SBSTA agenda item 11(a)

Common reporting tables for the electronic reporting of information in the national inventory reports of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases

Informal note by the co-facilitators

7 December 2019, 14:30

Note: The draft elements contained in this informal note have been prepared by the co-facilitators of the negotiations on this agenda sub-item under their own responsibility. The draft elements have been drawn from views submitted by Parties prior to and during the fiftieth and fitty-first session and further discussion among Parties at the fiftieth and fifty-first sessions of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice. The elements are preliminary, are not exhaustive, have no formal status and should not be considered as final in any way. They are intended to assist the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice in advancing the discussions on this matter and do not prejudge further work or prevent Parties from expressing their views at any time.

Overview of the informal consultations on this agenda sub-item

The informal consultations on agenda sub-item 11(a) "Common reporting tables for the electronic reporting of the information in the national inventory reports of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases", at this session were co-facilitated by Xiang Gao (China) and Helen Plume (New Zealand).

The co-facilitators prepared this informal note under their own responsibility for Parties' consideration. It reflects the views provided in submissions on relevant matters by Parties and groups of Parties as at 5 December 2019, and the views shared during the informal consultations at the session. It also reflects the informal note prepared by co-facilitators during the fiftieth session of the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technological Advice (SBSTA) 50.¹

Elements considered

Discussions at this session focused on the following questions:

- Is there a specific set of tables that could serve as a basis for further work?
- What is the structure and content of the tables?
- How should the flexibility provisions contained in the modalities, procedures and guidelines (MPGs) for the transparency framework for action and support referred to in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement² for those developing country Parties that need them in the light of their capacities be considered in the reporting of information in the common reporting tables (CRTs)?
- Should discussions be limited to the structure and content of the CRTs, or should considerations related to possible future software tools be taken into account?

The need for capacity-building to support developing countries' reporting was an underlying theme of the discussions.

Parties' views on each of these questions are captured below. Annex I contains information on flexibility for those developing country Parties that need it in the light

Available at https://unfccc.int/documents/196730.

Decision 18/CMA.1, annex.

of their capacities, and options for implementing these flexibilities, as included in Parties' submissions as at 5 December 2019 in response to the request in the previous SBSTA conclusions (para. 125).³ Annex II contains the summary and trend tables that could be the basis for further work after this session. Annex III contains examples illustrating how the options for implementing the flexibility provisions mentioned in annex I, could be implemented in the CRTs. Annex IV contains links to relevant background information and the presentations given by the secretariat at this session.

The issues identified below do not prejudge the outcome of any further discussion on CRTs; rather, they are intended to help Parties recall areas of discussion and summarise Parties' views.

Updated information on the elements considered

Specific set of tables that could serve as a basis for further work

- The group considered the common reporting format (CRF) tables, as contained in the annex to decision 24/CP.19 ("Guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention, Part I: UNFCCC reporting guidelines on annual greenhouse gas inventories") and tables 1 and 2 in the annex to decision 17/CP.8 ("Guidelines for the preparation of national communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention");⁴
- During the session, the group discussed the way forward in order to progress on work under this agenda sub-item. The tables contained in annex I could be the basis for further work after this session. The group also supported that further work should focus on identifying revisions to these tables that are consistent with the provisions in the MPGs;
- The principles to be applied include transparency, accuracy, completeness, consistency, comparability, avoidance of backsliding, minimization of undue burden, consistency with the MPGs, efficiency, and recognition of existing practice and experience.

Structure and content of the tables

- The structure and content of the CRTs that were considered during SBSTA 50 and 51, including the following elements:
 - Summary tables, including:
 - Emissions/removals by sector/category;
 - Emission/removal trends for the time series;
 - Sectoral tables, including:
 - Sectoral background data tables containing activity data, emissions/removals and implied emission factors as well as additional information (information items, documentation boxes, explanatory footnotes);
 - Sectoral report tables containing emissions/removals.

³ Document FCCC/SBSTA/2019/2, para. 125.

⁴ Table 1 is titled "National greenhouse gas inventory of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of all greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol and greenhouse gas precursors", and table 2 is titled "National greenhouse gas inventory of anthropogenic emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF₆".

- The summary and trend tables that were considered during this session are based
 on the current reporting tables for developed and developing countries. The tables
 contained in annex II reflect the progress achieved during this session and could
 be used for further work.
- There were different views expressed by Parties regarding the reporting of sectoral background data tables, including whether these tables are mandatory or not for all Parties in accordance to the MPGs. The group did not have sufficient time to consider the following:
 - Other sectoral tables containing sector-specific information (e.g. reference approach, land-transition matrix);
 - Other cross-sectoral tables summarizing quantitative and/or qualitative information (e.g. indirect emissions, key categories, recalculations).

Options for implementing the flexibility provisions contained in the modalities, procedures and guidelines in common reporting tables

- Several options for incorporating the flexibility provisions were discussed. The list below capture such options, with the understanding that this may not be exhaustive and options may not be mutually exclusive:
 - Footnotes to the CRTs to explain where a flexibility provision in the MPGs exists;
 - o Existing notation keys or a new notation key;
 - Documentation boxes;
 - A table to report on flexibilities used by a Party;
 - Hiding blank columns or rows of tables
 - o Removing or hiding rows, columns or tables
 - o Narrative descriptions in the national inventory document.
- In addition, the co-facilitators prepared a list of flexibility provisions included in chapter II of the MPGs to assist Parties in addressing this matter, including options identified in Parties' submissions during this session. This information was considered during this session and is included in annex I.

Should discussions be limited to the structure and content of the common reporting tables, or should considerations related to possible future software tools be taken into account?

- During SBSTA 50, the group discussed the CRTs and software tools and considered the following:
 - As a first step, to focus on the CRTs;
 - As a second step, to discuss tables together with more background information on the software tools that are currently used by Parties to facilitate reporting.

Need for support to developing countries' reporting and related capacity building

• The group recognized that capacity-building for developing country Parties is essential to facilitating reporting in accordance with the enhanced transparency framework. In addition, some Parties noted the need for support to developing country Parties for implementation.

- Developing countries noted that they have limited or no experience with CRF tables for developed countries reporting or the use of the data entry interface software tool (CRF Reporter), and expressed the need for capacity-building in that regard. The following options were proposed:
 - Sharing of experience by Parties that have experience in reporting CRF tables;
 - Continueing to grant access to CRF Reporter to developing countries that so request it to enable them to gain experience with the software; SBSTA 50 invited interested developing country Parties to request access to the CRF Reporter, through the secretariat, in order to familiarize themselves with the tool.⁵

⁵ Document FCCC\SBSTA\2019\2, paras. 127 and 128.

Annex I: Flexibility

This annex contains information on the provision of flexibility to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities. It includes two parts.

Part 1: general information on the provision of flexibility to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities, as contained in decision 18/CMA.1, annex ("Modalities, procedures and guidelines for the transparency framework for action and support referred to in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement"), chapter I.C;

Part 2: a list of the specific flexibility provisions in decision 18/CMA.1, annex, chapter II.

Part 1: General information on the provision of flexibility to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities

I.C. Flexibility to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities

- 4. In accordance with Article 13, paragraph 2, of the Paris Agreement, the enhanced transparency framework shall provide flexibility in the implementation of the provisions of Article 13 to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities, and these modalities, procedures and guidelines (MPGs) shall reflect such flexibility.
- 5. These MPGs specify the flexibility that is available to those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities pursuant to Article 13, paragraph 2, reflecting flexibility, including in the scope, frequency and level of detail of reporting, and in the scope of the review, as referred to decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 89.
- 6. The application of a flexibility provided for in the provisions of these MPGs for those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities is to be self-determined. The developing country Party shall clearly indicate the provision to which flexibility is applied, concisely clarify capacity constraints, noting that some constraints may be relevant to several provisions, and provide self-determined estimated time frames for improvements in relation to those capacity constraints. When a developing country Party applies flexibility provided for in these MPGs, the technical expert review teams shall not review the Party's determination to apply such flexibility or whether the Party possesses the capacity to implement that specific provision without flexibility.

