



How does the Humanitarian System work?

Humanitarian Principles -

Humanity
Neutrality
Impartiality
Independence

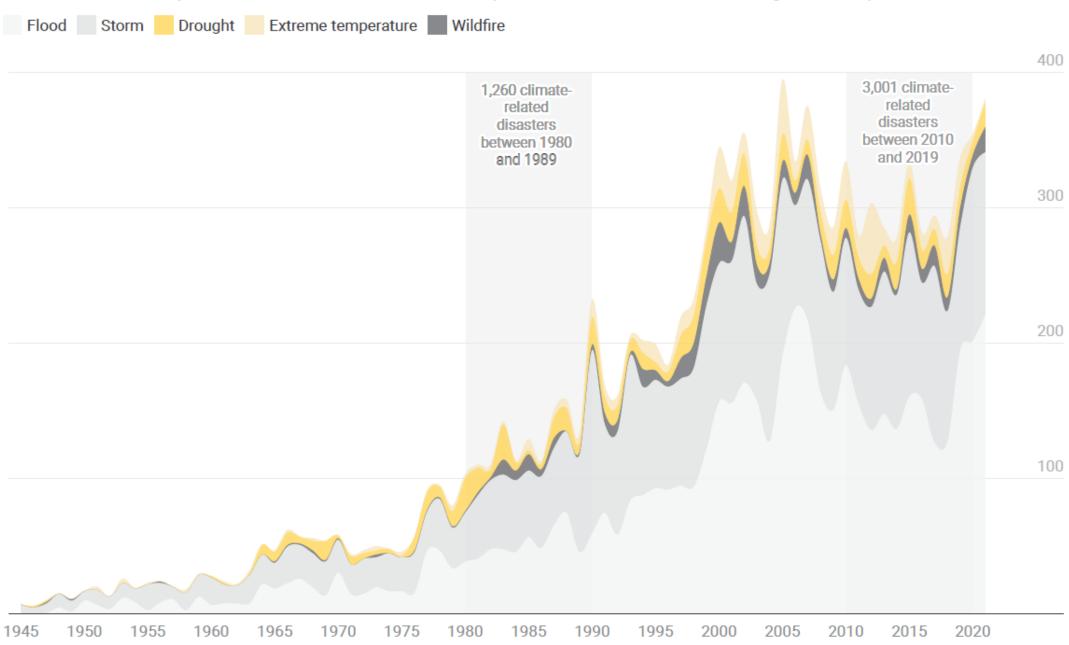
Humanitarian Action

OCHA coordinates the global emergency response to save lives and protect people in humanitarian crises

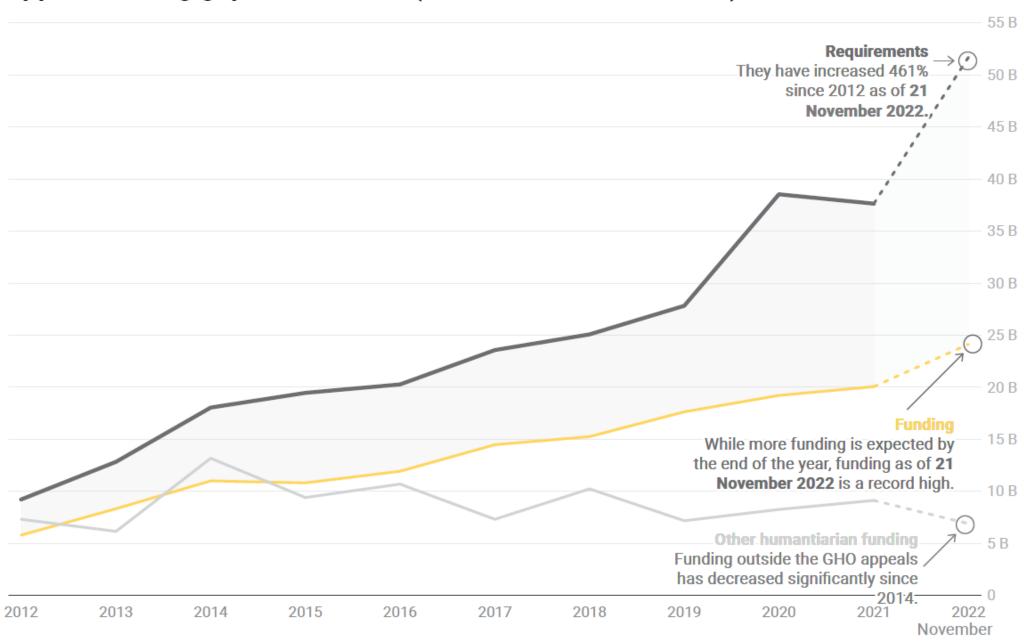


Climate-related disasters almost tripled in current decade compared to 1980s

Flood occurrences tripled, while the number of extreme-temperature was six times more during the same period.



