## What are the climate finance needs and priorities in countries and across the region?

Overview of the needs of Arab States

Technical Workshop on Climate Finance for Finance Experts in the Arab region Headquarters of the League of Arab States, Cairo, Egypt

12-13 February 2020



## Outline

- Key messages
- 2. Overview of national reports under the UNFCCC
- 3. Processes for needs assessment
- Overview of qualitative and quantitative information submitted
- 5. Quantitative information on needs
  - 1. Total
  - 2. By thematic area
  - 3. By sector
- 6. Qualitative information on needs
  - 1. Total
  - 2. By thematic area
  - 3. By sector
- 7. Capacity-building needs



- Needs are identified in the context of sustainable development and addressing key risks and vulnerabilities faced in the region.
- Total needs communicated by Arab States amount to USD 176.26-199.29 billion<sup>1</sup>; of the total amount, USD about 120 billion is identified by two countries (Egypt and Morocco).
- Priority areas for adaptation and adaptation with mitigation cobenefits are water, agriculture, coastal zones and health.
- Priority areas for mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits are energy, waste and transport
- Key considerations:
  - Varying timeframes (ranging between 2012 to 2020-2040)
  - Limited data set

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sources: National Adaptation Plans (NAPs), Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs), Technology Needs Assessments (TNAs), Technology Action Plans (TAPs), Biennial Update Reports (BURs), National communications (NCs)



Biennial Update Reports (BURs)

Reporting on climate actions, including assessment of

gaps and needs

Every two years

Submitted by 9 Arab States (Intended)
Nationally
Determined
Contributions
((I)NDCs)

Mitigation and adaptation actions Parties intend to undertake

Needs required for implementation

Submitted by 21 Arab States Technology
Needs
Assessments
(TNAs) &
Technology
Action Plans
(TAPs)

Assessment of technology needs for mitigation and adaptation

Action Plans

Submitted by 5 Arab States National Adaptation Plans (NAPs)

> Assessment of Adaptation needs and priorities in the mediumand longterm

Submitted by 2 Arab States

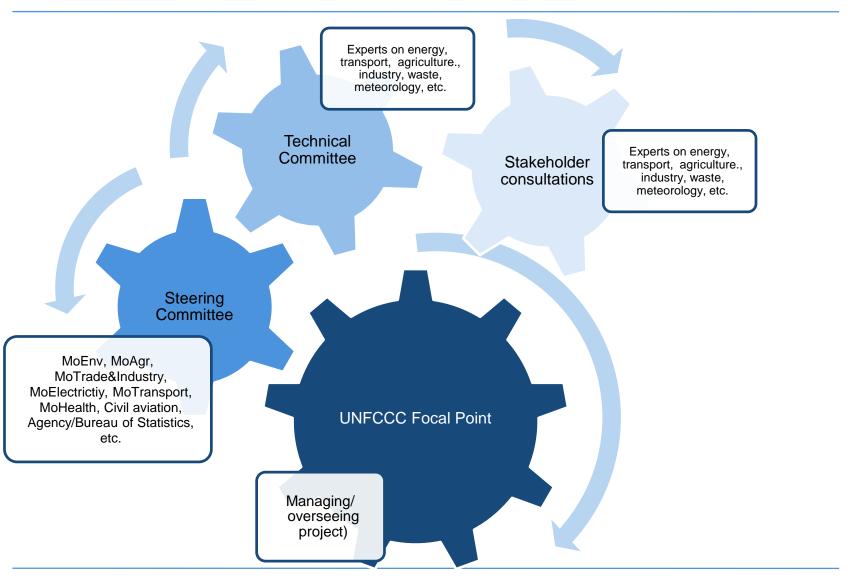
National Communications (NCs)

