



United Nations Climate Change







NDC Clinic

22-23 May 2025

Venue: Megapolis Convention Centre Panama City, Panama

Registration required









United Nations Climate Change







Segment 2: Investability – Prioritizing Investment Needs



Report Back

Adrián Flores
Climate Finance Associate, NDC Partnership





Topic discussions between countries and development partners – 90 minutes

Table 1 – **Plenary Breakout Room 1.Evidence-based investment planning**

Andrés Pica, Chile

Table 4 – **Plenary Breakout Room 4. Transparency**

Juan Manuel Lucero, Panama

Table 2 – **Plenary Breakout Room**2. Integrating climate into budgets and development planning

Claudia Ramirez, El Salvador

Table 5 – MR 1
5. Project/investment structuring

Taneque Heslop/Omar Alcock, Jamaica

Table 3 – **Plenary Breakout Room**3. Addressing investment barriers and strengthening enabling environments

Iveth Cruz Ayala, Dominican Republic

Table 6 – MR 1
6. Vertical integration

Ana Paula Matos, Brazil



Segment wrap-up and Q/A

NDC Partnership and UNDP







United Nations Climate Change







Segment 3: Private Sector Engagement



Overview of session structure, objectives, and outcomes

Gianluca Merlo, Regional Technical Advisor, UNDP





Session introduction (10 minutes)	Gianluca Merlo, Regional Technical Advisor, UNDP
Setting the Stage Initial Stocktake (30 min)	Moderation: Adrián Flores, Climate Finance Associate, NDC Partnership Speakers: EUROCLIMA/GIZ, UNDP, CCSA
Use case/ Best Practice presentation (30 minutes)	Moderation: Gianluca Merlo, Regional Technical Advisor, UNDP Speakers: UNACEM, ARTICULAC
Topic discussions – Breakout group (90 minutes)	a. Colombia - Tatiana Roa, Vice Minister of Environmental Territorial Planning, Ministry of the Environment and Sustainable Development / Uruguay - Lorena Márquez, National Directorate of Climate Change b. Ecuador (Cacao and Coffee Companies) - CONFENIAE - María José Andrade / MAATE - Jessica Gallegos c. Ecuador, Municipality of Quito – Santiago Burneo / Peru (UNACEM) - Julia Sobrevilla d. Toyota Ecuador – Eymi Sanchez, Government Affairs Manager / C40 – Urszula Kasperek e. CCAP - Adriana Bazán CCAP, taxonomies as instruments to align private sector financial flows f. Programa Ecuador Carbono Cero (PECC), Ministry of the Environment, Ecuador / Huella Chile – Andres Pica, Chief of Climate Change Division, Ministry of the Environment, Chile

Report back from breakout groups (30 minutes)	Gianluca Merlo, Regional Technical Advisor, UNDP
Session and resilience and adaptation (30 minutes)	Moderated by: UNDP Speakers: AF; IFC
Discussion and questions (30 minutes)	Moderator: Alejandro Kilpatrick, Manager, UNFCCC
Segment wrap-up (10 minutes)	Lyes Ferroukhi, Regional Team Leader LAC Environment and Energy Team, UNDP

Setting the stage Initial Stocktake

Moderator



Adrián Flores
Climate Finance Associate, NDC
Partnership

Panel of Experts



Silvia Brugger,Director of Euroclima Programme/GIZ



Lyes Ferroukhi, Regional Team Leader LAC Environment and Energy Team, UNDP



Mapping the private sector stakeholders in climate and biodiversity investments in LAC

Silvia Brugger, Director of Euroclima / GIZ





Implemented by

















Euroclima

Euroclima is a regional cooperation programme between the **European Union** and Latin America and the Caribbean that contributes to a sustainable, resilient and inclusive transition.

Through bilateral dialogues and regional collaboration, the programme engages with 33 partner countries and key regional organisations to identify priorities and translate them into concrete actions, fostering long-term environmental and climate resilience









Euroclima: Building a Green and Just Transition with Latin America and the Caribbean

By creating the right conditions and supporting key initiatives in priority sectors, Euroclima helps establish a solid foundation for a sustainable transition.

