

Collated written submissions Agenda Item 6 - ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT.

Actor: UNFCCC Secretariat

Constituency	Region your organization is primarily active in	Most substantial sub-topic to be addressed under Agenda Item 6	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: UNFCCC Secretariat	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Other sub-topics you identify as important to be addressed (AI6)	Please elaborate	Actionable measures that you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: UNFCCC Secretariat	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented
Parliamentarians	African States	Financial support		N/A	Mid-term				
YOUNGO	African States	Financial support	Parties and the UNFCCC Secretariat should consider how to ease the cost of participation for developing countries, to allow for equitable participation.		Short-term				
ENGO	Asian States	Other (please specify)	[We] joined UNFCCC as an observer organization. Our members participate in Climate Change Conference(SB) and COP.	N/A	Long-term				
BINGO	African States	Financial support		N/A	Long-term				
IPO/ENGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We are committed to helping the needy	Delegates from developing countries should be assisted whenever UNFCCC have conferences by ensuring that the foreign affairs ministers are contacted on their behalf to enable them to have speedy processing of their traveling documents which will enable them to participate in the conference and that will go a long way for UNFCCC in implementing its goals.	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Egypt has decided to price civil society out of attending COP - that's the biggest issue. Apart from that, it would be helpful to have a schedule for side event decisions in place now, and clarity about covid arrangements now on the understanding that they could change if required.	Book spaces at hotels in Sharm and provide them free or cheaply to NGOs and IPOs who can't afford the accommodation costs. Push the hosts to issue covid guidance now, so delegates can make their travel plans and include costs of covid tests etc. Issue a timetable for decisions about side events, so delegates have at least 10 weeks to know whether they need to attend.	Short-term				
ENGO	Asian States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We have been attending the COP since its 23rd session and have always found a huge discrimination between the CSOs and the 'parties' to COP, which is evident through administrative and operational arrangements. These are elaborated below in points 1. The blue-zone green-zone divide itself is the first of these, wherein CSOs definitely feel they are lesser in priorities of the COP, there needs to be an administrative bridging to be precise. 2. CSOs hardly get chances to voice their message in the main event and they are mostly lost in the crowd of side events. Can there be one session in 'Blue Zones' with the learned dignitaries, exclusively for the CSOs, the so-called non-party members? 3. Why do we need to rush and compete for the quota and the slots for side events? the stalls even? We understand all cant be accommodated, but can there be strict administrative guidelines for selection (and not elimination) to be transparent? 4. Richer the parties, bigger the show, lucrative gifts and larger the audience in the green-zone. The small CSOs are lost in this 'picnic of parties'. Are their voices less important? if not, what administrative and operational conduits are delivering equity?	1. Dedicate one session in the main stream of events for the CSOs. 2. Establish equal opportunity through administrative guidelines for all events and exhibitions in the green zone. 3. Encourage grassroots participation through some incentive, support etc. 4. Increase participation of the environmental groups through added events 5. Enable more awards or accolades, accreditations and participatory events for the CSOs that may boost active partnership	Mid-term				
	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Our most important topic is the operationalisation of Art. 6.4. Currently the transition of the CDM into the new mechanism needs to be organised, the registration and issuance process implemented, and a registry needed. Also the authorization process needs to start.	Set up Art. 6.4 secretariate (ideally the same persons as for CDM to keep competences). Building a registry for the Art. 6.4 projects, set up the registration and issuance process.	Short-term	Financial Support	Deliver appropriate financial support for the huge work to be done.	Allocate financial resources accordingly	Short-term
WGC	Western European and Others	Financial support	The NGO observers, specially when they are from the global south, are doing an important financial sacrifices for attending the COPs, SB etc...Therefore, we would like to work on a the financial mechanisms for palliate this huge issue.	Maybe defining a blind platform where UNFCCC knows the match between financing observers and beneficiaries observers.	Short-term				
ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each resoeective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP, but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	Donations, grants, ...	Short-term	Other: grants and donations	As I stated previously, more attention should be given to climate change Impacts Awareness Campaigns .	N/A	

ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute need to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSOs especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this basis that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefitting.	- Further identification of Organisations with learning case studies on climate change projects especially on Nature Based Solutions that can be shared during sessions. - Work through the UN Major Groups to enhance working relationships. - Build on existing national and international networks.	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements		Allow at least one person from every registered NGO to attend COP27, if they wish to be represented.	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	Allowing easier registration for all kinds of groups.	Short-term				
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	Update your website, and create a resource page where Observers can list their initiatives or events and connect with each other. When googling 'UNFCCC partners' or 'UNFCCC observers', the pages that come up as a result are out of date, and not very useful as it simply lists the organizations and no point of contact.	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent	Find ways to increase hotel/accommodation access that reduces price gouging.	Short-term				
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	Extend access to meetings to remote observer without accreditation for blue zone	Short-term	Side events	Allocation of side events must be balanced amongst constituencies	Allocation of side events	Short-term
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	More involvement in the VISA Ask pavilion hosts to give up to up to 6 slots for NGOs who has not been selected for side events. Create a better communication channels with NGO from south. NGO/IGOs from north should put some money in UNFCCC fund dedicated to this specific initiative Extend the COP by few more day to enable to create more space and time for side events. UNFCCC should create group of NGOs from North to help NGOs from south	Long-term				
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year. It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.	Discuss it at Negotiation meetings/room (Prioritize it) Serious awareness should be raised during Cop27. It is also important for constituents to speak with a voice during this campaign.	Short-term				
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of govt resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	The Secretariat can act as a facilitator not only to raise funds from international agencies and govt. but also help in identifying Observers in real need of/for funding. They will also be able to keep tabs of the disbursement and participation of these observers	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries	Developing an eligibility criteria for travel support for observer organisation, revive the trust fund for observer participation and invite Parties to make voluntary contributions, strengthen interactions of UNFCCC RCCs engagement with admitted observer organizations	Short-term	Administrative and operational arrangements		Increase space for observer org	Mid-term
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCL prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	It is my hope that the Secretariat has the power to control the price of access by prohibiting price gouging on the part of the entities given the accommodation concessions and demand reasonable cancellation/alteration policies. It might also prioritize higher the accessibility of COP host cities as I have heard complaints about the expense of airfares to Sharm-al-Sheikh.	Short-term				
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	In order to increase the number of participations of observer organizations, UNFCCC secretariat can arrange for scholarship for youth members accredited by the observer organizations covering travel and accommodation during the period of any UN event. By this, the youth group will be more enthusiastic to work in climate change sector with the knowledge they gained through participating in the UNFCCC processes and events.	Mid-term	Financial Support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	In order to increase the number of participations of observer organizations, UNFCCC secretariat can arrange for scholarship for youth members accredited by the observer organizations covering travel and accommodation during the period of any UN event. By this, the youth group will be more enthusiastic to work in climate change sector with the knowledge they gained through participating in the UNFCCC processes and events.	Mid-term
	African States	Financial support		N/A	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements		N/A	Mid-term

Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	N/A	Mid-term				
YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	N/A	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	The communication of procedures and potential constraints during the application can be discussed in advance for a more transparent and productive decision-making process.	If more succinct instruction and arrangement information can be shared with observer groups beforehand (at least 2 weeks earlier), then the management team of those groups will be able to have sufficient time to come up with an action plan and advocacy strategy for delegations.	Long-term
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.	Greater multilateral financial support to observers from the Global South to attend COPs and SBs, with less stringent access and eligibility requirements of the trust fund. This should be coupled with an increase in the number of badges available for observers from the Global South. The Secretariat can also play a role in subsidising the costs of accommodation for observers from the Global South. It can also make sure that the majority of financial resources are going to representatives of particularly vulnerable and marginalised groups who may be less well connected to global networks and would otherwise have little opportunity to attend COPs. This financial support can also be paired with training to enable these observers to more effectively navigate, engage in and influence climate negotiations. The Secretariat can also ensure that more finance is available for pavilions space for observers, and making sure the costs of pavilions are not too high. They can also utilise low cost thinking to actually select the COP venues that would entail utilising already existing infrastructure and therefore reducing pavilion costs. For example, the secretariat could support with developing regional hubs in all regions (Africa, Asia, etc) that could serve as rotating venues for COPs (with different presidencies). This would ensure one-off costs of investing in infrastructure that can be repeatedly utilised.	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	Greater effort to ensure that observers are not only able to attend COPs, but also meaningfully engage in the processes and negotiations.	Conducting more free trainings for observer organisations, particularly those from the global south, on how to effectively engage within the negotiations process. Allowing more space for observers to provide interventions within the negotiations – eg mandating that the co-facilitators ensure that there is always time available for observers to intervene, and capturing their interventions through written submissions. Providing a greater number of badges and organisations for observers to attend negotiations, particularly those from the Global South. Enhancing the system of allocating badges so that it is based on the specific functions and purposes of organisations. This would include accelerating the process of approving side events to then allocate badges depending on functions. The Secretariat could also ensure a set quota of badges going to representatives from the Global South. Enabling observers to access the negotiations virtually from their own home countries, and making the platform available internationally. The secretariat could support with developing regional hubs in all regions (Africa, Asia, etc) that could serve as rotating venues for COPs (with different presidencies). This would ensure one-off costs of investing in infrastructure that can be repeatedly utilised. Making sure the composition of focal points / planning committees are more diverse, and include representatives from the global south.	Mid-term