Report on climate actions incl. gaps and needs

Every four years

Submitted by 21 Arab States



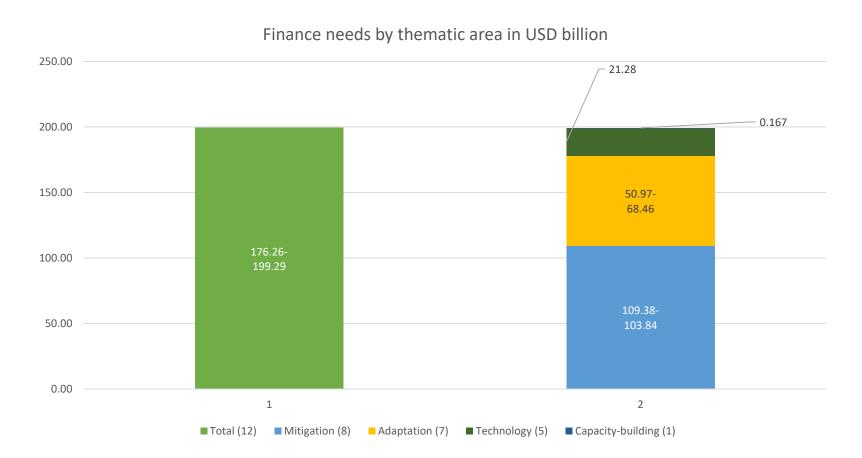




## Overview of information analyzed: Qualitative (number of countries) and quantitative (USD) information on needs

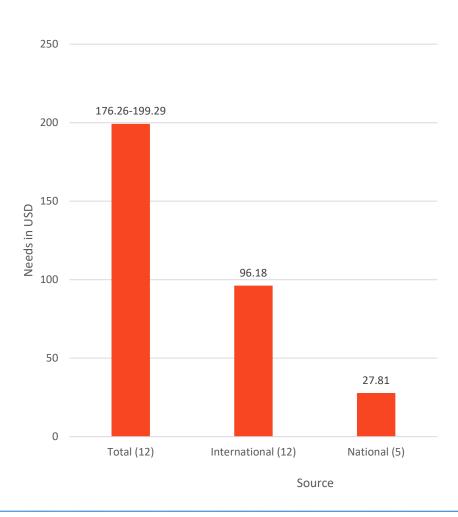
Total needs	Total needs	Qualitative	21
		Quantitative	12
Sources	Differentiated between international and national sources	Qualitative	5
		Quantitative	5
Theme	Adaptation and adaptation with mitigation co-benefits	Qualitative	18
		Quantitative	7
	Mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits	Qualitative	21
		Quantitative	8
	Technology needs	Qualitative	5
		Quantitative	5
	Technology needs for adaptation and adaptation with mitigation cobenefits	Qualitative	5
		Quantitative	4
	Technology needs for mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits	Qualitative	5
		Quantitative	3
Sectors	Adaptation and adaptation with mitigation co-benefits	Qualitative	18
		Quantitative	5
	Mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits	Qualitative	21
		Quantitative	5
	Technology needs	Qualitative	5
		Quantitative	4

Needs amount to USD 176.26 -199.29 billion, where USD 85 billion is needed by Morocco and USD 73 billion by Egypt.





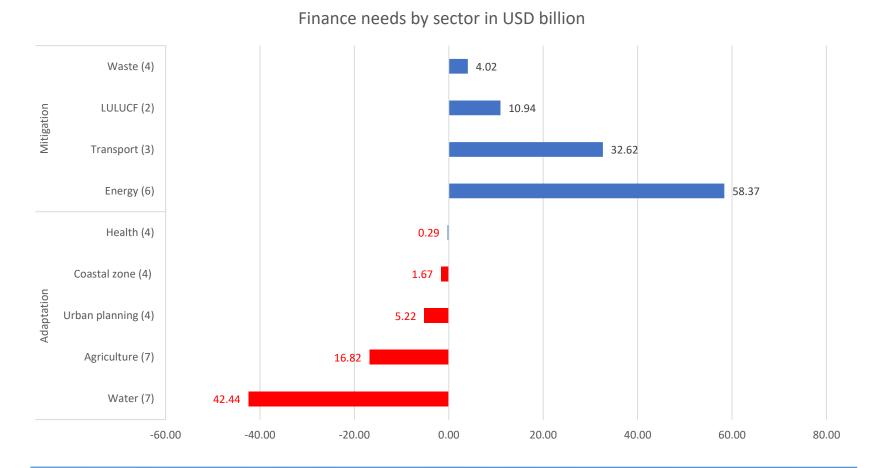




- Of the 12 states, 5 states differentiated between national and international sources to address their needs.
- Of the total USD 176.26-199.29 billion, USD 96.18 billion is expected to come from multilateral and bilateral sources.
- USD 27.81 is envisaged to come from national sources.

