



Progress in the process to formulate and implement national adaptation plans

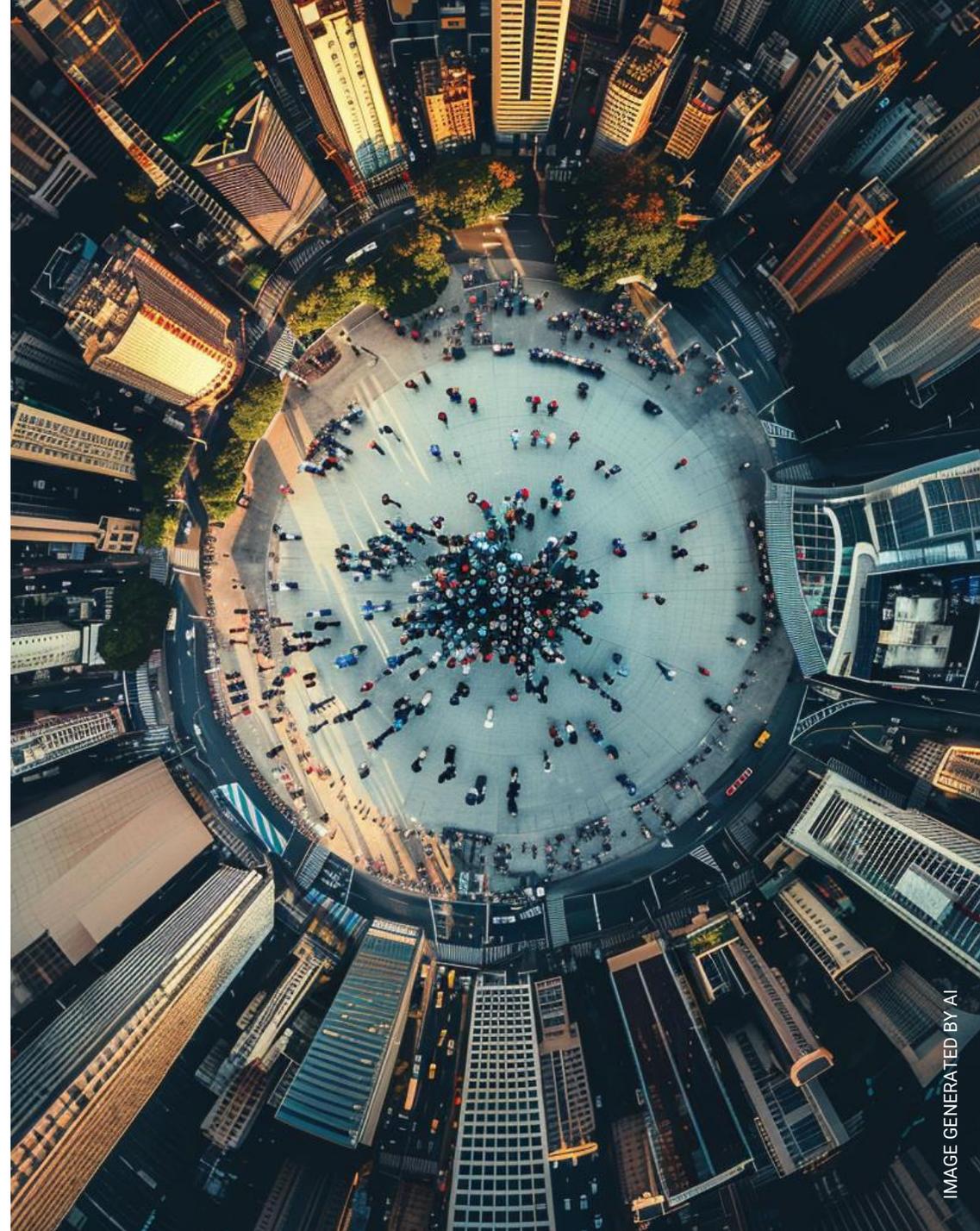
Least Developed Countries Expert Group
November 2024



