Facilitative Multilateral Consideration of Progress

SB65 - November 2026

FIRST BIENNIAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT

GABON

National circumstances



3,518,621 inhabitants
(RGPL 2026)

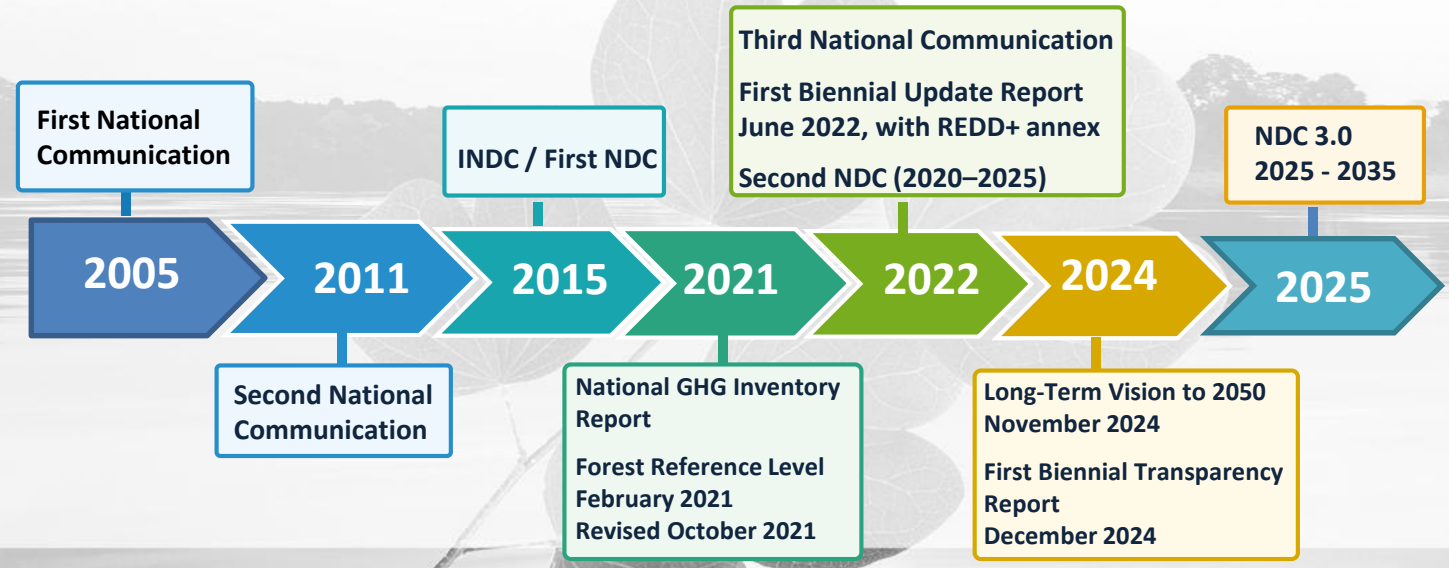


Area of 267,667 km²

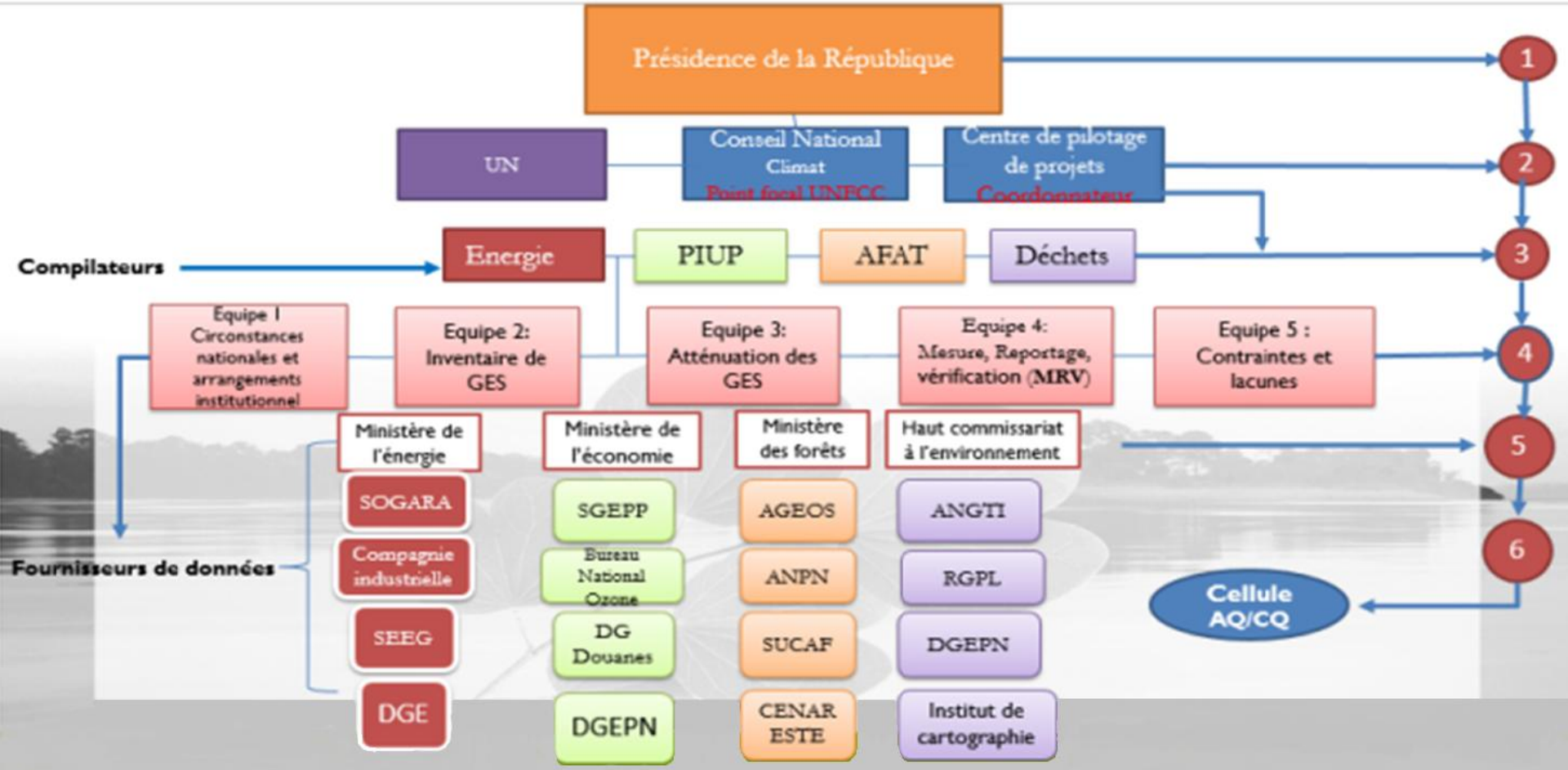


Total forest cover of
88%

Gabon's reporting to the UNFCCC and under the Paris Agreement



Institutional arrangements



Gabon's Climate main policies and measures

1993 Environmental Protection Law

2001-2002
2001: Forest Code
