

Task force on displacement: plan of action for 2019–2021 with progress updates on implementation

The activities in this plan build on the activities under strategic workstream (d) of the five-year rolling workplan of the Executive Committee of the Warsaw International Mechanism for Loss and Damage associated with Climate Change Impacts and the recommendations contained in the annex to decision 10/CP.24.

	Activity	Expected result(s)	Possible approach(es) to implementation/ potential modalities	Indicative time frame for implementation	Lead/ co-leads	Status as reported to date (18 March 2022)
1.	Make available a user-friendly version of the summary documents from the mapping exercises of the TFD in its first phase	Increased visibility and awareness of displacement in the context of climate change and of the outputs of the TFD in its first phase	Publication based on the summaries of the mapping exercises	Completed	Executive Committee TFD members	The summary documents published on the UNFCCC website
2.	Prepare TFD factsheets providing an annual overview of global disaster displacement: gender-disaggregated data, analysis by region, livelihood and income group, and hazard context	Enhanced understanding of the scale of displacement in the context of climate change	TFD factsheet	Completed	Advisory Group Civil Society Organizations (IDMC) /PDD	Completed: The global disaster displacement data for 2020 validated and all updated figures – including disaggregated estimates by age and gender and updated cost estimates – presented in the 2021 Global Report on Internal Displacement (IDMC) . In addition, this activity catalyzed the following the development of a guidance note is underway, that analyses how vulnerable states can integrate migration dimensions in their project development process for GCF (IOM).

3.	Prepare a user-friendly knowledge product on nexus situations (climate change/disaster and conflict/ violence)	Enhanced understanding of the relationship between the impacts of climate change and conflicts on displacement	User-friendly knowledge product(s)	Completed	IOM, UNHCR, IDMC	<p>(a) Analysis and new data on nexus situations presented in user- friendly manner in September 2020 (global mid-year updates: https://www.internal-displacement.org/mid-year-figures), in March 2021 (for the MENA region: https://story.internal-displacement.org/mena-2021/index.html) (IDMC), and in 2021 GRID: https://www.internal-displacement.org/global-report/grid2021/</p> <p>(b) Joint UNHCR and IOM study: “Bridging A Divide: Internal Displacement, Disaster Risk Reduction and Other Laws, Policies, Institutions and Coordination” through the lens of five case studies in Afghanistan, Colombia, Niger, Philippines and Somalia is available at https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/bridging-divide-approaches-conflict-and-disaster-displacement-norms-institutions-and-coordination. (French and Spanish translations of the report are forthcoming. An event with States to discuss the report is planned for the end of March 2022)</p>
4.	Prepare a user-friendly knowledge product on displacement related to climate change in the context of slow-onset events	Enhanced evidence base for policy options for averting, minimizing and addressing displacement in the context of slow onset disaster and climate change	User-friendly knowledge product(s)	Completed	IDMC	<p>The following products/outputs have been finalized:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reports from country studies on drought and climate change-related displacement in four countries- Ethiopia, Iraq, Niger and Somalia- have been published. A user-friendly knowledge product with summary of findings was produced: https://www.internal-displacement.org/features/beyond-drought-niger-ethiopia-somalia-iraq-displacement. Publication of analytical framework and typology of displacement in slow onset disaster and climate change: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/IDMC_SlowOnsetTypology_final.pdf Publication of framework to assess urban displacement risk: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/IDMC_AnalyticalFramework_final.pdf Two case studies on urban displacement risk in the context of climate change impacts and slow onset events in the Pacific completed and under review - publication in March 2022.

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5.	Prepare a technical briefing on approaches to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage in relation to disaster displacement	Enhanced understanding of and knowledge on approaches to averting, minimizing and addressing loss and damage in relation to disaster displacement	Development and dissemination of a technical briefing paper	In 2022	PDD	The technical briefing paper will be prepared under a project on Action and Support to Avert, Minimize and Address Displacement related to the Adverse Effects of Climate Change, funded by the Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad). The Project has started with an inception period and implementation will start 1 July 2022 and run for 30 months. The aim is to complete the paper for COP27 or COP28.
