







Youth Climate Action Webinar Series

Part I: Youth Solutions Shaping and Implementing National Climate Policies (NDCs and NAPs) in West and Central Africa

English webinar for West and Central Africa

Date: Thursday 27 March 2025

Time: 9:00 AM to 10:30 AM (UTC + 00)

Mode: Virtual

Welcome Remarks



Walters Tubua

Regional Lead

UNFCCC Regional Collaboration Centre for West and Central Africa



Objectives of the Youth Webinar series

- 1. Give spotlight to youth-led climate solutions that contribute to shaping and implementing climate action within the West and Central Africa region.
- Provide a platform for youth climate entrepreneurs, youth climate startups, etc. to present their work, initiatives, challenges as well as share of experiences and opportunities among peers.
- Youth Webinar series 3. Discuss strategies and opportunities to enhance youth agency in the formulation and implementation of NDC 3.0 and NAPs for the region.
 - 4. Foster discussions and meaningful youth engagement with UNFCCC Parties, as well as matchmaking between youth and partners and any other Non-Party
 Stakeholders (NPS) working on empowering youth in climate action in West and Central Africa.

Housekeeping

- MS Teams:
 - > Kindly mute your microphone and turn off your camera when not speaking;
 - Leave the "Chat" window open;
 - > Type your questions and comments in the Chat window;
 - Before taking the floor, raise your hand;
 - ➤ When given the floor, please unmute your microphone; and if your bandwidth allows, turn your camera on.



• Slides will be shared after the webinar and can be accessed https://unfccc.int/event/youth-climate-action-webinar-series-part-i



Go to mentimeter.com

Insert this code # 4282 4408 #

Mentimeter: What are RCCs?

Answer questions

OR

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	Duration	Agenda / Discussion Flow	Speakers
	7′	 Welcome remarks + Housekeeping Welcome and What are the RCCs? Youth engagement works of the RCC WAC Africa 	Walters Tubua, Regional Lead, UNFCCC RCC WACA
Agenda	10'	The Role of Youth in Climate Action and the UNFCCC Process	Hyunjin Chang, Associate Programme Officer, UNFCCC Secretariat (ACE Team)
	20′	Panel Discussion: Climate initiatives from Youth: Youth initiatives supporting NDCs and NAPs in the countries of the region	Moderator: UNFCCC RCC WACA
		Climate Solutions from Youth : Youth initiatives supporting NDCs and NAPs in West and Central Africa Region: An Example from Nigeria	Sharon Oyelayo, Director, Innovations & Partnerships, EcoSciGen Nigeria
		Youth engagement in NDCs process in Liberia: Experiences, challenges, lessons learned, good practices and possible way forward	Ezekiel Nyanfor, Executive Director, Liberian Youth for Climate Actions (LYCA)
	15'	Q & A	All Participants
	35'	Meaningful engagement of youth for climate action in West and Central Africa: climate policy development and practice Guiding questions What are the opportunities for meaningful engagement of youths in shaping and implementating climate policies (NDCs, NAPs) in countries in the region? (15 min) Opened Discussion Challenges of youth involvement in climate action in the region (10 min) Needs and priorities of youth to advance climate action in the region (10 min) - Mentimeter	 Moderator: UNFCCC RCC WACA David Knaute, UNICEF Alice Estelle Nkongo Nchare, Youth Engagement Lead, WWF-AAH, YOUNGO All Participants
	3′	Closing remarks	Walters Tubua, Regional Lead, UNFCCC RCC WACA



United Nations Climate Change



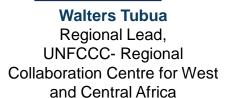




Speakers & Panelists



Moderator





Hyunjin ChangAssociate Programme Officer, ACE Team,
UNFCCC



Sharon Oyelayo Innovations & Partnerships, EcoSciGen Nigeria



Ndifongwa Ngumsi Suh, NDC Working Group, YOUNGO



Alice Estelle Nkongo Nchare Youth Engagement Lead, Africa Adaptation Hub (WWF)



Exekiel Nyanfor
Executive Director, Liberian Youth for
Climate Actions (LYCA).



David Knaute
Climate Specialist, Climate and
Children rights
UNICEF

The Role of Youth in Climate Action and the UNFCCC Process



Hyunjin ChangAssociate Programme Officer, ACE Team,
UNFCCC





The Role of Youth in Climate Action and the UNFCCC Process

Hyunjin Chang

Associate Programme Officer, ACE Team, UNFCCC

27 March 2025

Children and Youth in the UNFCCC Process

- Within the UNFCCC process, youth refer to those **under the age of 35** (inclusive).
 - This is also the age criteria of YOUNGO children and youth observer constituency of the UNFCCC.
- There is an evolving discussion around **children** (0–18) as a unique group.
 - For instance, the expert group on children and climate change took place at SB 60 (2024) following the conclusion of the first global stocktake (GST).
- The preamble of the Paris Agreement provides an overarching framing on children and youth within the UNFCCC process:

Parties should, when taking action to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights, the right of (...) **children** (...) and **intergenerational equity**.

Children and Youth in the UNFCCC Process

 Over the years, Parties have acknowledged the important role and active engagement of children and youth in supporting Parties and contributing to the significant collective progress towards the Paris Agreement goals.

