Session SBI61 (2024)

Session starts: 08-08-2024 00:00:00 [GMT+1] Session ends: 07-11-2024 23:30:00 [GMT+1]



A complication of questions to **Hungary**exported on 09 September 2024 by the UNFCCC secretariat

Question by United States of America at Saturday, 07 September 2024

Category: Progress towards the achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission

reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Forest increases

BR5 notes that forest area has increased in recent decades, contributing to removals in Hungary. What policies or incentives have contributed to this increase?

Answer by Hungary
Not answered

Question by United States of America at Saturday, 07 September 2024

Category: Assumptions, conditions and methodologies related to the attainment of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: IPCC AR5

Congratulations on the transition to the use of IPCC AR5 to aggregate GHG emission and removal estimates. Are there lessons from this transition that may be relevant to other countries?

Answer by Hungary Not answered

Question by Canada at Friday, 06 September 2024

Category: All emissions and removals related to its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Publication of GHG estimates prior to submission to the UNFCCC

GHG emissions data is a key piece in setting and tracking emission reduction targets and identifying mitigation approaches. Could you please describe any institutional arrangements, or work underway to develop such arrangements, that could enable publishing GHG estimates <u>prior</u> to the official submission to the UNFCCC (for example, making GHG data available to the public or some key stakeholders in 2024 ahead of a submission mid-April 2025)?

Question by Canada at Friday, 06 September 2024

Category: All emissions and removals related to its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Incorporation of atmospheric measurements in GHG inventory

Improved measurement technologies in recent years have resulted in the advancement of emissions data derived from atmospheric measurements which can be compared to emissions/removals data reported to the UNFCCC. Could you please share information about how atmospheric measurement data are considered in the development of your inventory, including any plans to incorporate such measurements into inventory methodologies?

Answer by Hungary Not answered

Question by United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland at Friday, 06 September 2024

Category: Progress towards the achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Question to Hungary on their Renewable Energy

Thank you, **Hungary**, for the opportunity to comment on your 5 th Biennial Report and 8 th National Communication.

In relation to the National Renewable Energy Action Plan referenced in Table 4.1, are you prioritising the use of any form of renewable energy over the other, and how are you considering which to prioritise in relation to its mitigation impact?

Answer by Hungary
Not answered

Question by Australia at Friday, 06 September 2024

Category: Assumptions, conditions and methodologies related to the attainment of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Q2

Can Hungary outline the status of its soil protection action plan, and specifically how the Hungarian Government has engaged the agricultural industry (Reference: pg76 of BR5/NC8).

A	nswer by Hungary
	Not answered

Question by Australia at Friday, 06 September 2024

Category: Assumptions, conditions and methodologies related to the attainment of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Q1

Can Hungary provide any further detail on how the environmentally conscious driving program reduces emissions? Specifically, what initiatives are being implemented to reduce individual driver emissions? (Reference: pg127 of BR5/NC8)

Answer by Hungary
Not answered

Question by New Zealand at Thursday, 05 September 2024

Category: Progress towards the achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target

Type: Before 07 September

Title: Transition to a low carbon-based economy

The 2024 report on the technical review of the Eighth National Communication and the technical review of the Fifth Biennial Report of Hungary highlights a reduction in the consumption of fossil fuels and mineral energy resources and an increase in the use of renewable energy sources as the most significant drivers to reducing GHG emissions between 1990 and 2021. What have been the main contributing factors and drivers towards this transition? Along with lowering emissions, what

have been the main cross-sectoral benefits, including social, environmental and economic benefits
to this transition? New Zealand would also be interested to hear what challenges there have been in
making this transition.

А	nswer by Hungary
	Not answered

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