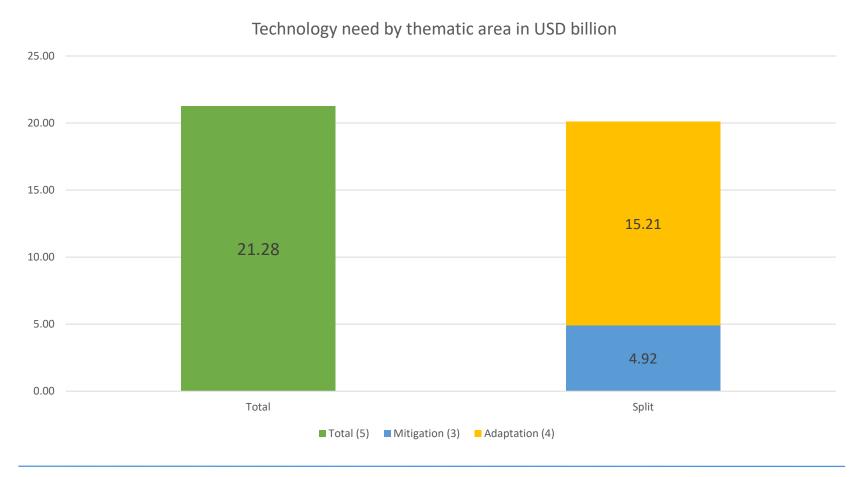


12 states identified finance needs, 8 States costed needs for mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits and 7 adaptation and adaptation with mitigation co-benefits.



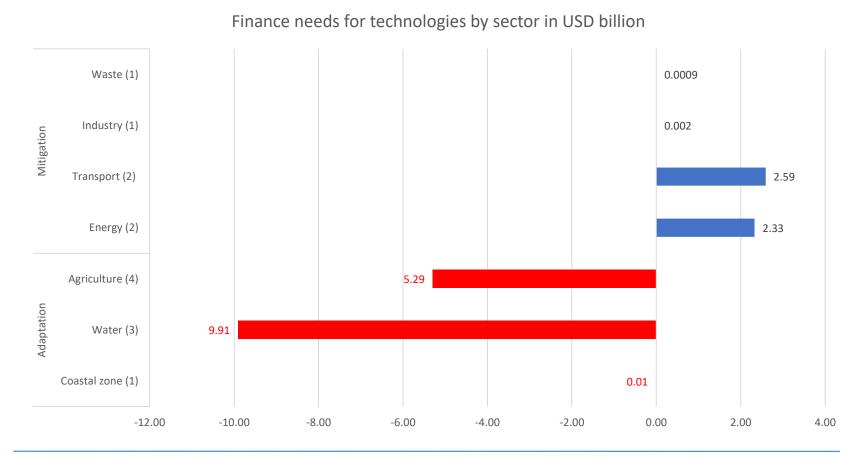


Finance needs for technology were identified and costed in 5 TNAs and TAPs, amounting to USD 21.28 billion, where USD 15.21 billion are needed for adaptation and USD 4.92 billion for mitigation technologies.

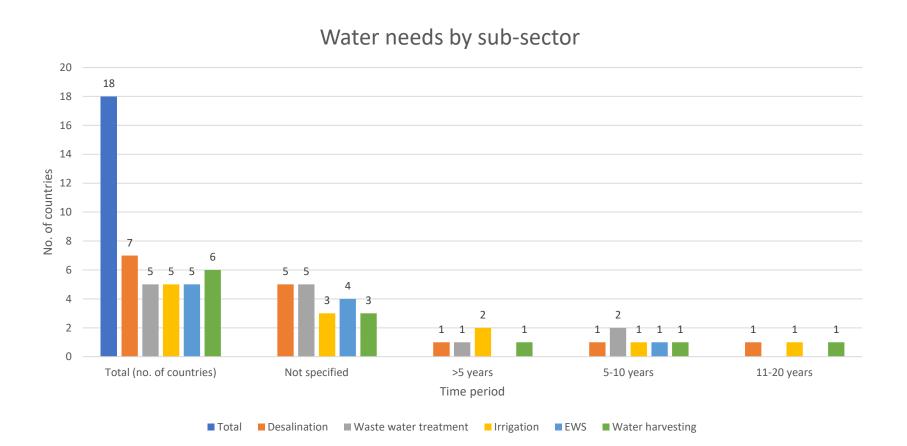




Of 5 states identified finance needs, 4 states costed needs for mitigation and economic diversification with mitigation co-benefits and 3 adaptation and adaptation with mitigation co-benefits.