6.	Compile selected good practice case studies and lessons learned from relevant projects/programmes that have integrated climate-related mobility for the purpose of improving the design of project proposals and access to funding	<p>Enhanced understanding of Parties of how to integrate climate-related mobility into relevant project/programme design, including for green economy</p> <p>Enhanced understanding of Parties and donors/the GCF of accessing support for climate change programmes with a focus on averting, minimizing and addressing displacement</p>	Compilation of case studies (e.g. factsheet), made widely available	Completed	IFRC/ILO/IO M/ UNHCR	<p>The following products/outputs have been finalized:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. A new compilation of selected good practice case studies entitled “Displacement in a Changing Climate - Localised Humanitarian Action at the Forefront of the Climate Crisis”, now available here. The compilation includes examples from Mozambique, Namibia, Yemen, Iraq, Samoa, Tuvalu, Australia, Honduras, Germany, Malawi and Fiji. b. A new compilation of selected good practice case studies and lessons learned entitled “Responding to Disasters and Displacement in a Changing Climate: Asia Pacific National Societies in Action” has now been released and is available here. The compilation focuses on the activities and initiatives of National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies to address climate and disaster related displacement across the Asia Pacific, including Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Fiji, Vanuatu, Mongolia, Nepal, Philippines and Indonesia. The Asia Pacific case studies address the challenges of COVID-19 on humanitarian response in Vanuatu and Fiji (IFRC). c. A Policy brief on Future of Work for Climate Resilience in the Pacific Islands. Brief can be found here (ILO). d. Phase I, II and the synthesis report on the interaction between climate change, employment and migration is finalized awaiting validation by IGAD and Member states in April. The report will be published in the second quarter of 2022. <p>In addition, this activity catalyzed the following work:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. An inception workshop with 30 key stakeholders, involving TFD members, PDD and IOM, was held for a new research project on the “Impact of COVID- 19 on nexus between climate change,

						<p>labour market and migration in South Asia” in January 2021 (ILO). The report is currently being finalized and will be released in September.</p> <p>b. The upcoming Global Report on Internal Displacement selected and analysed good practices for presentation, which will focus on disaster displacement and climate change (IDMC).</p> <p>c. New research underway in collaboration with ADB on the socio-economic impacts of disaster displacement and climate impacts in Asia and Pacific, with 5 in- depth country studies (IDMC).</p>
7.	<p>Raise awareness on integrating displacement in the context of climate change into national laws, policies and strategies, including on disaster response, building on mappings and lessons learned</p>	<p>Enhanced support for formulating laws, policies and strategies that reflect efforts to avert, minimize and address displacement</p>	<p>Dissemination of relevant mappings, case studies, lessons learned from ongoing projects, and guidance, including through written materials (e.g. leaflets, policy briefs) and side events at relevant meetings</p> <p>Regional and national training</p> <p>Updated mapping of relevant national migration policies, based on the previous mapping conducted under the TFD (pillar I: policy/practice – national/subnational, activity I.1)</p>	<p>Completed</p> <p>Completed</p>	<p>IFRC/ILO/IOM/ UNHCR</p> <p>IOM</p>	<p>The following products/outputs have been produced:</p> <p>a. A new IFRC Fact Sheet entitled “Climate and Disaster Displacement: The Importance of Disaster Law and Policy” has been published. The fact sheet is based on the new IFRC Disaster Law Checklist on Law and Disaster Preparedness and Response and accompanying Synthesis Report (IFRC).</p> <p>b. The UNHCR supported the Federal Government of Somalia’s development and recent adoption of a National Durable Solutions Strategy that considers internal displacement by all causes, including recurrent climate-related disasters.