Mandate and background

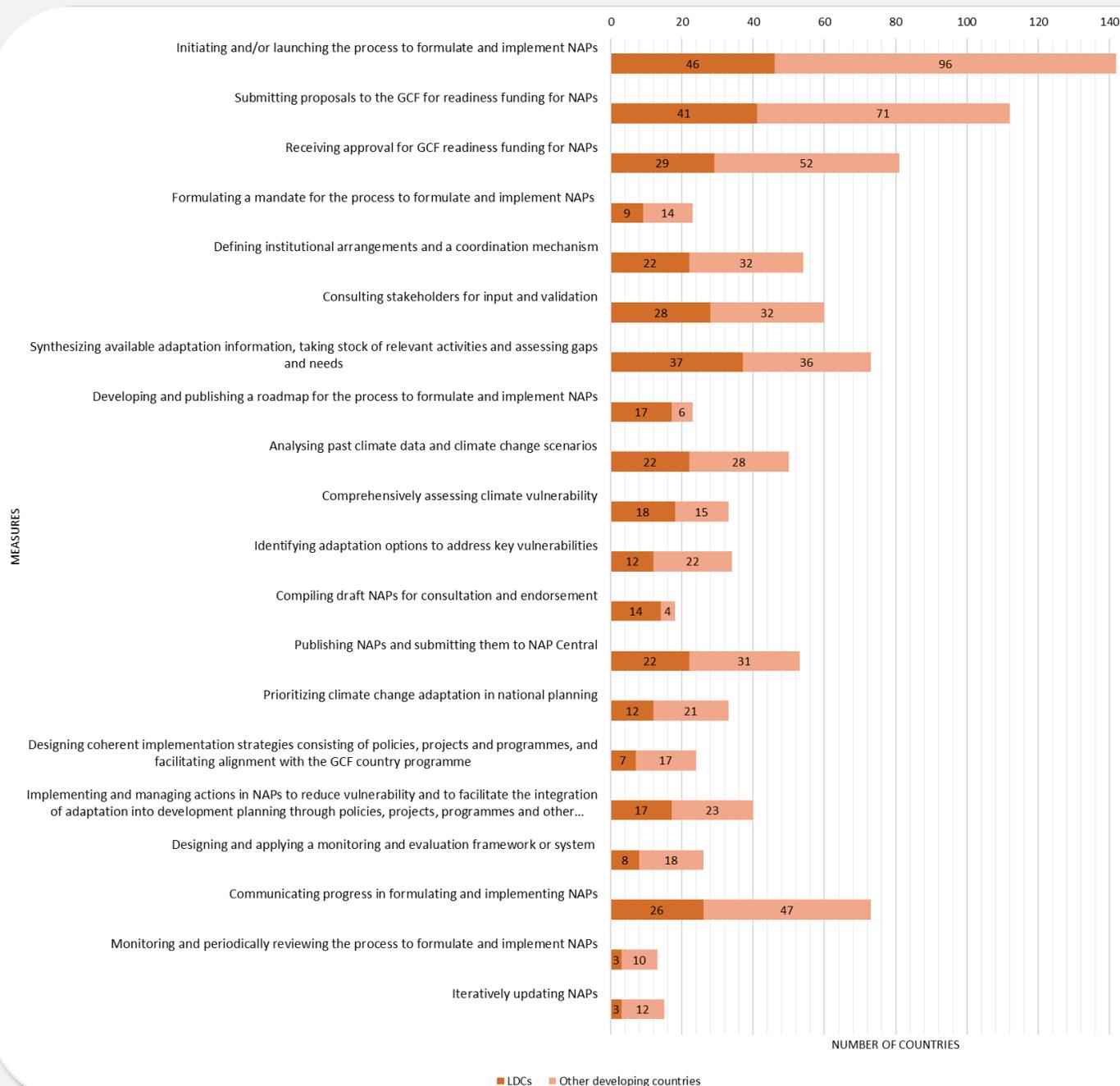
The LEG, in the context of its mandate to provide technical guidance and support on NAPs, included the **preparation of annual progress reports** on the process to formulate and implement NAPs in its **work programme for 2024–2025** .

Since 2014, the LEG has compiled information on progress in the process to formulate and implement NAPs. The information is published annually with a view to **assisting the SBI in assessing progress in the process to formulate and implement NAPs**.