The programme also facilitates the mobilisation of climate and green financing, addressing urgent environmental challenges.



Energy Transition



Sustainable **Mobility**



Bioeconomy and sustainable food production



Water Management



Biodiversity and Ecosystems



Sustainable climate finance



Disaster risk management



Circular **Economy**







EU-LAC Global Gateway Investment Agenda:

Euroclima's contribution

Global Gateway is the EU's strategy to boost smart, clean and secure connections. Global Gateway is fully aligned with the Paris Agreement.

The <u>EU-LAC Global Gateway Investment Agenda</u> (<u>GGIA</u>) highlights potential investment projects to help address the region's **infrastructure needs**.

Euroclima contributes to the GGIA and seeks to foster strategic partnerships between the European Union and Latin America and the Caribbean in the areas of climate change, biodiversity and circular economy.









Climate financing in LAC: mapping the private sector stakeholders

Our goal: to understand the private sector stakeholders that invest in climate and biodiversity actions in LAC.

This means answering:

- who (type of investors)?
- where (countries, sectors)?
- * how (which financing instruments)?

 * Global

 * Gateway







Methodology



Conceptual framework:

The sources of private sector climate finance, both international and domestic, available in LAC for investments related to climate change (mitigation and adaptation) and biodiversity were mapped in 3 steps.

Steps executed:

- 1 Identification of stakeholders.
- Classification of private funding sources.
- Types of financing provided (financial instruments) and the key sectors for investment prioritization.







Methodology: step 1



Identification of stakeholders



Private funding sources

Entities that **mobilize private capital** play a vital role in providing the essential financial resources for climate change **mitigation**, **adaptation projects**, and **biodiversity** conservation initiatives.



Financing-accessing organizations

They receive the funds and are accountable for executing projects that support climate and biodiversity goals.



Entities facilitating the financing process

These entities enhance access to funding and bolster the capabilities of recipient organizations through consulting, training, and additional funding.







Methodology: step 2

2 Classification of private funding sources









Methodology: step 3

3 Financial instruments types and priority sectors for investment

Key industries







Sustainable energy

Transport

Water reserves







Biodiversity
Conservation, Solutions
Based on Ecosystems

Financial instruments

Subsidies Debt at the Project Level Guarantee

Capital Project Level Debenture Insurance

Capital Markets (green, blue, thematic bonds)

Results-Based Climate Financing (RBCF)

Credit Trading Clearing

Innovative Financial Instruments

Integrated Financing

Business

Loans

Consumer Loans

Asset Management and

Ownership

Debt Restructuring for Environmental/Climate Conservation

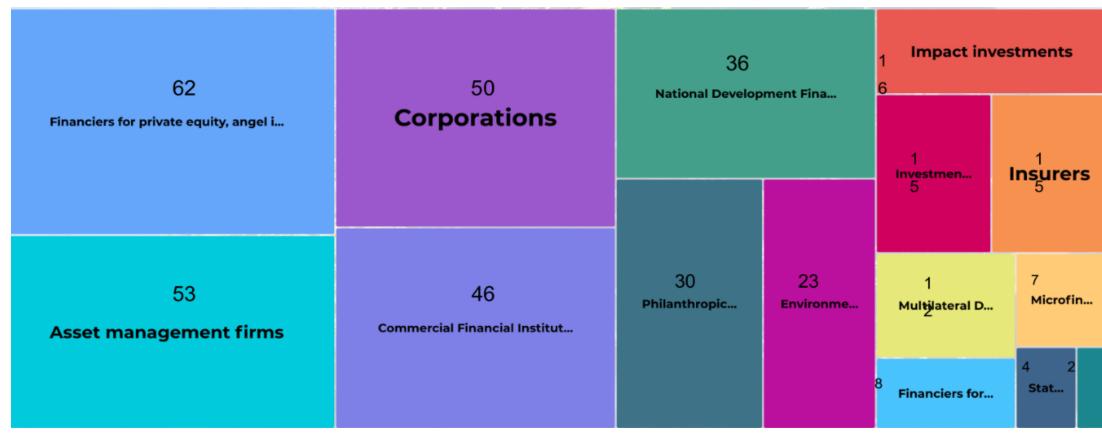






Who are the investors?