</p> <p>c. “Legal considerations regarding claims for international protection made in the context of the adverse effects of climate change and disasters” (UNHCR, October 2020). This document sets out key legal considerations to guide States, legal practitioners and other actors concerning the applicability of international and regional refugee and human rights law when cross-border displacement occurs in the context of the adverse effects of climate change and disasters.</p> <p>d. “Refugee Law in a Time of Climate Change, Disaster and Conflict” (UNHCR, January 2020), published, providing legal analysis of the refugee definition in the 1951 Convention and regional refugee criteria in Africa and Latin America, particularly where conflict and/or violence interacts with disaster. It discusses the applicability of refugee law when international protection claims arise related to the adverse effects of climate change and disasters</p>

					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> e. In September 2021, UNHCR, the AU and the UN Economic Commission for Africa jointly convened a panel on climate change and protection at the 9th Conference on Climate Change and Development in Africa; and in November, UNHCR moderated a session on displacement at a symposium ahead of the 2022 Malabo humanitarian summit. f. In 2021, PDD, IOM, UNHCR and partners co-organised a workshop series and developed the Research Agenda for Addressing Displacement and Migration in the Context of Disasters and Climate Change in Africa and the Climate Mobility Africa Research Network (CMARN) g. In 2021 and 2022, IOM developed 3 new country profiles on Migration, Environment and Climate Change for Peru, Tanzania and Niger. h. In 2021, IOM supported over 38 countries to integrate disasters, climate change and environmental degradation in migration policies and/or processes and/or vice-versa. i. CARICOM was supported in drafting a Plan of Action to “Address Human Mobility in Contexts of Disasters and Climate Change” under the Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC). The Plan of Action was presented and welcomed by technical and mid-level officials among the CMC constituency in 2019, while higher-level endorsement by CARICOM Member States remains pending. (UNHCR/IOM/PDD). j. The joint statement of UN agencies on the right to a healthy environment delivered at the 46th session of the Human Rights Council (UNHCR); and the theme “Covid-19 and climate change: what can we learn?” was discussed with governmental partners, NGOs, UN sister agencies and representatives of displaced populations, at the UN High Commissioner for you Refugee’s 2020 Dialogue on Protection Challenges. c. Supported the IGAD secretariat towards the process of drafting and adopting of the Free Movement of Persons Protocol (ILO). The IGAD protocol on Free Movement of Persons, which has specific provisions related to the disaster mobility, and was endorsed by the Ministers of labour and Ministers of interior of all IGAD member states in February 2020 and
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					<p>subsequently adopted by the council of Ministers of IGAD Member states in June 2021.</p> <p>d. In 2021, UNHCR produced a template analytical tool for legal reviews of national legislation relating to the protection of internally displaced people that includes a specific thematic focus on disasters and climate change, available at: https://www.globalprotectioncluster.org/wp-content/uploads/TEMPLATE_Legal-Audit_Analysis-Methodology_Africa.docx</p> <p>In addition, this activity catalyzed the following work:</p> <p>a. Mapping of the national, regional and global level migration policies - initiated and expected to be finalized by mid-2022 (IOM-PDD).</p> <p>b. Supporting national policy efforts through the development of a step-by-step model of how national migration policy frameworks can integrate climate factors (IOM-PDD).</p> <p>c. Supporting governments including of Mozambique, Ethiopia, Burkina Faso, Mali, Chad, South Sudan, Somalia and Nigeria to domesticate the African Union Convention for the Protection and Assistance of Internally Displaced Persons in Africa (the Kampala Convention) through the development of laws and policies relating to the protection of IDPs, including those displaced by the adverse effects of disasters and climate change (UNHCR, in cooperation with other relevant stakeholders).</p> <p>d. UNHCR is supporting the development of laws for the protection of IDPs, including in the context of disaster and climate change, in the Philippines (at the national and regional - BARMM - level)</p>
