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change

Area of work	Activities	Outputs
1. Methods and tools	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Expert meeting, 4–5 March 2008, Mexico City, Mexico 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information on methods and tools for impact, vulnerability and adaptation assessments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.12 and Add.1) – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.13) ▪ Synthesis of information and views on methods and tools submitted by Parties and relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/8) ▪ Report on the expert meeting (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/3)
2. Data and observations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Expert meeting, 6–7 March 2008, Mexico City, Mexico 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Work that could contribute to the improved understanding of current and historical climate, and its impacts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from the WMO and its member States and other relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.23) ▪ Report on the expert meeting (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/3)
3. Climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ In-session workshop, 7 June 2008, Bonn, Germany 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Ways to contribute to climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.24 and Add.1)
4. Climate-related risks and extreme events	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Workshop, 18–20 June 2007, Cairo, Egypt 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Relevant programmes, activities and views on the issues relating to climate-related risks and extreme events <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.4 and Add.1–2) – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.5) ▪ Report on the workshop (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/7)
5. Socio-economic information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Expert meeting, 10–12 March 2008, Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information and views on socio-economic information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.21 and Add.1) – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.22) ▪ Report on the expert meeting (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/2)
6. Adaptation planning and practices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Workshop, 10–12 September 2007, Rome, Italy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information on adaptation approaches, strategies, practices and technologies at the regional, national and local levels in different sectors, as well as on experiences, needs and concerns <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.10 and Add.1) – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.11) ▪ Synthesis of information and views on adaptation planning and practices submitted by Parties and relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/9) ▪ Synthesis report on the outputs of the work of the LEG, the CGE and the EGTT, relevant to adaptation planning and practices (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/10)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Report on the workshop (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/15) ▪ A web-based interface providing information on existing adaptation practices and local coping strategies for adaptation (http://unfccc.int/4363)
7. Research	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Synthesis report of ongoing and planned adaptation research and adaptation research needs (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/12)
8. Technologies for adaptation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information ▪ Expert meeting, 5 April 2008, Bangkok, Thailand 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information on technologies for adaptation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions by Parties and relevant organizations as part of submissions on adaptation planning and practices ▪ Synthesis report on technologies for adaptation identified in the submissions from Parties and relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/6) ▪ Report on the workshop (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/4)
9. Economic diversification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Information on economic diversification <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.15 and Add.1) – Submissions from relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.16) ▪ Synthesis of information on economic diversification submitted by Parties and relevant organizations (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/14)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of views on a group of experts on adaptation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Views on the possible need for a group of experts and the role that they could have in the implementation and further development of the Nairobi work programme <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2007/MISC.25 and Corr.1)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing of views on further activities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Views on further activities under the Nairobi work programme <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Submissions from Parties (FCCC/SBSTA/2008/MISC.3 and Add.1–2)

Abbreviations: CGE = Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention, EGTT = Expert Group on Technology Transfer, LEG = Least Developed Countries Expert Group, WMO = World Meteorological Organization.

Overview of activities to be undertaken and outputs from the second phase of the Nairobi work programme

Year	2008		2009				2010			
	Before/by 29		Before/by 30		Before/by 31		Before/by 32		Before/by 33	
Session	Activities	Outputs	Activities	Outputs	Activities	Outputs	Activities	Outputs	Activities	Outputs
Engagement of organizations, dissemination of outcomes^a	- Dialogue between focal points and Parties				- Dialogue between focal points and Parties				- Dialogue between focal points and Parties	
Methods and tools							- Technical workshop on promoting the role of regional centres and networks	- User-friendly UNFCCC Compendium		- Report on the workshop
Data and observations										
Climate modelling, scenarios and downscaling		- Report on the in-session workshop ^b								
Climate related risks and extreme events		- Technical paper								
Socio-economic information					- Technical paper - Submissions by 18 September 2009	- Miscellaneous document	- Technical workshop on costs and benefits of adaptation options	- Synthesis report		- Report on the workshop
Adaptation planning and practices		- Technical paper	- Submissions by 20 March 2009 - Technical workshop on integration of risk management	- Miscellaneous document - Enhanced web-based interface on adaptation practices	- Technical workshop on integration on approaches - Submissions by 18 September 2009	- Synthesis report - Miscellaneous document - Report on the workshop		- Report on the workshop - Synthesis report		
Research			- Research dialogue				- Research dialogue			
Technology for adaptation										
Economic diversification			- Submission by 20 March 2009 - Technical workshop on increasing economic resilience	- Miscellaneous document			- Report on the workshop			
General^a		- Progress report - Summary report of the first phase ^b - Report on lessons learned in involving experts ^c		- Progress report		- Progress report		- Progress report	- Informal meeting of representatives of Parties	- Summary report of the second phase - Report on the informal meeting

^a Cross-cutting areas of work.^b Mandated by SBSTA 25.^c Mandated by SBSTA 27.