



Priority Area C: Coherence



Gender and Climate Change Brief for the Katowice Committee of Experts on the Impacts of the Implementation of Response Measures (KCI)

The secretariat provides the constituted body members with a package of information briefs about gender integration under the UNIFCCC process. They include an introduction to the mandates, an explanation of gender and commonly used terminology, as well as the gender and climate change nexus, and an annex of relevant resources. This brief describes how the KATOWICE COMMITTEE OF EXPENTS ON THE IMPACTS OF THE IMPLICATION OF RESPONSE MEASURES [KIX] addresses the gender



GENDER AND THE ROLE OF CONSTITUTED BODIES

graming gender considerations — uncertainning and sidering differing needs, priorities, access to resources, roles, eer – and engaging women and men equally at all levels of tate planning and implementation can ensure more effective igation and adaptation outcomes and making certain that





act constitutes doubts and recoverse to the close in their regular reports information on progress towards integrating a gender perspective into their respective processes (decision 3/CP.25, para 12) and the secretariat is requested to produce a biennial synthesis report on progress in integrating a gender perspective into constituted body processes (decision 3/CP.25,

How are constituted bodies supported in progressing

- now are constituted outers supported in progressing in integrating a gender perspective?

 1. Technical paper (FCCCTIPZ018/1) provides information on entry points for integrating gender considerations into UNFCCC workstreams.
- relevant organizations, as appropriate (3/CP.25
- Secretariat to ensure that members of constituted bodies are introduced to gender-related mandates and to the relevance of gender in the context of their work in aconsistent and systematic manner (3/CP.25 GAP activity C.1).



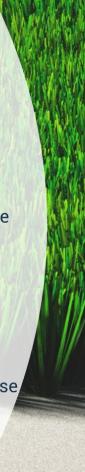
GENDER UNDER THE UNFCCC - GENERAL CONTEXT

The PARIS AGREEMENT acknowledges in its preamble "that climate change is a common concern of humankind, Parties should, when taking actions address criminal change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights, the right of Indigenous peoples, local communities, migrants, children, persons with disabilities and people in witherable instances and the right to development, as well as gender equality. There are also references to gender-responsive adaptation action (Art. 7) and capacity-building (Art. 11).

Topic	Decision	Decision description	Gender or social references
Mitigation	4/CMA.1	Further guidance in relation to the mitigation section of decision 1/CP.21 (para 7, annex para 4)	Gender-responsive (information on the planning of NDCs)
Social consequenc- es (of response measures)	18/CMA.1	Modalities, procedures and guidelines for the transparency framework for action and support referred to in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement	Social consequences, social impacts, so cial vulnerabilities, gender perspectives gender balance
Adaptation	10/CMA.1	Modalities and procedures for the operation and use of a public registry referred to in Arti- cle 7, paragraph 12, of the Paris Agreement	Gender-responsive (adaptation action in adaptation communications)
Technology	15/CMA.1	Technology framework under Article 10, para- graph 4, of the Paris Agreement	Multiple references: gender, socially sound, gender-responsiveness and gender perspective

Training provided to constituted bodies:

- Clean Development Mechanism Executive Board
- Consultative Group of Experts
- Committee and Climate Technology Centre and Network
- Facilitative Working Group of the Local Communities and Indigenous Peoples Platform
- Katowice Committee of Experts on the Impacts of the Implementation of Response, Measures
- Technology Executive Committee





Priority Area D: Gender-Responsive Implementation & Means of Implementation













LoCS4Africa virtual congress

3 - 12 November 2020

Local Climate Solutions for Africa

The key forum for leaders to share strategies on climate action and financing in Africa

ICLEI Africa's LoCS4Africa 2020 virtual congress, in partnership with The Covenant of Mayors in Sub-Saharan Africa and others. Co-hosted by The Government of Rwanda and The City of Kigali.