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8.	Continue to raise awareness of the work of the TFD in relevant processes	Keeping the issue of climate change and displacement high on the agenda of relevant processes	<p>Sharing of information on TFD work, where appropriate</p> <p>Development of the standard TFD one- pager internal note to be used when TFD members conduct outreach work</p>	Completed	IOM/others Executive Committee champions (development of the one-pager)	<p>The following work has been produced:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. IMRF Regional reviews were finalized in September 2021, and the majority included discussions on the links between human mobility and climate change. b. Integration of climate change and migration in the 2021 United Nations Migration Network workplan completed. Activities include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Coordinate technical guidance and promote capacity building ● Enhance dialogue, advocacy and collaboration (exchange of practices and knowledge with key stakeholders) ● Ensure cross fertilization of messages on climate change and migration with Champion countries on both issues <p>In addition, this activity catalyzed the work to integrate human mobility considerations in the 2022 Global Platform on DRR work is underway, while human mobility was included in most regional platforms on DRR.</p>
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9.	Facilitate the assessment of economic impacts of displacement in the context of climate change at the national level	Enhanced understanding of the scale of the cost/economic impact of displacement in the context of climate change	Presentation of assessment outcomes to the TFD	Completed	Advisory Group Civil Society Organizations (IDMC)	<p>The following work has been produced:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. A series of case studies on the impact of disaster displacement is produced and made available here. In addition, a case study on economic impacts of the Australian bushfires was published in January 2021 (IDMC). b. Three new country studies in sub-Saharan Africa published. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Somalia: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/202021.10.21_IDMC_Impacts%20of%20Displacement_Somalia.pdf • Ethiopia: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/202021.10.21_IDMC_Impacts%20of%20Displacement_Ethiopia.pdf • Nigeria (with a focus on conflict displacement, but assessing additional climate-related drivers and impacts:) • https://www.internal-displacement.org/publications/impacts-of-displacement-displaced-by-violence-jos-nigeria#:~:text=IDMC%20conducted%20a%20study%20in,in%20Nigeria's%20Plateau%20State. c. Updated cost estimates, including disaster displacement impacts, published in 2021 Global Report. d. Five new country case studies on the economic impacts of disaster displacement in the Asia-Pacific region, in partnership with the Asian Development Bank completed (publication due in Q2, 2022). e. New estimates for disaster displacement contexts and a method developed to assess impacts on specific sector (A report on disaster displacement, risk and impacts in the Asia Pacific region is going to be published by IDMC and ADB at the Asia Ministerial Conference on DRR in September 2022)
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10.	Conduct a seminar on labour migration and climate resilience	Increased knowledge, skills and understanding of key issues and responses around labour migration and climate resilience	Design, preparation and delivery of a training course	Completed	ILO	Following the COVID-19 restrictions and cancellation of international flights, the Labour Governance training for PICs was changed to an online-based 'e-Academy on Labour Migration' and was facilitated by the ITCILO in Turin. The LMA took place from 09 November to 18 December 2020. Some 47 participants from 11 ILO Pacific member states took part in the LMA.
11.	Exchange and share information on human mobility, including migration, displacement and planned relocation, among the expert groups of the Executive Committee	Displacement considered under all relevant workstreams, as appropriate	<p>Joint discussions of the expert groups of the Executive Committee in relation to each workstream relevant to addressing displacement and mobility</p> <p>Contribution to outputs under all relevant workstreams</p> <p>Mapping of examples of effective practices and lessons learned in relation to planned relocation</p>	Completed	<p>Executive Committee champions</p> <p>IOM/relevant partners</p>	<p>Discussions have been taking place at regular meetings of the ExCom (ongoing)</p> <p>Planned relocation mapping finalized by IOM and other actors, PDD, GIZ.</p>
12.	Provide capacity- building opportunities using relevant training materials on migration, environment and climate change	Enhanced capacity of countries to consider migration, environment and climate change in their long-term planning	Capacity-building activities in various regions	From 2019	ILO/IOM/ PDD/ UNHCR/ IDMC	<p>In 2021, IOM organized over 40 capacity building trainings for policymakers, practitioners and community members on Migration, Environment and Climate Change.</p> <p>The following products/programmes have been completed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. E-learning modules of the disaster displacement guidelines for the Central American and Caribbean regions regions have been concluded and piloted in Central America, Caribbean and with individual countries (e.g Chile). b. The Cook Islands Ministry of Internal Affairs was supported to launch a new online Employment Services platform. The link to the platform can be found here (ILO). Briefings on disaster displacement data and risk assessments in workshop format with national governments and regional organisations in the Pacific (IDMC). IOM Migration, Environment and Climate Change capacity building continued roll out in several countries, including Sri Lanka, Niger, Nigeria,

					<p style="text-align: center;">Burkina Faso, MENA, Americas.</p> <p>The following projects/initiatives are underway:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Project in IGAD region - “Free movement of persons and transhumance in the IGAD Region: Improving opportunities for regular labour mobility” (2017- 2022), (ILO). b. The implementation of the Pacific Response to Disaster Displacement (PRDD) project is ongoing (IDMC, PDD and IOM): https://www.internal-displacement.org/pacific-disasters c. UNHCR, IOM, PDD, IDMC along with other stakeholders are contributing to the development of an online training module on climate change, human rights, and human mobility (displacement, migration and planned relocation). The initiative is led by OHCHR. d. The joint programme funded by the MPTF Migration launched in March with ILO, IOM, UNHCR, UNOPS (PDD) on “Addressing Drivers and Facilitating Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration in the Contexts of Disasters and Climate Change in the IGAD Region” and contributes to facilitating pathways for regular migration in the IGAD region and minimizing displacement risk in the context of climate change, environmental degradation and disasters in line with the vision and guiding principles of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration (GCM). This will be achieved through addressing needs and gaps in I) Data and knowledge; II) National and regional policy frameworks; III) Disaster displacement preparedness and IV) Regular migration pathways. e. Pacific Climate Change Migration and Human Security (PCCMHS) Programme in the Pacific entitled, “Enhancing protection and empowerment of migrants and communities affected by climate change and disasters in the Pacific region” (2019-2022) (led by IOM in partnership with ILO, OHCHR, UNESCAP, PIFS and PDD.) 	
13.	Assist Parties in assessing the risk of displacement, including through	Enhanced capacity for data collection, risk assessment and analysis in relation to	User-friendly knowledge products on displacement risk	Completed	Advisory Group Civil Society	<p>Completed:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Publication of country-specific risk profiles as a basis for engagement with countries in the Pacific