2002: Creation of 13 national parks

2010
Creation of the National Climate Council and AGEOS
Ban on log exports

2012-2014
2012: National Coastal Adaptation Strategy
2014: Sustainable Development Law and new Environmental Code

2018 CAFI partnership for land-use planning and forest monitoring

2021-2022
2021: Climate Change Ordinance
2022: Ratification through Law No. 018/2022

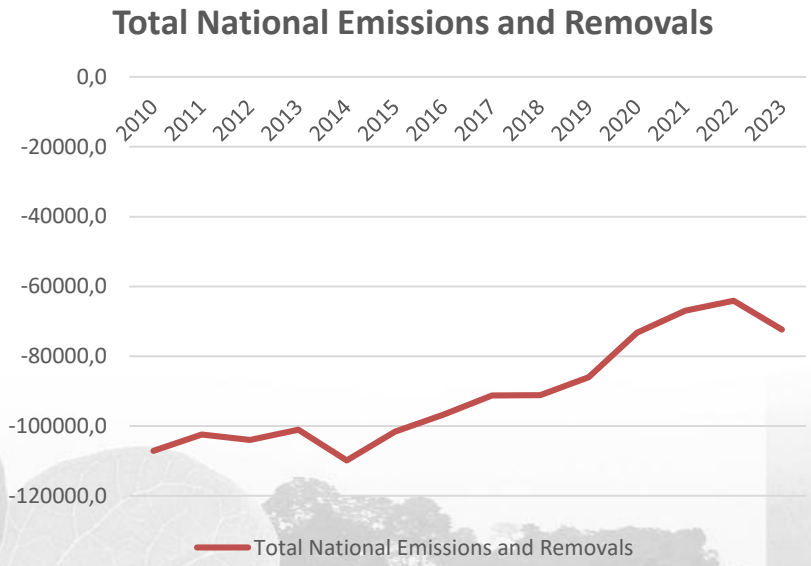
2024
Progressive introduction of reduced-impact logging (RIL-C)
Afforestation program planned for 2024-2030

