

GOUVERNEMENT

Liberté Égalité Fraternité



Summit for a New Financial Pact

- held in Paris, June 22nd and 23rd -

SUMMARY OF THE MAIN DELIVERABLES

ightarrow Organisation of 50 specialised themed parallel events;

→ Presence of **120 delegations** (States and IOs), including 30 Heads of State and

 \rightarrow Closing session attended by all delegations.

 \rightarrow Hosting of 6 high-level round tables;



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The summit

Government;





SUMMIT FOR A NEW GLOBAL FINANCING PACT

OUTCOMES OF THE SUMMIT

3 main papers :

- > Chair's summary of discussions
- Proposed roadmap
- MDBs vision statement

To be find here : <u>https://nouveaupactefinancier.org/en.php</u>





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1. Debt deliverables and commitments

- Agreement for a debt treatment for Zambia
- Colombia, Kenya and France for a Global Expert Review on Debt, Nature and Climate by COP28
- UK, France, US, Spain, Barbados, the WB and IDB : call to action to offer climate resilient debt clauses by the end of 2025
- The IMF and the World Bank to include climate vulnerability in their debt sustainability analyses



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2. Vulnerability

- Call to launch of a process to define vulnerability among MDBs and its possible impacts in determining the eligibility to concessional resources
- Global Shield (V20) to mobilize around 5,1bn EUR of private risk capacity. Call for additional contribution
- The World Bank announced the publication of new Country Climate and Development reports by COP28 and to reinforce its preparedness and assistance support to crisis





Fraternité 3. Mobilize new and additional sources

- Objective to mobilise 100bn USD of SDRs achieved
- Objective to reach 35bn USD of contributions to the IMF's Resilience and Susainbility trust achieved, reaching 41bn in June 2023, objective lifted to 60bn USD
- Likehood of reaching the 100bn USD climate finance commitment in 2023
- A Call to Action for Paris-aligned Carbon Markets, supported by 31 countries, with the objective to make progress by COP28
- Adoption of the principle of a levy on the greenhouse gas emissions of international maritime transportation sector by 23 countries, including Kenya, Vietnam, Barbados and the Marshall Islands.
- Creation of a taskforce to examine possible new financial resources through taxation targeted at activities that contribute most to climate change





4. Mobilizing the MDBs

"Vision Statement on MDBs" endorsed by 50 countries which calls on MDBs' evolution which will be key to allow additional financing :

- Reinforce climate tools (CRDC, CCDR and common definition of vulnerability) ;
- Draw up additional cooperation schemes among peers (including common platform);
- Common methodology on the alignment with the Paris Agreement ;
- Harmonised metrics for private capital mobilization ;





- 5. Mobilizing the private sector
- Establishment of **national strategies** to support the development of the private sector in vulnerable countries ;
- Simplified and accelerated financing approval processes for small private sector projects ;
- OECD Task Force to discuss progress, exchange information, and assess best practices used to mobilize private sector finance (by the end of 2023)



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Merci de votre attention !

If you want more:

https://nouveaupactefinancier.org/en.php

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