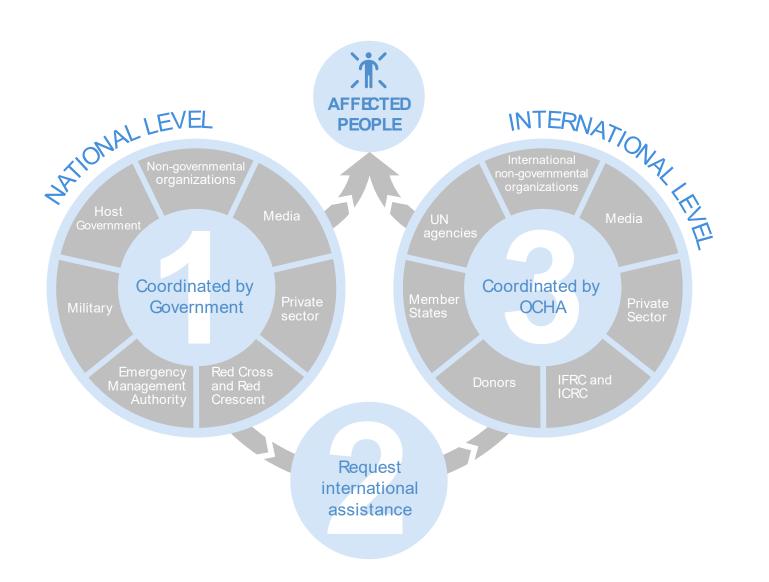
Appeal funding gap 2012 - 2022 (as of 21 November 2022)



All requirements and funding between 2012 and 2021 are as of end-year. Requirements and funding for 2022 as of 21 November.

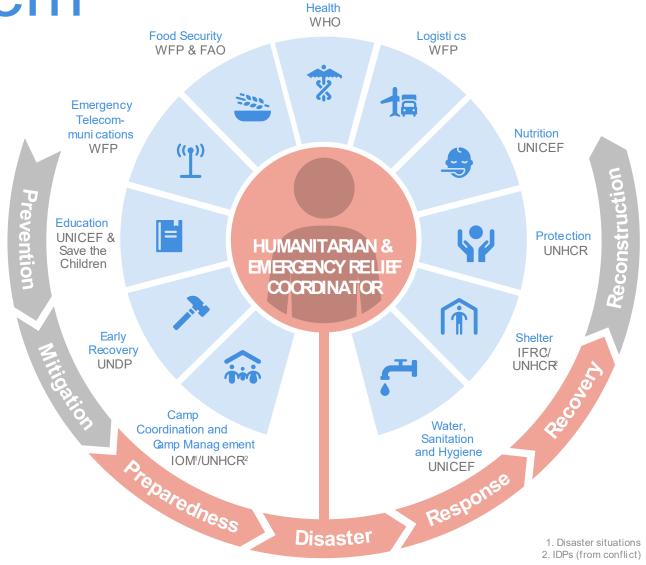
Key Actors

Humanitarian actors assist
Governments in mobilizing
international assistance when
the scale of a disaster exceeds
the national capacity
for response.