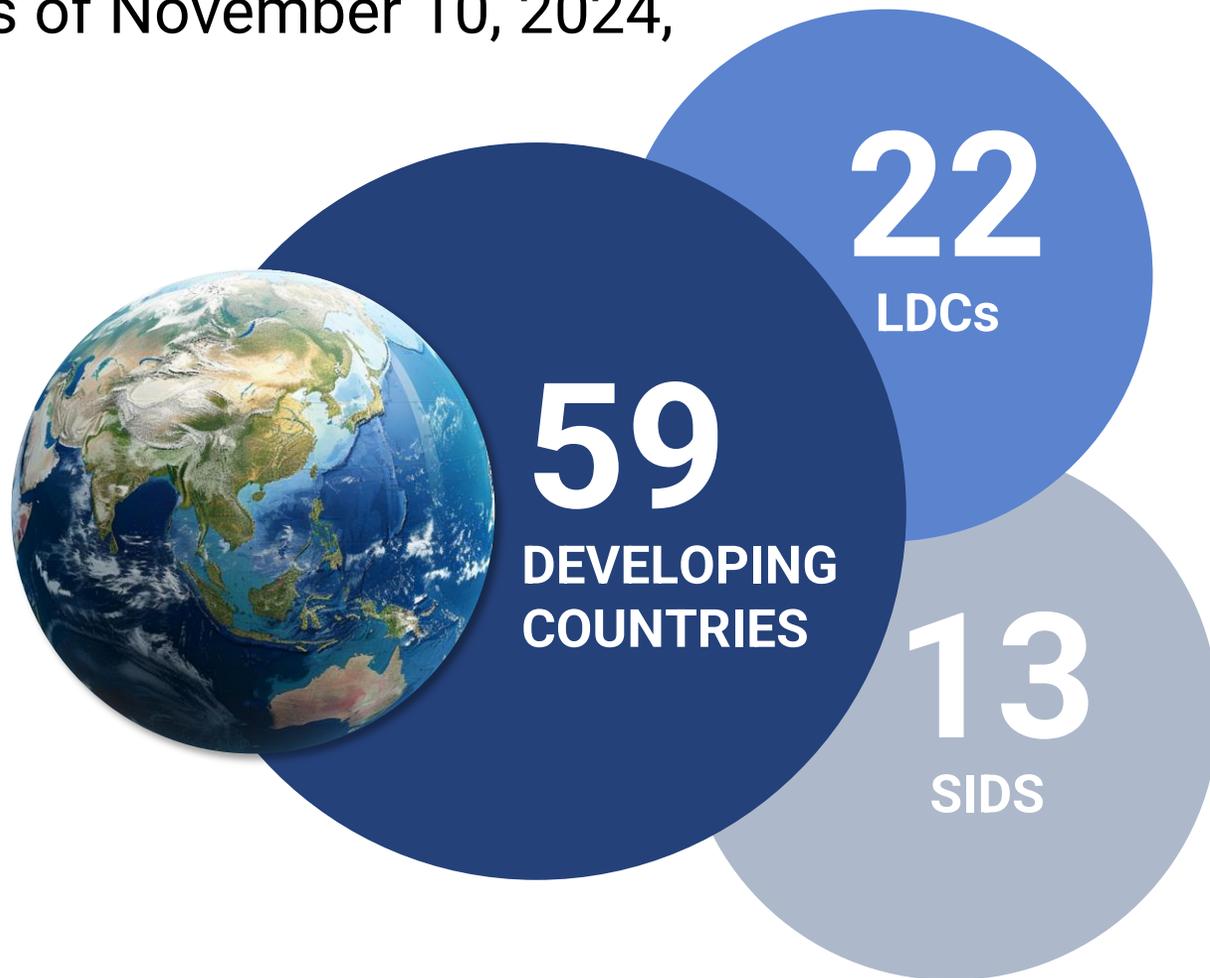
Measures undertaken by developing countries in the process to formulate and implement NAPs as at 4 October 2024





Progress in formulating NAPs

As of November 10, 2024,



had developed and submitted their NAPs.

2 developed countries submitted NAPs to the UNFCCC.

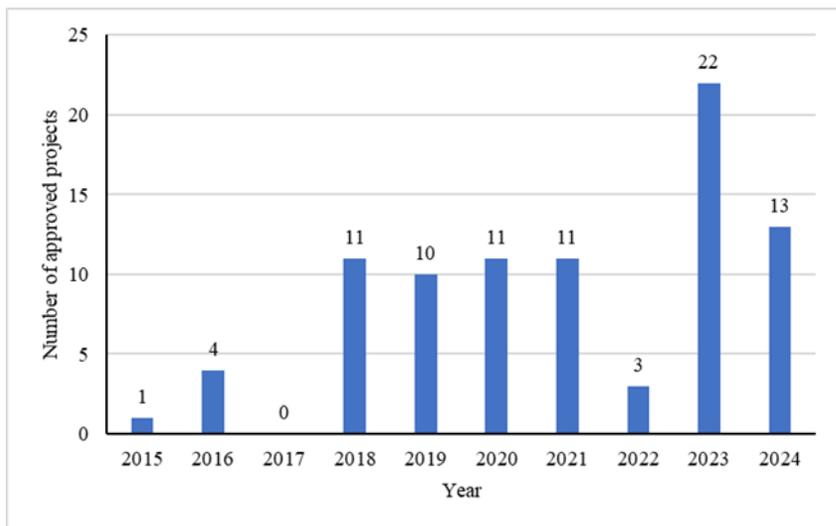
Some countries submitted sectoral NAPs.

