# Outcome of COP 26 Glasgow related to response measure

6th Meeting of KCI 2 – 3 June 2022



#### **Snapshot of Glasgow Decisions**

- Decisions that speak to or mention institutional arrangements or constituted bodies/CB.
- Decisions that speak to areas of work programme of forum and its KCI:
  - Economic diversification and transformation;
  - Just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs;
  - Assessing and analysing the impacts of the implementation of response measures



Requests the secretariat to support the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures in considering ways to address negative social or economic impacts, especially on developing country Parties, resulting from activities under Article 6, paragraph 2, <u>as requested by the forum</u>.

## 2/CMA.3 (Guidance on cooperative approaches; Article 6.2)

Requests the Supervisory Body to support the forum on the impact of the implementation of response measures in considering ways to address any negative social or economic impacts, especially those on developing country Parties, resulting from Article 6, paragraph 4, activities, <u>as requested by the forum</u>.

3/CMA.3 (Rules, modalities and procedures; Article 6.4)



### Related to institutional arrangements or CB (2)

Invites the relevant work programmes and constituted bodies under the UNFCCC to consider how to integrate and strengthen ocean-based action in their existing mandates and workplans and to report on these activities within the existing reporting processes, as appropriate.

#### Decision 1/CP.26 (Glasgow Climate Pact)

- Encourages Parties and constituted bodies under the Convention to consider the case studies referred to in annual reports on gender composition for 2020 and 2021, and promote the full, meaningful and equal participation of women in the UNFCCC process.
  - Case studies:
    - Speaking times of female Party delegates at COP 25
    - Actions taken to increase the representation of women at COP 25

20/CP.26 (Gender)



- Takes note of the report on progress of constituted bodies in integrating gender considerations into their respective workstreams and of their efforts to institutionalize such integration in their work and encourages constituted Bbodies to continue to strengthen their efforts in this area and promote coordination and coherence in the context of this work, taking into consideration the recommendations contained in the report.
  - Recommendations for enhancing reporting and enabling the tracking and understanding of the progress:
    - Including a section on gender to facilitate identification of gender-relevant reporting and progress.
    - Reporting in a comprehensive and structured manner.
    - Ensuring reporting is specific and meaningful.
    - Ensuring clarity and relevance by providing information on how gender was integrated; detailing the approach.
    - Reporting in a consistent manner.
    - Critically reflecting on the level of detail and disaggregation of information;
    - Ensuring transparency and traceability by consistently linking to relevant external resources and additional information.



20/CP.26 (Gender)

### Related to institutional arrangements or CB (4)

- Invites Parties, as appropriate, the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, the constituted bodies under the Convention, United Nations organizations, observers and other stakeholders to consider the recommendations referred to annual technical progress report 2020 and 2021 and to take any necessary action, as appropriate and in accordance with their mandates.
  - The COP and the CMA encourage the representatives of constituted bodies, operating entities of the Financial Mechanism and UNFCCC processes in the ICG to continue their active engagement to facilitate greater coherence and coordination across their capacity-building-related work.
  - The COP and the CMA invite Parties to take note of opportunities for coordination and collaboration between the PCCB, the SCF and other ICG members, as highlighted by the SCF representative in the ICG, in relation to the next SCF Forum, on finance for nature-based solutions, which has a strong emphasis on capacity-building as a key enabler.

12/CP.26 and 18/CMA.3 (PCCB)



- Adopts the 10-year Glasgow work programme on ACE.
  - Efficient and effective ACE implementation can be enabled by undertaking the following at the international level: (a) Inviting all constituted bodies under the Convention and the Paris Agreement to include in their regular reports information on how ACE is implemented under their respective workstreams.
- Requests the SBI to: (b) Hold an annual ACE dialogue at its first regular session of each year with the participation of Parties, representatives of relevant constituted bodies, and relevant experts, practitioners and stakeholders that focuses on the progress of implementation of the Glasgow work programme and on its four priority areas.