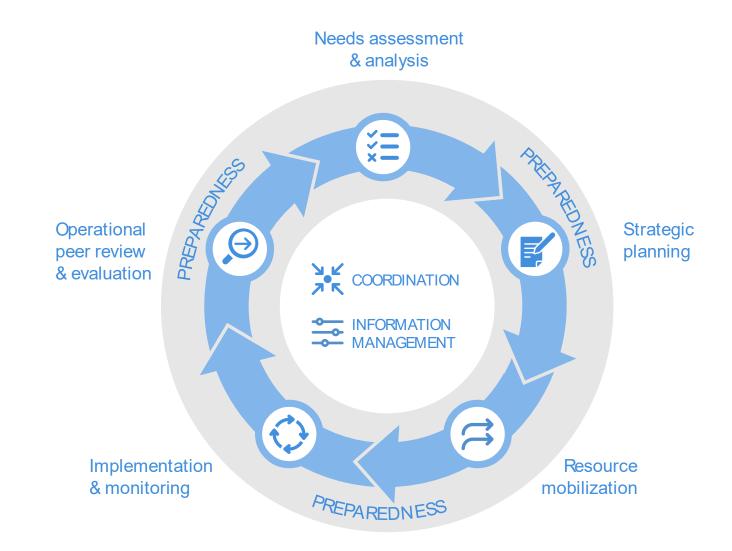
The Cluster System

The cluster system aims to strengthen humanitarian assistance in emergencies by clarifying the division of labour among aid organizations.

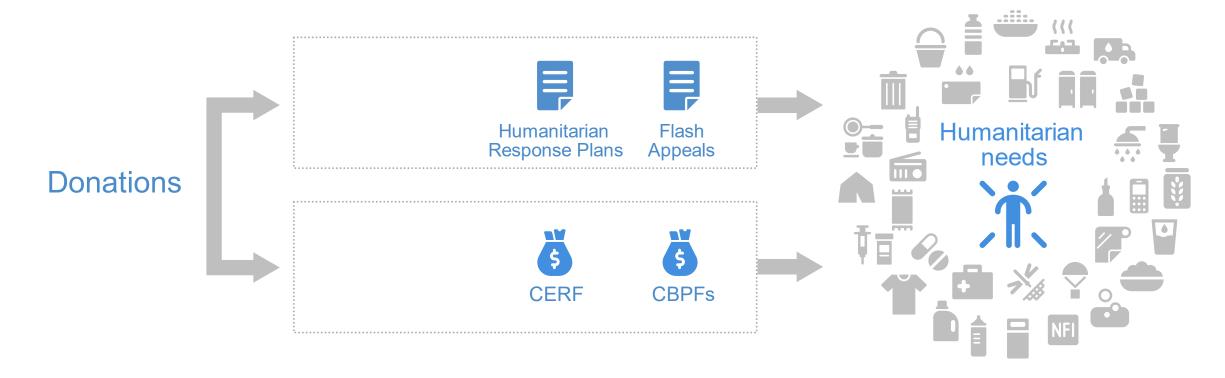


Humanitarian Programme Cycle

The Humanitarian Programme Cycle sets out the sequence of actions that should be taken to prepare for, plan, manage, deliver and monitor collective humanitarian responses.