Ten NAPs of developing countries have been submitted since the 2023 note. In 2024, no NAP submitted from LDCs

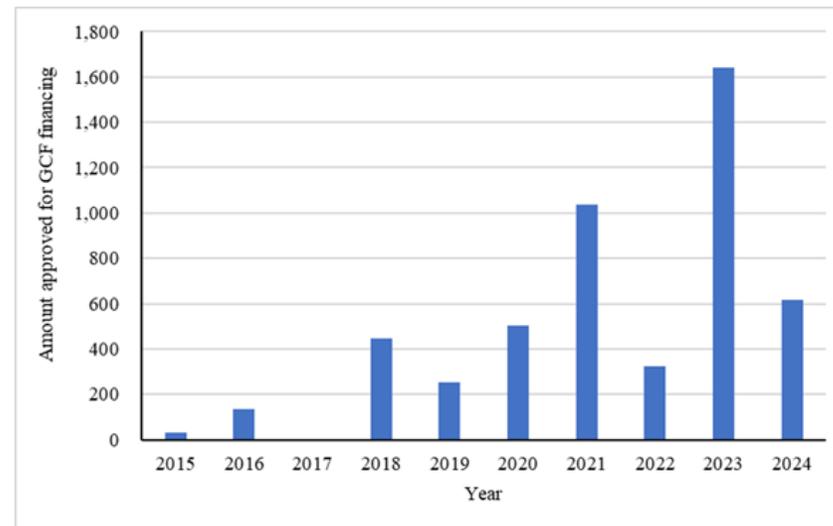
Progress in implementing policies, projects and programmes identified in NAPs

- As at 23 September 2024, of the **58 countries with submitted NAPs**, **50 had a total of 86 single- and multi-country projects** (both adaptation and cross-cutting in nature) approved for implementation under the GCF that explicitly mention and align with the priorities in the NAPs.

Adaptation and cross-cutting projects of the developing countries with submitted NAPs approved by the GCF since 2015, as at 23 September 2024



Adaptation and cross-cutting projects of the developing countries with submitted NAPs financed by the GCF since 2015, as at 23 September 2024 (Millions of United States dollars)



Note: The figures include only the 86 projects that explicitly mention and align with the NAPs



Progress in achieving the objectives of the process to formulate and implement NAPs

OBJECTIVE 1: REDUCING VULNERABILITY TO THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE BY BUILDING ADAPTIVE CAPACITY AND RESILIENCE

The most common climate hazards identified are:



Drought



Sea level rise



Flooding



Heat wave



Increasing air temperature



Shifting precipitation patterns

- Most countries are implementing the adaptation actions identified in their NAP on a project-by-project basis.
- There is little evidence to show whether the interventions have reduced the vulnerability of people or systems.



Progress in achieving the objectives of the process to formulate and implement NAPs

OBJECTIVE 1: REDUCING VULNERABILITY TO THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE BY BUILDING ADAPTIVE CAPACITY AND RESILIENCE