The mapping identified 354 entities that mobilized private sector funding in LAC.









What are the priority sectors?

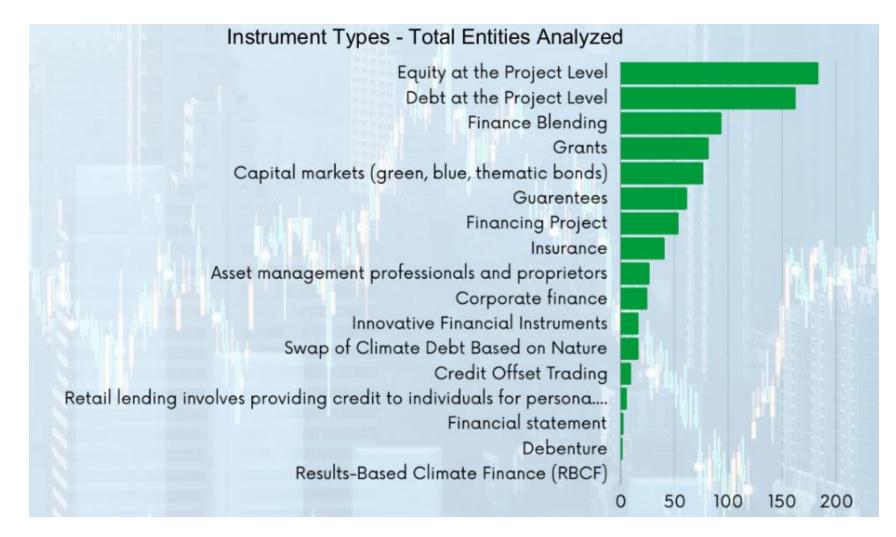








What are the financing instruments deployed?



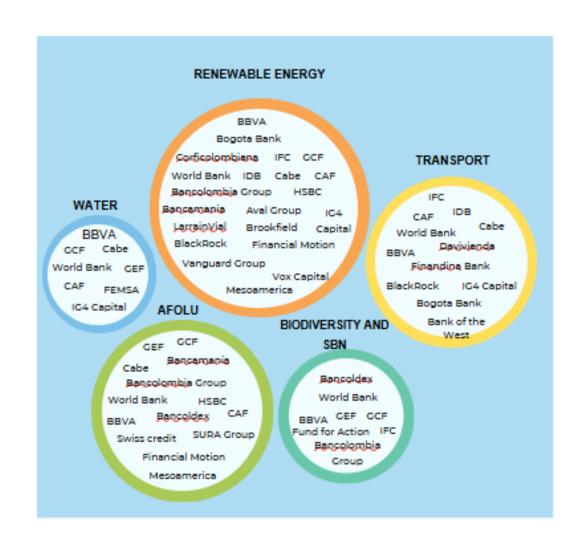






Case study





Key take aways

- Mapping private sector sources for climate finance in Latin American and Caribbean can help governments to better engage with the private sector.
- By understanding who invests in their country, in which sectors, and how, they are in a better position to target the right stakeholders and to design policies and projects that attract private sector finance.
- The European Union's Global Gateway Investment Agenda (GGIA) is aligned with the Paris Agreement and provides opportunities to mobilize private sector investments for NDC implementation.