GHG National Inventory

2023 GHG inventory overview

Categories	Total in CO2 Equivalents (Gg)
Total National Emissions and Removals	**-72 389.7**
1 - Energy	**5 454.5**
1.A - Fuel Combustion Activities	4 308.8
1.B - Fugitive emissions from fuels	1 145.7
1.C - Carbon dioxide Transport and Storage	NO
2 - Industrial Processes and Product Use	**376.0**
2.A - Mineral Industry	NO
2.B - Chemical Industry	NE
2.C - Metal Industry	NO
2.D - Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	NO
2.E - Electronics Industry	NO
2.F - Product Uses as Substitutes for Ozone Depleting Substances	374.9
2.G - Other Product Manufacture and Use	NO
2.H - Other	1.0
3 - Agriculture, Forestry, and Other Land Use	**-80 735.7**
3.A - Livestock	13.2
3.B - Land	-92 989.0
3.C - Aggregate sources and non-CO2 emissions sources on land	12 240.1
3.D - Other	0.0
4 - Waste	**2 515.6**
4.A - Solid Waste Disposal	1 670.0
4.B - Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	436.8
4.C - Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	133.5
4.D - Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	275.2
4.E - Other (please specify)	0.0
5 - Other	**NE**
5.A - Indirect N2O emissions from the atmospheric deposition of nitrogen in NOx and NH3	NE
5.B - Indirect CO2 emissions from the atmospheric oxidation of CH4, CO and NMVOC	NE
5.C - Other	NA

Gabon remains a net sink, but the sink is declining



- 2010 : -107,162.6 Gg CO2 eq.
- 2023 : -72,389.7 Gg CO2 eq.
- 32% reduction in carbon sink capacity

Key categories (With LULUCF)

IPCC Cat Code	IPCC Category	GHG	Emissions (Gg CO2 eq.)	(Gg CO2 eq.) | |	%	Cumulative
3.B.1	**Forest land**	**CO2**	**-99550.00**	**99550.00**	**0.788**	**0.788**
3.C.1	**Burning**	**CH4**	**9651.45**	**9651.45**	**0.076**	**0.864**
3.B.2	**Cropland**	**CO2**	**4120.00**	**4120.00**	**0.033**	**0.897**
3.C.1	**Burning**	**N2O**	**2516.40**	**2516.40**	**0.020**	**0.917**
3.B.5	**Settlements**	**CO2**	**2162.00**	**2162.00**	**0.017**	**0.934**
4.A	**Solid Waste Disposal**	**CH4**	**1670.01**	**1670.01**	**0.013**	**0.947**
1.A.3	**Transport**	**CO2**	**1460.12**	**1460.12**	**0.012**	**0.959**
1.A.1	Energy Industries	CO2	1327.78	1327.78	0.011	0.969
1.A.2	Manufacturing Industries and Construction	CO2	916.15	916.15	0.007	0.977
1.B.2	Oil and Natural Gas	CO2	832.47	832.47	0.007	0.983
1.A.4	Other Sectors	CO2	519.53	519.53	0.004	0.987
4.B	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	CH4	436.84	436.84	0.003	0.991

1. Forest land: -99,550 Gg CO2 (78.8%)
2. Burning (CH4) : 9,651.45 Gg CO2 eq. (7.6%)
3. Cropland: 4,120 Gg CO2 (3.3%)
4. Burning (N2O) : 2,516.40 Gg CO2 eq. (2.0%)
5. Settlements: 2,162 Gg CO2 (1.7%)

Key categories (Without LULUCF)

IPCC Category Code	IPCC Category	GHG	Emissions (Gg CO2 eq.)	%	Cumulative
4.A	**Solid Waste Disposal**	**CH4**	**1670.01**	**0.207**	**0.207**
1.A.3	**Transport**	**CO2**	**1460.12**	**0.181**	**0.389**
1.A.1	**Energy Industries**	**CO2**	**1327.78**	**0.165**	**0.553**
1.A.2	**Manufacturing Industries and Construction**	**CO2**	**916.15**	**0.114**	**0.667**
1.B.2	**Oil and Natural Gas**	**CO2**	**832.47**	**0.103**	**0.770**
1.A.4	**Other Sectors**	**CO2**	**519.53**	**0.064**	**0.835**
4.B	**Biological Treatment of Solid Waste**	**CH4**	**436.84**	**0.054**	**0.889**
1.B.2	**Oil and Natural Gas**	**CH4**	**313.16**	**0.039**	**0.928**
4.D	**Wastewater Treatment and Discharge**	**CH4**	**239.07**	**0.030**	**0.958**
4.C	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	CH4	76.77	0.010	0.967
3.C.4	Direct N2O Emissions from managed soils	N2O	58.70	0.007	0.974
4.C	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	CO2	46.16	0.006	0.980
4.D	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	N2O	36.16	0.004	0.985