Part 2

Flexibility provisions in decision 18/CMA.1, annex, chapter II ("National inventory report of anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks of greenhouse gases") and options for implementing these flexibilities, as included in Parties' submissions

Elements in submissions	Reference in annex to decision 18/CMA.1	Provision in the MPGs	Flexibility provision for those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the common reporting tables (CRTs)	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the national inventory document (NID)/biennial transaparency report (BTR)
General comments	NA	NA	NA	 Colouring of cells Deletion of columns, rows, elements or sections Documentation boxes Drop-down menu Footnotes Notation keys (existing) Notation keys (new: F, FP, FX, NE*, NR) Report tabular formats for relevant years Sectoral background data tables not mandatory for developing country Parties Combination of the above elements 	 Narrative descriptions A table indicating whether and how each type of flexibility is used
Key category analysis	§25	95 per cent threshold	No lower than 85 per cent threshold	 Additional cell (indicating threshold) Documentation boxes Footnotes 	Narrative descriptions
Uncertainty assessment	§29	Quantitatively estimate and qualitatively discuss (the starting year, the latest	At a minimum, a qualitative discussion of uncertainty for key categories		Narrative descriptions

Elements in submissions	Reference in annex to decision 18/CMA.1	Provision in the MPGs	Flexibility provision for those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the common reporting tables (CRTs)	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the national inventory document (NID)/biennial transaparency report (BTR)
		reporting year, and trend)			
Use of the notation key "NE" (not estimated)	§32	A category should only be considered insignificant if the likely level of emissions is below 0.05 per cent of the national total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, excluding land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF), or 500 kt CO ₂ eq, whichever is lower The total national aggregate of estimated emissions for all gases from categories considered	The flexibility to consider emissions insignificant if the likely level of emissions is below 0.1 per cent of the national total GHG emissions, excluding LULUCF, or 1,000 kt CO ₂ eq, whichever is lower The total national aggregate of estimated emissions for all gases from categories considered insignificant, in this case, shall remain below 0.2 per cent of the national total GHG emissions, excluding LULUCF	 Additional cells or drop-down menu (indicating threshold) Additional column to key category analysis table to describe the related capacity constraints Explanation in a cell of the table in CRT (similar to CRF table 9 (explanation of sources/sinks reported as "NE" or "IE") Footnotes 	Narrative descriptions in section/chapter of relevant sources/sinks

Elements in submissions	Reference in annex to decision 18/CMA.1	Provision in the MPGs	Flexibility provision for those developing country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the common reporting tables (CRTs)	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the national inventory document (NID)/biennial transaparency report (BTR)
		insignificant shall remain below 0.1 per cent of the national total GHG emissions, excluding LULUCF			
Quality assurance (QA)/ quality control (QC)	§34	Elaborate an inventory QA/QC plan	Encouragement to elaborate an inventory QA/QC plan		Narrative descriptions
General inventory QC procedure	§35	Implement and provide information on general inventory QC procedures	Encouragement to implement and provide information on general inventory QC procedures		Narrative descriptions
Sectors and gases	§48	Report seven gases: CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆ and NF ₃	Report at least three gases (CO ₂ , CH ₄ and N ₂ O) as well as any of the additional four gases (HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆ and NF ₃) that are included in the Party's nationally determined contribution (NDC) under Article 4 of the Paris Agreement, are covered by an activity under Article 6 of the Paris Agreement, or have been previously reported	 Footnotes New column in summary table(s) to describe capacity constraint Notation keys (existing) Notation keys (new: F, FP, FX, NE*, NR) 	Narrative descriptions (in combination with notation keys in CRTs)

Elements in submissions	Reference in annex to decision 18/CMA.1 Provision in the MPGs country Parties that need it in the light of their capacities		those developing country Parties that need it in the light of	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the common reporting tables (CRTs)	Options for operationalizing flexibility in Parties' submissions of the national inventory document (NID)/biennial transaparency report (BTR)
Time series (the starting year, middle years)	§57	Report a consistent annual time series starting from 1990	At a minimum, the reference year/period for its NDC and, in addition, a consistent annual time series from at least 2020 onward	 Footnotes Notation keys (existing, e.g. NE) for years not reported Notation keys (new: F, FP, FX, NE*, NR) for years not reported 	 Narrative descriptions Narrative descriptions (if time series does not start from 1990)
Time series (the latest reporting year)	§58	No more than two years prior to the submission of the national inventory report	No more than three years prior to the submission of the national inventory report	 Footnotes Notation keys (existing, e.g. NE) for years not reported Notation keys (new: F, FP, FX, NE*, NR) for years not reported 	Narrative descriptions

Annex II: Tables that could serve as the basis/starting point for further work⁶

Summary and trend tables

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5.C. Incineration and open burning of waste (6)												
5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge												
5.E. Other (f)	1											
6. Other (please specify) (6)												6. Other (please specify) (6)
Memo items: ⁽⁷⁾												
International bunkers											-	
Aviation Navigation	+											
Navigation	+									-	-	
Numerical operations CO ₂ emissions from biomass												
CO; emission from nomax CO; captured												
Cog captures Long-term storage of C in waste disposal sites												
LONG-VEH MATTER VI C III WASHE WASHE WASHEST AND A THE CONTROL OF												
Indirect CO ₂												

¹⁾ The emissions of hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs and other fluorinated gases are to be expressed as carbon dioxide (CO₂) equivalent emissions. Data on disaggregated emissions of HFCs and PFCs

are to be provided in table 2(II) of this common reporting format.

Of Por verification purposes, Parties are requested to report the results of their calculations using the Reference approach and to explain any differences with the Sectoral approach in the documentation box to table 1.A(c). For estimating national total

^{(5) 2.}H. Other includes pulp and paper and food and beverages industry.

⁽a) For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

⁽⁶⁾ CO₂ from categories solid waste disposal on land and waste incineration should only be included if it stems from non-biogenic or inorganic waste streams. Only emissions from waste incineration without energy recovery are to be reported in the waste sector, whereas emissions from incineration with energy recovery are to be reported in the energy sector.

⁽⁶⁾ If reporting any country-specific category under sector "6, Other", detailed explanations should be provided in Chapter 8; Other (CRF sector 6) of the national inventory report (NIR).

On Purise as wheel to expert emissions from international distintional maximum and multilateral observations.

^{*}P Parties are asked to report emissions from international aviation and international navigation and multilateral operations, as well as CO₂ emissions from biomass and CO₂ captured, under Memo Items. These emissions should not be included in the national total are international reports of the included in the national total are in the national total are in the national total as it is assumed that the biomass is product in a sustainable manner. If the biomass is harvested at an unsustainable rate, net CO₂ emissions are accounted for as a loss of biomass stocks in the Land Use, Land-use Change and Forestry sector.

^{1.04}de 2, 17CF-9) Parties reporting HFCs and PFCs should provide emission estimates on a gas-by-gas basis, that is, disaggregated estimates by chemical expressed in units of mass (Gg), as indicated in the table (e.g. HFC-23), where information is available. This should be done by inserting a column for each HFC and FFC gas for which emissions do occur in the country; the gases in the column bandings are given as examples only. Other gases to be reported in this table include HFC-32, HFC-41, HFC-43-10, HFC-124, HFC-134, HFC-125, HFC-134, HFC-125, HFC-134, HFC-125, HFC-135, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-126, HFC-125, HFC-136, HFC-126, HFC-126,

Some reporting elements showed in the tables below may not be fully consistent with the reporting requirements for GHG inventories of the modalities, procedures and guidelines for the transparency framework and/or the methodological guidance provided in the 2006 IPCC Guidelines.

Year Submission Country

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	HFC-23	HFC-32	HFC-41	HFC-43-10mee	HFC-125	HFC-134	HFC-134a	HFC-143	HFC-143a	HFC-152	HFC-152a	HFC-161	HFC-227ea	HFC-236cb	HFC-236ea	HFC-236fa	HFC-245ca	HFC-245fa	HFC-365mfc	Unspecified mix of HFCs ⁽¹⁾	Total HFCs	CF4	C2F6	C 3F8	C4Fto	c-C4Fs	CsFt2	C6F14	CtoFis	c-CsF6	Unspecified mix of PFCs (1)	Total PFCs	Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs ⁽¹⁾	SF6	NF3
										(t)										CO ₂ equiv	alent (kt)					(t)					CO ₂ e	quivale		(t	t)
Total actual emissions of halocarbons (by chemical)																																			
and SF ₆																																		1 /	
2.B. Chemical industry																																			
2.B.9. Fluorochemical production																																			$\overline{}$
2.B.9.a. By-product emissions																																			
2.B.9.b. Fugitive emissions																																			
2.B.10. Other																																			
2.C. Metal industry																																			
2.C.3. Aluminium production																																			
2.C.4. Magnesium production																																			
2.C.7. Other																																			
2.E. Electronics industry																																			
2.E.1. Integrated circuit or semiconductor																																			
2.E.2. TFT flat panel display																																			
2.E.3. Photovoltaics																																			
2.E.4. Heat transfer fluid																																			
2.E.5. Other (as specified in table 2(II))																																			
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS ⁽²⁾																																			
2.F.1. Refrigeration and air conditioning																																			
2.F.2. Foam blowing agents																																			
2.F.3. Fire protection																																			
2.F.4. Aerosols																																			
2.F.5. Solvents																																			
2.F.6. Other applications																																			
2.G. Other product manufacture and use																																			
2.G.1. Electrical equipment																																			
2.G.2. SF ₆ and PFCs from other product use																																		1 /	
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2.H. Other (please specify)																																			
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2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS																																			
2.G. Other product manufacture and use																																			
2.H. Other																																			
Z.II. Oulci																																			

⁽i) In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, emissions of hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) and perfluorocarbons (PFCs), unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs and other fluorinated gases should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. owing to mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), these columns could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs and fluorinated gases, respectively. Parties should provide information on global warming potential values used in the national inventory review report. Note that the unit used in these columns is kt of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂ eq).

Note: As stated in the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, Parties should report actual emissions of HFCs, PFCs and SF₆, where data are available, providing disaggregated data by chemical and source category in units of mass and in CO₂ eq. Parties reporting actual emissions should also report potential emissions for the sources where the concept of potential emissions applies, for reasons of transparency and comparability.

Documentation box

• Parties should provide detailed explanations on the industrial processes sector in chapter 4: industrial processes (CRF sector 2) of the NIR. Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and/or further details are needed to understand the content of this table.
• If estimates are reported under 2.H. Other, use this documentation box to provide information can be found.

⁽²⁾ ODS ozone-depleting substances

⁽⁹⁾ Total actual emissions equal the sum of the actual emissions of each halocarbon, sulphur hexafluoride (SF₄) and nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃) from the categories 2.C, 2.E, 2.F, 2.G and 2.H in this table multiplied by the corresponding global warming potential values.

									Countr	
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND	$CO_2^{(1)}$	CH ₄	N ₂ O	HFCs	PFCs	SF ₆	Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs	NF ₃	Total	
SINK CATEGORIES		•		CO_2	equivalent (kt)					
Total (net emissions) ⁽¹⁾										
1. Energy										
1.A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach) 1.A.1. Energy industries										
1.A.1. Energy industries 1.A.2. Manufacturing industries and construction										
1.A.3. Transport										
1.A.4. Other sectors										
1.A.5. Other 1.B. Fugitive emissions from fuels									——	
1.B.1. Solid fuels										
1.B.2. Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production										
1.C. CO ₂ Transport and storage										
2. Industrial processes and product use										
2.A. Mineral industry										
2.B. Chemical industry 2.C. Metal industry										
2.D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use										
2.E. Electronic industry										
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS										
2.G. Other product manufacture and use										
2.H. Other										
3. A. Enteric fermentation										
3.B. Manure management										
3.C. Rice cultivation										
3.D. Agricultural soils										
3.E. Prescribed burning of savannahs										
3.F. Field burning of agricultural residues										
3.G. Liming 3.H. Urea application										
3.I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers 3.J. Other										
3.J. Other 4. Land use, land-use change and forestry (1)										
4. A. Forest land										
4.B. Cropland										
4.C. Grassland										
4.D. Wetlands										
4.E. Settlements										
4.F. Other land										
4.G. Harvested wood products										
4.H. Other 5. Waste										
5.A. Solid waste disposal										
5.B. Biological treatment of solid waste										
5.C. Incineration and open burning of waste										
5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge										
5.E. Other										
6. Other (as specified in summary 1)										
Memo items: ⁽²⁾										
International bunkers										
Aviation										
Navigation										
Multilateral operations										
CO ₂ emissions from biomass CO ₂ captured										
Long-term storage of C in waste disposal sites										
ndirect N ₂ O										
Indirect CO ₂ ⁽³⁾										
			1	Total CO2 equivale	nt emissions wit	hout land use	land-use chang	e and forestry		
		Total CO ₂ eq		ns with land use, l						
				ons with land use, l						
				ssions, including it						
Total	CO ₂ equivalent o			2, with land use, la						
				O2, with land use, l						

(1) For carbon dioxide (CO₂) from land use, land-use change and forestry the net emissions/removals are to be reported. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).
(2) See footnote 7 to table Summary 1.A.
(3) In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO₂, the national totals shall be provided with and without indirect CO₂.

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS GHG CO_2 eq emissions

(Sheet 1 of 6)

Year Submission Country

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported	
		(kt CO ₂ eq)	year)	reported year
Total (net emissions) ⁽²⁾		(
1. Energy				
1.A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach)				
1.A.1. Energy industries				
1.A.2. Manufacturing industries and construction				
1.A.4. Other sectors				
I.A.4. Other sectors				
1.B. regitive emissions from fuels				
1.B.1. Solid fuels				
1.B.2. Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production				
1.C. CO ₂ Transport and storage				
2. Industrial processes and product use				
2.A. Mineral industry				
2.B. Chemical industry 2.C. Metal industry				
2.D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use				
2.E. Electronic industry				
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS				
2.G. Other product manufacture and use				
2.H. Other				
3. Agriculture				
3.A. Enteric fermentation				
3.B. Manure management				
3.C. Rice cultivation 3.D. Agricultural soils				
5.D. Agricultural soils 3.E. Prescribed burning of savannahs				
3.E. Field burning of agricultural residues				
3.G. Liming				
3.H. Urea application				
3.I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers				
3.J. Other				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry (2)				
4.A. Forest land				
4.B. Cropland				
4.C. Grassland 4.D. Wetlands				
4.E. Settlements				
4.F. Other land				
4.G. Harvested wood products				
4.H. Other				
5. Waste				
5.A. Solid waste disposal				
5.B. Biological treatment of solid waste				
5.C. Incineration and open burning of waste 5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge				
5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge S.E. Other				
5.E. Olner 6. Other (please specify)				
(a				
Memo items:				
International bunkers				
Aviation				
Navigation		-		
Multilateral operations				
CO ₂ emissions from biomass				
CO ₂ captured				
Long-term storage of C in waste disposal sites Indirect N ₂ O				
maneet 1720			I	
Indirect CO ₂ (3)				
munect CO ₂				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions without land use, land-use change and forestry				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions without land use, land-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry including natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , without land use, land-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , without land use, land-use change and forestry				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , without iand use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with and use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with land use, land-use change and forestry including natural disturbances				

Note: All footnotes for this table are given at the end of the table on sheet 6.

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS

 CO_2

(Sheet 2 of 6)

Year Submission Country

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990 (k	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
1. Energy		,	,	, ,
1.A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach)				
1.A.1. Energy industries				
1.A.2. Manufacturing industries and construction				
1.A.3. Transport				
1.A.4. Other sectors				
1.A.5. Other				
1.B. Fugitive emissions from fuels				
1.B.1. Solid fuels				
1.B.2. Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production				
1.C. CO ₂ Transport and storage				
2. Industrial processes and product use				
2.A. Mineral industry				
2.B. Chemical industry				
2.C. Metal industry				
2.D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use				
2.E. Electronic industry				
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS				
2.F. Frouer uses a substitute of ODS 2.G. Other product manufacture and use			<u> </u>	
2.H. Other product manufacture and use				
2.A. Oner 3. Agriculture				
3.A. Enteric fermentation				
S.A. Enteric termenagement S.B. Manure management				
3.B. Manure management 3.C. Rice cultivation				
3.D. Agricultural soils				
S.E. Agricultural sons S.E. Prescribed burning of savannahs				
3.F. Field burning of agricultural residues				
S.F. Fixed outning of agricultural residues S.G. Liming				
3.H. Urea application				
3.I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers				
3.1. Utner carron-containing fertuizers 3.1. Other				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry (2) 4.A. Forest land				
4.B. Cropland 4.C. Grassland				
4.D. Wetlands				
4.E. Settlements				
4.F. Other land				
4.G. Harvested wood products				
4.H. Other				
s. Waste				
5. A. Solid waste disposal				
5.B. Biological treatment of solid waste				
S.C. Incineration and open burning of waste				
5.D. Memeration and open burning or waste 5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge				
5.E. Watewater treatment and discharge 5.E. Other				
6. Other (please specify)				
Memo items:			_	
Memo Hems: International bunkers				
International bunkers Aviation				
Avatton Navigation				
Navigation Multilateral operations				
Multilateral operations CO ₂ emissions from biomass				
CO ₂ captured Long-term storage of C in waste disposal sites				
Long-term storage or C in waste disposal sites	l .			l
Indirect CO ₂ (3)				
	1	ı		
Total CO ₂ emissions without land use, land-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances Total CO ₂ emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry including natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ emissions win inan use, innd-use change and forestry including natural disturbances Total CO ₂ emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , without land use, land-use change and forestry				
Total CO ₂ emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , without and use, nanc-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances				
Total CO ₂ emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with land use, land-use change and forestry including natural disturbances				

Note: All footnotes for this table are given at the end of the table on sheet 6.

(Sheet 3 of 6)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
			(kt)	%
Energy 1.A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach)				
1.A. 1. Energy industries				
1.A.2. Manufacturing industries and construction				
1.A.3. Transport				
1.A.4. Other sectors				
1.A.5. Other				
1.B. Fugitive emissions from fuels				
1.B.1. Solid fuels				
1.B.2. Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production				
1.C. CO ₂ Transport and storage				
2. Industrial processes and product use				
2.A. Mineral industry				
2.B. Chemical industry				
2.C. Metal industry				
2.D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use				
2.E. Electronic industry				
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS				
2.G. Other product manufacture and use				
2.H. Other				
3. Agriculture				
3.A. Enteric fermentation				
3.B. Manure management				
3.C. Rice cultivation				
3.D. Agricultural soils				
3.E. Prescribed burning of savannahs				
3.F. Field burning of agricultural residues				
3.G. Liming				
3.H. Urea application				
3.I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers				
3.J. Other				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry				
4.A. Forest land				
4.B. Cropland				
4.C. Grassland 4.D. Wetlands				
4.E. Settlements				
4.F. Other land				
4.G. Harvested wood products 4.H. Other				
5. Waste 5.A. Solid waste disposal				
5.A. Solid waste disposal 5.B. Biological treatment of solid waste				
5.C. Incineration and open burning of waste	 			
5.C. Incineration and open burning or waste 5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge	1			
5.E. Other	1			
6. Other (please specify)				
or Course affectly)				
Total CH ₄ emissions without CH ₄ from LULUCF				
Total CH4 emissions with CH4 from LULUCF excluding natural disturbances				
Total CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF including natural disturbances				
The Cast Charles and City Hom Debeck including natural disturbances				
Memo items:				
International bunkers				
Aviation				
Navigation				
Multilateral operations				
	ı	1	I	

 $\textbf{Note:} \ All \ footnotes \ for \ this \ table \ are \ given \ at \ the \ end \ of \ the \ table \ on \ sheet \ 6.$

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS N_2O

(Sheet 4 of 6)

Year Submission Country

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
			kt)	%
1. Energy				
1.A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach)				
1.A.1. Energy industries				
1.A.2. Manufacturing industries and construction				
1.A.3. Transport				
1.A.4. Other sectors				
1.A.5. Other				
1.B. Fugitive emissions from fuels				
1.B.1. Solid fuels				
1.B.2. Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production				
1.C. CO ₂ Transport and storage				
2. Industrial processes and product use				
2.A. Mineral industry				
2.B. Chemical industry				
2.C. Metal industry				
2.D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use				
2.E. Electronic industry				
2.F. Product uses as substitutes for ODS				
2.G. Other product manufacture and use				
2.H. Other				
3. Agriculture				
3.A. Enteric fermentation				
3.B. Manure management				
3.C. Rice cultivation				
3.D. Agricultural soils				
3.E. Prescribed burning of savannahs				
3.F. Field burning of agricultural residues				
3.G. Liming				
3.H. Urea application				
3.I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers				
3.J. Other				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry				
4.A. Forest land				
4.B. Cropland				
4.C. Grassland				
4.D. Wetlands				
4.E. Settlements				
4.F. Other land				
4.G. Harvested wood products				
4.H. Other				
5. Waste				
5.A. Solid waste disposal				
5.B. Biological treatment of solid waste				
5.C. Incineration and open burning of waste				
5.D. Wastewater treatment and discharge				
5.E. Other				
6. Other (please specify)				
Total direct N ₂ O emissions without N ₂ O from LULUCF				
Total direct N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF excluding natural disturbances				
Total direct N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF including natural disturbances				
Memo items:				
International bunkers				
Aviation				
Navigation				
Multilateral operations	ĺ			

 $\textbf{Note:} \ All \ footnotes \ for \ this \ table \ are \ given \ at \ the \ end \ of \ the \ table \ on \ sheet \ 6.$

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
		(1	kt)	%
Emissions of HFCs and PFCs - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
Emissions of HFCs - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
HFC-23				
HFC-32				
HFC-41				
HFC-43-10mee				
HFC-125				
HFC-134				
HFC-134a				
HFC-143				
HFC-143a				
HFC-152				
HFC-152a				
HFC-161				
HFC-227ea				
HFC-236cb				
HFC-236ea				
HFC-236fa				
HFC-245ca				
HFC-245fa				
HFC-365mfc				
Unspecified mix of HFCs ⁽⁴⁾ - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
Emissions of PFCs - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
CF ₄				
C_2F_6				
C_3F_8				
C_4F_{10}				
c-C ₄ F ₈				
C_5F_{12}				
C_6F_{14}				
$C_{10}F_{18}$				
c-C ₃ F ₆				
Unspecified mix of PFCs ⁽⁴⁾ - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
				1
Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
Emissions of SF ₆ - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
SF ₆				
0		1	<u> </u>	1
Emissions of NF ₃ - (kt CO ₂ equivalent)				
NF ₃				
*** 3		I	l .	1

Note: All footnotes for this table are given at the end of the table on sheet 6.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
			CO ₂ equivalent (kt)	(%)
CO ₂ emissions without net CO ₂ from LULUCF				
CO ₂ emissions with net CO ₂ from LULUCF excluding natural disturbances				
CO ₂ emissions with net CO ₂ from LULUCF including natural disturbances				
CH ₄ emissions without CH ₄ from LULUCF				
CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF excluding natural disturbances				
CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF including natural disturbances				
N ₂ O emissions without N ₂ O from LULUCF				
N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF excluding natural disturbances				
N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF including natural disturbances				
HFCs				
PFCs				
Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs				
SF ₆				
NF ₃				
Total (without LULUCF)				
Total (with LULUCF) excluding natural disturbances				
Total (with LULUCF) including natural disturbances				
Total (without LULUCF, with indirect CO ₂ emissions)				
Total (with LULUCF, with indirect CO2 emissions) excluding natural disturbances				
Total (with LULUCF, with indirect CO ₂ emissions) including natural disturbances				

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	(Years 1991 to latest reported year)	Change from base to latest reported year
			CO ₂ equivalent (kt)	(%)
1. Energy				
Industrial processes and product use				
3. Agriculture				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry excluding natural disturbances (5)				
4. Land use, land-use change and forestry including natural disturbances (5)				
5. Waste				
6. Other				
Total (including LULUCF) ⁽⁵⁾				

⁽¹⁾ The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the COP. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

Documentation box

Parties should provide detailed explanations on emissions trends in chapter 2: Trends in Greenhouse Gas Emissions and, as appropriate, in the corresponding Chapters 3 - 8 of the national inventory report (NIR). Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and further details are needed to understand the content of this table.
 Use the documentation box to provide explanations if potential emissions are reported.

⁽²⁾ Fill in net emissions/removals as reported in table Summary 1.A. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO2 the national totals shall be provided with and without indirect CO2.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines, HFC and PFC emissions should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), this row could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, respectively. Note that the unit used for this row is kt of CO₂ equivalent and that appropriate notation keys should be entered in the cells for the individual chemicals.

 $^{^{(5)}}$ Includes net CO $_2,\, CH_4$ and N_2O from LULUCF.

Example of sectoral background data tables

TABLE 5.A SECTORAL BACKGROUND DATA FOR WASTE

Solid waste disposal (Sheet 1 of 1)

Year Submission Country

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES		VITY DATA A		IMPLIED EMIS	SION FACTOR		EMISSI	ONS	
				CH ₄ ⁽¹⁾	CO ₂		CH ₄		CO ₂ ⁽⁴⁾
	Annual waste at the SWDS	MCF	DOC_f			Emissions ⁽²⁾	Amount of CH ₄ flared	Amount of CH ₄ for energy recovery ⁽³⁾	
	(kt)		%	(t/t w	vaste)		(kt)		
1. Managed waste disposal sites									
a. Anaerobic									
b. Semi-aerobic									
2. Unmanaged waste disposal sites									_
3. Uncategorized waste disposal sites									

Note: SWDS = solid waste disposal site, MCF = methane correction factor, DOC_f = fraction of degradable organic carbon that decomposes, DOC = degradable organic carbon (IPCC Guidelines (Volume 5, section 3.2.3)).

Note: Annual waste includes household waste, yard/garden waste, commercial/institutional waste, sludge, industrial and other waste.