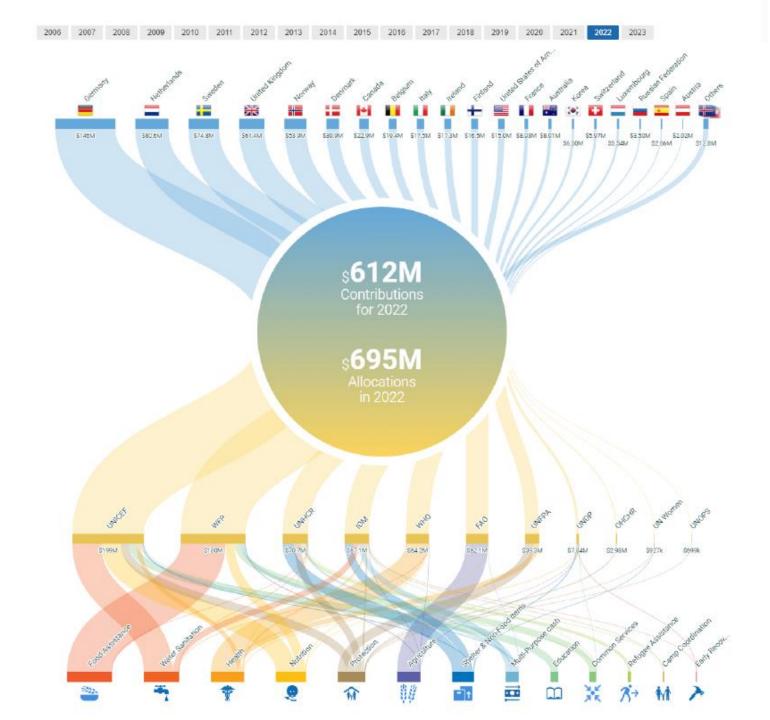


Humanitarian Financing

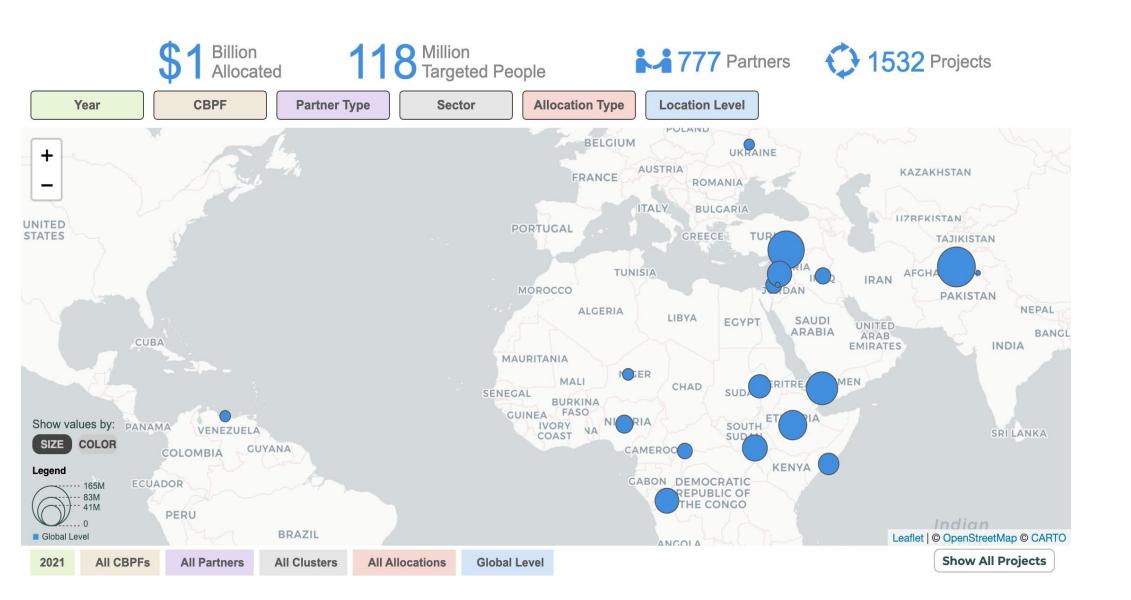


Central Emergencies Response Fund

- \$695m allocations 2022
- Focus on life saving, "activities that remedy, mitigate and avert harm"
- prioritize most vulnerable, using principles of humanity, neutrality and impartiality
- Can be fast
- Multisectoral



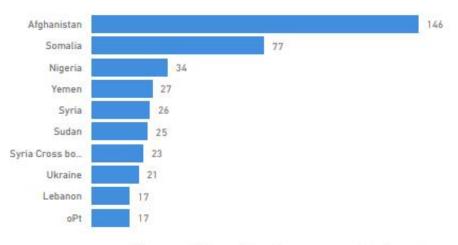
Country-based Pooled Funds - 2021



1294 Projects in 2022 497
Responding to Climate

20 Countries Covered

Projects Responding to Climate by Country



Climate Adaptation Responses (Projects)



Humanitarian Action relevant to Adaptation (CBPF, 2022)



Response to Typhoon Rai Philippines



FIRST LANDFALL

Super Typhoon Rai first landfall, to central-southern Philippines (Visayas and Mindanao Islands) with sustained winds of 195km/h and gustiness of 260km/h

16 DECEMBER



RAPID ASSESSMENTS

Rapid assessments undertaken within the first 72 hours of disaster onset confirm widespread devastation.

19 DECEMBER



DESTRUCTION OF HOUSES

1.7 million houses are damaged with 415.000 destroved across six regions in the Typhoon's path, including houses built with concrete.

23 DECEMBER



COVID-19 SURGE

From the week of 20 December a major surge of COVID-19 saw weekly case numbers go to all time high of 273.600 cases in the week of 19 January JANUARY 2022



CERF HIGH LEVEL MISSION

High-level mission was conducted to CERF sites in Caraga Region (9-11 March) and Southern Levte (14-16 March) to take stock of the initial progress and remaining gaps MARCH



NATIONAL ELECTION

Most of the humanitarian activities were on hold due to the election ban 45 days before election

MAY

10 DECEMBER 2021



HCT STORM MONITORING

HCT started monitoring the formation of a new weather system over the Pacific Ocean.

