<u>Principles and elements of the New Collective Quantifies Goal on climate</u> <u>finance (NCQG):</u>

Islamic republic of Iran appreciates the opportunity to submit its views on the 11th technical expert dialogue (TED11) and 3rd meeting under the ad hoc work programme on the new collective quantifies goal on climate finance (AHWP3).

We reiterate that the principles of the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement including Common But Differentiated Responsibilities and Respected Capabilities (CBDR) and equity, should be the basis for setting the NCQG and making the relevant decisions in CMA6.

Introducing any new categories of countries other than those recognized in the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement should be avoided in drafting the NCQG. Developed and developing countries clearly have different responsibilities and obligations under the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement and any new interpretation of the existing commitments and responsibilities of these countrieswhich deviates from the spirit of those instruments could not acceptable under any circumstances. Developed countries clearly have responsibility for providing financial resources to developing countries according to article 4 of the UNFCCC and article 9 of the Paris Agreement. In this regard any reference to the parties under the title of contributors and recipients, and issues such as voluntary based goals, innovative and multilayer goals shall be avoided in drafting the NCQG document.

The new goals should also be introduced based on the needs and requirements of developing countries with the aim to support these countries

in theirefforts to achieveSustainable Development Goals such as eradicating poverty, decent work and economic growth, affordable and clean energy and also right to development. In this regard targeting specific industry and energy sector in developing countries under the NCQG is not acceptable, as this is against the whole objectives and principles recognized by the UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement and clearly violates the current common understanding and the consensus on the responsibilities and commitments of the developing and the developed countries under those international instruments.

All developing countries without any conditionality and unnecessary burdens including unilateral coercive measuresshould have unhindered access to financial resources that will be provided under the NCQG. All industries in developing countries should also have access to international financial, technological and other forms of support to decarbonize their activities within nationally defined development plans.

There We should is time lose. make that no to sure . NCQG aims to strengthen the global cooperation, partnership and response to the threat of climate change. We expect that TED11 and AHWP3 can provide concrete proposals that are facilitative and supportive to all and consistent with the mandate of the NCQG as well as principles of the UNFCCC Convention and the Paris Agreement in particular the principles of CBDR and equity.

Provision of support by developed countries under NCQG shall contribute to implementation of the Article 9 of the Paris Agreement.