Note: There is no methodology in the 2006 IPCC Guidelines to estimate emissions from flaring based on recovered biogas from solid waste disposal sites and wastewater handling. If data are available, Parties are encouraged to repor

Documentation box:

- Parties should provide detailed explanations on the waste sector in chapter 7: waste (CRF sector 5) of the national inventory report (NIR). Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and/or further details are needed to understand the content of this table.
- Parties that use country-specific models should provide a reference in the documentation box to the relevant section in the NIR where these models are described, and fill in only the relevant cells of table 5.A.
- Provide a reference to the relevant section in the NIR, in particular with regard to:
 - (a) The population size (total or urban population) used in the calculations and the rationale for doing so;
 - (b) The composition of landfilled waste.
- Parties should specify the category in the energy sector under which the emissions from energy recovery are reported.

⁽¹⁾ The CH₄ implied emission factor (IEF) is calculated on the basis of gross CH₄ emissions as follows: IEF = (CH₄ emissions + CH₄ recovered)/annual waste at the SWDS.

⁽²⁾ Actual emissions (after flaring and recovery).

⁽³⁾ When recovered CH4 emissions are used for energy, the emissions from the combustion should be reported under category 1.A and are provided here for information only.

⁽⁴⁾ Under solid waste disposal, CO₂ emissions should be reported only when the disposed waste is combusted at the disposal site as a management practice. CO₂ emissions from non-biogenic waste are included in the total emissions,

Annex III: Examples illustrating some of the options for implementing the flexibility provisions⁷

Example 1: the use of colour, note, additional column and documentation box to indicate the absence of reporting.

SUMMARY 2 SUMMARY REPORT FOR CO₂ EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS (Sheet 1 of 1)

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND	CO ₂ ⁽¹⁾	CH ₄	N ₂ O	HFCs	PFCs	SF_6	Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs	NF ₃	Total	Description of capacit constraints for using flexibility provision
SINK CATEGORIES					CO2 equivalen	t (kt)	1105			ricability provision
Fotal (net emissions) ⁽¹⁾	54,537.81	8,428.10	5,778.27			94.26			69,984.83	
. Energy	54,123.79	1,555.54	274.39			74.20			55,953.72	
A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach)	54,010.71	515.39	274.01						54,800.11	
. Energy industries	19,792.73	23.84	71.11						19,887.67	
. Manufacturing industries and construction	4,599.75	6.62	14.72						4,621.09	
. Transport	11,839.57	54.38	116.24						12,010.19	
. Other sectors	17,764.41	430.55	71.82						18,266.78	
. Other	14.26	0.00	0.12						14.38	
Fugitive emissions from fuels	113.08	1,040.15	0.38						1,153.61	
. Solid fuels	NO,NA,IE	94.48	NO,NA,IE						94.48	
. Oil and natural gas	113.08	945.67	0.38						1,059.12	
C. CO ₂ transport and storage	NO								NO	
. Industrial processes and product use	6,125.90	50.08	1,989.80			94.26			9,406.42	Lack of data
A. Mineral industry	2,072.39								2,072.39	
3. Chemical industry	2,294.96	44.79 5.29	1,666.71 NO			NO				Lack of data
C. Metal industry	1,595.66 162.90	NA,NO	NA,NO			NO			1,878.42	Lack of data
Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use Electronic Industry	162.90	NA,NO	NA,NO			1.19			162.90	Lack of data
F. Product uses as ODS substitutes						1.19 NO			868.91	Lack of data
G. Other product manufacture and use	NO	NO	323.09			93.08				Lack of data
I. Other	NO	NO 2 c22 co	NO			NO				Lack of data
. Agriculture	142.26	2,623.90	3,305.66						6,071.82	
A. Enteric fermentation		1,916.62	400.02						1,916.62	
3. Manure management		689.29 17.99	490.92						1,180.21 17.99	
C. Rice cultivation			2.014.75							
D. Agricultural soils E. Prescribed burning of sayannas		NA NO	2,814.75 NO						2,814.75 NO	
Field burning of agricultural residues		NO	NO						NO	
5. Liming	33.15	NO	NO						33.15	
I. Urea application	87.44								87.44	
Other carbon-containing fertilizers	21.67								21.67	
. Other	NO	NO	NO						NO	
Land use, land-use change and forestry (1)	-5,949.88	23.91	68.83						-5,857.14	
A. Forest land	-5,593.32	16.67	19.96						-5,556.69	
3. Cropland	-554.19	1.14	31.23						-521.82	
C. Grassland	-301.43	6.10	7.24						-288.10	
D. Wetlands	374.74	NO	1.25						375.99	
E. Settlements	196.74	NA,NO	9.15						205.89	
F. Other land	0.08	NA,NO	0.01						0.09	
G. Harvested wood products	-72.50								-72.50	
I. Other	NA	NA	NA						NA	
i. Waste	95.75	4,174.67	139.59						4,410.01	
A. Solid waste disposal	NO,NA	3,609.95							3,609.95	
Biological treatment of solid waste		19.92	12.34						32.26	
C. Incineration and open burning of waste	95.75	0.19	0.88						96.82	
D. Waste water treatment and discharge	210	544.61 NO	126.38 NO						670.98 NO	
. Other . Other (as specified in summary I.A)	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO			NO	ananana a		NO NO	
. Other (as specified in summary 1.A)	NO	NU	NO			NU			NO	
Memo items: ⁽²⁾										
Memo items: " international bunkers	810.09	0.14	6.75						816.98	
Aviation	810.09	0.14	6.75						816.98	
Value on Val	NE,NO	NE,NO	NE,NO						NE,NO	
Multilateral operations	NE,NO NO	NE,NO NO	NO.						NE,NO NO	
CO ₂ emissions from biomass	7,385.57	.40	.10						7,385.57	
CO ₂ captured	7,383.57 NO								7,383.57 NO	
ong-term storage of C in waste disposal sites	9,887.02								9,887.02	
ndirect N ₂ O	7,007.02		NE,NO						7,007.02	
	N		INE,INU							
ndirect CO ₂ (3)	NE,NO			go ! :				10	75.04	
							, land-use chang		75,841.97 69,984.83	
							e, land-use chang e, land-use chang			
									NA	

Note: HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF₃ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1 and are not shown in this table.

Documentation box:
HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF3 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18CMA.1.and are not shown in this table.

⁽¹⁾ For carbon dioxide (CO2) from land use, land-use change and forestry the net emissions/removals are to be reported. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for

removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

(2) See footnote 7 to table Summary 1.A.

(3) In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO 2, the national totals shall be provided with and

Examples included in this annex are based on the following assumptions: A developing Party's submission in 2025; reporting years according to MPG are 1990-2023; reported years are 2000, 2010, and 2020-2022; The Party reports CO2, CH4, N2O and SF6 and does not report HFCs PFCs, unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs, and NF₃.

Example 2: the use of colour to indicate the absence of reporting for specific cells, and the use of note and documentation box.

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS

SUMMARY (Sheet 6 of 6)

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	200	1 2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 20	009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 20	19	2020	2021	2022	2023	Change from base to latest reported year
																	CO	2 equiv	valent	(kt)																(%)
CO ₂ emissions without net CO ₂ from LULUCF			1/				\vee			1/		58,544.6	9 //					\nearrow	\times		~	60,164.69	\nearrow	\nearrow	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times		60	0,164.69	59,155.85	61,930.72		-29.31
CO ₂ emissions with net CO ₂ from LULUCF												57,686.8	5						\times		X :	57,688.86	\times		\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	\times		57	7,688.86	57,253.12	57,484.03		-34.85
CH ₄ emissions without CH ₄ from LULUCF							\times					8,923.1	6						\times	//		8,900.48	\times	\times	\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	\times		8	8,900.48	8,843.04	9,074.78		-33.00
CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF												8,949.0	1				\times		\times			8,919.34	\times	\times	\times	\times	\nearrow		\times		× ×	8,919.34	8,863.21	9,093.16		-32.94
N ₂ O emissions without N ₂ O from LULUCF							\vee					5,367.2	4						\times			5,841.04	\times	\times	\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	\times		5	5,841.04	5,106.45	5,102.61	\nearrow	-48.19
N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF				$1 \times$								5,432.0	0	1/			\times	\nearrow	\times		\times	5,902.62	\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	\nearrow	\times	\times			5,902.62	5,170.03	5,166.72	\times	-47.67
HFCs							\times	X							\times		\times	\times	\times				\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times							
PFCs							\times		\sim									\times	\times		\times		\times	\times	\times	\times		\times	\times		$\langle \ \rangle$				\nearrow	
Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs				1/										$1 \times$			\times	\nearrow	\nearrow				\setminus		\times	\times		\times	\times	\angle				\setminus		
SF ₆												84.0	4				\times	\nearrow				82.96	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times			82.96	66.71	78.40	\times	1,433.60
NF ₃																	\times	\nearrow	\times				\nearrow	\times	\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	\times							
Total (without LULUCF)												73,427.0	6				\times	\nearrow	\times		X	75,568.66	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times		75	5,568.66	73,899.52	77,037.15		-30.74
Total (with LULUCF)							\times	\times				72,659.8	3		\times		\times	\times	\times	\nearrow	\times	73,173.26	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	X	\nearrow	73	3,173.26	72,080.55	72,672.96	\times	-35.02
Total (without LULUCF, with indirect)									\times			N/					\times	\times	\times		\times	NA	\times		\checkmark	\times		\times	\times		$\langle \rangle$	NA	NA	NA	\times	0.00
Total (with LULUCF, with indirect)												N/										NA	\nearrow			\times		\times	\times			NA	NA	NA		0.00