18 DECEMBER



RAI EXITED THE PHILIPPINES

Rai exited the Philippines Area of Responsibility as the strongest storm to hit Mindanao in 10 years and the third ever strongest recorded storm in the Northern

Hemisphere.

21 DECEMBER

THE STATE OF CALAMITY DECLARATION

The Government declared the state of calamity in Region IV-B (MIMAROPA), VI (Western Visayas). VII (Central Visayas). VIII (Eastern Visayas), X (Northern Mindanao) and XIII (Caraga) for a period of one year.

33 rapid assessments been conducted to inform the response plan.

The Secretary of Foreign Affairs invited the Resident Coordinator/Humanit arian Coordinator to support people in the most affected areas.

HUMANITARIAN NEEDS AND PRIORITIES (HNP) LAUNCH

24 DECEMBER

The Humanitarian Needs and Priorities document asks for US\$107.2 million to respond to the most urgent humanitarian needs for the next six months, prioritizing life-saving and protection programmes, focusing on most vulnerable groups targeting 530,000 people in the worst affected areas



24 JANUARY

REVISED CONSOLIDATED HUMANITARIAN ASSESSMENT

Revision of consolidated assessment to include updated information and assessment reports.



NEEDS AND PRIORITIES (HNP) REVISIONS LAUNCH

1 FEBRUARY

Revised HNP was launched, targeting 840,000 people and asking for US\$169 Million to respond to the most urgent needs based on updated assessment information



TROPICAL CYCLONE MEGI/AGATON

APRIL

Tropical Storm Megi/Agaton affected across many of the same areas affected by TY Rai/Odette. causing floods and landslides

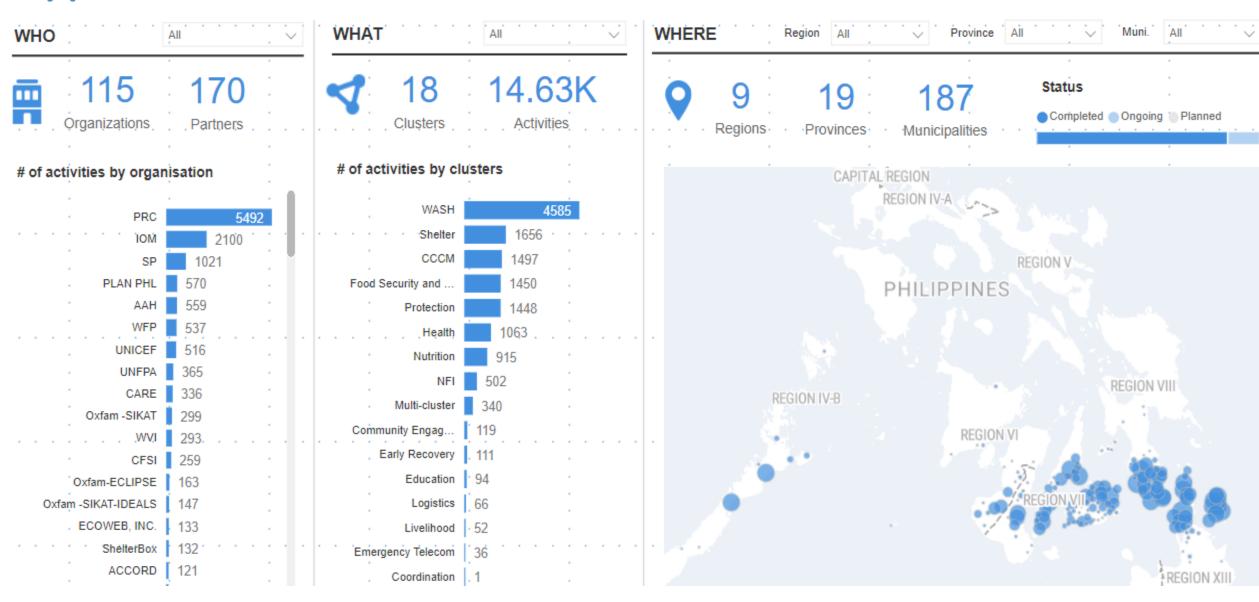


JUNE

CERF AFTER ACTION REVIEW

CERF AAR was held in Southern Levte and Caraga bringing together key government and non-government partners and CERF implementing agencies.