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Actor: IGOs

Constituency	Region your organization is primarily active in	Most substantial sub-topic to be addressed under Agenda Item 6	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: IGOs	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Other sub-topics you identify as important to be addressed (AI6)	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: IGOs	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented
Parliamentarians	African States	Financial support	To increase the advocacy and lobby funds on legislation drafts	N/A	Short-term				
YOUNGO	African States	Financial support	Parties and the UNFCCC Secretariat should consider how to ease the cost of participation for developing countries, to allow for equitable participation.						
ENGO	Asian States	Other (please specify)	[We] joined UNFCCC as an observer organization. Our members participate in Climate Change Conference(SB) and COP.	N/A	Mid-term				
BINGO	African States	Financial support		N/A					
IPO/ENGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We are committed to helping the needy	The quota system should be increased for wider coverage/representation	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Egypt has decided to price civil society out of attending COP - that's the biggest issue. Apart from that, it would be helpful to have a schedule for side event decisions in place now, and clarity about covid arrangements now on the understanding that they could change if required.						
ENGO	Asian States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We have been attending the COP since its 23rd session and have always found a huge discrimination between the CSOs and the 'parties' to COP, which is evident through administrative and operational arrangements. These are elaborated below in points 1. The blue-zone green-zone divide itself is the first of these, wherein CSOs definitely feel they are lesser in priorities of the COP, there needs to be an administrative bridging to be precise. 2. CSOs hardly get chances to voice their message in the main event and they are mostly lost in the crowd of side events. Can there be one session in 'Blue Zones' with the learned dignitaries, exclusively for the CSOs, the so-called non-party members? 3. Why do we need to rush and compete for the quota and the slots for side events? the stalls even? We understand all cant be accommodated, but can there be strict administrative guidelines for selection (and not elimination) to be transparent? 4. Richer the parties, bigger the show, lucrative gifts and larger the audience in the green-zone. The small CSOs are lost in this 'picnic of parties'. Are their voices less important? if not, what administrative and operational conduits are delivering equity?	N/A	Short-term				
	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Our most important topic is the operationalisation of Art. 6.4. Currently the transition of the CDM into the new mechanism needs to be organised, the registration and issuance process implemented, and a registry needed. Also the authorization process needs to start.	N/A	Long-term	Financial Support	Deliver appropriate financial support for the huge work to be done.	N/A	Long-term
WGC	Western European and Others	Financial support	The NGO observers, specially when they are from the global south, are doing an important financial sacrifices for attending the COPs, SB etc...Therefore, we would like to work on a the financial mechanisms for palliate this huge issue.	Organize the donate mechanism.	Short-term				
ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each resoeective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP , but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	N/A		Other: grants and donations	As I stated previously, more attention should be given to climate change Impacts Awareness Campaigns .		
ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute Ned to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSO especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this bases that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefiting.	N/A	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements							
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	IGOs need to make their meetings accessible to NGOs	Short-term				
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	Data collection, presentation and dissemination	Mid-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent						
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	N/A	Short-term	Side events	Allocation of side events must be balanced amongst constituencies	N/A	Short-term
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	have already been listed in the previous question	Long-term				

ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year. It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.						
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of govt resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	They can support the Secretariat in the above efforts	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries	N/A		Administrative and operational arrangements			
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCI, prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	N/A					
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	As the IGOs are comparatively financially solvent with their own income generating sources, they can jointly arrange seminars and side event in UNFCCC events like COP, Climate Change Conference, Subsidiary Committee Meetings where they can sponsor representatives of their partner organizations.	Mid-term	Financial Support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	As the IGOs are comparatively financially solvent with their own income generating sources, they can jointly arrange seminars and side event in UNFCCC events like COP, Climate Change Conference, Subsidiary Committee Meetings where they can sponsor representatives of their partner organizations.	Mid-term
	African States	Financial support				Administrative and operational arrangements			Mid-term
Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	N/A					
YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	IGOs could partner with UNFCCC and its affiliates for the establishment of the virtual platform with different user interfaces to reflect each year's theme. Website designers for both frontend and backend coding should be hired to maintain and update the virtual platform. In this case, the whole engagement process across various features can be more smooth and seamless.	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	The communication of procedures and potential constraints during the application can be discussed in advance for a more transparent and productive decision-making process.	N/A	Long-term
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.	Development banks could also facilitate with providing financial support for observers from the Global South to attend COPs, and subsidise costs for their pavilions.	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	Greater effort to ensure that observers are not only able to attend COPs, but also meaningfully engage in the processes and negotiations.	Conducting more free trainings for observer organisations, particularly those from the global south, on how to effectively engage within the negotiations process.	Mid-term

ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each respective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP, but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	Engagement.	Long-term	Engagement.	Short-term	Other: grants and donations	As I stated previously, more attention should be given to climate change Impacts Awareness Campaigns .				Short-term
ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute need to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSO especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this bases that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefiting.	Continuous consultations	Short-term	Funding projects for NGOs	Short-term						
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements		Participate in COP27, and do so in doing presentations with black and brown people from African/Latin American and/or Asian nations along with a white person.	Mid-term	Reach out to share presentation space with less-represented nations.	Mid-term						
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	NGOS have much to offer to the meetings.	Short-term	NGOS need to be able to have public presentations at COP meetings.	Short-term						
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	Take the data that has been collected, presented, and disseminated, and use it to create meaningful initiatives and events to address issues highlighted by the data	Long-term	Take the data that has been collected, presented, and disseminated, and use it to create meaningful initiatives and events to address issues highlighted by the data	Long-term						
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent										
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	Request extended access to remote participation	Short-term	Request extended access to remote participation.	Short-term	Side events	Allocation of side events must be balanced amongst constituencies	Ensure dates for submission of side events is promoted amongst members	Short-term	Submit side events	Short-term
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	We are available to help.	Long-term								
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year. It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.	Deliberate effort to include these issues on the priority list during Cop27.	Short-term	Cop27 presidency should identify with these issues and bring it to the table during the conference.	Short-term						

ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of govt resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	There is a need to expand the leadership of the NGO Constituency focal points to make it all representational. Also, the HealthNGOs needs to be recognized as a Caucus because their activities are increasing by the day. And as such the UNFCCC goals will be more realizable with more actors given a voice	Short-term	Given the needed support and voice, the NGOs would be a better position to promote and expand the ideals of the UNFCCC.	Short-term						
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries					Administrative and operational arrangements					
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCI, prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	Continue to advocate for greater inclusion of entities with lesser financial resources.	Mid-term	N/A							
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	N/A		N/A		Financial Support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	N/A		N/A	
	African States	Financial support						Administrative and operational arrangements				Mid-term	Mid-term
Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	It is important to provide grants through the selection of organizational representatives by region and by country. Priority must be given to developing countries and countries in emergency situations	Short-term	It is important to provide grants through the selection of organizational representatives by region and by country. Priority must be given to developing countries and countries in emergency situations	Short-term						
YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	I am an NGO Constituency Focal Point, and I wish that all DCPs can actively participate in the online workshops to report any findings about the communication process and suggest any successful approaches that can be deployed to the current procedure.	Long-term	NGOs are supposed to be familiar with the nomination process and other related procedures for each year's online & offline activities. In particular, NGOs can provide UNFCCC with valuable opinions on audience engagement via virtual platforms and offer more opportunities to those delegates who couldn't get adequate funds to travel to the spot.	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	The communication of procedures and potential constraints during the application can be discussed in advance for a more transparent and productive decision-making process.	NGO Constituency Focal Points are expected to gather all relevant and useful information about UNFCCC meetings and webinars for their groups to achieve a more efficient and fruitful decision-making process.	Long-term	NGOs should share the findings with the person in charge of the communication process and administrative management from UNFCCC and report the obstacles in the way for better coordination in the long run.	Long-term

RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.					Administrative and operational arrangements	Greater effort to ensure that observers are not only able to attend COPs, but also meaningfully engage in the processes and negotiations.	Playing a greater role in ensuring that they are able to adequately represent the views of various observer organisations, particularly in cases where there are limitations to observers participating in negotiations. For example, constituency focal points could conduct consultations with various observer groups in the run up to negotiations and then reflect those views in their interventions. Making sure the composition of focal points / planning committees are more diverse, and include representatives from the global south.	Mid-term		
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Collated written submissions Agenda Item 6 - ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT.