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994 1	995 1	996 1	997 1	998 19	999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 20	006 200	7 20	08 2009	201	10 20	011 2	012 20	13 20	14 201	5 2016	2017	2018 201	9 2020	2021	2022	2023	Change from base to latest reported year
																	CO ₂	equival	nt (k	t)														(%)
1. Energy			\times		\times					\angle	5.	4,663.46	\times	\times	\nearrow			\angle			55,38	0.27						$\overline{}$		56,583.04	55,380.27	58,360.47	\times	-29.16
Industrial processes and product use			\times	\times								8,293.37	\times	\times	\times			$\langle \ \rangle$			7,70	3.65							//	8,297.83	7,703.65	7,959.89	\times	-38.15
3. Agriculture			\setminus	\times	\times		\times		\times			6,100.63	\times	\setminus	\times			\angle			6,31	7.11					$\langle \rangle$			6,283.97	6,317.11	6,143.84		-49.12
 Land use, land-use change and forestry ⁽⁵⁾ 			\times	\nearrow 1.	\sim 1.	\nearrow						-767.22		\nearrow	\nearrow	\nearrow			1>		-1,81	8.97				42	1/	1/		-2,395.40	-1,818.97	-4,364.20		223.97
5. Waste			\times								X	4,369.59	\times	\times	\times			\sim			4,49	8.49							\angle	4,403.83	4,498.49	4,572.95	\times	30.62
6. Other			X				$\langle \cdot \rangle$	\times				NO	\times	\setminus								NO		$\langle \ \rangle$					\setminus	NC.	NO	NO	\times	0.00
Total (including LULUCF) ⁽⁵⁾			$\overline{/}$		Z,		Ζ,				7:	2,659.83	\nearrow								72,08	0.55								73,173.26	72,080.55	72,672.96	$\overline{/}$	-35.02

Note: Cells in pink with diagonal line are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48, 57 or 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.

Documentation box:

• Parties should provide detailed explanations on emissions trends in chapter 2: Trends in Greenhouse Gas Emissions and, as appropriate, in the corresponding Chapters 3 - 8 of the national inventory report (NIR). Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and further details are needed to understand the content of this table.

• Use the documentation box to provide explanations if potential emissions are reported.

Cells in pink with diagonal line are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48, 57 or 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.

⁽¹⁾ The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the COP. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

⁽²⁾ Fill in net emissions/removals as reported in table Summary 1.A. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO₂ the national totals shall be provided with and without indirect CO₂.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, HFC and PFC emissions should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), this row could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, respectively. Note that the unit used for this row is kt of CO₂ equivalent and that appropriate notation keys should be entered in the cells for the individual chemicals.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes net CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O from LULUCF.

Example 3: the deletion or hiding of columns, and the use of note and documentation box.

fultilateral operations O2 emissions from bio

SINK CATEGORIES Total (net emissions)⁽¹⁾ B. Fugitive emissions from fuels 1. Solid fuels 2. Oil and natural gas C. Co₁ transport and storage 2. Industrial processes and product use A. Mineral industry GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND Land use, land-use change and forestry⁽¹⁾ Forest land Cropland Energy industries Manufacturing industries and construction Transport Onto Manure management Rice cultivation ther sectors 33.15 87.44 21.67 NO NO -5.949.88 -5.593.32 -554.19 -301.43 374.74 196.74 106.74 0.00 NA 95.75 N;O CO; equivalent (kt) 0 5,778.27 4 274.39 9 274.01 44 71.11 52 14.72 55 71.52 55 71.52 56 0.38 48 NO,NA,IE 67 0.38 12.34 0.88 126.38 NO NA 139.59 NO 68.83 19.96 31.23 7.24 1.25 9.15 otal

SUMMARY 2 SUMMARY REPORT FOR CO2 EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS

(Sheet 1 of 1)

Note: HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF $_3$ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1. and are not shown in this table.

NE,NO

Total CO₂ equivalent emissions without land use, land-use change and forestry

Total CO₂ equivalent emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry

Total CO₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO₂, without land use, land-use change and forestry

Total CO₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO₂, with land use, land-use change and forestry

 ⁽¹⁾ For carbon dioxide (CO₂) from land use, land-use change and forestry the net emissions/removals are to be reported. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).
 (2) See footnote 7 to table Summary 1.A.
 (3) In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO₂, the national

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS GHG CO₂ eq emissions

Company of the contract of the	,	;				;	Change from base to
GREENHOUSEGAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2000	2010	2015	2020	2021	2022	latest reported year
(4)			Flex	O_2 eq)			%
Total (net emissions) ⁽²⁾	107,697.50	91,224.29	Elevihilitu	69,788.39	72,659.83	73,173.26	-35.02
1. Energy	78,986.78	68,197.29	for 2015	57,065.65	54,663.46	56,583.04	-29.16
A. Fuel combustion (sectoral approach) 1. Energy industries	25,720,74	20.687.29	applied	22,474.85	23,656.05	23.965.22	-22.68
2. Manufacturing industries and construction	16,462.16	13,622.83	para. 57	8,297.62	4,651.73	4,994.18	-71.93
3. Transport	8,564.33	8,878.17		7,465.71	9,083.63	9,571.76	40.23
4. Other sectors	24,954.80	22,348.88		17,101.36	15,753.33	16,583.82	-26.80
5. Other	14.38	14.38		14.38	14.38	14.38	0.00
B. Fugitive emissions from fuels	3,270.37	2,645.74		1,711.73	1,504.34	1,453.67	-64.73
Oil and natural gas and other emissions from energy production	1,992.17	1,750.06		1,228.95	1,072.08	1,028.34	46.84
C. CO ₂ transport and storage	NO	NO		NO	NO	NO	0.00
2. Industrial Processes	15,209.45	11,831.84		8,346.42	8,293.37	8,297.83	-38.15
A. Mineral industry	2,899.38	2,895.43		2,006.71	1,996.12	1,999.89	-28.52
B. Chemical industry	5,746.44	4,866.64		2,836.03	3,582.54	3,638.75	40.61
D. Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use	246.89	206.26		332.34	257.51	192.30	-34.02
E. Electronic industry	NO	NO		NO	NO	1.19	100.00
F. Product uses as ODS substitutes	NO	NO		51.49	226.61	314.52	100.00
G. Other product manufacture and use	192.62	164.71		231.40	225.64	262.93	116.06
H. Other	NO NO	0075 6A		5 042 50 NO	6 100 63 NO	6 282 97 NO	0.00
A. Enteric fermentation	4,219.87	3,753.50		2,214.37	2,131.98	2,047.46	-54.58
B. Manure management	2,218.23	2,064.19		1,260.12	1,316.13	1,280.83	46.80
C. Rice cultivation	81.23	81.00		27.00	21.75	15.79	-77.85
D. Agricultural soils	4,946.82	3,692.20		2,324.32	2,526.57	2,831.72	43.10
E. Field huming of agricultural residues	59 59 ON	N O		NO NO	N O	NO NO	0.00
G. Liming	130.21	190.86		58.42	24.44	23.16	-74.54
H. Urea application	229.03	171.15		50.82	64.64	68.90	-61.82
I. Other carbon-containing fertilizers	48.11	22.73		7.52	15.12	16.12	-54.96
J. Other	1 007 00 100 100	267160		5 COO 42	CCLESE	2 205 40	223.07
4. Land use, rand-use change and rolestry A Forest land	-2 466 06	-3 403 59		-621729	-788 34	-2,393,40	125.31
B. Cropland	179.02	173.00		-70.82	-391.48	-360.12	-391.50
C. Grassland	5.57	33.33		-34.83	-216.39	-237.21	-5,276.77
D. Wetlands	873.88	799.95		421.28	421.95	455.09	-56.97
E. Settlements	63.13	113.43		113.67	191.73	182.43	226.13
F. Other land	NA,NO	NA,NO		0.03	0.09	0.09	100.00
H. Other	NA 1	NA		NA NA	NA	NA NA	0.00
5. Waste	3,376.11	3,891.12		4,133.18	4,369.59	4,403.83	30.62
A. Solid waste disposal	2,210.27	2,674.71		3,018.28	3,359.00	3,419.17	63.33
B. Biological treatment of solid waste	8.58	8.58		12.01	15.94	14.60	276.16
C. Incineration and open burning of waste	1 034 96	1 085 53		980 58	872.30	122.30	-20.84
E. Other	NO	NO		NO	NO	NO	0.00
6. Other (as specified in summary I.A)	NO	NO		NO	NO	NO	0.00
Memo items:	152 03	500 Q1		55.4.1.1	713 40	660 65	80.38
Aviation	452.93	500.91		554.11	713.40	669.65	80.38
Navigation	NE,NO	NE,NO		NE,NO	NE,NO	NE,NO	0.00
Multilateral operations	NO	NO		NO	NO	NO	0.00
CO ₂ emissions from biomass	2,534.13	3,132.51		3,627.77	6,049.50	6,763.72	191.44
CO ₂ captured	1 801 61 NO	NO 74		7,001 04 NO	o And on	0 710 AO	0.00
Indirect No	1,00+.04	NE NO		NE NO	0,+04.8Z	0,719.48	0.00
Indirect CO ₋ (3)	NENO	NE NO		NE NO	NE NO	NENO	0.00
Total CO, equivalent emissions without LULUCE	109 505 42	93,895,89		75.487.82	73.427.06	75.568.66	-30 74
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions with LULUCF	107,697.50	91,224.29		69,788.39	72,659.83	73,173.26	-35.02
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ ,	:	.		į	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with	1477	1777		1461	1331	1423	0.00