Expanding Scope of Recognition of the Role of Children And Youth

Vulnerable and marginalized groups requiring special attention



Agents of change leading climate action

Notable Agenda Items regarding Children and Youth Engagement

Action for Climate Empowerment (ACE)

Observer Engagement (AIM)

Presidency Youth Climate Champion

Children and Youth at COPs

- Children and youth participate at UN climate change conferences in varying capacities and for various purposes:
 - Party delegation (including Party overflow)
 - Observer delegation
 - Youth from YOUNGO and other observer constituencies (young farmers, Indigenous youth, young academia...)
 - > UN and IGOs (UNICEF, UNDP, UNESCO...)
 - > Child- and youth-focused organizations (Save the Children, Plan International...)
 - Host country (such as guests and volunteers)



Children and Youth Engagement at COPs

Increasing number of children and youth-focused and youth-led events and spaces.

COP26, Glasgow

COP27, Sharm el-Sheikh

COP28, Dubai

COP29, Baku

Youth and Public Empowerment Day

Youth and Future Generations Day

Youth, Children, Education and Skills Day

Human Capital, Children and Youth, Health and Education Day

Youth4Climate Summit at pre-COP

YOUTH-LED CLIMATE FORUM

CHILDREN & YOUTH PAVILION









Children and Youth Engagement in the UNFCCC Process

- COPs and SBs are important forums for engaging in international decision-making,
 but the UNFCCC process extends beyond biannual conferences.
 - The work of constituted bodies and work programmes as well as some mandated events continues in between sessions.
 - Submissions also important avenues to inform the work under the process.
- Under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, there exist several instruments where engagement of children and youth should be enhanced at the national level.
 - Nationally determined contributions (NDCs) and long-term low emission development strategies (LT-LEDS);
 - National adaptation plans (NAPs);
 - Biennial transparency reports (BTRs).

Climate Solutions from Youth: Youth initiatives supporting NDCs and NAPs in West and Central Africa Region: An Example from Nigeria



Sharon Oyelayo Innovations & Partnerships, EcoSciGen Nigeria







Theme: EcoSciGen's initiative in supporting NDCs and NAPs in Nigeria.

Date: 27 March 2025

Speaker: Sharon Oyelayo
Director, Innovation & Partnerships



Visit: www.ecoscigen.org







About EcoSciGen

We are a youth led organisation focused on providing actionable solutions to the climate crisis through empowerment, education and leadership development.

Our goal is to create a platform for communities and individuals to gain knowledge, skills and the confidence to shape our world and work together towards a climate resilient future.









Our contribution to NAPs formulation

Nigeria's NDC

Nigeria's NDC primarily focuses on mitigation and adaptation across key sectors.



Nigeria's NAP

Focuses on agriculture, water resources, health, and disaster risk reduction.





The SACA Project (Sustainable Agriculture for Climate Adaptation) is an innovative initiative that strengthens the adaptive capacity of children and youth from climate-vulnerable communities against climate risks, thereby building climate resilience.





Our implementation on NAPs formulation

About SACA Project

SACA empowers children and youth to become intelligent and curious climate leaders through climate adaptation, education, capacity building and hands-on training in sustainable agriculture using indigenous materials, composting techniques and water conservation methods thereby enhancing food security, reducing regular farming costs and reducing climate vulnerabilities.

SACA Project Gallery



Pictures: First pilot of SACA Funded by US Consulate in Lagos.







Our challenges during the implementation

SACA Project

Gallery (cont'd)

Community Indifferences

Economic Constraints

Mindset limitations



Pictures: The Second pilot of SACA funded by SDC (Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation), the International Secretariat for Water (ISW) and the IMYAC.

With SACA Project we are raising a new generation of well informed youths that are equipped to enhance their community climate resilience and improve food security in Nigeria.







Other EcoSciGen Projects Supporting Nigeria's NAPs

Project Athena: Train women to use their voice and climate stories to inspire action in their communities.

Climate Research Workshop: To enhance the research skills and leadership of young indigenous Africans to drive responsive climate adaptation solutions

Climate Communication Workshop:

Train youths in novel skills to communicate climate science to any stakeholder across diverse communities

INOCLIMATE: Equips young children with education on Earth processes, history, and climate science.

.....all towards driving our vision of a truly climate resilient and prosperous world.







Feel free to reach out to us via: info@ecoscigen.org

For partnership: **Sharon@ecoscigen.org**

Follow us on social media @ecoscigen on all platforms





Thank you for listening!





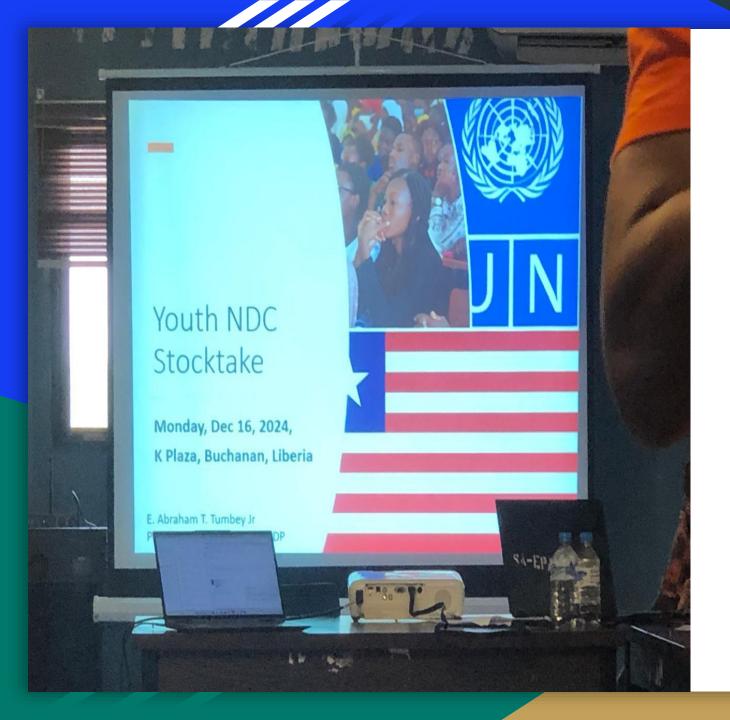


Youth engagement in NDCs process in Liberia: Experiences, challenges, lessons learned, good practices and possible way forward



