

## Principles for monitoring and evaluation of ACE activities

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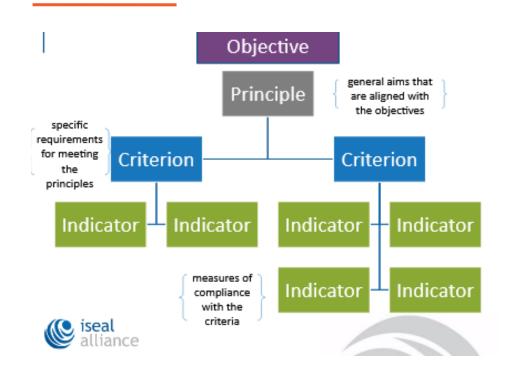
#### What are principles for?

- Clear overarching purpose the "why"
- A framework for design
- A framework for monitoring and compliance
- Wider promotion of the need for engagement



### Build compliance mechanisms on the principles

# Indicators cascade from principles





### The six principles

Roundtable June 2021

- 1) Accessible
- 2) Empowering
- 3) Credible & Trustworthy
- 4) Relevant
- 5) Inclusive
- 6) Understandable



#### #3. Credible & Trustworthy

- → Trusted messengers
- → Peer-to-peer communication through community neworks.
- → Non-partisan, evidence based, and speaking to the values of the audience.

Process driven

M&E – enabling and supporting peer to peer and diverse voices.



#### #4. Relevant

- → tailored to the needs, concerns and values of different audiences..
- → Reflect the unequal impacts and experience of climate change (and transition)
- → Respond to inequalities of access to information.

Paris Agreement: Article 11

Capacity building ... o enhance the capacity of developing country Parties... to facilitate education, training and public awareness.



#### #5. Inclusive

- → Reach <u>all</u> citizens and all demographics
- → Overcome polarization.
- → Enable public participation activities such as citizens' assemblies to have direct input into policy.

M&E – measurement of the reach and depth of engagement.



# Principles of engagement in the wider policy discussion

People have a moral and legal "right to know".

All climate policy is underpinned by the *mandate* of informed citizens

Access to information and ability to make informed decisions is a *human right*.



### Thank you

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