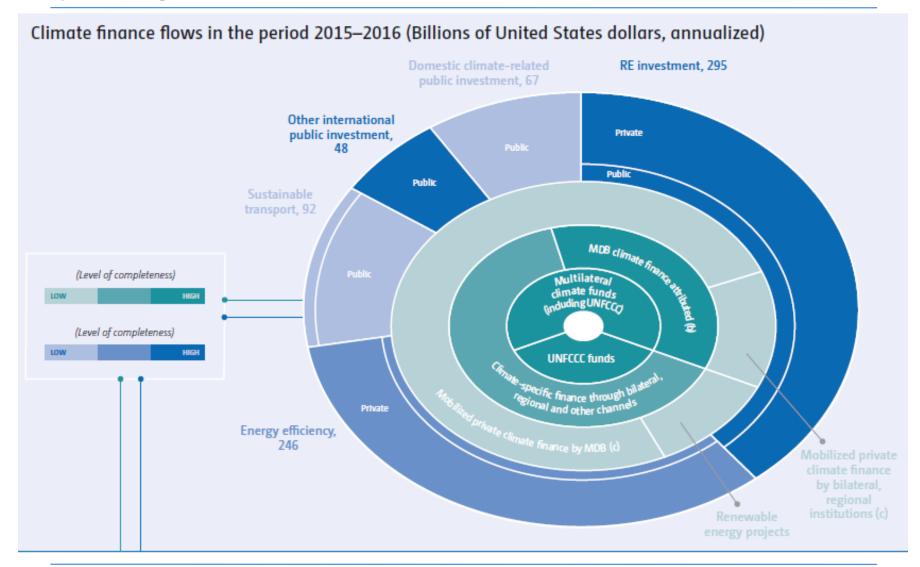
2018 Biennial Assessment and Overview of Climate Finance Flows

High-level Ministerial Dialogue on Climate Finance
10 December 2018





Key findings: Climate finance flows in the period 2015–2016





Key findings: Climate finance flows in the period 2015–2016 (continued)

		2015 (USD billion face value)	2016 (USD billion face value)	Sources of data and relevant chapter
Global total flows	Renewable energy investments	320.9	269.5	Chapter 2.2.1
	Public investment	61.7	52.3	CPI based on multiple sources
	Private investment	259.2	217.1	
	Energy efficiency investments	233.9	257.8	Chapter 2.2.2
	Public investment	25.7	32.9	IEA Energy Efficiency Market Reports/CPI
	Private investment (a)	208.2	224.9	
	Sustainable transport	78.0	105.8	Chapter 2.2.3
	Public investment	69.7	92.5	IEA World Energy Investment Report/CPI
	Private investment	8.3	13.3	
	Other sectors public investment	47.3	47.5	Chapter 2.2.2 — 2.2.5
				CPI based on multiple sources
	Domestic climate-related public investment	67.0	67.0	Chapter 2.3
				BURs, CPEIRs (UNDP), I4CE
Flows to non-Annex I Parties	UNFCCC funds	0.6	1.6	Chapter 2.5.2
				Fund financial reports, CFU
	Multilateral climate funds (including UNFCCC)	1.4	2.4	Chapter 2.5.2
				Fund financial reports, CFU
	Climate-specific finance through bilateral, regional and other channels	29.9	33.6	Chapter 2.5.1
				Annex II Party Biennial Reports
	MDB climate finance attributed (b)	17.4	19.7	Chapter 2.5.2
	Renewable energy projects	2.4	1.5	Chapter 2.5.4
				CPI based on multiple sources
	Mobilized private climate finance by MDB (c)	10.9	15.7	Chapter 2.5.4
				MDB Joint Reports
	Mobilized private climate finance by bilateral, regional institutions (c)	2.3		Chapter 2.5.4
				OECD



Key findings: Climate finance in context

- Climate finance continues to account for just small portion of the overall finance and investments.
- While climate finance must obviously be scaled up it is important to ensure consistency of all flows and stocks, with the Article 2.1 (c) of the PA.
- □ Although some work is being done by Development Finance Institutions, more can be done to understand public finance flows and ensure that they are all consistent with climate change objectives and goals.
- Awareness of the finance sector with respect to alignment with the goals of the Paris Agreement
- ☐ However, no publicly available information on tracking collective progress on Article 2.1(c) of the Paris Agreement.
- Integration of climate change considerations into decision making processes are at nascent stage.