Ezekiel Nyanfor
Director, Liberian Youth for Climate Actions
(LYCA)





Youth Engagement in NDC
Process in Liberia:
Experiences, Challenges,
Lesson Learned, Good
Practices and Way Forward

PRESENTED BY: EZEKIEL NYANFOR,
Executive Director, Liberian Youth for Climate
Actions - LYCA

What is NDC?

Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) are climate action plans submitted by countries under the Paris Agreement.

NDCs outline actions and targets to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions and adapt to climate change impacts.

Why NDC 3.0?

To enhance Liberia's commitment to climate action.

Reflect the latest national priorities, data, and international climate goals.

Strengthen Liberia's climate resilience and contributions to global sustainability.

Context: Requirements from the Paris Agreement

- Article 4.2 requires ratifying countries to submit successive NDCs to the UNFCCC communicating each country's climate goals, actions as well as other arrangements for meeting the goals.
- Article 4.3 stipulates the countries to communicate enhanced NDCs every 5 years reflecting its highest possible ambition, and its common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities (CBDR-RC), in light of different national circumstances.
- Successive NDCs are to be informed by the outcomes of the global stocktake referred to in Article 14.
- The next round of NDCs detailing countries' intended climate actions through 2035 "NDC 3.0" are due in 2025.

Despite the negligible contributions to climate change (0.03 GHG Emission), Liberia demonstrated leadership in climate action.

Submitted its Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDC) in 2015.

Ratified the Paris Agreement in 2018.

Submitted its revised NDC with enhanced targets in 2021.

Plans to update its 2021 NDC and submit NDC 3.0 to the UNFCCC by the second quarter of 2025, specifically June 8.

Liberia Context

NDC 2.0 Youth Stocktake Process

Gaps

Youth representatives highlighted the limited involvement of youth and children in the NDC process, as well as the inadequate participation of marginalized groups like youth, women, and persons with disabilities.







NDC 2.0 Youth Stocktake Process

Recommendation

- Strengthen youth engagement by establishing formal channels for youth participation in decision-making.
- Increase funding for youth-led projects by setting up funds and micro-grants and increasing the national budget for NDC projects targeting young people.
- Focus on education and capacity building by integrating climate change education into school curricula and offering specialized training programs on climate policy and project implementation.
- Create employment and economic opportunities by developing green job programs and entrepreneurship opportunities focused on NDC-related activities.

NDC 2.0 Stocktake Technical Review Meeting

Major youth focus gap

Insufficient participation of youth, women, and other vulnerable groups in the NDC drafting and implementation process.

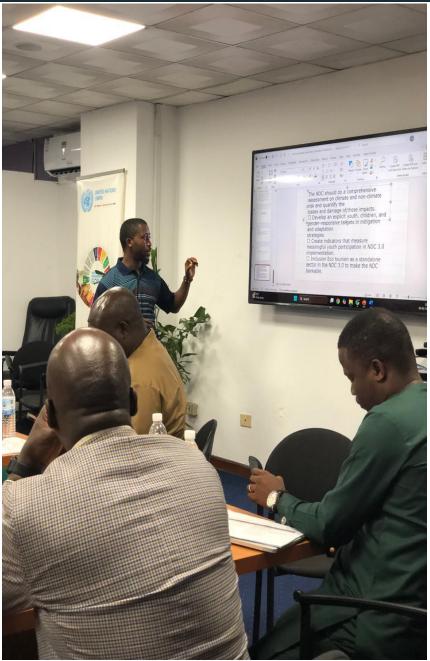
Youth focus recommendations

- Include youth, women, and other vulnerable groups, ensuring gender-balanced representation in decision-making bodies.
- Develop explicit youth, children, and gender-responsive targets in both mitigation and adaptation strategies.
- Create indicators to measure meaningful participation and track progress, using sex disaggregated data and gender-sensitive metrics.









National Youth Focus Recommendations and way forward for NDC 3.0

Ensure inclusivity in NDC process: The NDC process should be inclusive, ensuring the participation of women, youth, other vulnerable groups, civil society organizations (CSOs), and the private sector in drafting, implementing, and monitoring the NDC 3.0. This approach will help build ownership of the NDC among all sectors of society and contribute to better outcomes. Whole-ofsociety engagement will be essential for fostering societal ownership and ensuring successful implementation.

Youth-focused adaptation strategies: The NDC 3.0 could develop child- and youth focused adaptation strategies, particularly related to education, health, and livelihoods in the face of climate change.

Capacity building: Expanding training programs for women and youth in climate-sensitive sectors such as agriculture, energy, and natural resource management will empower them as agents of change. These programs should focus on skill-building and ensuring their long-term involvement in climate action.







NDC 3.0 Engagements and Way Forward

- Create a youth agenda/position paper ahead of NDC 3.0.
- Know your NDC in country facilitator.
- Gain trust from the lead government institution.
- Identify and engage political and technical youth champions who are high influence stakeholders in the process.
- Understand and analyze your country current NDC.
- Get access to your country NDC 3.0 road map.
- Reach out to donors to support your participation.