1. Solide Waste Disposal : 1,670.01 Gg CO2 eq. (20.7%)
2. Transport : 1,460.12 Gg CO2 (18.1%)
3. Energy Industries : 1,327.78 Gg CO2 (16.5%)
4. Manufacturing Industries and Construction : 916.15 Gg CO2 (11.4%)
5. Oil and gaz : 832.47 Gg CO2 (10.3%)

The NDC tracked in the first BTR

- Unconditional: carbon neutrality through and beyond 2050
- Conditional on support: at least 100 Mt CO_2 in annual net removals beyond 2050
- Priority tracking sectors: forests and land, energy and agriculture
- Reference year: 2005. Horizons: 2030 and 2050

Forest policies at the center of implementation

- 2001 Forest Code and sustainable concession management
- Creation of 13 national parks in 2002
- Ban on raw log exports since 2010
- Priorities: enforcement, timber traceability and land-use planning

Mitigation priorities beyond forests

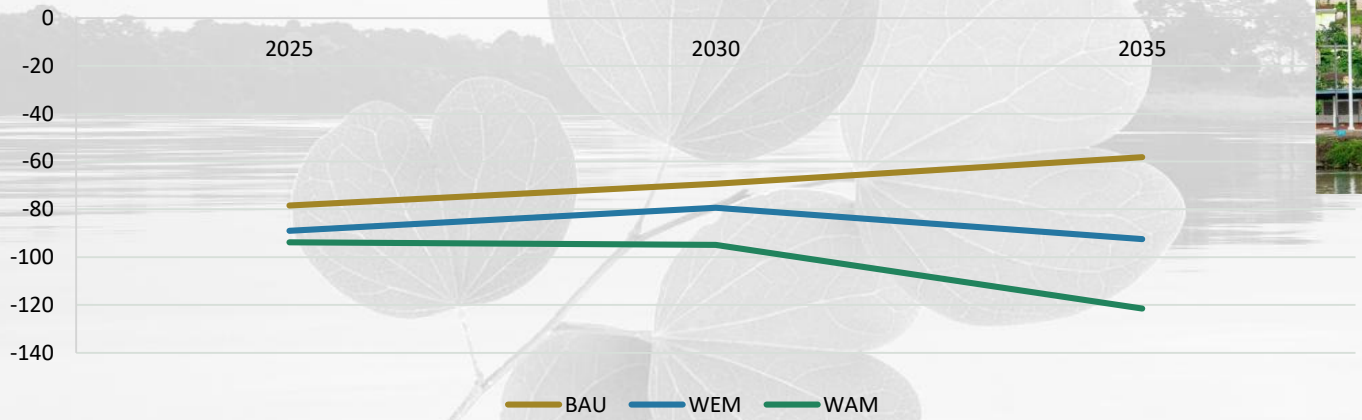
- Electricity: hydropower, solar and energy efficiency
- Hydrocarbons: zero-flaring plan and gas recovery
- Agriculture: land allocation and sustainable practices
- Waste: inventory coverage and better data

Since BTR1: NDC3.0 for 2025-2035

- Updated 2023 reference year and pathways to 2035 – 24 December 2025
- Stronger adaptation focus: health, water, cities and coastal areas
- Waste and IPPU included in sectoral pathways and measures
- Detailed projects, costs and planned MRV arrangements for delivery

NDC3.0: a stronger net sink by 2035

National net emissions including LULUCF, Mt CO_2 eq



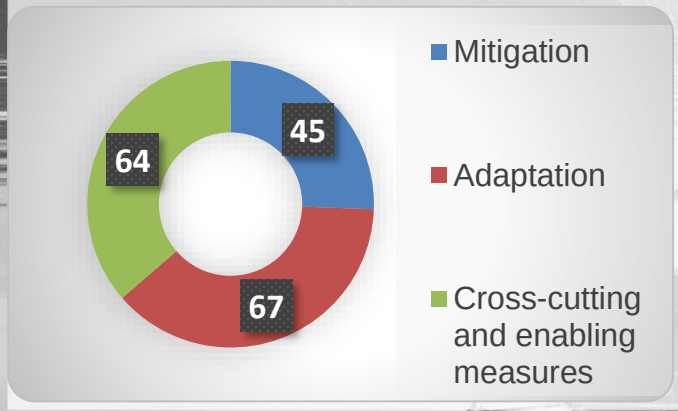
2035: WEM +58.7% and WAM +108.6% net removals vs BAU