Several NAPS covered all seven thematic targets of the GGA



Water



Agriculture and food systems



Health and well being



Ecosystems



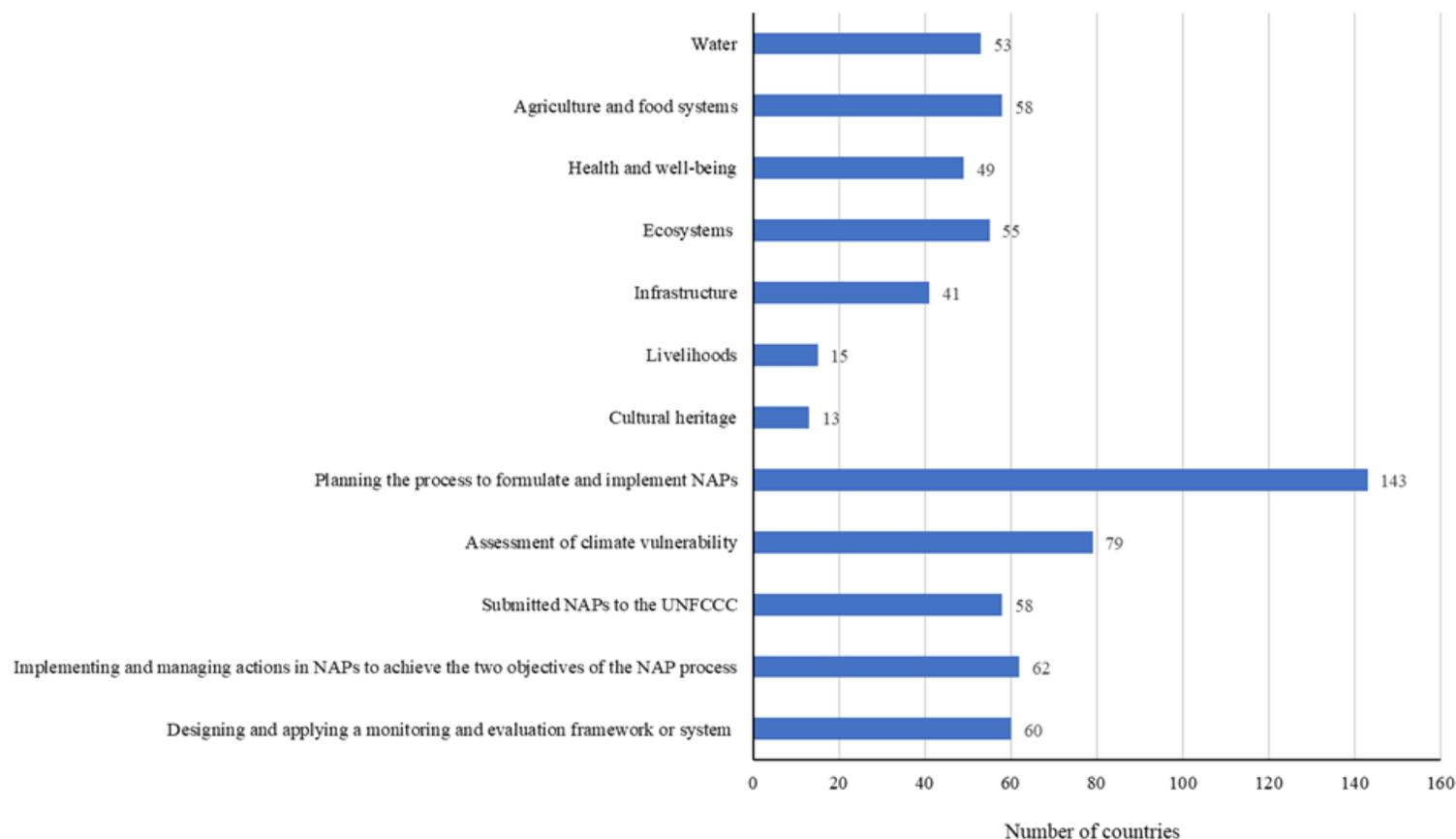
Infrastructure



Livelihoods



Cultural heritage



Many many countries are addressing the dimensional targets.

- Planning
- Assessment
- Implementation
- Monitoring, evaluation and learning



Progress in achieving the objectives of the process to formulate and implement NAPs

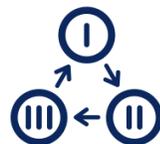
OBJECTIVE 2: FACILITATING THE INTEGRATION OF CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION, IN A COHERENT MANNER, INTO RELEVANT NEW AND EXISTING POLICIES, PROGRAMMES AND ACTIVITIES, IN PARTICULAR DEVELOPMENT PLANNING PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES, WITHIN ALL RELEVANT SECTORS AND AT DIFFERENT LEVELS, AS APPROPRIATE

Countries are continuously implementing activities to facilitate the integration of climate change adaptation into development planning.