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING





Panel: What are the opportunities for meaningful engagement of youths in shaping and implementing climate policies (NDCs, NAPs) in countries in the region



Alice Estelle Nkongo Nchare
Youth Engagement Lead, WWF-AAH



David Knaute
Climate Specialist, Climate and Children rights,
UNICEF



Ndifongwa Ngumsi Suh, NDC Working Group, YOUNGO



What are the opportunities for meaningful engagement of youths in shaping and implementing climate policies (NDCs, NAPs) in countries in the region



David Knaute
Climate Specialist, UNICEF







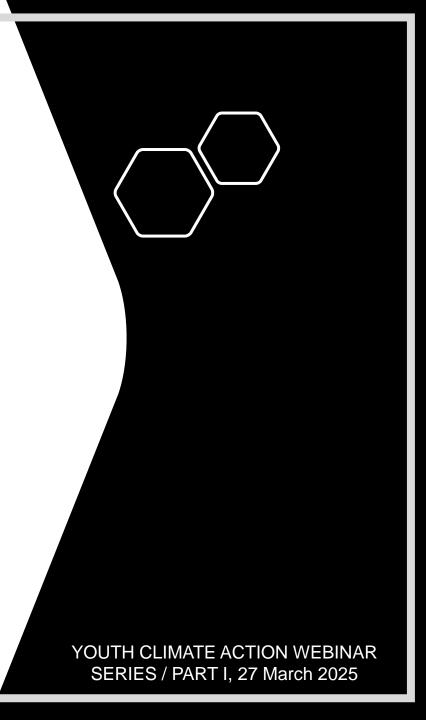




YOUTH CLIMATE ACTION WEBINAR SERIES

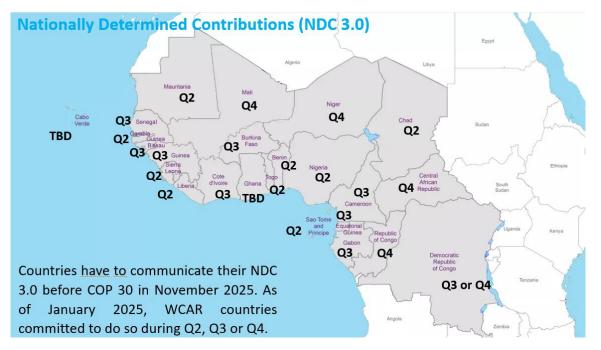
YOUTH SOLUTIONS SHAPING AND IMPLEMENTING NATIONAL **CLIMATE POLICIES (NDCS AND NAPS) IN WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICA**





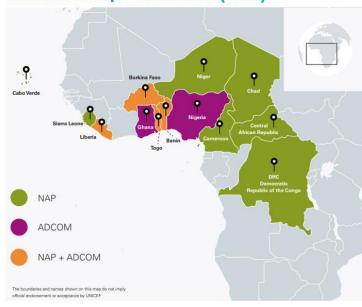
NDCs and NAPs communication calendar in West & Central Africa

There are lots of opportunities! Go through all the STEPS



Option 1

National Adaptation Plans (NAP)



- 11 countries from West and Central Africa have communicated their NAP (from 2015 to 2022)
- → All countries are encouraged to submit their NAP by the end of 2025
- * ADCOM = Adaptation Communication (update report on NAP)

Options for action depending on NDC updating process

(source: GPE/Save the Children)

Country at the <u>beginning</u> of updating the NDC	below.
Option 2 Country in the process of updating the NDC	There is still time! Focus on STEP 3 onwards.
Option 3 Country towards the end of updating the NDC	There is limited time! Utilize STEP 4 to assess if there are still entry points to include education in relevant <i>existing</i> sectors or sections. Ideally, it is important to include <i>activities</i> and <i>indicators</i> in the NDC to ensure they are implemented when finalized.

Option 4

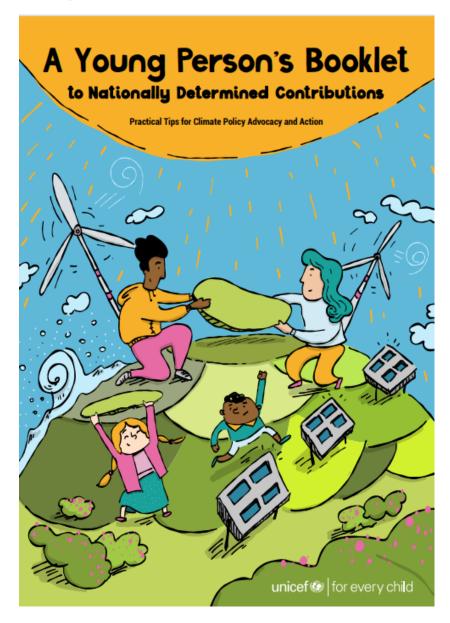
Country's updated NDC has already been approved and endorsed

If your country's NDC has already been approved *without* education included, there are still options to promote the role of education in delivering the NDC.

It is possible to utilize **STEPS 4 and 5** below to find entry points for the education sector. For example, if early warning systems have been identified as an action under the NDC, it is important for the Ministry of Education to work with the relevant department to ensure early warning information reaches schools.

You can also begin to look at **STEPS 1 and 2** to build and strengthen relationships with the relevant Ministries responsible for the NDC, to ensure they are effectively consulted in the next round of updates in 2030 (NDC 4.0).

