

UNFCCC

Standing Committee on Finance

Call for inputs: Information and data for the preparation of the report on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation

The Standing Committee on Finance (SCF), a constituted body under the Convention, assists the Conference of the Parties (COP) and Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement (CMA) on climate finance matters.

Objective

By decision 4/CP.26, the SCF has initiated the preparation of the report on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation, and is looking for inputs in accordance with the outline approved at its 27th meeting (see Annex). In particular, the SCF is looking for quantitative and qualitative information on:

- Backward-looking and forward-looking information on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year by 2020 through to 2025;
- Information on addressing the needs of developing countries; and,
- Information on meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation.

Inputs may include approaches used in sources of information as well as trends, challenges and lessons learned.

How to submit your response

Information and data should be submitted by **31 July 2022** via email to: Standingcommittee@unfccc.int.

Submissions will be available on the information repository on the UNFCCC website. The sources of information and data used in the report on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation will be adequately referenced in the report.

Reference documents and other related background information

- Further information on the SCF's work related to the report is available at <https://unfccc.int/process-and-meetings/bodies/constituted-bodies/standing-committee-on-finance-scf/progress-report>.

Annex

Possible elements of the draft outline of the report on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year

Acknowledgements

List of abbreviations and acronyms

Executive Summary

I. Introduction

1. Background and objectives. Set the scene – Mandate stemming from decision 4/CP.26, paragraph 19 and context, including reference in decision 5/CP.26, para. 6 and other relevant decisions.
2. Scope. Explanation of the nature and scope of the report on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year by 2020 through to 2025 to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation, taking into account the Climate Finance Delivery Plan and other relevant reports. The report will, among others, focus on backward looking data and forward-looking data out to the timeframe of the goal i.e. 2025.
3. Structure.
4. Outline.
5. Challenges and limitations e.g. related to data availability, methodological and definitional issues etc.
6. Approach used in preparing the report. Where possible, disaggregated information on themes, sectors, and geographical distribution of finance as well as impacts and outcomes of climate finance will be reflected in the report.

II. Sources of information

7. Description of approaches taken in the sources of information used in reports on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year;
 - (a) Backward-looking reports on climate finance:
 - (i) National reports through the UNFCCC (Biennial reports, Biennial update reports);
 - (ii) Biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows;
 - (iii) Other relevant reports (e.g. OECD; Oxfam, WRI, ODI, UNEP Gap Report etc.);
 - (b) Forward-looking information on climate finance:

- (i) National reports through the UNFCCC (Biennial communications in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement, NDCs);
 - (ii) Other relevant reports (e.g. Climate Finance Delivery Plan)
- 8. Description of approaches taken on the sources of information on the needs of developing countries:
 - (a) National reports through the UNFCCC (e.g. National communications, biennial update reports, NDCs etc.);
 - (b) Report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement;
 - (c) Other relevant reports (e.g. Needs-based finance regional and national level climate finance access and mobilization strategies and technical assessments).
- 9. Description of approaches taken in the sources of information on meaningful mitigation actions and transparency of implementation:
 - (a) National reports through the UNFCCC (e.g. National communications, biennial reports, biennial update reports, NDCs, REDD+ Strategies, etc.);
 - (b) