

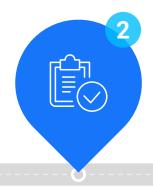
Work of the LDC Expert Group in supporting LDCs on adaptation

Least Developed Countries Expert Group Mr. Gersom Van Der Elst

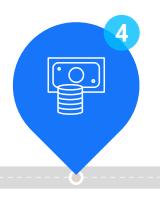


Progress made in the process to formulate and implement NAPs – highlights as at 30 November 2023











142 developing countries had undertaken at least one activity related to the process to formulate and implement NAPs

Of the 142
countries, 113 had
submitted 136
proposals (of which
46 are by the LDCs)
for accessing
funding from the
GCF NAP readiness
funding (up to USD
3 million per
country)

50 developing countries (of which 22 are LDCs) had developed and submitted their NAPs and shared them on NAP Central

Of the **50** countries, **44 had projects approved** for funding to support implementation of priorities identified in their NAPs. Most developing
countries had
included adaptation
components in their
submitted NDCs, of
which 112
specifically related
to NAPs



Status on the formulation of NAPs by LDCs

□ 22 of the 46 LDCs have produced and submitted a NAP; a first NAP was produced in 2015

22 of the 46 LDCs have submitted a NAP

16 LDCs are in the process of formulating their NAPs

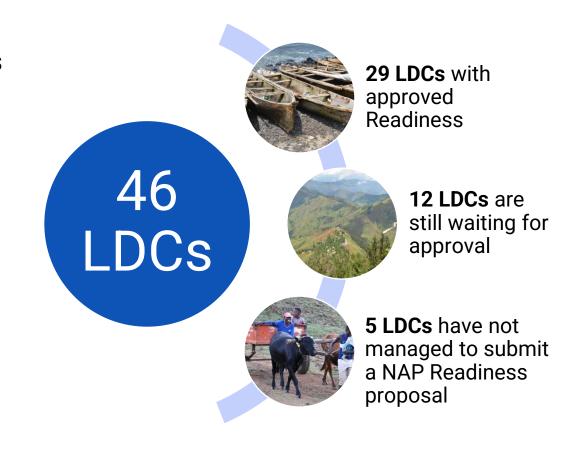
7 LDCs have not yet initiated the process to formulate and implement NAPs

2 LDCs have yet to provide an update on progress



Progress in the formulation of NAPs by the LDCs

- □ NAPs realized through GCF NAP readiness are currently limited: 11 of the 22 NAPs were solely produced with resources other than GCF NAP readiness;
- ☐ GCF NAP readiness access **takes** ~ **5 years** from proposal stage to project
 completion: 1.5 years for approval of
 proposals; and 3.5 years to implement
 readiness projects;
- ☐ Still, many countries do not get to produce their NAPs by the end of the 5-year period





Progress in the implementation of NAPs

A first project to implement a NAP was first approved under the GCF in 2018;
As at 22 November 2023, 12 projects from 11 of the 22 LDCs with a NAP had been approved for GCF funding for implementation based on the NAP since 2016;
Time taken to develop an idea to approval stage is the same regardless of project size;
There is one project cycle for any adaptation project, regardless of where the priority came from. That is, there is no advantage whatsoever accorded to projects emanating from the NAP despite 1/CP.21 mandate , and even after the 3-5 additional years of work
There is a lot of commonalities in project types addressing similar hazards, suggesting advantages of using programmatic approaches at fund level, e.g. programmes on climate information early warning systems have proven very effective at addressing issues of early warning systems and climate information services. Similar approaches for other themes is worth exploring further.
The NAP is a collection of coherent and interconnected activities. It therefore makes sense to implement the NAP as a whole and not as individual and mutually independent

priorities.