Steps to advocate for child-sensitive NDCs





Understand and learn more about your country's context



Learn about existing actions



Develop an advocacy strategy



Mobilize community support:



Monitor and evaluate:



Analyze your country's NDC



Set clear goals and objectives



Engage with key stakeholders and policymakers:

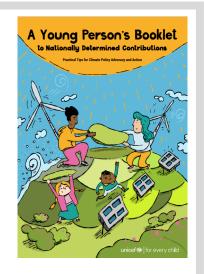


Action and outreach:

What makes you a great advocate (1/2)

- Passion, confidence, and commitment:
 Demonstrate deep care for the cause and a strong dedication to making a difference.
- Knowledge and expertise: Build a comprehensive understanding of the issue to become an informed advocate.
- 3. Be strategic: Develop a clear advocacy objective and a detailed plan with timelines for achieving influence on NDCs. Ensure a specific strategic focus on desired changes you want to suggest and see within the NDCs.
- Speak up for others: Represent and voice the concerns of your peers.
- Mobilize and influence others: Inspire and encourage fellow young people to take action.

- Build relationships and collaborate: Connect with like-minded individuals and organizations.
- Be persistent and resilient: Maintain determination, knowing that change takes time and effort.
- Adapt to different situations: Demonstrate flexibility and the ability to adjust strategies when facing obstacles.
- Effective communication: Clearly and persuasively express ideas.
- Seek support: Establish meaningful connections and seek guidance from mentors or organizations.



What makes you a great advocate (2/2)





Ashley Lashley, a UNICEF climate advocate

Example 1: Local Conference of Youth (LCOY) in Mauritania, October 2024



National Youth Statement - Mauritanie



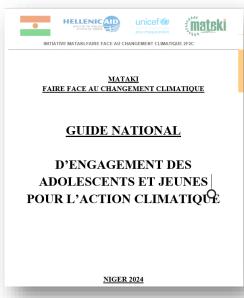
National youth statement focusing on sectoral actions, Action for Climate Empowerment, the NAP, and NDCs.

Recommendations on NDCs:

- Active Inclusion of Youth in NDC Development
- Climate Education and Awareness Raising for Youth
- Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation Mechanisms
- Strengthening Partnerships and Collaboration
- Funding and Resources for Youth Initiatives
- Youth Evaluation of Climate Policies

Example 2: Niger's national guide for adolescents and youth in support of climate action





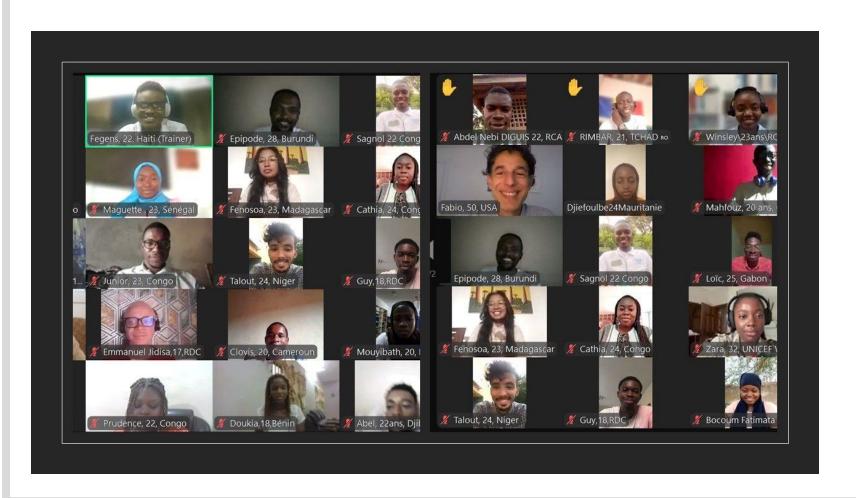
The MATAKI project mobilizes children and adolescents to raise awareness about the climate emergency.

Areas of action in which you can contribute to environmental protection:

- Awareness-raising and education
- Reforestation and green space management
- Waste management
- Sustainable agriculture
- Community involvement
- Capacity building
- Ecological practices in everyday life

Example 3: Climate Youth Leadership training (in English and French)

- The training focused on strengthening a youth movement, awareness raising, advocacy and policy negotiation).
- In July 2024, 68 Francophone youth from 15 to 24 years old and from 19 countries attended



Other examples

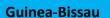
African youth

















Sierra Leone



unicef for every child

A CHILDREN'S GUIDE

TO CLIMATE CHANGE



0_0

UNI &

Ooh! la! la! Qu'est-ce qu'il fait chaud

ce matin Jojo.

Ces modifications du climat sont accompagnées d'une augmentation des températures.

Gabon

des humains

en danger.

C'EST QUOI LE CHANGEMENT CLIMATIQUE?

en plus

I pleut trop.

Togo (26/03/2025)



Cameroon

Led Action on Advocating for



Cover pages of Youth Manifestos from the Republic of the Congo and Sierra Leone.