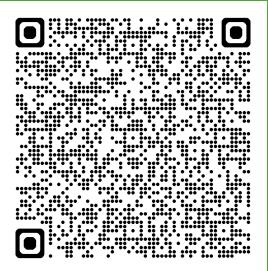








Thank you!



silvia.brugger@giz.de



NDC 3.0 Clinics, Climate Week 2025 Segment 3 — Private Sector Engagement

Review of key sectors: Energy, Transport, AFOLU, Waste

Lyes Ferroukhi, Regional Leader LAC Environment and Energy Team

Panama City, Panama, 23rd of May

UNDP's work towards NDC 3.0



The importance of reviewing carefully what the NDCs are saying...



A closer look at regional emissions, by sector





LAC is responsible for 8.1% of global GHG emissions:

- Energy 46% of which 39% associated with TRANSPORT
- **AFOLU 44%** agriculture 25% and land-use change 19%
- Waste and industrial processes
 10%



Energy sector

- LAC has a cleaner profile: ~60% of electricity from renewables (vs.30% global)
- Transport biggest contributor
- Energy is central to all LAC NDCs:
 - Expand renewables
 - Improve energy efficiency
 - Reduce fossil fuel use

Key challenges:

- Investment gaps
- Transport decarbonization
- Fossil fuel subsidy reform

Private sector's growing role:

- Financing clean energy infrastructure
- Driving innovation and partnerships
- Supporting sustainable energy markets

Transport sector

Ambiente y Energía U D

- Transport accounts for 39% of energy-related emissions in LAC
- Contribution of Transport Sector to the LAC emissions grows as electricity grids get cleaner
- Transport still heavily fossil-fuel dependent
- NDC implementation is lagging; root causes often misunderstood
- Overemphasis on tech (e.g., EVs) without:
 - Grid sustainability
 - Mining impacts
 - Battery disposal (20–40% of vehicle weight)
- Freight transport = largest emitter, least addressed
 - Solutions lie in logistics, infrastructure, intermodality



- Private sector roles:
 - Logistics and innovation
 - Sustainable infrastructure investment
 - Circular economy for transport



Balance of NDCs and Long-Term Strategies in LAC countries with transport commitments in 20 LAC countries

Distribution of proposed actions in NDCs by type for public, light, and freight transport

Electrification

- Focus on the electrification of public and light vehicle fleets. Need for more comprehensive measures
- Improvement of quality and coverage
- Intermodality
- Subsidies for affordable fares
- Alternative technologies in places where electricity generation depends on fossil fuels.



