

Gender Mainstreaming and SSF perspectives in habitat restoration and governance in ecosystem-based fisheries management in a Climate change context

Sustainable Development Foundation (SDF).THAILAND



Biodiversity is important for the wellbeing of all humans on the planet. Leading to insecurity of food, nutrition and poverty, and in economic, social and cultural development.

Biodiversity contributed for different economic activities including tourism. It is also important for their survival of many thousand small scale fishing families in which is also part of their belief system and their cultural and spiritual values.

Monitoring and feedback

Evidence based implementation and networking
organizing and knowledge management

Gender analysis identifying Barrier & opportunities for gender integration.

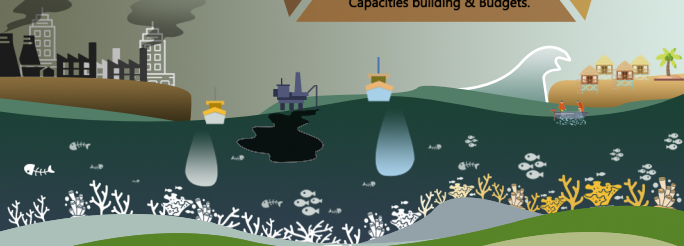
Climate Action (Adaptation, Migration, Resilience)

Biodiversity, Ecosystem Services (conservation, Restoration & management)

Livehood Food, Security (Products, Income, Education & health)

Policies development, strategic measures, operational mechanism

Institutional transformation :
Human resource development, Capacities building & Budgets.



Message

In addition to human-made factors from illegal, unregulated, and unreported fishing, Small scale fishers are being threatened by Climate change factors. With an increasing frequency of extreme weather events, Sea-level rise, droughts, flooding, and erosion include biodiversity loss and frequency of disasters, have posed risks to small-scale fishers' well-being and assets and processes throughout the fisheries production chain. Leading to increased economic challenges and missed developmental opportunities.

The impacts of climate change have disproportionately affected the enjoyment of a broad range of human rights by small-scale fishers, particularly women and girls who played a key role, among other things, in fishing, processing, and selling fishery products. Those rights included the right to life, health, decent work, food, water and sanitation, education, housing, development, and culture. In turn, threatened food production and nutrition and disparities in economic opportunities.

Women are more vulnerable because they often have less opportunity to make choices. Due to less education, and have less opportunity to be involved in political, community, and household decision-making processes that affect their lives. Poverty, along with socio-economic and political marginalization, therefore cumulatively put women in a disadvantaged position in coping with the adverse impacts of the changing climate.

Implementing organizations :

Sustainable Development Foundation (SDF).THAILAND

SDF is a Rights-based environmental non-government organization promoting for inclusion, governance, customary rights on ecosystem-based sustainable natural resource management, people-centered and women's rights.

SDF has worked with small-scale fishers who have been faced with both human-made as well as climate change. Promote Sustainable fishery and ecological integrity through inclusive participation and governance in fisheries and habitat Management.

Ensuring community resilience in the climate change context towards Social, Gender and Environmental Justice



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