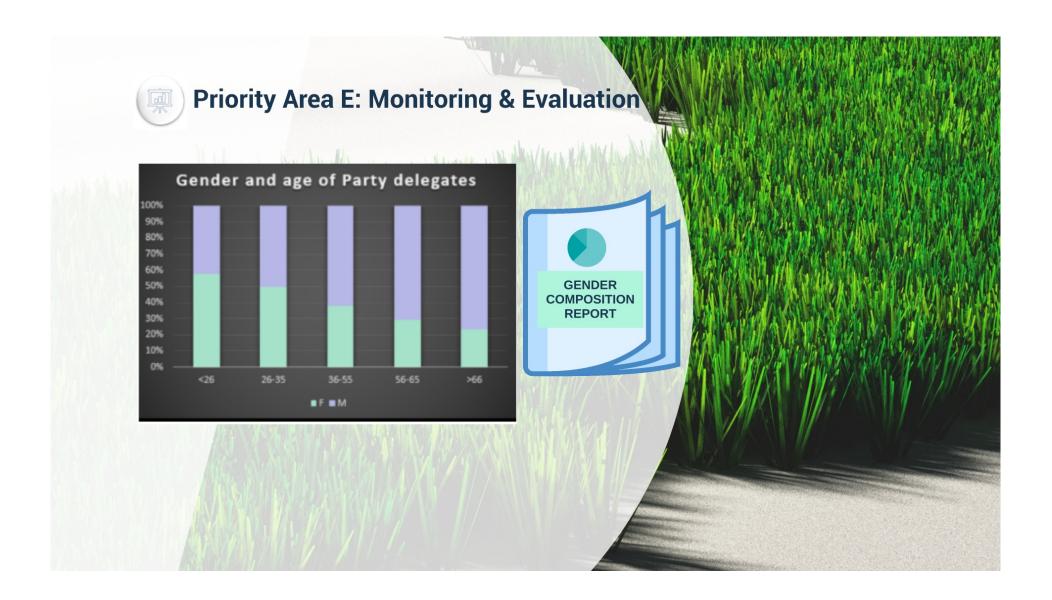




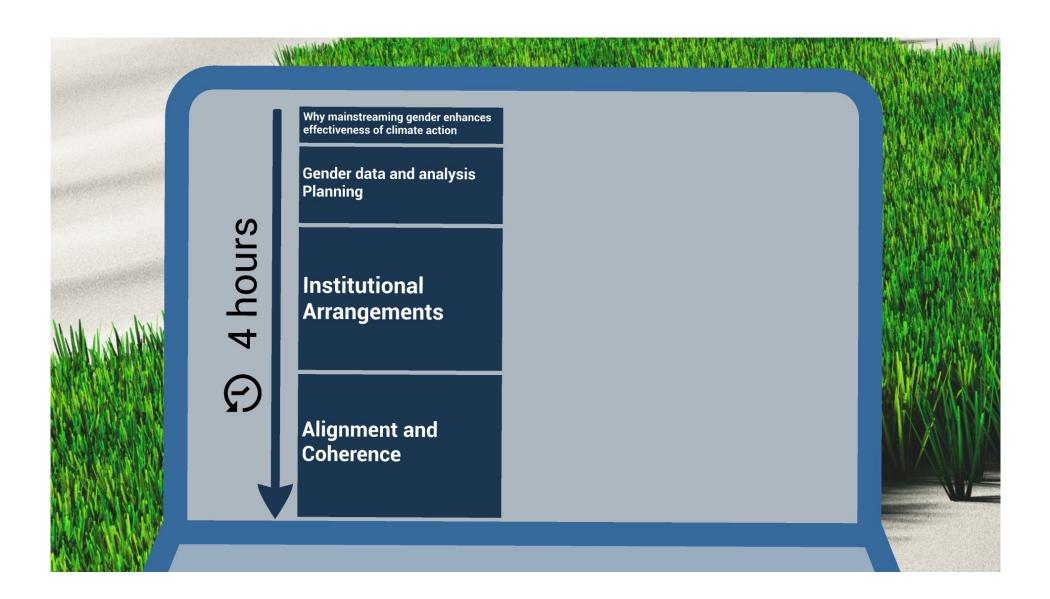


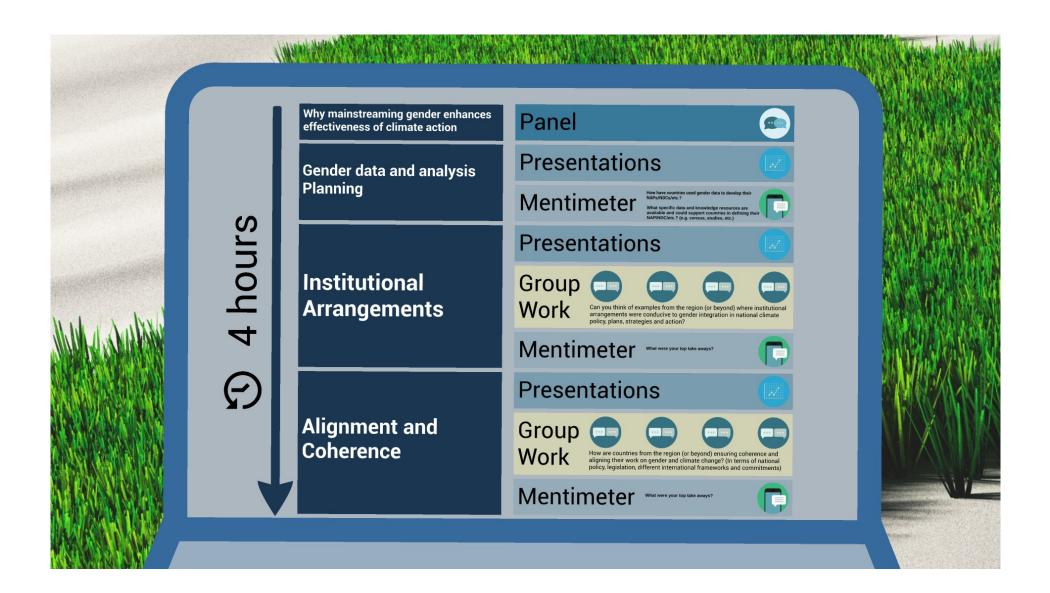












Panel



Presentations



Mentimeter

How have countries used gender data to develop their NAPs/NDCs/etc.?

What specific data and knowledge resources are available and could support countries in defining their NAP/NDC/etc.? (e.g. census, studies, etc.)