Actors: COP Presidency and SB Chairs

Constituency	Region your organization is primarily active in	Most substantial sub-topic to be addressed under Agenda Item 6	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: COP incoming Presidency	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: SB Chairs	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Other sub-topics you identify as important to be addressed (A16)	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: COP incoming Presidency	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: SB Chairs	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented
Parliamentarians	African States	Financial support	To increase the advocacy and lobby funds on legislation drafts	N/A	Mid-term	N/A	Short-term						
YOUNGO	African States	Financial support	Parties and the UNFCCC Secretariat should consider how to ease the cost of participation for developing countries, to allow for equitable participation.										
ENGO	Asian States	Other (please specify)	[We] joined UNFCCC as an observer organization. Our members participate in Climate Change Conference(SB) and COP.	N/A	Long-term	N/A	Short-term						
BINGO	African States	Financial support											
IPO/ENGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We are committed to helping the needy	N/A	Short-term	N/A	Short-term						
RINGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Egypt has decided to price civil society out of attending COP - that's the biggest issue. Apart from that, it would be helpful to have a schedule for side event decisions in place now, and clarity about covid arrangements now on the understanding that they could change if required.	Book spaces at hotels in Sharm and provide them free or cheaply to NGOs and IPOs who can't afford the accommodation costs. Issue covid guidance now, so delegates can make their travel plans and include costs of covid tests etc.	Short-term								
ENGO	Asian States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We have been attending the COP since its 23rd session and have always found a huge discrimination between the CSOs and the 'parties' to COP, which is evident through administrative and operational arrangements. These are elaborated below in points 1. The blue-zone green-zone divide itself is the first of these, wherein CSOs definitely feel they are lesser in priorities of the COP, there needs to be an administrative bridging to be precise. 2. CSOs hardly get chances to voice their message in the main event and they are mostly lost in the crowd of side events. Can there be one session in 'Blue Zones' with the learned dignitaries, exclusively for the CSOs, the so-called non-party members? 3. Why do we need to rush and compete for the quota and the slots for side events? the stalls even? We understand all cant be accommodated, but can there be strict administrative guidelines for selection (and not elimination) to be transparent? 4. Richer the parties, bigger the show, lucrative gifts and larger the audience in the green-zone. The small CSOs are lost in this 'picnic of parties'. Are their voices less important? if not, what administrative and operational conduits are delivering equity?	1. Provide scope for CSOs to participate in main debates and discussions 2. Provide some support for participation	Short-term	N/A	Mid-term						
	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Our most important topic is the operationalisation of Art. 6.4. Currently the transition of the CDM into the new mechanism needs to be organised, the registration and issuance process implemented, and a registry needed. Also the authorization process needs to start.	Enforce the measures and ensure financial support for the work needed	Short-term	Solving technical issues in the implementation process, especially around NDC, additionality and baselines	Short-term	Financial Support	Deliver appropriate financial support for the huge work to be done.	N/A	Long-term	N/A	Long-term
WGC	Western European and Others	Financial support	The NGO observers, specially when they are from the global south, are doing an important financial sacrifices for attending the COPs, SB etc...Therefore, we would like to work on a the financial mechanisms for palliate this huge issue.	A platform fund to garantie the participation of civil society	Short-term	To check how to make this proposal accepted by Parties.	Short-term						
ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each resoeective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP , but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	N/A		N/A		Other: grants and donations	As I stated previously, more attention should be given to climate change Impacts Awareness Campaigns .	N/A			
ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute Ned to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSO especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this bases that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefiting.	Giving opportunities for NGOs to express themselves.	Short-term	N/A	Short-term						
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements		Create more space in the Blue Zone for people together from developing and rich countries, together, representing multiple sectors of their economies.	Mid-term								
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	Presiding officers can lead on this	Short-term	Maybe not applicable	Short-term						
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	More transparency on discussions and agenda items. More transparency on negotiations.	Short-term	More transparency on discussions and agenda items. More transparency on negotiations.	Short-term						

ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent											
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	Promote extended access	Short-term	N/A	Short-term	Side events	Allocation of side events must be balanced amongst constituencies	N/A	Short-term	N/A	Short-term	
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	more involvement of Observers in the logistics virtual meetings. example of UK presidency	Long-term									
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year. It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.	Identify with the issues and bring it to the negotiating table for robust deliberations	Short-term				They should fact-check, and lend their voices on these critical issues.					
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of gov resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	They should listen and give the observer NGOs a voice. And not just paries	Short-term				They meet between COPs they can help to collate and raise the voices of the Observer NGOs in the UNFCCC process					
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries	Organise in session dialogue with observer organizations to explore ways of enhancing meaningful engagement in the UNFCCC process	Short-term				SBI Chair should develop an information paper to initiate the consideration of possible agenda item on enhancing observer engagement	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements			
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCL, prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	It is my hope that COP Presidents in future will pledge to enable fair access to COP events, most tangibly by prohibiting price gouging on the part of the entities given the accommodation concessions and demand reasonable cancellation/alteration policies. It might also prioritize higher the accessibility of COP host cities as I have heard complaints about the expense of airfares to Sharm-al-Sheikh.	Long-term	N/A								
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	N/A		N/A			Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.		N/A	N/A		
	African States	Financial support							Administrative and operational arrangements					
Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	Use the integrated participatory approach	Short-term				Use the integrated participatory approach	Short-term				
YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	N/A	Long-term	N/A			The communication of procedures and potential constraints during the application can be discussed in advance for a more transparent and productive decision-making process.		N/A	N/A	Long-term	
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.	Reducing the costs of accommodation for COP27 and ensuring that adequate financial support is available for observers from the Global South, including subsidising costs wherever possible.	Short-term				Greater effort to ensure that observers are not only able to attend COPs, but also meaningfully engage in the processes and negotiations.			Consulting more regularly with observer organisations to address their needs and concerns in the run up to COP27. Creating more spaces for observers to engage beyond the conventional pavilions and side events Security - making sure observers are able to conduct their actions and demonstrations safely at COP27	Short-term	Consulting more regularly with observer organisations to address their needs and concerns in the run up to and after COP27. Advocating for observer participation Ensuring more open meetings that are accessible to observers