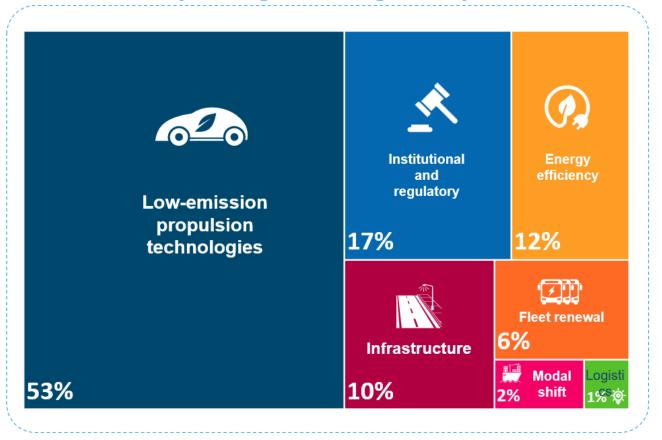
Congestion and urban design

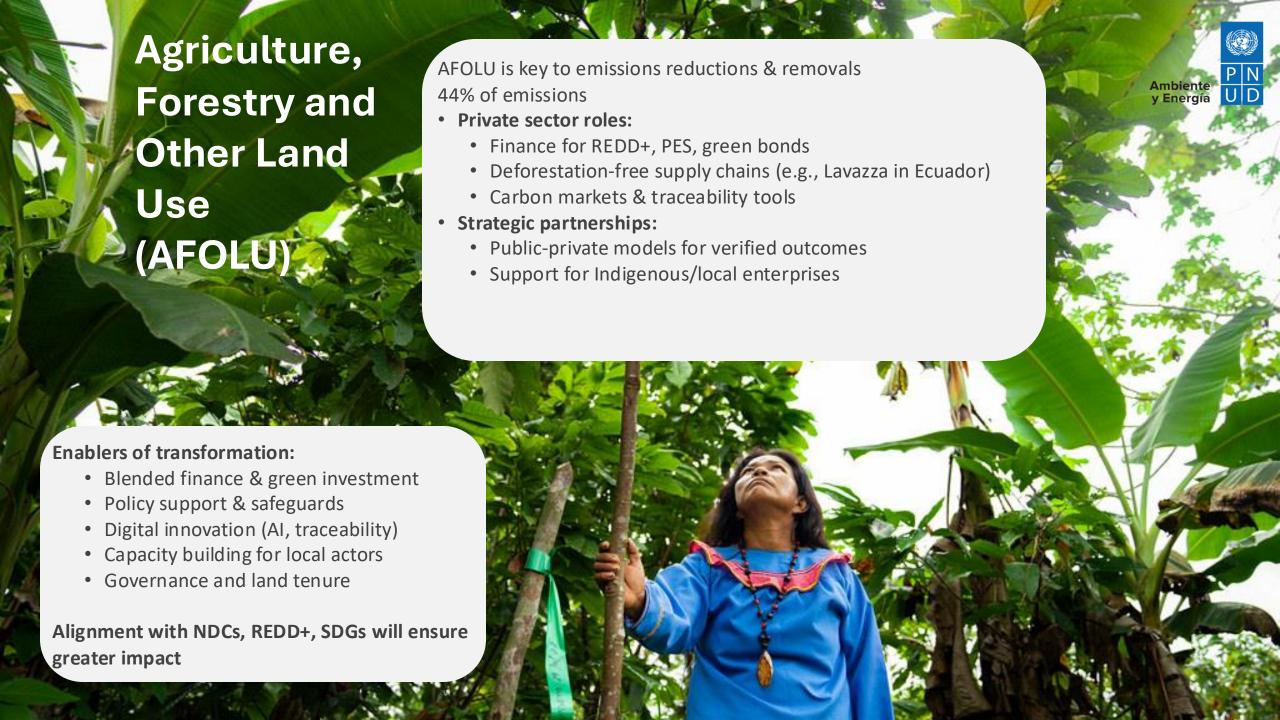
Challenges of congestion, travel times, and equitable distribution of space still unaddressed