18/CP.26 and 22/CMA.3 (Glasgow work programme on ACE)



Invites Parties, constituted bodies, the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism, climate finance institutions, observers and observer organizations, and other stakeholders, particularly from the private sector, to submit their views on the objectives of the NCQG and on the elements for NCQG via the submission portal by February and August 2022 respectively.

### 9/CMA.3 (New collective quantified goal on climate finance)

- Welcomes SCF's first report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement, in particular the executive summary, and *endorses* its key findings and recommendations.
  - The COP and the CMA to consider the following recommendations: (k) Invite UNFCCC CBs, in particular the PCCB and the Adaptation Committee, to consider the insights identified in the first NDR when implementing their respective workplans.

5/CP.26 (SCF)



### Related to area of work programme (1)

- Urges Parties that have not yet done so to communicate, by the fourth session of the CMA, LT-LEDS towards just transitions to net zero emissions by or around mid-century, taking into account different national circumstances.
- Calls upon Parties to accelerate the development, deployment and dissemination of technologies, and the adoption of policies, to transition towards low-emission energy systems, including by rapidly scaling up the deployment of clean power generation and energy efficiency measures, including accelerating efforts towards the phasedown of unabated coal power and phase-out of inefficient fossil fuel subsidies, while providing targeted support to the poorest and most vulnerable in line with national circumstances and recognizing the need for support towards a just transition.
- Recognizes the need to take into consideration the concerns of Parties with economies most affected by the impacts of response measures, particularly developing country Parties.
- Recognizes the need to ensure just transitions that promote sustainable development and eradication of poverty, and the creation of decent work and quality jobs, including through making financial flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emission and climate-resilient development, including through deployment and transfer of technology, and provision of support to developing country Parties.

1/CP.26; 1/CMA.3 (Glasgow Climate Pact)



### Related to area of work programme (2)

- Guidance on cooperative approaches:
  - <u>Mitigation co-benefits</u> of economic diversification plans as one of the ITMOs.
  - Party to report: (i) the measurement of <u>mitigation co-benefits</u>; (ii) how cooperative approach will minimize and, where possible, <u>avoid negative environmental</u>, <u>economic</u> <u>and social impacts</u>

### 2/CMA.3 (Guidance on cooperative approaches; Article 6.2)

- Requests the Supervisory Body to elaborate and further develop recommendations, for consideration and adoption by the CMA at its fourth session on: (c) Activities involving removals, including appropriate monitoring, reporting, accounting for removals and crediting periods, addressing reversals, avoidance of leakage, and <u>avoidance of other negative environmental and social impacts</u>
- Rules, modalities and procedures for the mechanism:
  - The activity, among others, shall: (i) be designed to achieve mitigation of GHG emissions that is additional, including increasing mitigation co-benefits of economic diversification plans and not lead to an increase in global emissions; (ii) also minimize and, where possible, <u>avoid negative environmental and social impacts</u>



### Related to area of work programme (3)

- Work programme under the framework for non-market approaches:
  - Each NMA <u>minimizes and, where possible, avoids negative environmental, economic</u> and social impacts.
  - Work programme will include identifying and sharing information, best practices, lessons learned and case studies in relation to developing and implementing NMAs, including on how to <u>leverage and generate mitigation co-benefits</u> resulting from adaptation actions and/or economic diversification plans that assist the implementation of NDCs

4/CMA.3 (NMA; Article 6.8)

- Adopts: (b) The common tabular formats ... for the electronic reporting of the information necessary to track progress made in implementing and achieving NDC; (d) The outlines for the biennial transparency report, national inventory document and technical expert review report ...; (e) The training programme for technical experts ...
  - Reporting of information necessary to track progress on the implementation and achievement of the domestic policies and measures implemented to address the social and economic consequences of response measures (table 12 of common tabular format).
  - o Notion of mitigation co-benefits of economic diversification plans for reporting



### **End of presentation – THANK YOU**