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Actor: Parties*

* Please note that this process to strengthen observer engagement in the UNFCCC process is informal in nature and we review actions within the purview of the secretariat, observers and presiding officers. Any actions identified above for Parties will not be reviewed, but they are relevant for the process to understand key actors in addressing this issue.

Constituency	Region your organization is primarily active in	Most substantial sub topic to be addressed under Agenda Item 6	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: Parties*	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented	Other sub-topics you identify as important to be addressed (AI6)	Please elaborate	Actionable measures you believe can be taken by the following actor to successfully address this issue: Parties*	Timeline for measure(s) to be successfully implemented
Parliamentarians	African States	Financial support	To increase the advocacy and lobby funds on legislation drafts	N/A	Mid-term				
YOUNGO	African States	Financial support	Parties and the UNFCCC Secretariat should consider how to ease the cost of participation for developing countries, to allow for equitable participation.						
ENGO	Asian States	Other (please specify)	[We] joined UNFCCC as an observer organization. Our members participate in Climate Change Conference(SB) and COP.	All COP Presidents, Chairs, Executive Directors and Head of the IGOs/	Long-term				
BINGO	African States	Financial support							
IPO/ENGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We are committed to helping the needy	N/A	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Egypt has decided to price civil society out of attending COP - that's the biggest issue. Apart from that, it would be helpful to have a schedule for side event decisions in place now, and clarity about covid arrangements now on the understanding that they could change if required.	Put pressure on the hosts to provide affordable accommodation; offer bursaries to civil society particularly from poorer countries	Short-term				
ENGO	Asian States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We have been attending the COP since its 23rd session and have always found a huge discrimination between the CSOs and the 'parties' to COP, which is evident through administrative and operational arrangements. These are elaborated below in points 1. The blue-zone green-zone divide itself is the first of these, wherein CSOs definitely feel they are lesser in priorities of the COP. there needs to be an administrative bridging to be precise. 2. CSOs hardly get chances to voice their message in the main event and they are mostly lost in the crowd of side events. Can there be one session in 'Blue Zones' with the learned dignitaries, exclusively for the CSOs, the so-called non-party members? 3. Why do we need to rush and compete for the quota and the slots for side events? the stalls even? We understand all cant be accommodated, but can there be strict administrative guidelines for selection (and not elimination) to be transparent? 4. Richer the parties, bigger the show, lucrative gifts and larger the audience in the green-zone. The small CSOs are lost in this 'picnic of parties'. Are their voices less important? if not, what administrative and operational conduits are delivering equity?	Parties must select / nominate country's CSOs in the national delegation through a fare and transparent way for representing a comprehensive overview of the nation.	Short-term				
	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Our most important topic is the operationalisation of Art. 6.4. Currently the transition of the CDM into the new mechanism needs to be organised, the registration and issuance process implemented, and a registry needed. Also the authorization process needs to start.	Implementation of the authorization process for Art. 6.4 projects; Allocation of responsibilities to the DNA's	Short-term	Financial Support	Deliver appropriate financial support for the huge work to be done.	Allocate financial and human resources to the respective DNA	Short-term
WGC	Western European and Others	Financial support	The NGO observers, specially when they are from the global south, are doing an important financial sacrifices for attending the COPs, SB etc...Therefore, we would like to work on a the financial mechanisms for palliate this huge issue.	Support the initiatives by their approval and maybe funding.	Short-term				

ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each resoective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP , but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	N/A		Other (please specify)	As I stated previously, more attention should be given to climate change Impacts Awareness Campaigns .	N/A	
ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute Ned to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSO especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this bases that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefiting.	Strengthen Public-Private-CSO partnership	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements							
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	Parties need to support public access to all meetings, including virtual and side events	Short-term				
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	More transparency on discussions and agenda items. More transparency on negotiations. This can be done online. Use technology to increase engagement. Create an app for observers that allows them to connect with each other.	Short-term				
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent						
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	Promote remote participation to reduce site pressure	Short-term	Side events	Allocation of side events must be balanced amongst constituencies	N/A	Short-term
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	not applicable	Long-term				
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year, It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.	Parties should lend their voices and fully support the observer call	Short-term				

ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of govt resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	Parties should be encouraged and directed to deal more with various NGOS from their countries especially all accredited Observer NGOs on the UNFCCC list.	Short-term				
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries	Make voluntary contributions to support participation of observer organizations esp. from LDCs	Mid-term	Administrative and operational arrangements		Flexibility and accommodative of ways of engagement of observer organizations	Mid-term
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCI, prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	Parties can join in advocacy for greater inclusion of underrepresented groups at COPs. They could consider subsidies for groups that can demonstrate need.	Mid-term				
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	N/A		Financial Support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	N/A	
	African States	Financial support				Administrative and operational arrangements			Mid-term
Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	Sensitize decision-makers on the issue of financial support	Mid-term				
YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	N/A	Long-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	The communication of procedures and potential constraints during the application can be discussed in advance for a more transparent and productive decision-making process.	N/A	Long-term

RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.	Parties from the Global North could provide greater financial support for observers to participate in the process, including both bilaterally and multilaterally through the trust fund.	Short-term	Administrative and operational arrangements	Greater effort to ensure that observers are not only able to attend COPs, but also meaningfully engage in the processes and negotiations.	Parties could conduct consultations with observers in the run up to negotiations to ensure that their views are adequately represented. Ensure more participatory processes and engagement with local communities through local NGOs and observers when preparing NDCs, NAPs or any other submission to the UNFCCC.	Mid-term
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Collated written submissions Agenda Item 6 - ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND FINANCIAL SUPPORTS.

Additional Observations

Constituency	Region your organization is primarily active in	Most substantial sub-topic to be addressed under Agenda Item 6	Please elaborate	Additional observations
Parliamentarians	African States	Financial support	To increase the advocacy and lobby funds on legislation drafts	To increase the budgets for lobby/advocacy plans and messages
YOUNGO	African States	Financial support	Parties and the UNFCCC Secretariat should consider how to ease the cost of participation for developing countries, to allow for equitable participation.	N/A
ENGO	Asian States	Other (please specify)	[We] joined UNFCCC as an observer organization. Our members participate in Climate Change Conference(SB) and COP.	No Thanks
BINGO	African States	Financial support		
IPO/ENGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We are committed to helping the needy	We are please by the efforts UNFCCC is making towards creating awareness for a better and safer climate and also for the programs being organized to ensure that everyone is carried along. We commend UNFCCC's efforts and hope that it will continue in its good work.
RINGO	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Egypt has decided to price civil society out of attending COP - that's the biggest issue. Apart from that, it would be helpful to have a schedule for side event decisions in place now, and clarity about covid arrangements now on the understanding that they could change if required.	
ENGO	Asian States	Administrative and operational arrangements	We have been attending the COP since its 23rd session and have always found a huge discrimination between the CSOs and the 'parties' to COP, which is evident through administrative and operational arrangements. These are elaborated below in points 1. The blue-zone green-zone divide itself is the first of these, wherein CSOs definitely feel they are lesser in priorities of the COP. there needs to be an administrative bridging to be precise. 2. CSOs hardly get chances to voice their message in the main event and they are mostly lost in the crowd of side events. Can there be one session in 'Blue Zones' with the learned dignitaries, exclusively for the CSOs, the so-called non-party members? 3. Why do we need to rush and compete for the quota and the slots for side events? the stalls even? We understand all cant be accommodated, but can there be strict administrative guidelines for selection (and not elimination) to be transparent? 4. Richer the parties, bigger the show, lucrative gifts and larger the audience in the green-zone. The small CSOs are lost in this 'picnic of parties'. Are their voices less important? if not, what administrative and operational conduits are delivering equity?	Scopes of CSOs or non-party members are restricted to a limit and organizational framework of COP doesn't allow the freedom to navigate beyond. This is a gross inequity, when we see COPs failing owing to mal-lobbied decision drives.
	African States	Administrative and operational arrangements	Our most important topic is the operationalisation of Art. 6.4. Currently the transition of the CDM into the new mechanism needs to be organised, the registration and issuance process implemented, and a registry needed. Also the authorization process needs to start.	Timeline is key and the measures addressed should be implemented not only next year but ideally this year
WGC	Western European and Others	Financial support	The NGO observers, specially when they are from the global south, are doing an important financial sacrifices for attending the COPs, SB etc...Therefore, we would like to work on a the financial mechanisms for palliate this huge issue.	
ENGO	African States	Financial support	The size of COPs, the allocated resources and the quality of outcomes of the Observers engagement are co-dependent and inter-related. Therefore we should think of reducing the size of COPs and the financial and logistical costs related by organizing COPs with regards to geographic, social, demographic and economic realities of each resoeective Continent: Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Oceania. By doing so, COPs are going to allocate resources to specific issues related to specific areas with tailored solutions. Knowing that the number to be allocated for climate change specialists is going to remain almost the same for each COP , but the one of the Observers is going to be reduced only to those of Organizations that are actively relevant on the ground and that are already at work. Killing two birds with one stone, even though Civil Society is not yet acknowledged by Articles of UNFCCC, this one can manage to allocate some financial support to the Non-Government Organizations. At last some logistical support is needed to cope with some of the challenges on the ground: donations of laptops, new technologies equipments, projectors, white interactive boards, ...	Awareness Campaigns of the Climate change should be more prioritized and funded.