<p>technical support and sharing tools and practices</p>	<p>displacement</p>	<p>assessment methods, good practices and lessons learned</p>		<p>Organizations (IDMC)/ IOM/PDD</p>	<p>and the PRDD Project, in partnership with country governments and regional organizations (IDMC):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Vanuatu: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/21_0907_IDMCVanuatuRiskprofile.pdf ● Tonga: https://www.internal-displacement.org/publications/tonga-disaster-displacement-risk-profile#:~:text=IDMC%20has%20built%20upon%20the,cyclonic%20winds%20and%20storm%20surges. ● Fiji: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/fiji_riskprofile_idmc.pdf ● Solomon Islands: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/21_0907_IDMC_SolomonIslands_Riskprofile.pdf Publication of framework to assess urban displacement risk to support engagement in the Pacific: https://www.internal-displacement.org/sites/default/files/publications/documents/IDMC_AnalyticalFramework_final.pdf <p>b. Two case studies on urban displacement risk in the context of climate change impacts and slow onset events in the Pacific completed and under review - publication in March 2022. First Meeting of the Thematic Working Group of the Migration Dialogue for West Africa on Climate change, land degradation, desertification, environment and migration: https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/MIDWA-MECC-Meeting-March2021 by IOM and ECOWAS</p> <p>c. Policy Dialogues in the Pacific in the context of the programme Enhancing protection and empowerment of migrants and communities affected by climate change and disasters in the Pacific region (PCCMHS) by IOM</p> <p>d. Regional Dialogue to Address Human Mobility and Climate Change Adaptation in the Eastern Caribbean launched by IOM https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/projects/regional-dialogue-address-human-mobility-and-</p>
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14.	Support Parties in integrating displacement risk into DRR strategies and combining action on DRR and climate change	Countries supported in implementing integrated approaches	Use of, inter alia, the UNDRR <i>Words into Action</i> guidelines on disaster displacement and supplementary NAP guidelines	To be confirmed	IOM/ Norwegian Refugee Council/ PDD/ UNHCR	<p>The following activities products have been completed:</p> <p>a. Words into Action (WIA) Guidelines on Disaster Displacement rolled out and training provided in different regions and at national levels (NRC/UNDRR/PDD)</p> <p>b. Translation of the WIA Guidelines into French and adaptation to the context in West and Central Africa (UNHCR) completed.</p> <p>c. A tool to assess the capacity on disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation of governmental actors to address human mobility was developed in 2021 by IOM with partners and is being piloted in Sierra Leone in 2022.</p> <p>d. Dedicated recommendations section on integrating</p> <p>e. disaster displacement considerations, data collection and analysis into DRR strategies and climate change adaptation plans in the 2021 Global Report on Internal Displacement (IDMC).</p> <p>The following products are being developed:</p> <p>a. Development of national indicators on displacement in the context of disasters and slow onset events to support monitoring of progress against the Sendai Framework for DRR and relevant SDGs (IDMC and IOM): https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/developing-indicators-displacement-disaster-risk-reduction and https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/sites/g/files/tmzbd11411/files/documents/drr-displacement-indicator-project-brochure_0.pdf</p>

<p>15.</p>	<p>Support Parties in strengthening their understanding of preparedness for displacement related to the adverse impacts of climate change, including early warning systems, contingency planning, evacuation planning and resilience-building strategies and plans, and support them in developing innovative approaches to preparedness, for example forecast- based financing</p>	<p>Parties having knowledge of and access to tools and innovative approaches (e.g. guidance, case studies, lessons learned, briefing papers and finance) to strengthen preparedness for displacement related to the effects of climate change</p>	<p>Supporting the accessibility of existing preparedness and innovative tools for Parties and stakeholders</p> <p>Supporting the inclusion of displacement related to the effects of climate change in existing preparedness initiatives and dialogues (e.g. under the World Bank, United Nations Development Programme and UNDRR)</p> <p>Development and dissemination of a technical briefing paper on preparedness and innovative approaches, as appropriate</p>	<p>To be confirmed</p>	<p>IFRC/PDD/U NHCR</p>	<p>The following actions have been completed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. A new Issue Brief entitled “Forecast-Based Financing and Displacement: Acting Early to Reduce Humanitarian Impacts” has been released and is available here. The Issue Brief addresses opportunities and challenges associated with utilizing forecast- based financing (FbF) to support anticipatory humanitarian action in the context of disaster and climate displacement. The Issue brief addresses the challenges of COVID-19 on humanitarian response such as, the challenge of adapting evacuation centres in Bangladesh to be COVID safe. b. The UN High-Level Panel on Internal Displacement in collaboration organized a virtual discussion on the prevention of internal displacement due to armed