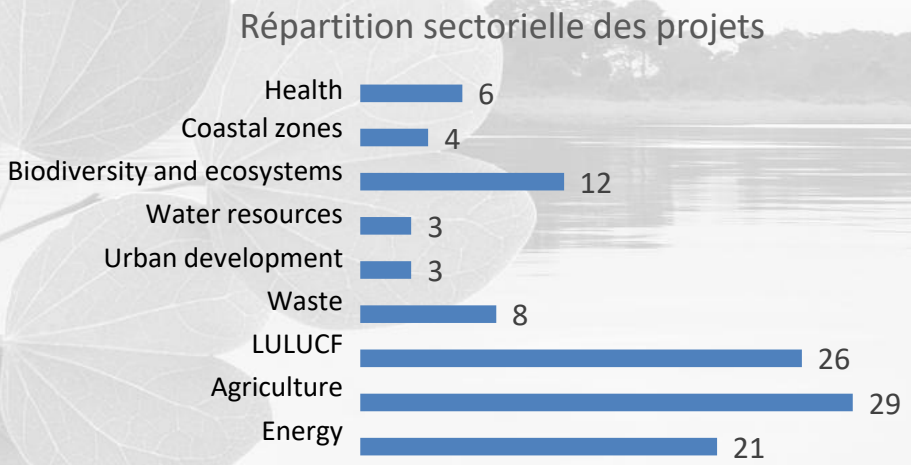


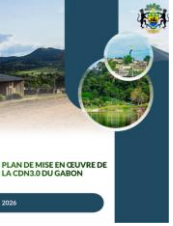
Sectoral and cross-cutting priorities

176 measures, actions and projects

Mitigation	Adaptation	Cross-cutting measures
• Renewable energy and energy efficiency • Sustainable forest and land management • Waste, agriculture and industrial processes	• Coastal protection and mangroves • Water, agriculture and resilient cities • Health and early warning systems	• Gender, youth and inclusion • Just transition, loss and damage • Climate finance and capacity-building • Governance and MRV

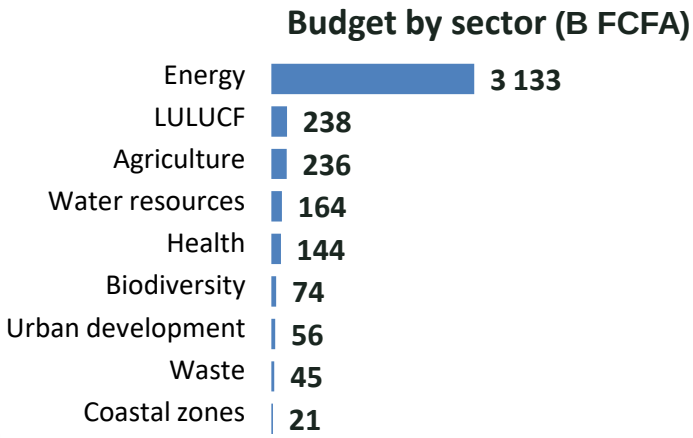






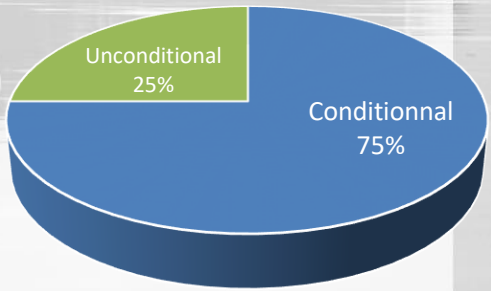
Implementation Plan (IP)

- Prioritized actions and investments;
- Clarified responsibilities;
- Implementing NDC 3.0 requires the coordinated mobilization of public and private financial resources from domestic and international sources.
- Technical validation by sectoral stakeholders at a workshop held on 23 October 2026;
- Institutional validation programmed for November.



Type of support	Amount (B FCFA)	Budget share
Sectoral measures/projects	4 110,43	96 %
Cross-cutting + enabling measures	146,65	4 %
TOTAL	4 257,08	100 %

Investment portfolio structure



Next steps

Period	Upcoming work
2026, to be submitted by 31 December	• Fourth National Communication; • BTR2; • GHG inventory

Priorities for the next cycle

- Preserve the forest sink and reduce sectoral emissions
- Sustain data collection, quality assurance and archiving
- Connect tracking of measures with tracking of support received
- Cooperation priorities: lasting capacity and implementation investment

Thank you for your attention