Precentations



Presentations



Group Work







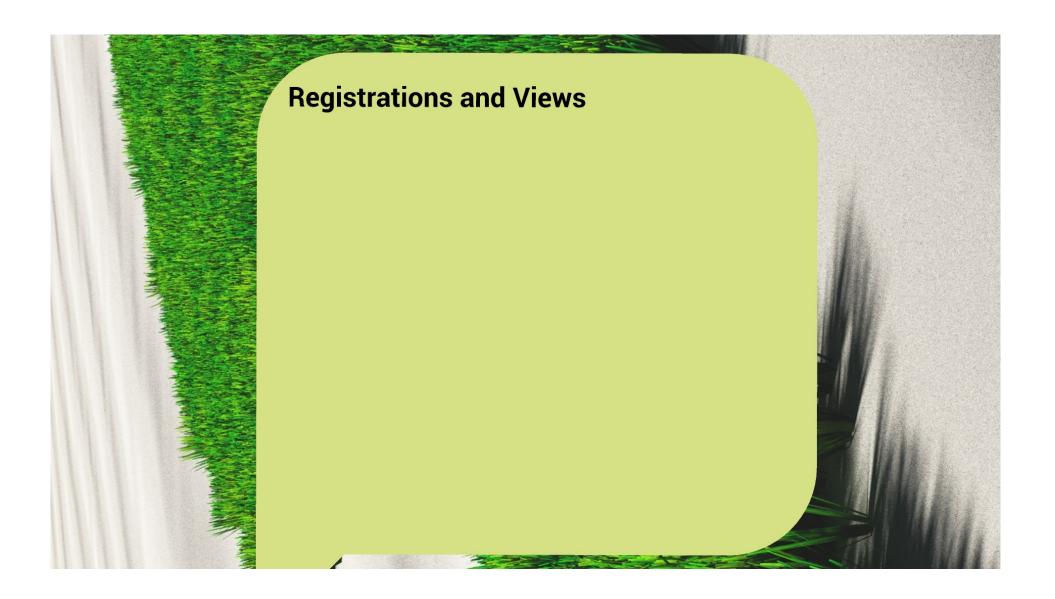


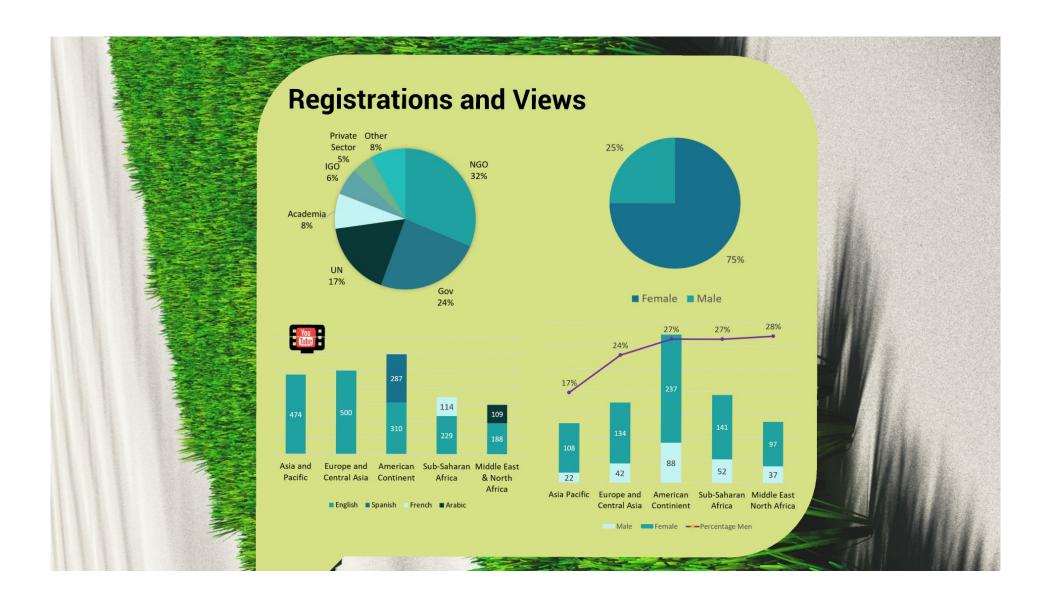
Can you think of examples from the region (or beyond) where institutional arrangements were conducive to gender integration in national climate policy, plans, strategies and action?

Mentimeter

What were your top take aways?