Note4: the Year 2023 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1. and are not shown in this table.

HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF $_3$ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1 and are not shown in this table.

Years 1990–1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1 and are not shown in this table, the Year 2023 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1 and are not shown in this table.

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS SUMMARY

(Sheet 6 of 6)

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	Change from base to latest reported year
		cc	CO2 equivalent (kt)	kt)		(%)
CO2 emissions without net CO2 from LULUCF	85,564.64	73,447.85	61,607.78	58,544.69	60,164.69	-29.31
CO2 emissions with net CO2 from LULUCF	83,710.52	70,714.17	55,837.71	57,686.85	57,688.86	-34.85
CH ₄ emissions without CH ₄ from LULUCF	12,543.60	11,746.22	8,812.05	8,923.16	8,900.48	-33.00
CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF	12,568.48	11,769.07	8,831.40	8,949.01	8,919.34	-32.94
N2O emissions without N2O from LULUCF	11,019.95	8,315.21	4,741.74	5,367.24	5,841.04	-48.19
N2O emissions with N2O from LULUCF	11,041.28	8,354.44	4,793.04	5,432.00	5,902.62	-47.67
SF_6	6.15	10.89	52.04	84.04	82.96	1,433.60
Total (without LULUCF)	109,505.42	93,895.89	75,487.82	73,427.06	75,568.66	-30.74
Total (with LULUCF)	107,697.50	91,224.29	69,788.39	72,659.83	73,173.26	-35.02
Total (without LULUCF, with indirect)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00
Total (with IJIIJICE with indirect)	Z	Z	N N	N	Z	000

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	Change from base to latest reported year
		CC	CO2 equivalent (kt)	kt)		(%)
1. Energy	78,986.78	68,197.29	57,065.65	54,663.46	56,583.04	-29.16
Industrial processes and product use	15,209.45	11,831.84	8,346.42	8,293.37	8,297.83	-38.15
3. Agriculture	11,933.09	9,975.64	5,942.58	6,100.63	6,283.97	-49.12
 Land use, land-use change and forestry (5) 	-1,807.92	-2,671.60	-5,699.43	-767.22	-2,395.40	223.97
5. Waste	3,376.11	3,891.12	4,133.18	4,369.59	4,403.83	30.62
6. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	0.00
Total (including LULUCF) ⁽⁵⁾	107,697.50	107,697.50 91,224.29	69,788.39	72,659.83	73,173.26	-35.02

Note: HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF₃ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and are not shown in this table.

Note2: Years 1990–1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and are not shown in this table.

Note3: the Year 2023 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and are not shown

- (1) The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the COP. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

 (2) Fill in net emissions/removals as reported in table Summary 1.A. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

 (3) In accordance with the UNFCCC proporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO₂ the national totals in the control of the parties of the parties
- shall be provided with and without indirect CO₂.

 (a) In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, HFC and PFC emissions should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), this row could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, respectively. Note that the unit used for this row is kt of CO₂ equivalent and that appropriate notation keys should be entered in the cells for the individual chemicals.

- Parties should provide detailed explanations on emissions trends in chapter 2: Trends in Greenhouse Gas Emissions and, as appropriate, in the corresponding Chapters 3 8 of the national inventory report (NIR). Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and further details are needed to understand the content of this table.
 Use the documentation box to provide explanations if potential emissions are reported.

HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF $_3$ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and are not shown in this table. Years 1990–1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and are not shown in this table.

 $is applied flexibility according to {\tt paragraph}\,58 of annex to \, {\tt Decision}\,18/CMA. 1. and are not shown in this properties of the p$

							Unspecified mix		
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND	CO ₂ ⁽ⁱ⁾	£	N ₂ O	HFCs	PFCs	SF	of HFCs and PFCs	NF ₃	Total
SINK CATEGORIES Total (net emissions) ⁽¹⁾	54 537.81	8 428 10	5.778.27	耳	CO ₂ equivalent (kt) FL	at (kt) 94.26	E	EL	69.98
. Energy	54,123.79	1,555.54	274.39						55,953.72
 L. Energy industries 	19,792.73	23.84	71.11						19,88
2. Manufacturing industries and construction	4,599.75	6.62	14.72						4,6
. Other sectors	17,764.41	430.55	71.82						18,266
from	14.26	0.00	0.12						1153
L. Solid fuels	NO,NA,IE	94.48	NO,NA,IE						94
2. Oil and natural gas	113.08	945.67	NE*						1,059.
C. CO ₂ transport and storage	NO			1	1		1	1	,
A. Mineral industry	2,072.39	20.08	1,989.00	77	2	77.20		17	2,072
Chemical industry	2,294.96	44.79	1,666.71	11	1 12	No	1 2	1 12	4,0
Non-energy products from fuels and solvent use	1,293.00	NA,NO	NA,NO		-			ī,	1,878.42
Electronic Industry					田田		TH.	耳耳	
3. Other product manufacture and use	NO	NO	323.09	H	H H	_ ^	paragraph 48 applied	P :	416.16
H. Other	NO	NO	NO	FL	TI.	Ī	TH.	FL	
3. Agriculture	142.26	2,623.90	3,305.66						6,071
B. Manure management		689.29	490.92						1,180.
		17.99							
E. Prescribed burning of savannas		NO NA	2,814./5 NO						2,814
Field burning of agricultural residues	22 45	NO	NO						
H. Urea application	87.44								87
Other carbon-containing fertilizers Other	21.67 NO	No	NO.						
t. Land use, land-use change and forestry ⁽¹⁾	-5,949.88	23.91	68.83						-5,8
A. Forest land	-5,593.32	16.67	19.96						-5,556.6
C. Grassland	-301.43	6.10	7.24						-22
D. Wetlands	374.74	NA NO	9.15						205
Other land	0.08	NA,NO	0.01						
G. Harvested wood products H. Other	-/2.50 NA	NA	NA						-/2 N
. Waste	95.75	4,174.67	139.59						4,410.01
Solid waste disposal Biological treatment of solid waste	MULON	19.92	12.34						0,0
Incineration and open burning of waste	95.75	0.19	0.88						
Other	NO	NO No.	NO 120.58						c
s. Other (as specified in summary 1.4)	NO	NO	NO	FL	H	NO	FL	FL	
Memo items: ⁽²⁾									
nternational bunkers	810.09	0.14	6.75						00 00
Vavigation	NE,NO	NE,NO	NE,NO						NE,N
Multilateral operations CO, emissions from biomass	7 385 57	NO	NO						7 385 5
CO ₂ captured	NO								, 100
indirect N ₂ O	7,007.02		NE,NO						2,007
Indirect CO ₂ (3)	NE,NO								
			Total To	CO ₂ equivale otal CO ₂ equiv	nt emissions v alent emissio	vithout land us ns with land us	Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions without land use, land-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions with land use, land-use change and forestry	e and forestry	75,841. 69,984.
	To	Total CO ₂ equiv	alent emission uivalent emiss	is, including in	ndirect CO ₂ , v	vithout land us	Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with land use, land-use change and forestry Total CO ₂ equivalent emissions, including indirect CO ₂ , with land use, land-use change and forestry	e and forestry	
Note: HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF $_3$ are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1. and applied the notation key "EI"	FCs and NF ₃	are applied f	lexibility aco	ording to par	ragraph 48 o	f annex to De	ecision 18/CMA	1. and applie	dthe
notation key"fL". In For carbon dioxide (CO ₂) from land use, land-use change and forestry the net emissions/removals are to be reported. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+). In See footnote 7 to table Summary 1.A. In see footnote 7 to table Summary 1.A. In accordance with the UNFCCC Annex linventory reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO ₂ , the national totals shall be provided with and without indirect CO ₃ .	echange and ositive (+).	forestry the guidelines, fo	enet emissio or Parties tha	ns/removals	are to be re eport indire	ported. Fort	the purposes of	freporting, th	e signs for ed with an
Documentation box:									
ntro), fros, unspecimentame o incoatto frosatto Misate applied textuinis de paaglabit eo of attres to pecision policiente distribution metros distributions. Processing of the control of	u Nr ₃ are ap	piled liexibil	пу ассоготту	to bai agi ab	II 40 OI dillie	X to Decision	I 10/ CIVIA. 1. di Iu	applied the	וסומנוטוואי
Years 1990–1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and applied the notation key "FL" the Year 2004 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and applied the notation key "FL".	ad flexibility a graph 58 of a	according to p	paragraph 57 sion 18/CMA	of annex to	Decision 18 led the notal	/CMA.1.and tion key "FL".	applied the not	tation key "FL'	.=