Several NAPs identified the need for:



**Strengthening
institutional capacity on
climate change**



**Capacity to integrate adaptation into
development planning, sectoral
strategies and plans**



**Creating enabling policy
environments**



Consideration of the guiding principles

NAPs in general take into consideration the guiding principles outlined in decision 5/CP.17, paras. 2–4:



Maintaining a progressive and iterative process



Facilitating country-owned, country-driven action



Following a participatory and transparent approach



Considering vulnerable groups, communities and ecosystems



Strengthening gender sensitivity

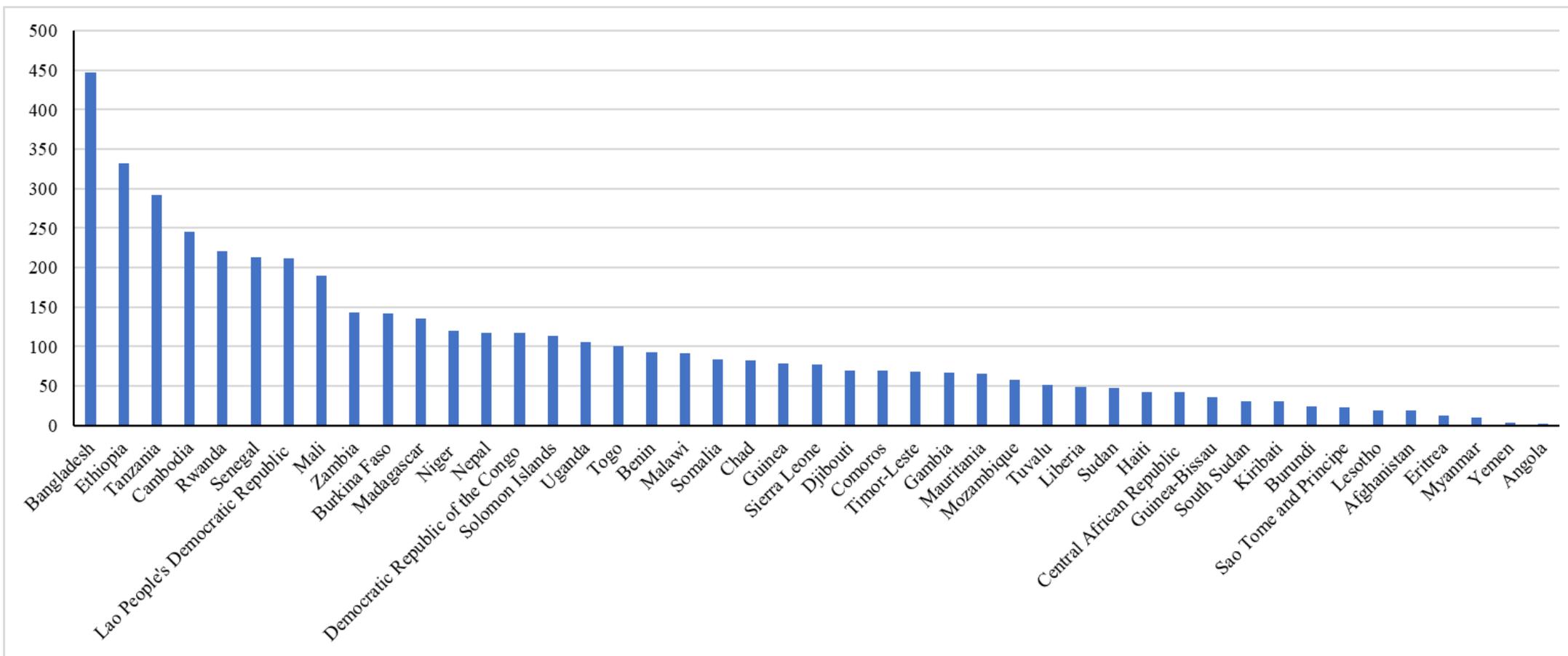


Applying best available science, traditional and Indigenous knowledge



Support provided and received: financial support - GCF

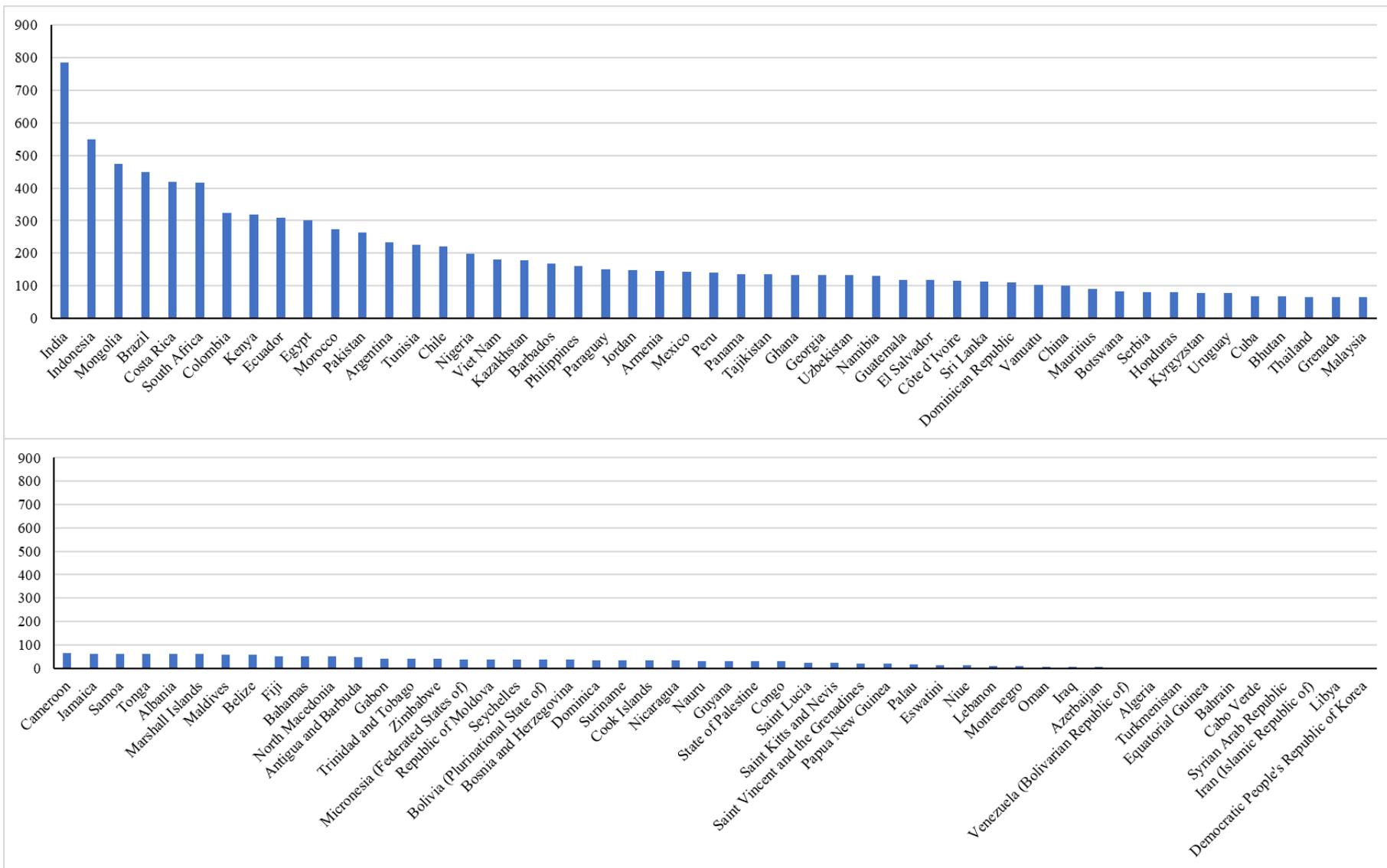
Total funding accessed by each least developed country under the GCF as at 23 September 2024



Millions of USD



Total funding accessed by other developing countries under the GCF as at 23 September 2024



