

Outline of the first report of the Standing Committee on Finance on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement

A. Acknowledgement

B. Executive summary

1. Key findings.

C. Mandate and scope

2. Mandate stemming from decision 4/CP.24, paragraph 10.
3. Scope and approaches used in preparing the 2020 report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement:
 - (a) Description of the sources of information and data, time period, coverage, and how the different information and data from national, subregional, regional and global reports were categorized, aggregated and presented;
 - (b) Description of the approach taken by the SCF in determining the needs of developing country Parties;
 - (c) Other considerations taken in the preparation of the 2020 report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement, for example gender consideration, indigenous peoples, consultative process, etc.

D. Overview of available information on the needs of developing country Parties

4. Key findings.
5. Introduction.
6. Qualitative and quantitative information and data available on the needs of developing countries relating to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement, according to:
 - (a) Information and data from national reports by theme, geography and sector, for example from NDCs, NAPs, biennial update reports/national communications, technology needs assessments, country programmes developed for the GCF, the GEF and/or the Adaptation Fund, city climate action programmes, as applicable, other national climate change policies and strategies, as well as national development plans;
 - (b) Information and data from regional and subregional reports, strategies, programmes (e.g. country programmes), policies, etc., by theme, geography and sector, for example from regional and subregional reports on needs in Africa, Asia-Pacific, Eastern Europe, and Latin America and the Caribbean, including from bilateral and regional agencies and banks;

(c) Information and data from global reports, policies and programmes, by themes, geographies, sectors, etc., for example from multilateral agencies, United Nations programmes, multilateral development banks.

Boxes/case studies/visualizations.

E. Processes and approaches for determination of needs in developing country Parties

7. Key findings.
8. Introduction.
9. Institutional arrangements.
10. Country experience (e.g. boxes/case studies).

F. Underlying assumptions and methodologies used in determining the needs of developing country Parties

11. Key findings.
12. Introduction.
13. Overview of methodologies and approaches used in determining the needs of developing country Parties: indication of advantages/disadvantages/challenges of each methodology/approach.
14. Mapping of criteria and views used by countries and other stakeholders in determining the needs of developing country Parties, both in relation to goals (temperature goals or sectoral goals), with differentiation between adaptation and mitigation, and identification of common trends and views used in determining needs.

Boxes/case studies/visualizations.

G. Challenges, opportunities and gaps in determining the needs of developing country Parties

15. Key findings.
16. Introduction.
17. Information gaps and limitations.
18. Opportunities for enhancing the determination of needs.
19. Insights into determining needs with available resources (country case studies and experience).
20. Issues identified by countries and regional and multilateral institutions on concerns and obstacles faced in determining the needs of developing country Parties, as well as opportunities:

(a) For example, level of indebtedness, relevant credit worthiness, policies related to finance (co-financing requirements, results-based finance, etc.), instruments available and cost of finance;

(b) Co-benefits related to addressing the needs of developing country Parties, such as the Sustainable Development Goals, disaster risk reduction, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Addis Ababa Action Agenda.

Boxes/case studies/visualizations.

H. Annexes

I. FAQs

J. Glossary

K. References

L. List of abbreviations

M. Boxes/case studies