Example 7: the use of notation keys, notes and documentation box.

TABLE 10 EMISSION TRENDS

SUMMARY (Sheet 6 of 6)

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	Base year ⁽¹⁾	19	90	1991	1992	19	93	1994	1995	199	6 199	7 199	3 19	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	200	4 2005	200	06 20	07 2	008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Change from base to latest reported year
		_																		_	CO	2 equiv	lent (kt)						<u> </u>										(%)
CO ₂ emissions without net CO ₂ from LULUCF	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	58,544.69	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	60,164.69	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	60,164.69	59,155.85	61,930.72	FL	-29.31
CO ₂ emissions with net CO ₂ from LULUCF	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	57,686.85	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	57,688.86	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	57,688.86	57,253.12	57,484.03	FL	-34.85
CH ₄ emissions without CH ₄ from LULUCF	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	8,923.16	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	8,900.48	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	8,900.48	8,843.04	9,074.78	FL	-33.00
CH ₄ emissions with CH ₄ from LULUCF	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	8,949.01	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	8,919.34	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	8,919.34	8,863.21	9,093.16	FL	-32.94
N ₂ O emissions without N ₂ O from LULUCF	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	5,367.24	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	5,841.04	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	5,841.04	5,106.45	5,102.61	FL	-48.19
N ₂ O emissions with N ₂ O from LULUCF	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	5,432.00	FL	FI	FL	- 1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	5,902.62	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	5,902.62	5,170.03	5,166.72	FL	-47.67
HFCs	FL	-	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL.	. F	FL I	FL I	L	FL	FL	FL	FI	FL	- 1	L F	L :	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. Fl	. FI	L F	L FI	. FL	FL	FL	FL	100.00
PFCs	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	FL I	FL I	L	FL	FL	FL	FI	FL	. 1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	. FL	FL	FL	FL	-24.40
Unspecified mix of HFCs and PFCs	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL.	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	FL	FL	FI	. FL	. 1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	. FL	FL	FL	FL	0.00
SF ₆	FL		FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	IL I	FL I	L	FL	84.04	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	82.96	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	82.96	66.71	78.40	FL	1,433.60
NF ₃	FL	-	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL.	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	FL	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	. FL	FL	FL	FL	0.00
Total (without LULUCF)	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	73,427.06	FL	FI	FL	. 1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	75,568.66	FL	FL	FL	FI	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	75,568.66	73,899.52	77,037.15	FL	-30.74
Total (with LULUCF)	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	72,659.83	FL	FI	FL	. 1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	73,173.26	FL	FL	FL	FI	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	73,173.26	72,080.55	72,672.96	FL	-35.02
Total (without LULUCF, with indirect)	FL	,	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	FL I	FL I	L	FL	NA	FL	FI	FL		L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	NA	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	. NA	NA	NA	FL	
Total (with LULUCF, with indirect)	FL	-	FL	FL	FI	L	FL	FL	FL	F	L I	FL I	L	FL	NA	FL	FI	FL	1	L F	L	FL	FL	FL	FL	NA	FL	FL	FL	FL	. FI	. FI	F	L F	L FI	. NA	NA	NA	FL	0.00

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ⁽¹⁾	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	018	2019	2020	2021	2022		Change from base to latest reported year
																	(CO₂ equ	uivalent	(kt)																(%)
1. Energy	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	54,663.46	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	55,380.27	FL	FL	FL	56,583.04	55,380.27	58,360.47	FL	-29.16						
2. Industrial processes and product use	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	8,293.37	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	7,703.65	FL	FL	FL	8,297.83	7,703.65	7,959.89	FL	-38.15						
3. Agriculture	FL	FL	FL.	. FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	6,100.63	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	6,317.11	FL	FL	FL	6,283.97	6,317.11	6,143.84	FL	-49.12						
 Land use, land-use change and forestry (5) 	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	-767.22	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	-1,818.97	FL	FL	FL	-2,395.40	-1,818.97	-4,364.20	FL	223.97						
5. Waste	FL	FL	FL.	. FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	4,369.59	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	4,498.49	FL	FL	FL	4,403.83	4,498.49	4,572.95	FL	30.62						
6. Other	FL	FL	FL.	FL.	FL	NO	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	NO	FL	FL	FL	NO	NO	NO	FL	0.00												
Total (including LULUCF) ⁽⁵⁾	FL	FL	FI.	FL.	FL	72,659.83	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	FL	72,080.55	FL	FL	FL	73,173.26	72,080.55	72,672.96	FL	-35.02												

Note: HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs an Note2: Years 1990–1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA. 1 and applied the notation key "FL".

Note3: the Year 2023 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1. and applied the notation key "FL".

- (ii) The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the COP. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.
- [2] Fill in net emissions/removals as reported in table Summary 1.A. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are all ways negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).
- (3) In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, for Parties that decide to report indirect CO₂, the national totals shall be provided with and without indirect CO₂.
- (4) In accordance with the UNFCCC reporting guidelines, HFC and PFC emissions should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), this row could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, $respectively. \ Note that the unit used for this row is kt of CO_2 equivalent and that appropriate notation keys should be entered in the cells for the individual chemicals.\\$

- Parties should provide detailed explanations on emissions trends in chapter 2: Trends in Greenhouse Gas Emissions and, as a ppropriate, in the corresponding Chapters 3 8 of the national inventory report (NIR). Use this documentation box to provide references to relevant sections of the NIR if any additional information and further details are needed to understand the content of this table.
- Use the documentation box to provide explanations if potential emissions are reported.

HFCs, PFCs, unspecified mixture of HFCs and PFCs and NF3 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 48 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1. and applied the notation key "FL".

Years 1999-1999, 2001–2009, 2011–2019 are applied flexibility according to paragraph 57 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and applied the notation key "FL". the Year 2023 is applied flexibility according to paragraph 58 of annex to Decision 18/CMA.1.and applied the notation key "FL".

Annex IV: Background information provided during the informal consultations

The secretariat was invited to present information on the reporting tables currently used by developed and developing countries, and options for implementing these flexibilities, as included in Parties' submissions. The presentations are available at https://unfccc.int/event/sbsta-51#eq-23.

The current common reporting format (CRF) tables for developed countries are available at:

• Sectoral tables for energy, industrial processes and product use and waste

http://unfccc.int/files/national reports/annex i ghg inventories/reporting requirements/application/vnd.openxmlformats-

officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet/set 1 energy,ippu,waste final 16nov13.xlsx.

· Sectoral tables for agriculture and land use, land-use change and forestry

http://unfccc.int/files/national reports/annex i ghg inventories/reporting requirements/application/vnd.openxmlformats-

officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet/set 2 afolu final 16nov13.xlsx.

• Summary and other cross-sectoral tables

http://unfccc.int/files/national reports/annex i ghg inventories/reporting requirements/application/vnd.openxmlformats-

officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet/set 3 cross-sectoral final 16nov13.xlsx.

The national communication reporting tables (tables 1 and 2 in the annex to decision 17/CP.8) are available at:

https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/docs/cop8/07a02.pdf#page=11.