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UNITED NATIONS FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE

**AD HOC WORKING GROUP ON LONG-TERM COOPERATIVE ACTION
UNDER THE CONVENTION**

First session

Bangkok, 31 March to 4 April 2008

Item 3 of the provisional agenda

Development of a work programme

Views regarding the work programme of the Ad Hoc Working Group on Long-term Cooperative Action under the Convention

Submissions from Parties

Addendum

1. In addition to the 31 submissions contained in document FCCC/AWGLCA/2008/MISC.1 and Add.1 and 2, one further submission has been received.
2. In accordance with the procedure for miscellaneous documents, this submission is attached and reproduced* in the language in which it was received and without formal editing.

* This submission has been electronically imported in order to make it available on electronic systems, including the World Wide Web. The secretariat has made every effort to ensure the correct reproduction of the text as submitted.

SUBMISSION FROM TUVALU

**SUBMISSION ON VIEWS REGARDING THE WORK PROGRAMME OF THE AD HOC
WORKING GROUP ON LONG TERM COOPERATIVE ACTION
UNDER THE CONVENTION**

Tuvalu has pleasure in presenting its views regarding the work programme of the Ad hoc Working Group on Long-term Cooperative Action under the Convention (AWGLCAC), taking into account the elements referred to in paragraph 1 of the Bali Action Plan (FCCC/CP/2007/L.7).

Tuvalu notes that the work of the AWGLCAC over the next two years will be substantial. Therefore we believe that the first session of the AWGLCAC in Bangkok should allow for a preliminary discussion of the building blocks that make up the Bali Action Plan (BAP). Once this discussion has been held it should then consider a timetable for the ongoing work programme. We therefore suggest that the 2 and half days allocated to the AWGLCAC in Bangkok should be divided into six sessions in the following sequence:

- 1. Shared Vision:** An interpretation by countries on what they perceive to be a shared vision for long term cooperation action. This should be a preliminary consideration of this theme. A discussion on appropriate mitigation commitments or action will need to be taken at a political level, further into the work programme;
- 2. Mitigation:** Parties should be invited to give their preliminary views on issues identified in paragraphs 1(b)(i)-(vii) of the BAP;
- 3. Adaptation:** Parties should be invited to give their preliminary views on issues identified in paragraphs 1(c) (i)-(v) of the BAP;
- 4. Technology Development and Transfer:** Parties should be invited to give their preliminary views on issues identified in paragraphs 1(d) (i)-(iv) of the BAP;
- 5. Sustainable Financial Resources and Financial and Technical Support:** Parties should be invited to give their preliminary views on issues identified in paragraphs 1 (e) (i)-(vi) of the BAP;
- 6. Programme of Work for the AWG in Future Sessions:** Parties should be invited to give their views on the programme of work for the AWG in future sessions. Parties should be invited to consider which issues could be discussed as part of the ongoing AWG and which issues require further work and could be supported by in-session or out-of-session workshops, seminars or technical papers prepared by the Secretariat.

As a preliminary consideration of 6. above, Tuvalu believes that the four major thematic issues (building blocks), mitigation, adaptation, technology and finance should be discussed at each subsequent AWG. Tuvalu believes that it is important to discuss each thematic issue at each session as the issues are closely linked and make up a package.

Tuvalu believes that some issues warrant more detailed consideration and would be best suited for workshops. Possible themes for workshops could include:

Mitigation:

- (a) Improved access to financial resources and financial and technical support for mitigation action in developing countries;
- (b) Measurable, reportable and verifiable actions by developed and developing country Parties;
- (c) REDD and other forest issue covered in the BAP;
- (d) Sectoral approaches to mitigation
- (e) Ways to accelerate deployment, diffusion and transfer of mitigation technologies including the removal of barriers; and cooperation and research

Adaptation:

- (a) Improved access to financial resources and financial and technical support for adaptation action in developing countries, especially for those particularly vulnerable to the adverse impacts of climate change;
- (b) Strategizing adaptation action;
- (c) Risk management and risk reduction strategies;
- (d) Disaster reduction strategies
- (e) Ways to accelerate deployment, diffusion and transfer of adaptation technologies including the removal of barriers; and cooperation and research

Finance:

- (a) Positive incentives for developing country Parties for enhanced implementation of national mitigation strategies and adaptation action.

Noting the limited time available for discussions during each AWG and considering the small delegation size of many developing country delegations it is considered important to hold workshops outside of sessions of the AWG. These could be held back-to-back with AWG meetings or inter-sessionally. In-session workshops should be avoided if at all possible.