What are the opportunities for meaningful engagement of youths in shaping and implementing climate policies (NDCs, NAPs) in countries in the region



Alice Estelle Nkongo Nchare
Youth Engagement Lead, WWF-AAH







Climate Change Impacts and Risks in West and Central Africa

West and Central Africa (WCA) are among the global hotspots of human vulnerability to climate change. (IPCC AR6, 2022; GCA 2023)



✓ WCA are experiencing temperature increases that are projected to reach or surpass
 1.5°C by 2040 (IPCC AR6, 2022)



✓ forest fire rates have **doubled** in WCA's tropical forests - especially in areas with increasing drought and heat brought on by climate change. (AGU journal, 2024)



- ✓ Climate-induced habitat shifts threaten endemic and endangered species, including primates like gorillas and chimpanzees.
- ✓ Above 2°C, risk of sudden and severe biodiversity losses becomes widespread in WCA (IPCC AR6, 2022)



✓ Small changes in the climate have had a large impact on freshwater ecosystems. Temperatures in WCA freshwater bodies rose by **0.1–0.4°C** per decade. (IPCC AR6, 2022)



- ✓ Nearly **12 000 people** in five countries in WCA were newly displaced due to flooding in July and August, bringing the total number of countries facing flood-related displacement in 2023 to **nine** (wmo, 2024)
- ✓ In 2024, WCA experienced devastating floods, impacting over **7.5 million people** across **18 countries**, with Chad, Niger, Nigeria, and DRC being the most affected. (OCHA, 2024)



- Reduced crop yields and livestock productivity, are contributing to food insecurity and malnutrition.
- Under the worst-case climate change scenario, a reduction in mean crop yield of **13%** is projected in WCA (wmo 2019)
- Loss of suitable cocoa-growing areas in WCA by **50% by 2050** due to rising temperatures and rainfall shifts (Agricultural and Forest Meteorology journal, 2025)



The Role of NAPs and NDCs

NAPs and NDCs are key policy instruments under the Paris Agreement that help countries address climate risks and build resilience.

	NAPs	NDCs
√	Voluntary national-level strategies developed by countries to identify and address medium- to long-term climate adaptation needs.	✓ Climate action plans that countries must submit under the Paris Agreement, outlining their commitments to reduce GHG emissions and adapt to climate change.
√	As of 23 March 2025, only 13 countries under the jurisdiction of UNFCCC RCC for WCA have submitted their NAPs (NAP Central)	 ✓ Updated every 5 years to enhance ambition ✓ Deadline for submission of NDCs 3.0 was 10/02/2025 ✓ Only 1 African country met the deadline (Zimbabwe) and 1 country (Zambia) submitted after the deadline ✓ None from WCA (NDC registry)

- > 13 countries under the jurisdiction of UNFCCC RCC for WCA that have submitted their NAPs: Benin, Cameroon, Liberia, Niger, Chad, Togo, DRC, Madagascar, Cabo Verde, Burkina Faso, Burundi, CAR, Sierra Leon
- ➤ 13 countries under the jurisdiction of UNFCCC RCC for WCA that have not yet submitted their NAPs: Gabon, Guinea Bissau, Mali, Sa Tome and Principe, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Nigeria, Senegal, Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana, Mauritania, DRC, Gambia

Enhancing Adaptation in NDCs: Analysis and Reflections from 19 African Countries – A WWF Policy Brief

Element	Description
Objective	To inform on the development of a strong adaptation component in the next round of NDCs (3.0) and future iterations.
Scope	Assesses the adaptation sections in the NDCs of 19 African countries where WWF has a presence either as national offices or partner offices (including 8 countries from WCA)
Criteria	9 criteria were selected as a basis for the analysis to ensure ambitious and robust NDCs in driving climate adaptation.
Score	 ✓ 7 out of 19 countries met at least seven of the nine criteria (i.e. indicating a high level of adaptation ambition in their NDCs) ✓ These include: Cameroon, CAR, DRC, Madagascar, Rwanda, Tunisia and Uganda (i.e. 4 from WCA)
Gaps to address	 ✓ 3 key criteria were poorly addressed in NDCs (i.e. locally-led adaptation, monitoring & evaluation, and alignment with NAPs) ✓ little or no reference on preventing maladaptation practices in the adaptation component of the 19 NDCs
Country with a very high adaptation ambition	Rwanda stands out in the analysis with a strong adaptation component in their NDC and may be used to lead as an example for other countries to follow.



Why Youth Engagement Matters in the Region?

- ✓ **Key Stakeholders in driving Climate Action**: WCA have a predominantly young population (More than 64% under 24), giving them a critical role in shaping climate solutions.
- ✓ **Innovative Ideas:** Youth-led initiatives bring fresh perspectives, creativity, technology and innovative approaches to addressing climate change.
- ✓ A voice for future generations: Active youth participation in policy dialogues ensures that policies reflect the needs and aspirations of future generations.
- ✓ Bridging the Climate Policy Implementation Gap: Engaging youth networks in implementing policies like NAPs and NDCs enhances outreach, inclusivity, and the active participation of young people in climate action.





Consider youths as partners in the vision: Co-designers and co-implementers of climate policies and decision-making processes in WCA

A call to Action: Governments, International Organizations, Civil Society etc. must:

- ✓ Create more opportunities/platforms for youth engagement in climate policy and decision-making at local, national, and regional levels. E.g. capacity building on NAPs and NDC processes (formulation, implementation, MEL, etc.)
- Strengthen youth participation in UNFCCC processes, including COP negotiations, ensures their voices shape global climate strategies.
- ✓ Provide access to funding, technology, and other resources that young people need to implement their climate action initiatives. Include capacity building sessions/curricula on resource mobilization for youth led initiatives in WCA
- Share stories of young people who are making a difference in the fight against climate change.



Opportunities for Meaningful Engagement of Youths in Shaping and Implementing NAPs in WCA.

"Meaningful engagement" implies empowerment and involvement



Capacity building opportunities:

 Capacity building programs/tools/platforms for youths in WCA to support NAPs processes (formulation, implementation, MEL, etc.)