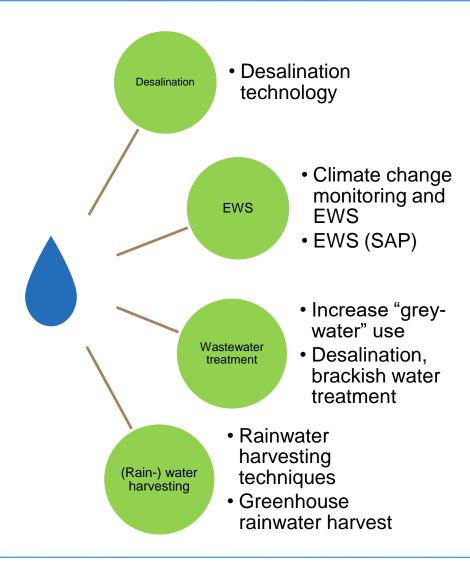




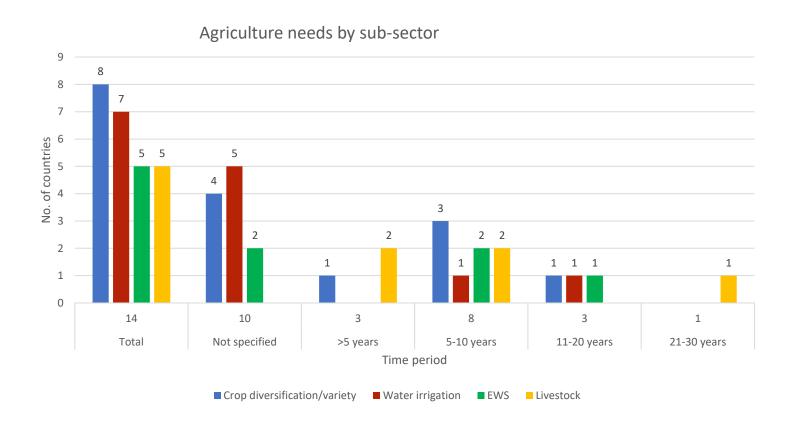


18 States identified priorities at the sub-sector level, identifying desalination, waste water treatment, irrigation, EWS, and water harvesting as priority sub-sectors for the water sector.