conflict/violence and disasters on 6 July 2020. A full recording of the Panel Discussion is available here (IFRC/ICRC). c. A global training toolkit on displacement and climate (IFRC), available here: https://ctk.climatecentre.org/training/module-2/2a <p>The following products are being developed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Guidance for Asia Pacific National Societies on supporting planned relocation in the context of disasters and climate change (IFRC). b. Plan for simulation exercises on disaster displacement for Colombia-Ecuador in March 2022 and IGAD Region 2022 (PDD). c. Predictive Analytics Initiative for the Sahel Region. An innovative UN High Level Committee on Programmes (HLCP)-backed pilot project to leverage data for anticipatory planning across humanitarian, development and peacebuilding pillars, including the interconnected impacts on displacement arising from climate change, food insecurity, violence and socioeconomic factors in the Sahel region. UNHCR leadership of the project has been transferred to the Special Coordinator for Development in the Sahel in 2021 to facilitate implementation of the United Nations Integrated Strategy for the Sahel (UNISS) and of the region’s governments (UNHCR)
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16.	<p>Help to make available supplementary guidelines on integrating human mobility into relevant national planning processes, including the process to formulate and implement NAPs, as appropriate</p>	<p>Countries supported in integrating human mobility into relevant national planning processes, including the process to formulate and implement NAPs, as appropriate</p>	<p>Piloting of guidelines in support of country planning (as requested by Parties)</p> <p>Contribution of ILO guidance on labour migration mobility, through piloting of ILO guidelines, and any other TFD activity for piloting guidance</p>	<p>In 2020</p> <p>In 2021</p>	<p>IOM/ Executive Committee champions</p> <p>ILO</p>	<p>The following actions have been completed:</p> <p>a. A reintegration sub-policy and action plan for Kiribati returned migrant workers has been drafted following consultations with the tripartite and key stakeholders in Kiribati. This document will be validated in August 2021.</p> <p>b. In addition, consultations with Tuvalu and Kiribati tripartite partners conducted to discuss a standard employment contracts (SECs) report for migrant workers and relevant human rights and labour standards across the fisheries and horticulture sectors as part of the Pacific Climate Change Migration and Human Security (PCCMHS) programme. The SEC report has been finalized as key sections of the report are now being translated into Tuvuluan and Gilbertese (ongoing)</p> <p>c. ILO has published a report reviewing seasonal worker schemes in the Pacific in-light of ILS and human rights. The report is intended to give governments in the region the information to design labour mobility policies and programmes that better protect the rights of migrant workers, which will become increasingly important in the context of climate change. Labour migration: Seasonal worker schemes in the Pacific through the lens of international human rights and labour standards (ilo.org)</p> <p>The following initiatives are currently being undertaken:</p> <p>a. Supporting national policy efforts through the development of a step-by-step model of how NAPs can integrate migration dimensions to support national policy development (IOM), planning to collaborate with LEG on the implementation of activity 16. Finalization estimated by mid-2022 (IOM and ILO).</p> <p>b. Discussions are underway to identify priority</p>

						<p>activities in the reintegration action plan in order to support implementation in 2022.</p> <p>c. Development of people-centered activities, policies/ action plans in Tuvalu and Kiribati (ILO).</p>
17.	Collaborate with the Least Developed Countries Expert Group and the Adaptation Committee to raise awareness of the importance of integrating consideration of human mobility in the context of climate change	Consideration of human mobility challenges in relevant national planning processes, including the process to formulate and implement NAPs	Via NAP Expo/possibly a topic under the Adaptation Forum	Completed	Executive Committee champions/ IOM	Continued engagement of the representatives from the Adaptation Committee and Least Developed Countries Expert Group throughout the implementation phase. NAP Expos did not take place due to the pandemic