Millions of USD

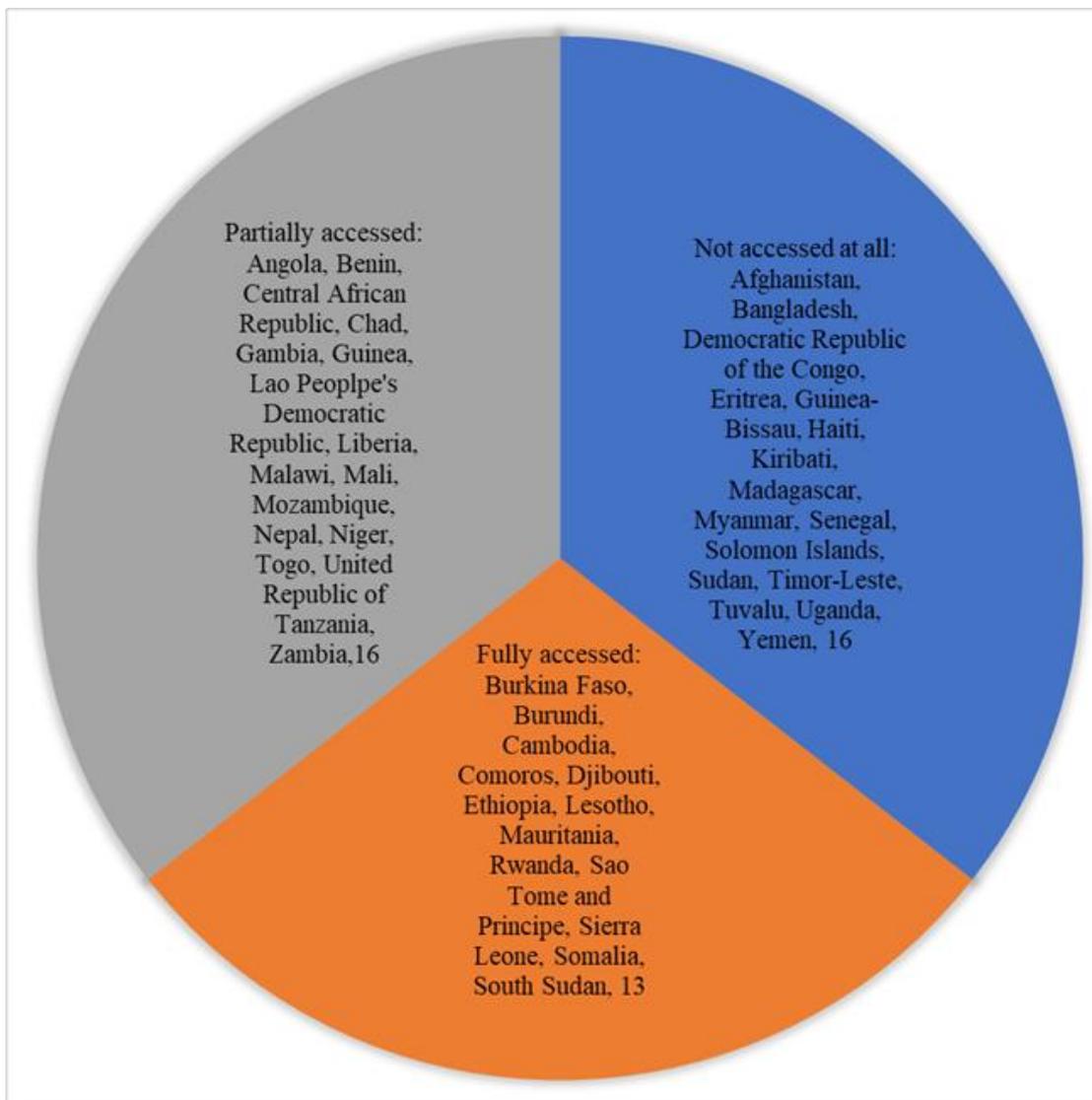


Support provided and received: financial support - LDCF

LDCF

During GEF 8 (2022 to 2026), each **LDCs** had a resource cap of **20 million from LDCF**.

As at **31 July 2024**, **13 LDCs** had accessed their **full 20 million** and **16 LDCs** had **not accessed any funding** (see figure for details).





Support provided and received: technical support



Support by the UNFCCC constituted bodies and the UNFCCC programmes

- LEG
- AC
- CGE
- FWG of the LCIPP
- PCCB
- SCF
- TEC
- WIM Executive Committee
- UNFCCC RCCs
- UN4NAPs



Support by UN entities

- FAO
- UNCDF
- UNDP
- UNDRR
- UNEP
- UNICEF
- WHO
- WMO



Support by other entities, networks and programmes

- GIZ
- Global Center on adaptation
- Group on Earth Observations
- IKI
- NAP Global Network
- SCALA, co-led by FAO and UNDP
- United State's President's Emergency Plan for Adaptation and Resilience



Next steps

1. What actions/initiatives are required for LDCs to fulfil the mandate from Decision 1/CMA.5, for those Parties that have not yet done so to have in place their NAPs by 2025, and to have progressed in implementing them by 2030?
2. How can we strengthen the support system for NAPs to help countries develop their NAPs, accelerate the transition to implementation, and achieve transformational adaptation?
3. What initiatives conducted by the LEG can be further scaled up to expedite support for the formulation and implementation of NAPs given the urgency to advance on adaptation?