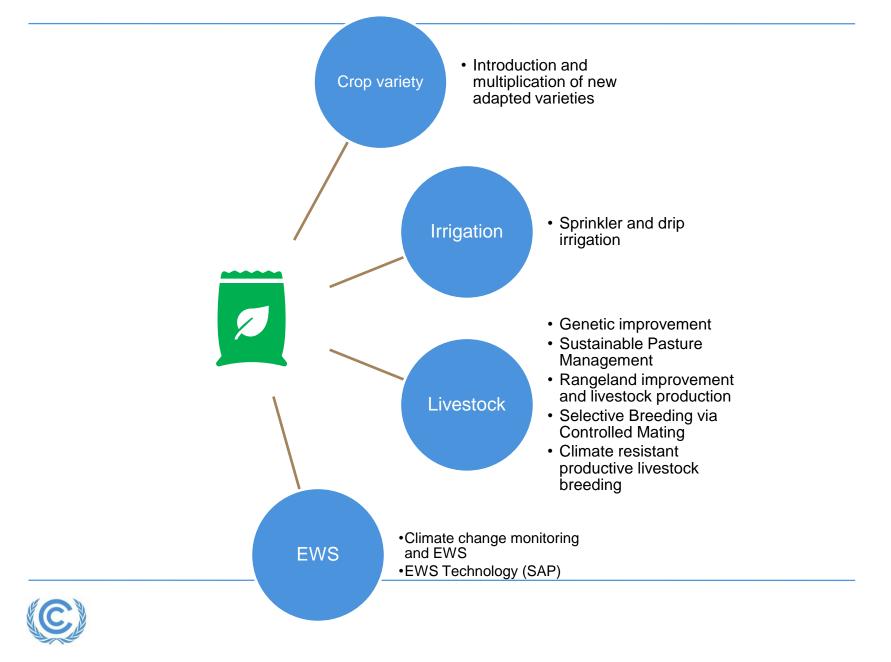


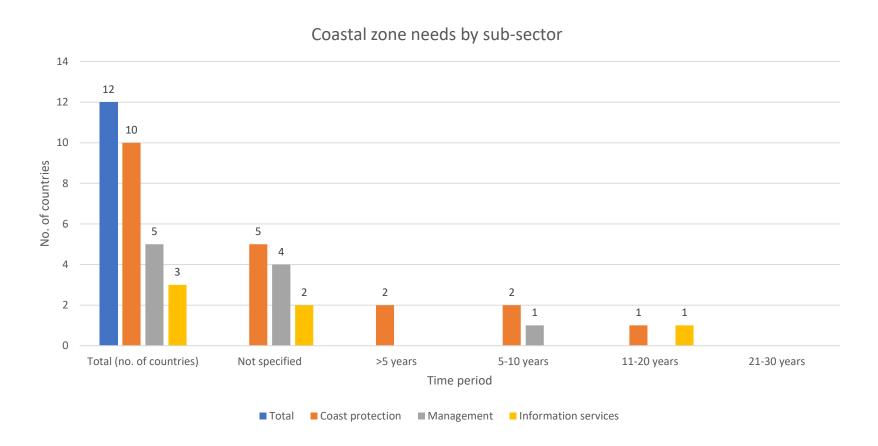




14 States identified crop diversification, water irrigation, early warning systems and livestock protection as priority sub-sectors for the agriculture sector.

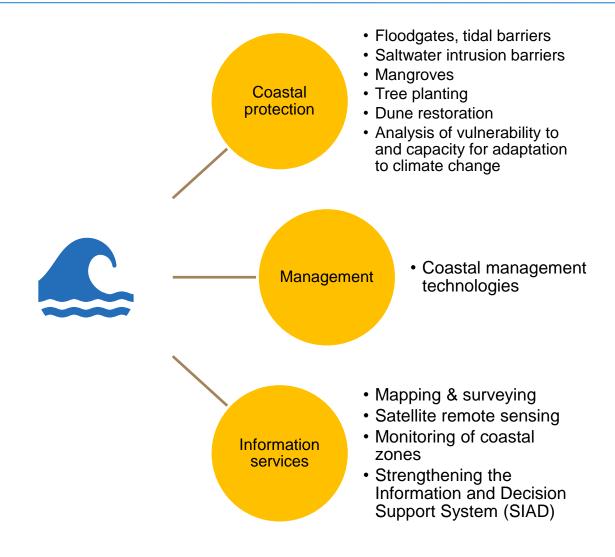




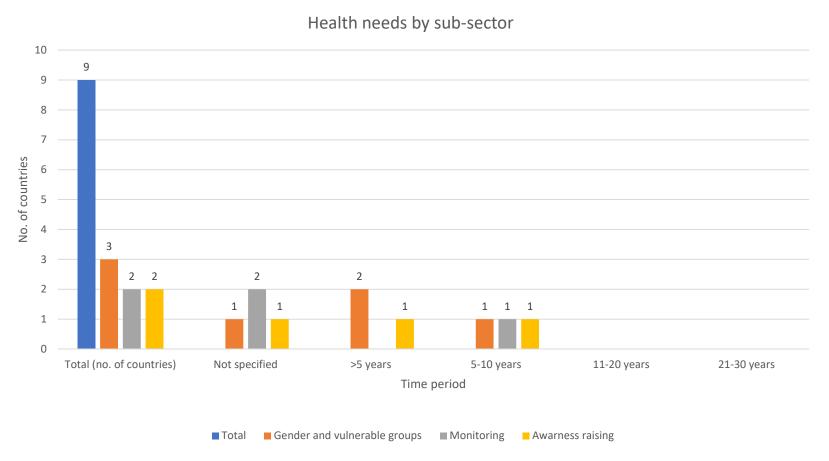


12 States identified coastal zone coastal protection, management and information services as priority sub-sectors for coastal zones.