Opportunities in NAP Formulation:

- ✓ Contribute to the consultation process and provide technical input in NAP formulation.
- Ensure youth priorities are integrated into NAPs for a more inclusive adaptation strategy.

Opportunities in NAP Implementation:

Support WCA countries in executing their NAPs through youth-led climate adaptation projects at local and national levels.

Opportunities in Climate Adaptation Policy Advocacy:

- ✓ Leverage social media platforms to urge WCA countries to submit their NAPs and integrate youth priorities.
- Space to create a coalition of youth networks from WCA focusing on driving climate adaptation actions for a stronger voice
- A diverse range of key stakeholders in WCA to engage with in climate adaptation policy advocacy processes



Opportunities for Meaningful Engagement of Youths in Shaping and Implementing NDCs in WCA.

Availability of tools and resources for engaging young people in NDCs:

Capacity-building programs for youth engagement in NDC processes like workshops organized by diverse stakeholders such as: YOUNGO, WWF etc.; Policy guidance frameworks & tools such as UNICEF's Climate Policy Toolkit, the NDC Partnership Youth Engagement Plan; Digital engagement platforms like the Africa NDC Hub and the youth4NDCs Platform, which encourage meaningful engagement of youths to influence NDC processes.

Opportunities in NDC Revision process:

- ✓ Contribute to your country's NDC 3.0 revision and advocate for the inclusion of youth-led climate action projects.
- Champion higher adaptation ambition in NDCs 3.0 by promoting key tools, such as the 9 criteria developed by WWF and others.

Opportunities in NDC Implementation:

- Position youth as key implementation partners to scale up youthled climate initiatives.
- ✓ Collaborate with international organizations, INGOs, and other stakeholders to drive implementation.





Contact/Email: anchare@wwf.mg







What are the opportunities for meaningful engagement of youths in shaping and implementing climate policies (NDCs, NAPs) in countries in the region



Ndifongwa Ngumsi Suh, NDC Working Group, YOUNGO



OPPORTUNITIES FOR MEANINGFUL ENGAGEMENT OF YOUTHS IN SHAPING AND IMPLEMENTING CLIMATE POLICIES (NDCS, NAPS, LT-LEDS) IN COUNTRIES IN THE WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICAN **REGION: CASE OF YOUNGO**

> NDIFONGWA NGUMSI SUH NDC WORKING GROUP YOUNGO

PRESENTATION PLAN

- INTRODUCTION
- WHAT IS YOUNGO
- OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN NATIONAL CLIMATE POLICIES AT YOUNGO
- YOUNGO FLAGSHIP INNITIATIVES in NDCs
- SUCCESS STORIES AND BEST PRACTICES ON MEANINGFUL YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN NDCS
- YOUNGO PARTNER ORGANISATIONS FOR PROMOTING EFFECTIVE YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN NDCs
- OUTLOOKS
- CONCLUSION

INTRODUCTION

Youth participation in climate action is encouraged in UNFCCC and the Conference of Parties (COP) decisions. Youth empowerment for participation in the formulation and implementation of national climate policies such as Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs), National Adaptation Plans (NAPs) and Long-term Low Emissions Development Strategy (LT-LEDS) is encouraged by the Convention (Art. 6) and emphasized in the Paris Agreement (Art. 12). Youth can play a vital role in contributing to the formulation and implementation of these policies.

WHAT IS YOUNGO

YOUNGO is the official youth constituency of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). It is a global network of youth organizations, individuals, and movements advocating for meaningful youth engagement in international climate negotiations and policymaking.

Key Aspects of YOUNGO include:

- ► Youth Representation: YOUNGO ensures that young people have a voice in climate discussions, particularly at UN Climate Conferences (COPs).
- Policy Advocacy: It contributes to policy discussions by submitting youth statements, position papers, and recommendations on climate action.
- Capacity Building: YOUNGO conducts trainings, workshops, and knowledge-sharing initiatives to equip youth with climate governance skills. YOUNGO engages with youths at the local level through the LCOY and RCOY.
- Working Groups: Members engage in thematic working groups focused on issues like climate justice, NDCs, finance, loss and damage, adaptation, and mitigation.
- ► **Grassroots Mobilization:** It supports youth-led initiatives, climate strikes, and advocacy campaigns at national and regional levels.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN NATIONALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS (NDCs) AT YOUNGO

- ► Through the Regional Consultation on Meaningful Youth Engagement in NDCs is the mechanism being used by YOUNGO to include youths from all works of life to meaningfully contribute to their country's NDC.
- ➤ The online consultation on Meaningful Youth Engagement in NDCs was lunched on March 20th, 2025. Organized by the NDC Working Group of YOUNGO, in collaboration with the International Indigenous Youth Forum on Climate Change (IIYFCC) and United Nations Development Program (UNDP), this consultation is hosted on Youth4Climate Engagement Platform. It provides an inclusive space for children and young people from all backgrounds to share their perspectives.
- Insights and proposals from the regional discussion rooms will then contribute to a summary report and a set of actionable policy recommendations aimed at strengthening youth participation at every stage of the NDC process.