Implementation of NAPs

Proposal development activities such as the NAP implementation pipeline development initiative by the LEG and the Adaptation Pipeline Accelerator by the UN Secretary General's office, have greatly advanced the translation of information in NAPs into project concept notes for subsequent processing by the GCF and other Convention Funds

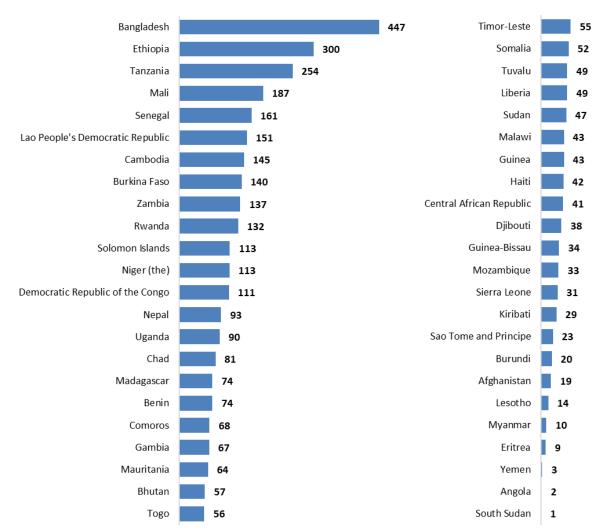
NAP implementation pipeline development initiative

- ☐ Initiated by the LEG in 2022; includes NAP country dialogues, guidance, workshops;
- ☐ Since then, 40 LDCs have developed 92 project ideas;
- ☐ Of those, 6 project ideas have been developed into concept notes / proposals;
- □ 4 have successfully been submitted for funding to the GCF and LDCF;
- ☐ More details at https://napcentral.org/projectcatalogues



Total funding accessed by each LDC under the GCF as displayed on country pages of the GCF website as at 31 October 2023

Total amount accessed (million US dollars)





Vision of the LEG for supporting adaptation in the LDCs



VISION

- Achieving demonstrable results in building adaptive capacity, strengthening resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate change in the LDCs;
- Formulation of robust and good-quality NAPs
- Implementation of priority adaptation needs identified in the NAPs with funding from the GCF and other sources



EXPECTED OUTCOMES FOR LONG-TERM SUCCESS

- All the LDCs having in place national structures and systems (the essential functions) for NAPs;
- All the LDCs having submitted a NAP as soon as possible and all LDCs with NAPs implementing priorities identified in their NAPs using GCF and other funding;
- Adaptation strategies and actions being well integrated with national development efforts.



LEG work programme for 2023-2024 (work areas)

1

Enhancing provision of direct support to the LDCs to enable them to submit their first NAP as soon as possible;

2

Effectively supporting the LDCs in initiating and submitting project proposals to the GCF and other sources of funding for implementing adaptation priorities associated with NAPs.

3

Successfully supporting the LDCs in establishing an effective and iterative process to formulate and implement NAPs, taking duly into consideration the two objectives of the process to formulate and implement NAPs, the guiding principles in decision 5/CP.17 and the global goal on adaptation

4

Continuing to advance technical guidance on NAPs through the NAP technical working group and its subgroups 5

Continuing to track and monitor progress in formulating and implementing NAPs, including countries' experience and challenges in the process, with the support of the NAP technical working group

6

Continuing to engage and collaborate with the GCF and the GEF (LDCF) 7

Continuing to support the LDCs in effectively and efficiently implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement, and other relevant instruments under the United Nations 8

Responding to mandates from the SBI, the COP and the CMA related to supporting implementation of the Convention and the Paris Agreement 9

Continuing to collaborate with other constituted bodies and organizations in fulfilling joint mandates and undertaking activities of common interest

10

Conducting global and regional outreach events on NAPs



Work of the 4 subgroups – priority activities and upcoming milestones



NAP Technical Guidelines

Risk-based approaches to adaptation



NAP Implementation Support

 Technical guidelines for the implementation of NAPs



NAP Tracking

Metrics for the PEG M&E tool - to measure the outcomes and impacts of adaptation actions



Multi-stakeholder forums

Women, youth, private sector in NAP Expo 2024; Ways to effectively engage Indigenous Peoples in NAPs with LCIPP FWG