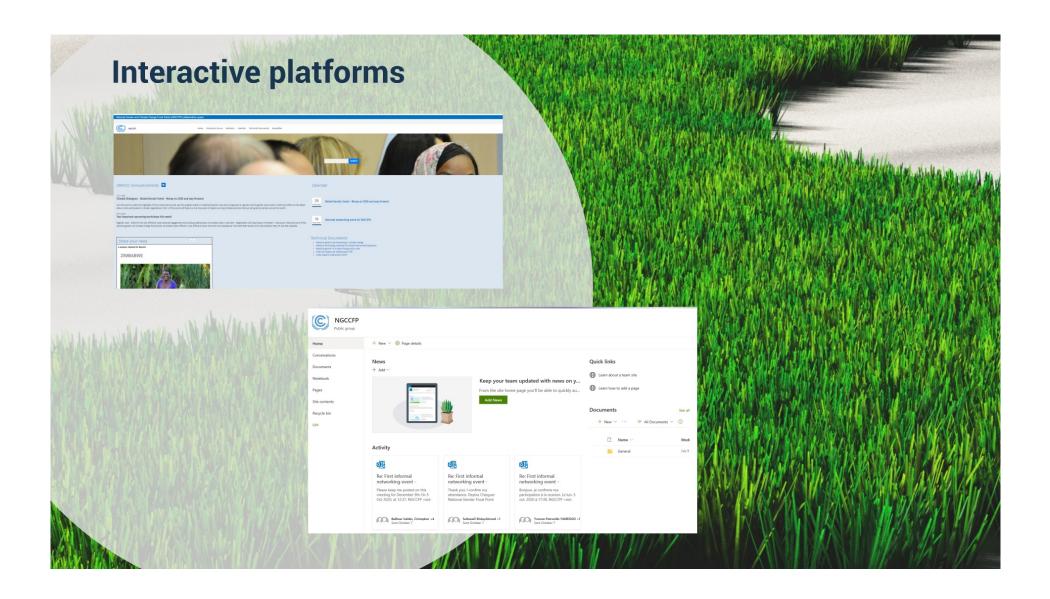












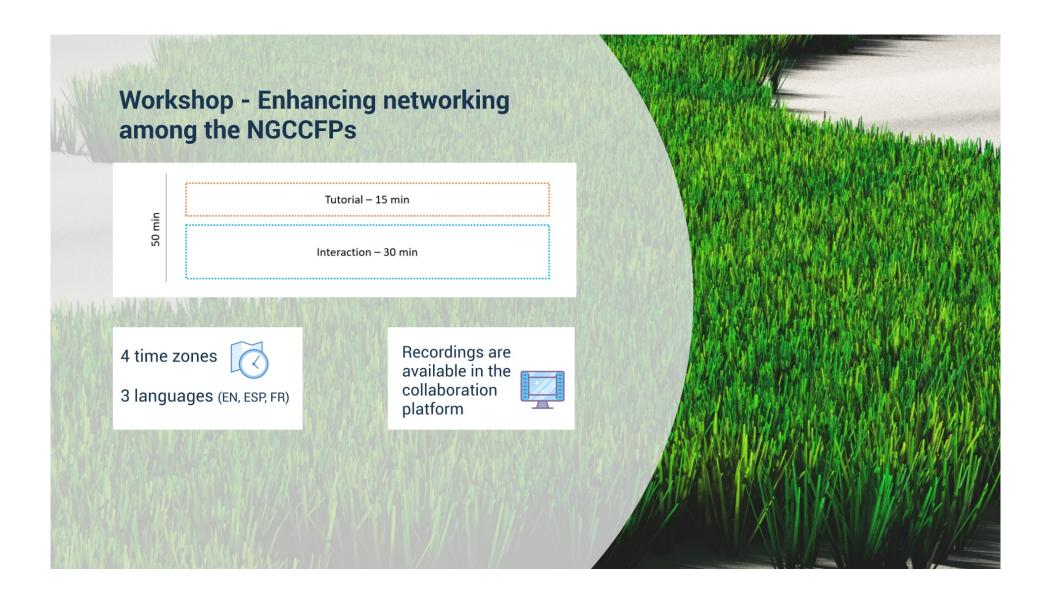


Tools to advance the work of the NGCCFPs

- Effective communication
- Advocacy
- Systems thinking approach
- Positioning oneself and a topic
- Managing cross-sectoral and multi-stakeholder networks







Workshops - Communication, advocacy and engagement

Training – 90 min

Interaction – 30 min (by preferred language)

Intermediate time zone

2 hours



3 languages (EN, ESP, FR)

Recordings are available in the event page