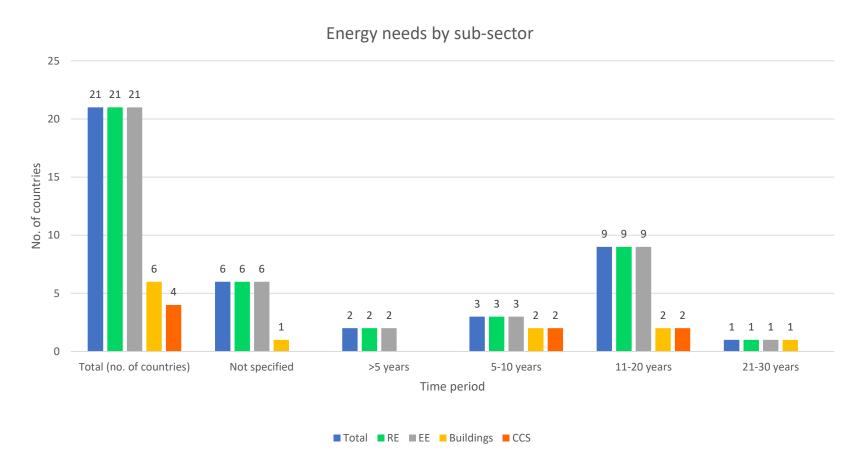






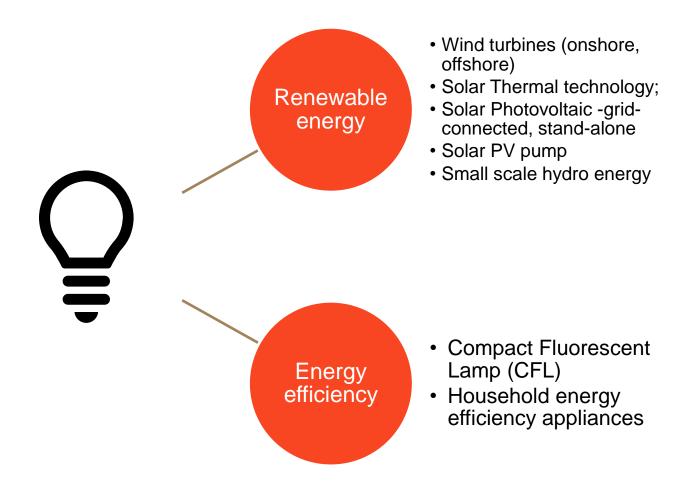
9 States identified Gender and vulnerable groups, monitoring and EWS as priority sub-sectors for health.



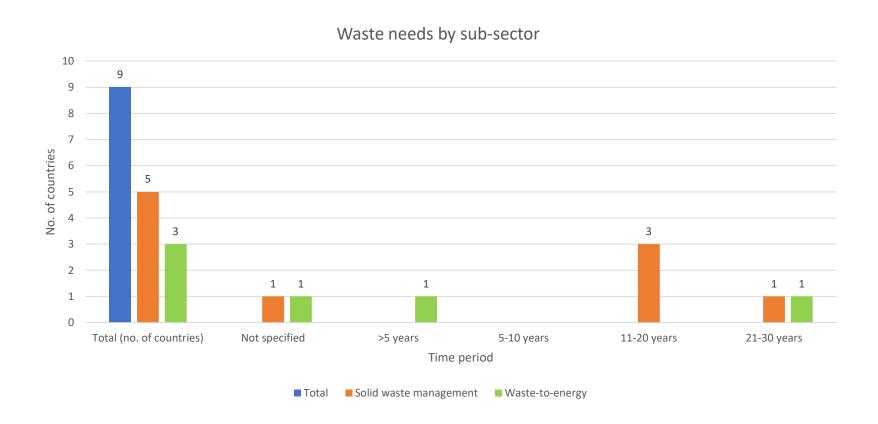


21 countries identified energy efficiency and renewable energy as priority sub-sectors, 6 buildings and 4 CCS



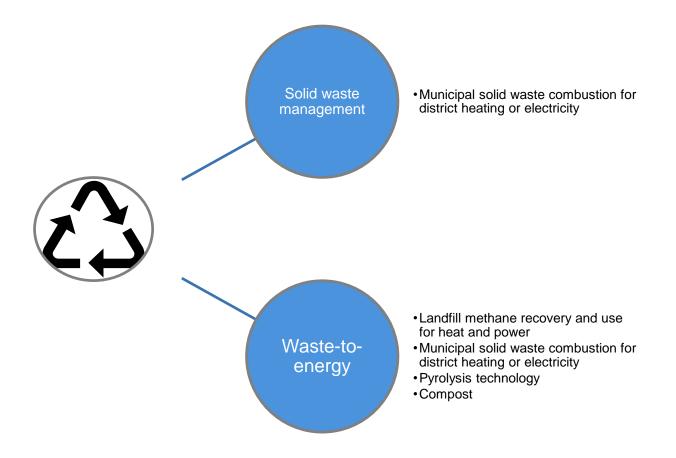






9 States identified needs at the sub-sectoral level for waste, of which 5 states identified solid waste management and 3 waste-to-energy as a major need.









12 States provided information on transport needs at the sub-sectoral level, identifying modal shift, energy saving and fuel switch as main areas of needs.



