







The IKI in numbers



The International Climate Initiative (IKI)









- Since 2008, the IKI has been financing climate and biodiversity projects in developing, emerging, and transition countries.
- More than 1000 projects with a current funding volume of almost €7.5 billion.
- Project selection mainly in ideas competitions for various types of funding
- IKI Strategy 2030 focusses funding on the 14 IKI priority countries

Mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions

> Adaptation to the impacts of climate change

Conservation of biodiversity

Conservation of natural carbon sinks

Focus on reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (REDD+)



The IKI strategy: four funding areas with key fields of action for maximum impact

Around 50% of the funds flow into the area of GHG reduction; around 80% are earmarked for prioritized fields of action.

Financing the socio-ecological transformation

Climate resilience

Funding area I: Mitigating GHG emissions

- NDCs and long-term strategies (LTSs)
- Energy transition
- Decarbonisation of industry
- Mobility transition

Funding area III: Natural carbon sinks

- Nature-based solutions
- Ending deforestation and land use changes
- Restoring forest landscapes
- Peatland protection

GHG reduction

Funding area II: Adapting to climate change

- National adaptation plans (NAPs)
- Ecosystem-based adaptation (EbA)
- Resilience and security

Funding area IV: Conserving biological diversity

- NBSAPs incl. promotion of IPLCs
- Habitat protection
- Mainstreaming biodiversity

Biodiversity conservation

Support for international negotiation processes





Sustainable and climate-friendly

development of urban areas

The IKI strategy up to 2030

- Defines how the IKI will contribute to overcoming the climate and biodiversity crises in developing and emerging countries up to 2030
- Bundles competencies of the Federal Government in the lead ministries for climate action, biodiversity conservation and foreign policy (BMUKN and AA)
- Provides focus as well as flexibility for maximum impact
- Allows for strategic steering of the funding program



IKI targets up to 2030

Raising ambitions

more ambitious NDCs, NAPs and/or NBSAPs

in at least

30

partner countries, including the priority countries

Improving the enabling environment

for cross-sectoral or sectortransformative climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation, and/or climate change adaptation in at least

20

partner countries, including the priority countries

Implementation

of climate change mitigation, biodiversity and/or climate change adaptation measures through piloting and scaling in at least

20

partner countries including the priority countries

Mobilising private investment

the IKI mobilises investment in climate change mitigation, biodiversity conservation and adaptation to climate change in the partner countries 1,5 billion EUR private capital

Raising ambitions through NDCs, NAPs, and NBSAPs

The international framework for climate action, adaptation to climate change and biodiversity conservation

Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)

- NDCs are at the heart of the Paris Agreement to keep 1.5°C within reach
- Ratchet mechanism: NDCs are submitted every 5 years and must be more ambitious each time
- Ambition gap: Current NDCs would lead to between 2.1°C and 2.8°C. Next generation of NDC must be 1.5°C aligned
- Economy-wide, harmonized with LTS, implementable, sufficiently financed

National Adaptation Plans (NAPs)

- 56 countries have submitted their NAP document to UNFCCC
- Global Goal on Adaptation: UAE Framework for Global Climate Resilience adopted at COP28
- Beyond adaptation: Loss and Damage
 Fund to address unavoidable losses
 and damage

National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans (NBSAPs)

- 2022: The Global Biodiversity
 Framework (GBF) a new ambitious
 framework for worldwide protection of
 biological diversity by 2050
- NBSAPs: contribute to GBF by aligning national targets, developing detailed action plans, and facilitating monitoring and resource mobilisation.
- Revision of the NBSAPs in line with the GBF scheduled before end of 2024 (CBD COP 16)

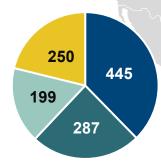
IKI strategy target by 2030: Contribution to raising ambitions in at least 30 partner countries



IKI funding volume by region

2008-2024, in million euros

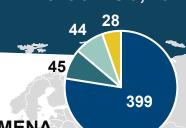


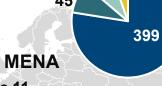


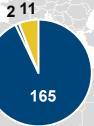
- Mitigation of greenhouse gases
- Adaptation to the impacts of climate change
- Conservation of natural sinks/REDD+
- Conservation of biological diversity



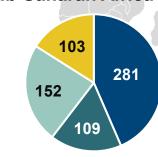












South and Southeast Asia, **Pacific**

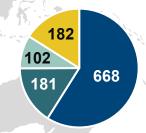
Global

2204

524

230

865



IKI priority countries

Brazil (BRA) China (CHN) Colombia (COL) Costa Rica (CRI) India (IND) Indonesia (IDN) Mexico (MEX) Peru (PER) Philippines (PHL) South Africa (ZAF) Thailand (THA) Türkiye (TUR) Ukraine (UKR) Vietnam (VNM) **ODA** countries

IKI interface projects

- 14 interface projects in countries in the IKI focus countries
- Aims and tasks of the interfaces:
 - Promoting the exchange of the IKI implementing organisations on the ground
 - Supporting policy dialogue with partner governments and other stakeholders
 - Pooling of information on the IKI portfolio and specialist topics in the partner country that are relevant to the IKI
- Methods
 - Creation and maintenance of an e-mail distribution list of all IKI stakeholders/implementing organisations in the partner country
 - Regular meetings of the IKI implementing organisations
 - Editing and dispatching IKI country newsletter (two to four times per year)
 - Knowledge management (e.g. regional thematic workshops, the IKI brown bag lunches, countryspecific IKI websites such as ikiperu.com)
 - Regular exchange with the Ministries



IKI funding instruments at a glance

for climate and biodiversity projects in developing and emerging economies



IKI Compete

- IKI Large Grants
- IKI Medium Grants
- IKI Small Grants

IKI Invest

- Contributions to funds
- Participation in multilateral initiatives

IKI Strategic Action

- Interface projects in IKI priority countries
- Sustaining successful projects



IKI funding through ideas competitions

To promote climate and biodiversity projects in developing and emerging countries



Joint projects

- Large funding volume
- Long project term
- Implementation by consortia

IKI Large Grants



Small-scale project funds

- Small funding volume
- Short project term
- Implementation by individual implementing organisations

IKI Small Grants

IKI Medium Grants





IKI Large Grants (ILG)



Key facts

- Funding volume from €12m to €20m
- Project duration of up to eight years
- Mostly bilateral and regional projects
- 9 thematic and 3 country priorities in 2025
- Implementation through consortia (2+ organisations)
- Two-phase selection procedure
- Deadline: 17 February 2026



Eligible organisations

- Non-governmental organisations
- Universities and research institutions
- International intergovernmental organisations and institutions (such as development banks)
- Organisations and programs of the United Nations
- Private sector companies
- Implementing organisations of the German Federal Government.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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