YOUNGO FLAGSHIP INNITIATIVES in NDCs

- The consultation aims to bridge the gap by ensuring that youth have a seat at the table. Through regional discussions, we seek to:
- ► Strengthen children and youth engagement in NDCs Identify pathways for integrating youth into NDC processes, from design to implementation and monitoring.
- ▶ Gathering Children and Youth Perspectives: Collect valuable insights and recommendations from diverse young climate activists on how to strengthen youth engagement in NDCs on national and regional levels.
- Inform Policy Change: Advocating for the adoption of youth crafted policy recommendations by governments, ensuring NDCs reflect the priorities and solutions proposed by young people.
- ▶ Bridging the Gap Between State Actors and Non–State Actors (Specially children and youth): Even though the urgency of engaging non state actors in NDCs is eminent, the state actors have not been able to bring in non state actors, specially children and youth in the NDC s process so far. These consultations will serve as the bridge between state and non-state actors in NDC processes.
- ► The insights gathered through this consultation will directly inform advocacy efforts and policy recommendations, pushing for a future where NDCs are more inclusive, ambitious, and effective.

HOW TO GET STARTED?

Step 1

Learn what Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) are:

The NDCs are climate action plans submitted every five years by countries that are parties to the Paris Agreement.

They outline how a country plans to cut emissions and adapt to climate change.



earn more bout the NDCs!

Step 2

Identify gaps & opportunities! Start by asking yourself:

- What are the biggest climate issues youth face in your country & region?
- Are youth priorities reflected in NDCs?
- What's stopping young people from engaging in NDC processes?

Step 3

Join the discussion & share your perspectives on:

- Common challenges youth face in engaging with NDCs in your country or region
- Your ideas to bridge the gap between youth & decision-makers
- What support do you need to participate in NDC processes?
- Youth-led solutions & policy ideas
- Highlight missing elements in your country's NDCs
- Connect with other youth climate advocates

Step 4

Join the conversation in your regional discussion room

Step 5

Fill in the Consultation Survey!



Scan the QR code to access the Discussion Room



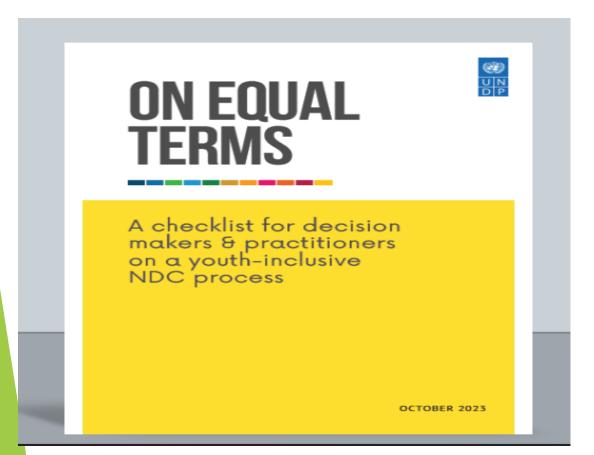
Scan the QR code to access the Consultation Form



⚠To fill in the consultation form, you must first REGISTER on the Youth4Climate (Y4C) platform

success stories and best practices on meaningful youth engagement in N

1. The On Equal Terms: A Checklist developed by UNDP for Decision Makers and Practitioners on a Youth-Inclusive NDC Process

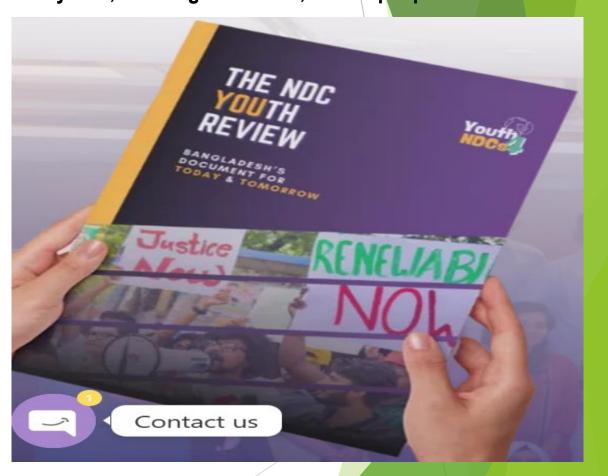


Document Type: Guidelines, handbooks, toolkits

Sustainable Development Goals: Goal 10: Reduced inequalities; Goal 13: Climate action

Topics: Capacity development, Nature, Social inclusion, Youth

2. The NDC Youth Review done by Youth4NDCs in Bangladesh The first comprehensive review of Bangladesh's NDC. Done be the youth, for the government, for the people.



Youths4NDCs sees a world where young people are leading the positive change we need.

YOUNGO PARTNER ORGANISATIONS FOR PROMOTING EFFECTIVE YOUTH ENGAGEMENT IN NDCs

They include:

- International Indigenous Youth Forum on Climate Change (IIYFCC)
- ► United Nations Development Program (UNDP),
- ► Youth4Climate Engagement.

OUTLOOKS

- ► The YOUNGO NDC Working Group can enhance its impact on youth engagement under the Paris Agreement by considering the following recommendations:
- ▶ **Develop structured training programs** on NDC tracking, climate finance, and policy engagement.
- ► Create an online resource hub with toolkits, case studies, and policy briefs to empower members.
- Strengthen its collaboration with governments institutions which will enable YOUNGO member participation in national workshops that involve the elaboration, revision or implementation of climate policies (notably the NDCs, NAPs, and LT-LEDS)

THANK YOU.









Opened Discussion: Challenges of youth involvement in climate action in the region











Go to mentimeter.com

Mentimeter:

Needs and priorities of youth to advance climate action in the region (10 min) - Mentimeter

Insert this code # **7107 7982** #

Answer questions OR

Scan this QR code





Closing Remarks



Walters Tubua

Regional Lead

UNFCCC Regional Collaboration Centre for West and Central Africa



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Group Photo

Please, turn on your Camera

