Co-facilitators' informal note

on

SBSTA/SBI agenda item 6

Matters relating to the work programme for urgently scaling up mitigation ambition and implementation referred to in paragraph 27 of decision 1/CMA.3

Version at 9 June 2022 (20:00)

The draft elements contained in this note have been prepared by the co-facilitators under their own responsibility. These elements are preliminary, not exhaustive and have no formal status. They are intended to assist Parties in advancing the discussions on this matter and do not prejudge further work or prevent Parties from expressing their views at any time.

Guiding principles related to the work programme

- Be based on the principles and provisions of the Convention and the Paris Agreement, including equity and common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities
- Be informed by science
- Align with the objective of the Convention and purpose and goals of the Paris Agreement, with no renegotiation of the Paris Agreement
- Not result in further obligations for [developing country] Parties and not undermine the nationally determined character of nationally determined contributions (NDCs)
- Be led by developed country Parties
- Be led by Parties with larger shares of global emissions and greater capabilities
- Be facilitative, practical, pragmatic, non-punitive and non-prescriptive
- Special circumstances of the least developed countries and small island developing States

Objective

- To urgently scale up mitigation ambition and implementation in this critical decade in a manner that complements the global stocktake [as referred to in decision 1/CMA.3]
- [To close the emissions gap between NDCs and the pathway to the Paris Agreement temperature goal]
- [The emissions gap should be addressed through the global stocktake]

Outcomes

- Ambitious climate action enabled and NDCs implemented
- Capacity of Parties to achieve sustainable development strengthened
- Existing goals and commitments implemented and ambition of goals and commitments increased
- Enhanced support for developing country Parties, including finance, technology transfer and capacitybuilding
- Shared understanding gained of the meaning of mitigation ambition
- Parties collectively placed on the pathway to achieve the 1.5 °C goal in this decade
- NDCs and concrete actions by major emitters with capabilities

Scope

- Identification of barriers and challenges under thematic areas
- Exchange of best practices and lessons learned related to thematic areas
- Strengthening of the link between mitigation and means of implementation

- Recognition of technology as an enabler of mitigation
- Organization of work under the following potential thematic areas:
 - Thematic areas from the contribution of Working Group III to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
 - IPCC sectors
 - Thematic areas that do not duplicate the work of the IPCC
 - Just transition
 - Thematic areas that link with the Sustainable Development Goals
 - Elements in decision 1/CMA.3 (e.g. reduction in emissions of gases other than carbon dioxide, transition towards low-emission energy systems, generation of clean power, implementation of energy efficiency measures, phasedown of unabated coal power, phase-out of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies)
 - Thematic areas arising from findings in the reports on the synthesis of NDCs and long-term lowemission development strategies (LT-LEDS)
 - o Aligning NDCs with LT-LEDS
 - o Legal and institutional frameworks supporting the implementation of the NDCs and LT-LEDS
 - o Institutional mechanisms to strengthen NDCs
 - o Circular economy approaches
 - Sustainable lifestyles
 - Carbon pricing
 - Economic diversification
 - Impact of response measures
 - o Mitigation co-benefits of adaptation
 - o [Real progress of] Glasgow Breakthrough work areas
 - How to bring down the green premium associated with low carbon technologies and facilitate their rapid deployment worldwide (for steel, hydrogen, land transportation, power)
 - Ambition related to means of implementation and fulfilment of obligations on finance by developed countries
 - o Pre-2020 achievement and gap
 - Equitable access to the remaining carbon budget
 - [Thematic areas that link mitigation, adaptation, and loss and damage][Thematic areas that do not duplicate topics covered by constituted bodies]
 - o Benchmarks to assess mitigation progress (e.g. peak emissions, halving of emissions by 2030)
 - [Sectoral approach with target benchmark][Voluntary sectoral target][No universal sectoral, gas and policy-specific targets]
 - Global study of mitigation potential to identify a menu of actions with flexibility for Parties to decide on specific actions in a nationally determined manner
 - o Cosmobiocentric and econocentric approaches

Modalities

- Timeline:
 - o Run until 2030
 - Focused plan for next two to three years
 - [Start activities (e.g. discuss findings in the reports on the synthesis of NDCs and LT-LEDS) before COP 27/CMA 4 (November 2022)] [No activity before COP 27/CMA 4 (November 2022)]
- Platform to share experience and knowledge (e.g. success stories, challenges, plans, mitigation policies and measures, technologies), with a focus on implementation of NDCs
- [Four][Several] virtual and/or in-person workshops, regional workshops or intersessional workshops
- Workshops can be held in conjunction with regional climate weeks and/or relevant events such as the IRENA Assembly
- Technical dialogues
- Participation of government officials from relevant line ministries
- Non-Party stakeholder participation

- Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action high-level champions, business community, research community, intergovernmental organizations
- Practitioners to lead technical level discussions
- Stakeholder participation is not to shift responsibility from Parties
- [Midterm] review (e.g. 2024, 2026)
- Monitoring progress of the work programme, to be implemented in line with the best available science

Institutional arrangements

- Independent technical process supported by the subsidiary bodies
- Joint subsidiary body contact group to follow up and manage the work programme
- Chairing arrangements:
 - Appointed Co-Chairs
 - COP Presidency
 - o Subsidiary body Chairs
- Define who prepares report and set thematic work areas
- Link to high-level ministerial round table on pre-2030 ambition

Inputs

- Submissions and other inputs from Parties
- Submissions and other inputs from non-Party stakeholders (e.g. Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action, business community, research community, intergovernmental organizations)
- Inputs from Marrakech Partnership for Global Climate Action high-level champions
- Inputs from the IPCC [Working Group III]
- Reports on the synthesis of NDCs [and LT-LEDS]
- National communications, biennial reports, biennial update reports, biennial transparency reports
- Outcomes of the high-level ministerial round table on pre-2030 ambition
- CMA decisions
- Inputs from other UNFCCC processes
- Inputs from the findings of the global stocktake
- [Activities of voluntary initiatives and partnerships][Not to include inputs from voluntary activities because not all Parties have chosen to participate]

Outputs

- Summary report of the work programme ouputs as an input to the high-level ministerial round table on pre-2030 ambition
- Annual summary report of the work programme ouputs as an input to the CMA
- Subsidiary body conclusions and/or CMA decision on the work programme
- Technical papers on thematic work areas
- Global carbon budget tracker
- Elaboration of norms and guidance

Advancing the work on the draft decision before CMA 4

- [Intersessional work, including:
 - Call for submissions
 - o Summary report of submissions by the secretariat
 - \circ Informal notes
 - Workshop[s]]
- [No intersessional work]