ADJUSTING LAND MITIGATION PATHWAYS IMPROVES THE ASSESSMENT OF GLOBAL CLIMATE PROGRESS



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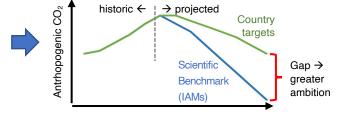
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The context

Holding global warming to well below 2°C requires economy-wide efforts to reach a balance between anthropogenic GHG emissions and removals

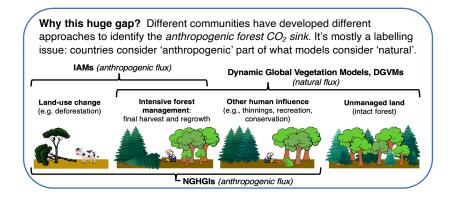


Collective progress is assessed by the Global Stocktake (GST) in the light of the best available science (e.g. emissions pathways by Integrated Assessment Models, **IAMs**)



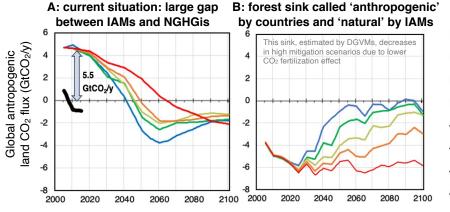
The problem

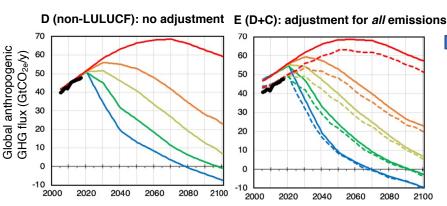
A large gap (5.5 GtCO₂/y, panel A below) on anthropogenic land CO₂ flux between IAMs and National GHG inventories (NGHGIs) hampers an accurate assessment of collective climate progress

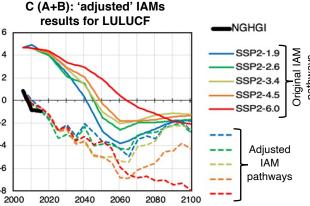


The solution We add the modeled forest sink considered 'anthropogenic' by countries (panel **B**) to IAMs' results (panel **C**). The resulting **adjusted IAMs' results become comparable with NGHGIs**.

Implications While non-LULUCF pathways are not affected (panel **D**), our adjustments shifts downwards the current economy-wide emissions and the future pathways (panel **E**). As a result, also the **remaining global GHG budget 'understood' by countries is reduced** compared to original IAMs' estimates (table) → to be taken into account when assessing collective progress towards the Paris Agreement.







Pragmatic short-term fix to ensure comparability between IAMs and countries at the GST

Adjustment of cumulated IAM fluxes from 2021 until GHG neutrality or 2100

	Gt CO2	% of original remaining GHG budget
SSP2-1.9	-120	-13%
SSP2-2.6	-192	-12%
SSP2-3.4	-275	-11%
SSP2-4.5	-366	-10%
SSP2-6.0	-475	-9%

Impact on the remaining GHG budget 'understood' by countries