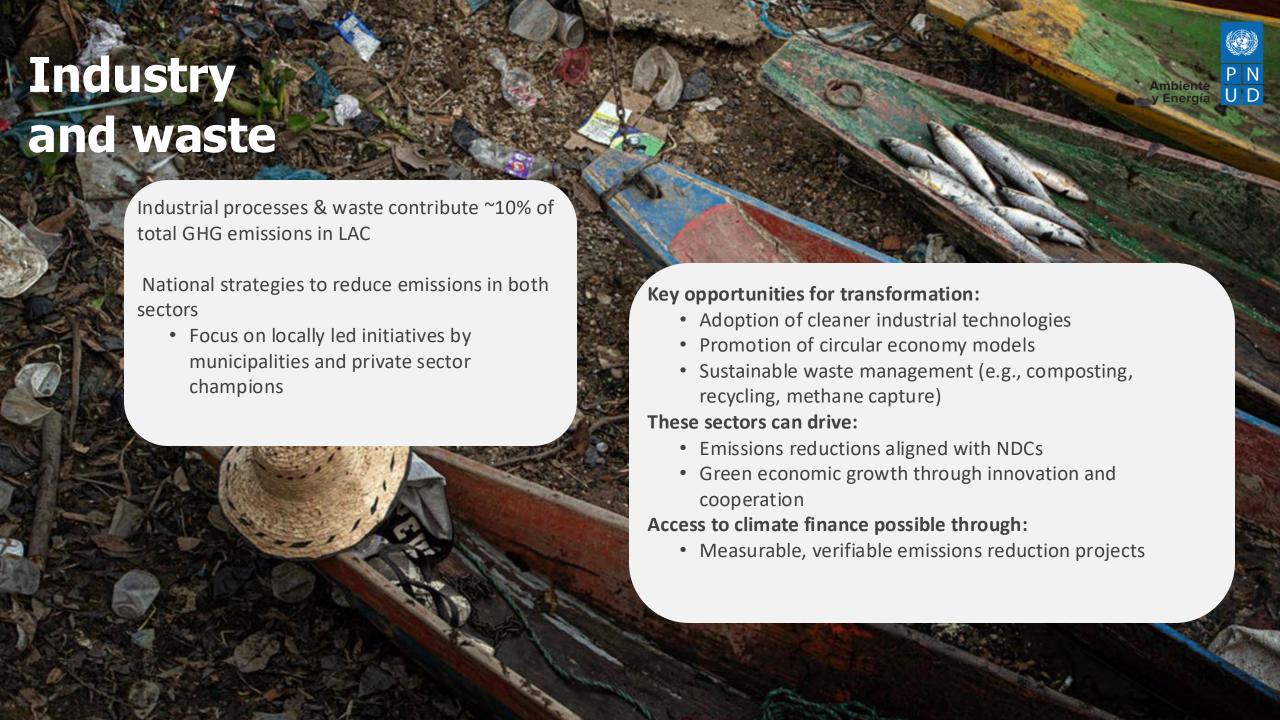


Intermodality y logístics

Need to strengthen intermodality, enhancing rail and river modes to improve energy efficiency combined with logistics strategy











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Networking Break



Use Case/Best Practice Presentation

Moderator

Expert Panelist UNACEM



Gianluca Merlo, Gianluca Merlo, Regional Technical Advisor, UNDP Julia Sobrevilla, Grupo (Unión Andina de Cementos) Directora de Asuntos Corporativos y Sostenibilidad





Use Case/Best Practice Presentation

Expert Panelists ARTICULAC



Pablo Rojas, Euroclima/GIZ



Ana María Majano, ArticuLAC Coordinator





ArticuLAC:

Community of Practice for Public-Private Collaboration for Climate Action in LAC

Learnings on public-private articulation and alignment for NDC implementation

Euroclima is co-funded by

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- Joint initiative of Euroclima Programme implemented by GIZ, LEDS LAC Regional Platform and INCAE Business School.
- Active since 2018, with representatives from public institutions,
 Ministries and private organizations in LAC.
- Promotes de collaboration of governments and the private sector to enhance climate action and achieve climate objectives
- ArticuLAC responds to both the political orientations from the EU and the interests of the members. Approaches and methodologies are adjusted accordingly.
- For 2025-2026, the work focuses on <u>mobilizing investments</u> for resilient and low-emission development in LAC in the context of a green and just transition and the GGIA.















Methodology





Technical Assistance

Consultancies, bilateral exchanges



Dissemination of learning

Webinars, reports, guides, policy briefs



Exchange and joint learning

Face-to-face workshops, online sessions, trainings

Learnings on public-private articulation (1)

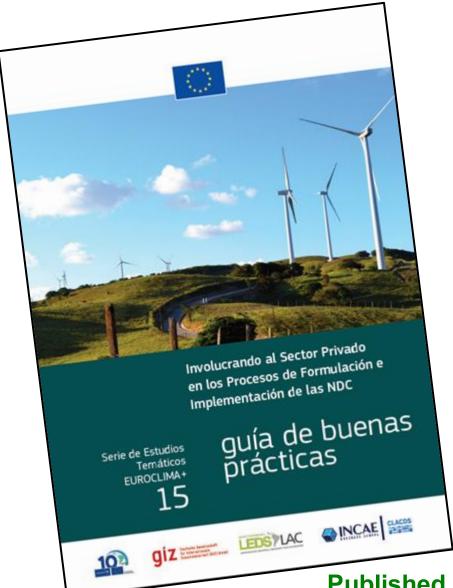
- Engaging private sector from the early stages of policy-making processes contributes to establishing more feasible and ambitious goals
- For companies, participation in policy processes must be part of their climate strategies, since it
 allows them to contribute to goal setting, anticipate risks, identify opportunities and build alliances.
- Aligning public and private strategies and goals can make the efforts from both sectors more effective in achieving national and business goals.