ENGO	African States	Financial support	There is absolute need to step up the financing of observer organisation's activities and projects. Most CSO especially from developing and LDC always have limited financial resources nor do they have partners to cover their cost of participation at Climate conferences. As such it becomes difficult to get some vibrant and well experienced observers with good case studies to participate due to limited resources. It is on this basis that I opine to the fact that financial support should be allocated to observer Organisations. This support should also be rotators in order to avoid same Organisations benefiting.	N/A
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements		
ENGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Making both zoom or other virtual means of meeting easier. Together with more options of side events.	
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	It is important that we take advantage of the participation of so many brilliant and forward thinkers all coming together in one place. Enhancing the ability for observers to connect with each other would help bring an increased awareness of each others events and initiatives.	
ENGO	Western European and Others	Administrative and operational arrangements	Accommodations are astronomically expensive, and almost non-existent	
	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Availability of remote must not be limited by need for site accreditation	Any financial support must be harmonized across constituencies and must be balanced
BINGO	African States	Other (please specify)	we are involved in all those topics and worldwide	
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Most observer organizations struggle to fund their COP participation every year, It is essential to budget stipends for organizational focal points or representative. The secretariat can start with one person per organization and increase the number of beneficiaries in the future. It's an ongoing process hence the conversation should continue.	
ENGO	African States	Financial support	Only delegates from Observer organizations have to source funding to participate in all UNFCCC events and meetings. Whereas, Parties and IGOs have a pool of govt resources to draw from. Observer organizations are closer to the grassroots. They are responsible for promoting the UNFCCC principles and activities to the grassroots. They have a large pool of expert volunteers whom most times are hindered by funding problems to attend meetings. If the UNFCCC can set aside funding for these groups, their goals would be realizable as activities will be all-inclusive. For equal representation, the Observer NGOs need all the support they can get from the Secretariat.	[We are] currently coordinating the formation and recognition of the UNFCCC HealthNGOs Caucus and it is hoped that by the time we submit a formal application for such recognition, the UNFCCC Secretariat would give the necessary support.
RINGO	African States	Financial support	Modalities for supporting observer organizations from developing countries	
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	The most disturbing limiting factor in regards to COP26 attendance was the price gouging on the part of the concessionaire, MCI, prior to the conference, as was reported in the media. Hotel room rates were doubled and tripled for COP participants and NGOs were put into the difficult position of having to pay in full a good six months before the actual event with no refund if it were to be cancelled because of COVID. In 2021, that was a real possibility. The hotel access within the Blue Zone 'bubble' that was given to deep-pocketed private companies such as Salesforce also left a poor impression. Clearly smaller NGOs from developing countries and the global south do not have the budgets for travel that large corporations and wealthy countries do. This was a terrible disappointment to so many.	
ENGO	Asian States	Financial support	Observer organizations from developing countries mostly rely upon donor funding and if not manages to participate in the UN events from own funding. Most of the expenditures are incurred for travel and accommodation. Uncertainty of the source of fund hinders the participation of the observer organizations most of the time.	
	African States	Financial support		Administration and operations
Farmers	Latin America and Caribbean States	Financial support	Financial support is an important factor to facilitate the participation of representatives in exchanges of each farmers' organization and environmental protection [we are] a non-profit organization whose objective is to promote agriculture, the integration of young people, gender and the protection of the environment.	It is a good approach to sound out the different actors.

YOUNGO	Western European and Others	Remote participation and side events	Though virtual participation won't be as interactive as offline attendance, a balance of online and offline participation should be considered so that less money may be required for each climate change international conference. Updating and maintaining the VR/AR platform to allow delegates to join remotely will be a trend during and after the pandemic. The current virtual platform for intersessions each year needs further refinement.	Administrative and operational arrangements
RINGO	Western European and Others	Financial support	Financial support is critical to ensure that the voices and priorities of observers from the Global South are represented within climate negotiations, particularly those representing vulnerable and marginalized communities, whose views are often not reflective in the negotiating stances of country delegates.	