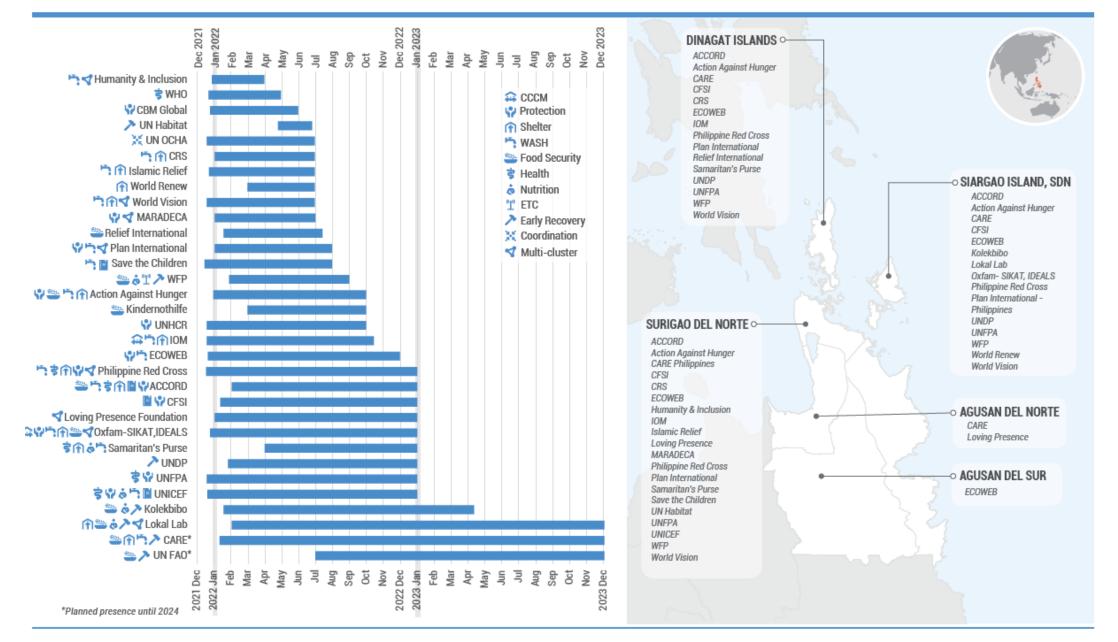
Typhoon Rai Who What Where



PHILIPPPINES

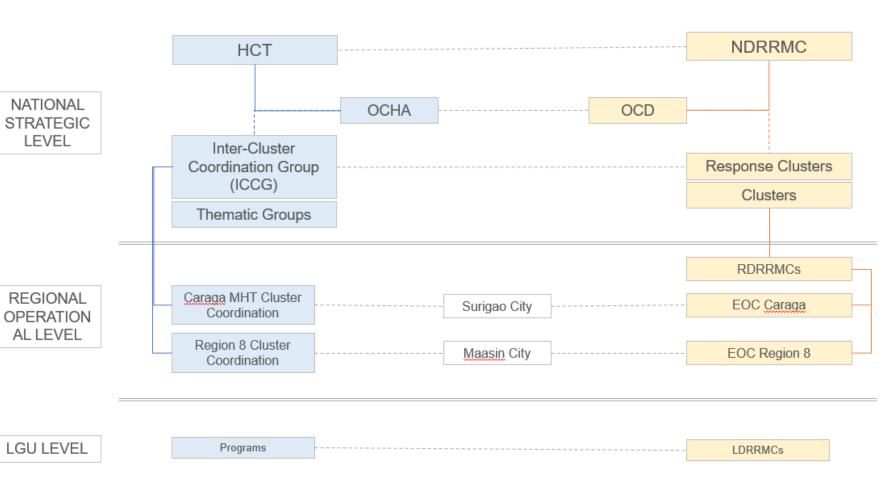
Organizations' Operational Presence in Caraga for Typhoon Rai/Odette Response

As of 14 June 2022



OVERVIEW OF COORDINATION ARRANGEMENTS

The HCT is supporting Government capacity in Caraga (Surigao City) and in Region VIII (Maasin City).