18.	Support the inclusion of the challenges of displacement related to the adverse effects of climate change in the work of the UN Secretary General’s High-Level Panel on Internal Displacement (HLP)	Consideration of displacement related to the adverse effects of climate change included in the work of the high-level panel	<p>Sharing the recommendations and the work of the TFD, as appropriate</p> <p>Dialogue and engagement in relevant events of the high-level panel</p> <p>Submission of a background/briefing paper, as appropriate</p>	Completed	PDD/ UNHCR/ IOM/ IDMC/ others	<p>a. The organizations of TFD members have made various submissions to the High-Level Panel that draw attention to adverse climate impacts and integrated approaches to avert, minimize, address, and resolve internal displacement including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNHCR submission; A Review of Innovative Financing (Dec. 2020); Mechanisms for Internally Displaced Persons: Unlocking Solutions for the Internally Displaced (Sept. 2020) (UNHCR) • A submission to the High-Level Panel on Internal Displacement on “Internal displacement in the context of disasters and the adverse effects of climate change” (PDD and IDMC). • A submission to the High Level Panel on Internal Displacement from the IFRC here: https://www.un.org/internal-displacement-panel/sites/www.un.org.internal-displacement-panel/files/2021_ifrc_submission_to_unhlp_-_final.pdf • IOM: Internal Displacement in the Context of the Slow-Onset Adverse Effects of Climate Change - Submission by the International Organization for Migration to the Special Rapporteur on the Human Rights of Internally Displaced Persons https://environmentalmigration.iom.int/internal-displacement-context-slow-onset-adverse-effects-climate-change-submission-international <p>b. A regional consultation on disaster displacement in Asia co-organized on 19 November 2020 (UNHCR through its involvement in the GP20 initiative on</p>

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						<p>internal displacement). Its recommendations to feed into the deliberations of the UNSG’s High Level Panel on internal displacement (IDMC). http://www.resilientpacific.org/pacific-regional-consultation-on-internal-displacement/</p> <p>c. Series of discussions took place from November 2020 to March 2021 on disaster displacement data, displacement risk assessments and good practices, with the aim of developing joint recommendations to inform the 2021 GRID and work of the High- level Panel on Internal Displacement (IDMC and its partners).</p>
19.	Organize (a) training/awareness- building workshop(s) for youth on displacement in the context of climate change	Increased awareness among youth on displacement in the context of climate change, and youth voices brought into considerations under the WIM/Convention	Workshops and events at sessions of the COP and COYS	COP and COY 25 and 26	Youth non-governmental organizations	No status update has been provided
20.	Identify opportunities for accessing existing funding and develop guidance on preparing project proposals on averting, minimizing and addressing displacement related to climate change for the GCF, other funds and donors	Better understanding of how to access finance, including through the GCF Enhanced access to finance for averting, minimizing and addressing displacement associated with climate change	Meeting with the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism and the Adaptation Fund Development of relevant guidance for Parties	Completed	Executive Committee champions/ ILO/IOM IOM	The following opportunities identified: <p>a. A joint proposal on addressing drivers and facilitating safe, orderly and regular migration in the contexts of disasters and climate change in the IGAD region have been approved by the UN Network on migration Multi Partner Trust Fund in February 2021 (ILO, IOM, UNHCR, UNOPS, PDD) and started in March 2022.</p> <p>b. The guidance note on accessing GCF funding is underway by IOM.</p>
21.	Invite experts to provide technical briefings on innovative approaches to the Executive Committee and its subgroups	Enhanced understanding among the Executive Committee and its subgroups of innovative approaches	Expert briefings in conjunction with Executive Committee meetings	Completed	Executive Committee champions	Topic proposed: Analysis of entry points and methodological guidance on how vulnerable states can integrate migration dimensions in their project development process for GCF (2021) (IOM).

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22.	Continue engaging with relevant stakeholders	Enhanced stakeholder engagement	<p>Inviting ad hoc members to collaborate in implementing activities in this plan of action</p> <p>Stakeholder meeting</p> <p>Considering and producing communication material, as appropriate</p> <p>Improving communication channels, as appropriate</p>	Continuous	<p>TFD</p> <p>PDD/IOM/IFRC/UNHCR/NRC/IDMC</p>	<p>A stakeholder meeting will be organized as part of a project on Action and Support to Avert, Minimize and Address Displacement related to the Adverse Effects of Climate Change, funded by the Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad) The Project has started with an inception period and implementation will start 1 July 2022 and run for 30 months. The stakeholder consultation is planned for in 2022 or 2023 (PDD).</p>
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