Fuente: Memoria ArticuLAC 2018-2023

Learning on public-private articulation (2)

- A stronger public- private articulation and alignment requires building technical capacities and soft skills in both sectors, to promote dialogue, collaboration and action.
- Private sector is not homogeneous, there are significant differences among private actors related to size,economic activities and access to resources. This is important when identifying needs and planning engagement strategies.
- Communication between sectors is key, and this requires a "common language". This works both ways, not only that the private sector understands the language of climate discussions, but also that climate experts understand the lexicon and the decision-making logic of the private sector.

Fuente: Memoria ArticuLAC 2018-2023



The Good Practices Guide draws lessons from past processes, to inform design of future NDC, LTS and other climate policy instruments, to incorporate the perspectives, needs and innovation capacities of companies and business organizations that can make the strategies and goals more feasible and ambitious. .





Learnings from the Community of Practice: 5 key elements for engaging private sector



Policy, regulations and incentive frameworks



Methodologies to engage private sector



Preparation for participation



Financing



Monitoring and reporting



Accelerating processes in member organizations and countries

- 2025-2026 ArticuLAC will support 4 country teams to implement public-private articulation processes to achieve concrete results regarding investment movilization
 - Argentina: anaerobic digestion in dairy farms
 - Chile: reducing food waste and loss in the food processing sector
 - Paraguay: good agricultural practices by small farmers in the Chaco region
 - Peru: mitigation investments agricultural sector
- Teams formed by public and private organizations
- Applying learnings from the Community of Practice in planning and implementing the processes
- Drawing lessons to share with the rest of CoP members and a wider audience



Thanks.

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Euro clima is implemented by

















Q/A







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Lunch Break



Topic discussions between countries and development partners – 90 minutes

Table 1 – **Plenary Breakout Room**1. Energy/ Efficiency

Colombia - Tatiana Roa, Vice Minister of Environmental Territorial Planning, Ministry of the Environment and Sustainable Development

Uruguay - Lorena Márquez, National Directorate of Climate Change

Table 4 - Plenary Breakout Room
4. Transport & Cities

Toyota Ecuador – Eymi Sanchez, Government Affairs Manager

C40 – Urszula Kasperek

Table 2 - **Plenary Breakout Room**2. Agriculture and Land Use Change
(AFOLU)

Ecuador (Cacao and Coffee Companies)

CONFENIAE - María José Andrade

MAATE - Jessica Gallegos

Table 5 - MR1
5. Private Finance Tracking

CCAP - Adriana Bazán

Table 3 - **Plenary Breakout Room**3. Industry / Waste

Ecuador, Municipality of Quito – Santiago Burneo

Peru (UNACEM) - Julia Sobrevilla

Table 6 -MR1
6. LAC Voluntary Carbon Footprint
Programmes

Programa Ecuador Carbono Cero (PECC), Ministry of the Environment, Ecuador

Huella Chile – Andres Pica, Chief of Climate Change Division, Ministry of the Environment, Chile

Report back

UNDP



A case for adaptation

Moderator



Montserrat Xilotl, Regional Technical
Advisor for Adaptation,
UNDP

Panel of Experts



Andrew Hollander, Climate Change Analyst, Adaptation Fund



Sanaa Abouzaid,
IFC Regional Manager,
IFC World Bank Group



Segment wrap-up



Lyes Ferroukhi, Regional Team Leader LAC Environment and Energy Team, UNDP



Moderator



Alejandro Kilpatrick,
Manager, Capacity Building, UNFCCC

Discussions, Q/A, and Reflections

with UNFCCC, RCC, UNEP, UNDP and the NDC Partnership



Topic discussions between countries and development partners

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Thank you for participating.

Please enjoy the final networking break.