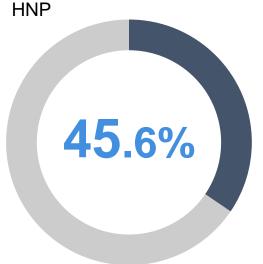


Typhoon Rai HNP funding (in US\$)

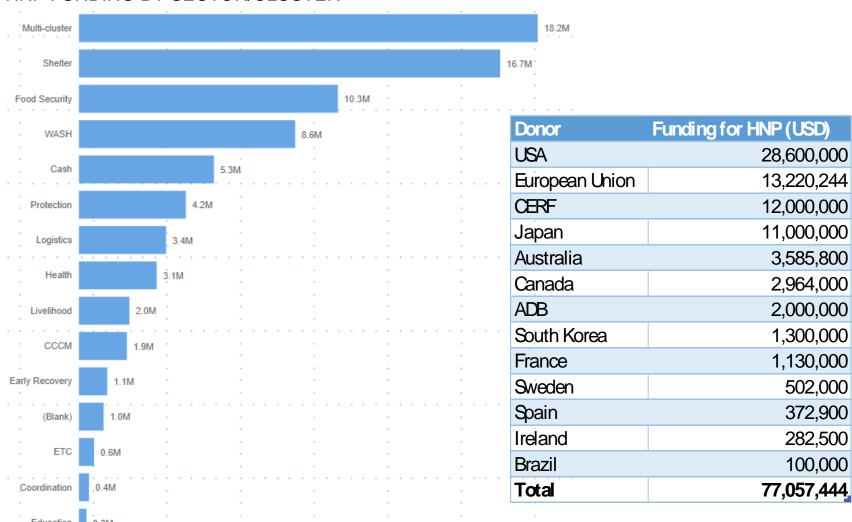


\$77.1M

FUNDING IDENTIFIED WITHIN

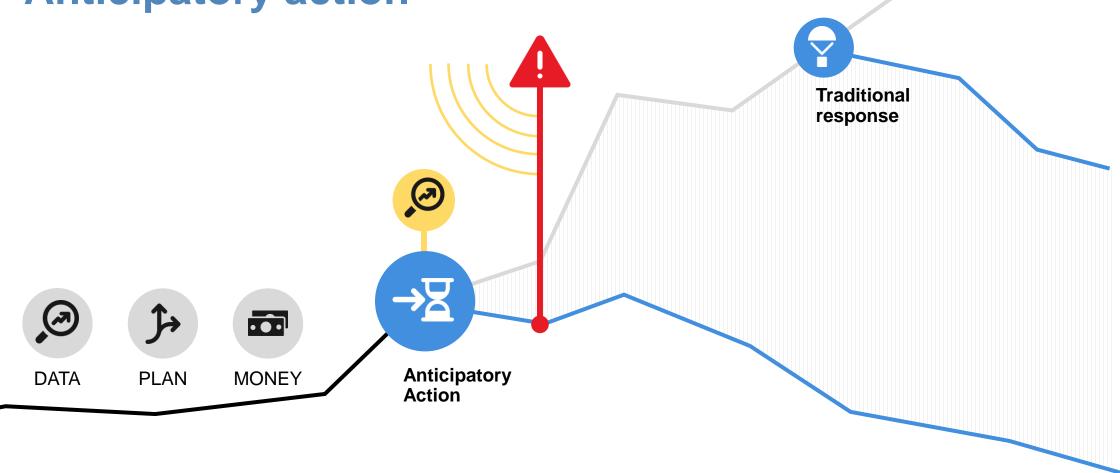


HNP FUNDING BY SECTOR/CLUSTER

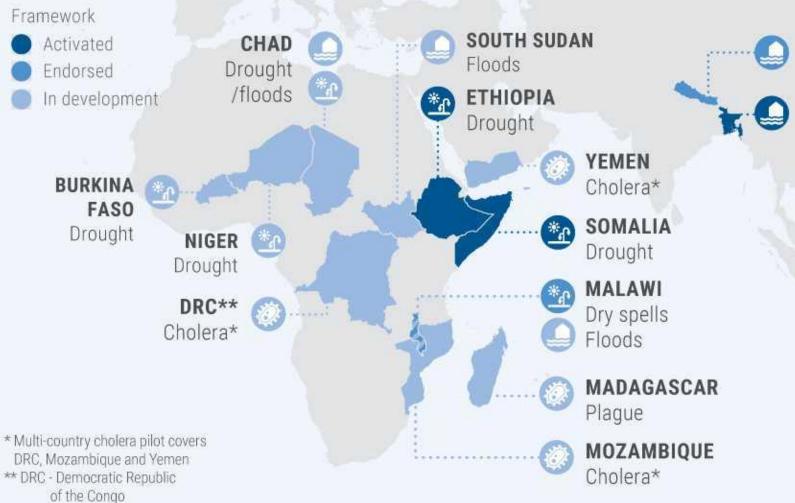


Funding figures includes commitments and pledges from

Anticipatory action



OCHA-facilitated anticipatory action portfolio









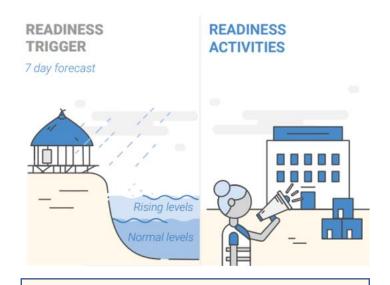
Anticipatory Action in Western Nepal

BACKGROUND:

- The framework for floods in Nepal was endorsed by the ERC in October 2021 for a period of two years.
- The framework covers flood-prone areas in the West and East independently:
 - Trigger thresholds are monitored and can activate independently
 - Split funding envelope: \$3.2m for the West | \$3.35 for the East
 - Tailored and thus slightly different activity packages

Western Nepal

READINESS:



STAGE I: READINESS TRIGGER

The GloFAS 7-day forecast predicts a 70% likelihood of water levels exceeding 6,300 m3/s

- On **02 October**, the pre-determined waterflow threshold to activate the **readiness** trigger is met.
- The Resident Coordinator informs stakeholders of the trigger activation
- CERF immediately releases \$3.2 million for three preapproved projects by UNFPA, WFP and UN Women
- As per the framework, <u>agencies are initially only authorized</u> to spend a small portion of the funds for critical readiness activities

Western Nepal

ACTIVATION:



STAGE II: ACTION TRIGGER

Either the GloFAS 3-day forecast predicts a 70% likelihood of water levels exceeding 6,300 m3/s or water levels exceed the government-defined danger level AND DHM issues a flood warning bulletin for the affected area

- On **07 October**, the pre-agreed conditions to activate the action trigger are met.
- The Resident Coordinator informs stakeholders of the trigger activation
- Agencies are <u>authorized to use the entire funding amount</u> to implement a pre-agreed action plan
- Agencies distribute cash, hygiene, dignity and health kits, communicate early warning messages and facilitate access to critical health and protection services

AID LOCALIZATION

- HNP with a strong emphasis on localization as an implementation strategy
- CERF requirement of 25% to local NGOs
- Emergency Cash Grant by the RC/HC to a local NGO in Palawan for cash interventions and coordination of local NGOs; OCHA providing capacity building
- MS Briefing in NY and Geneva local NGO representative a speaker at the

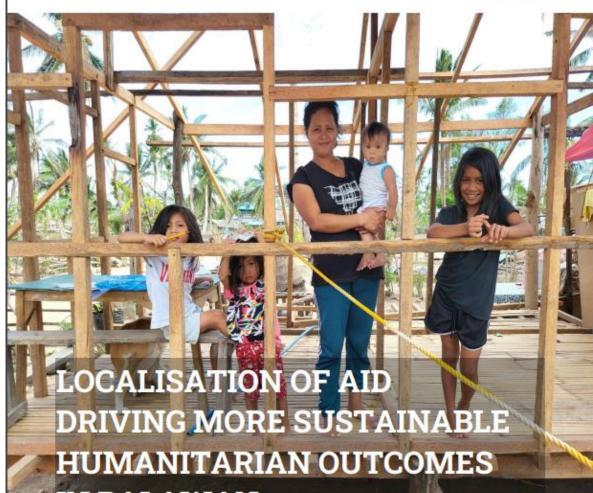
LOCALISATION OF AID ERIVING MORE SUSTAINABLE HUMANITARIA!

PALAWEÑOS HELPING PALAWEÑOS



ISSUED 18 MAY 2022

Phone (ICHA/Norl Victoria)





OCHA coordinates the global emergency response to save lives and protect people in humanitarian crises. We advocate for effective and principled humanitarian action by all for all.

For more information

unocha.org reliefweb.int

To make a donation crisisrelief.un.org/