Key deliverables in 2024





Enhanced NAP Central
– incl. submitted NAPs,
outreach material



Data, information, tools and models available on NAP Central



Assessment of progress in the formulation and implementation of NAPs



2024 progress report on NAPs



Technical guidelines for the implementation of NAPs



Publications of best practices and lessons learned



Updated PEG M&E tool – capturing outcome and impact metrics



NAP writing workshops: Africa plus Haiti, and Asia and the Pacific



NAP Expo 2024, and other events



Highlights from ten years of the NAP Expos



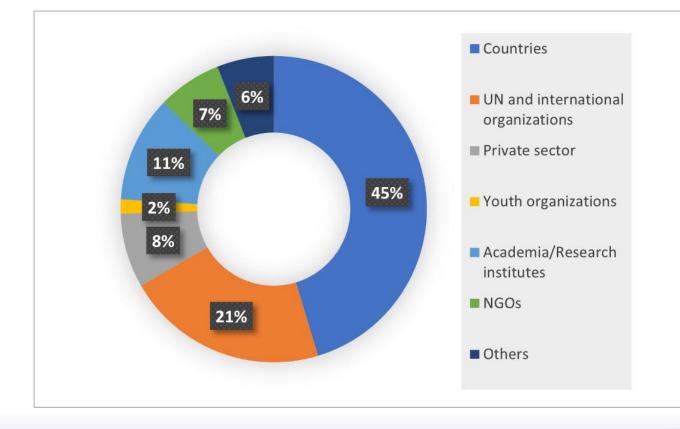
Over **8 global NAP expos since 2013** and several regional NAP
Expos for Africa, Latin America,
Asia and the Pacific





Brings together policy makers, practitioners, experts, UN and international organizations, the private sector, youth networks, and academia.

Well balanced participation of men and women (2023 Global Expo had 60% women and 40% men)



Solutions include:

- **Food systems**: favoring small sub value chains for crops to promote connectivity between markets; investing in neglected and underutilized vitaminrich species; cultivating alternative crops; de-risking livelihoods and farms;
- **Water resources**: connect water's interactive systems, scaling with decentralization;
- **Geospatial data**: Remote-sensed information can fill data gaps in regions where observations from ground stations are not available;
- **Systems approach**: NAP-SDG iFrame offers a systematic way of framing assessments to identify trade-offs; etc.



LDC Roster of Experts in NAPs

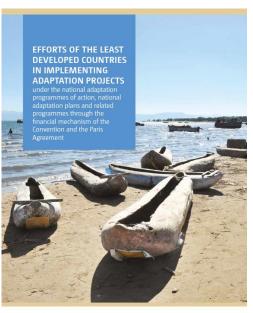
The LEG created and maintains a roster of national and regional experts from LDCs to support the formulation and implementation of NAPs.
 The roster contains information on experts with relevant skills and professional expertise in the field of climate change adaptation.
 It offers an opportunity for countries, agencies and organizations to hire national consultants and experts to assist in drafting and implementing the NAPs.
 Currently, there are 39 experts on the roster which also include present and former LEG members.

https://napcentral.org/roster-of-experts



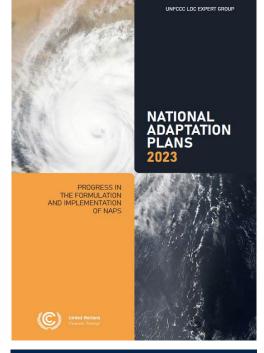
Recent publications by the LEG

- NAP Progress report 2023;
- Mapping of available adaptation finance;
- ☐ Recognition synthesis report 2023;
- □ A Catalogue of projects ideas from the 2023 NAP writing workshops;
- □ A knowledge product on highlights from NAP Expo 2022 (in final production);













Climate Change

Climate change adaptation project profiles from the least developed countries

VERSION OF NOVEMBER 2023

LEG - Least developed countries Expert Group



Thank you for your attention.

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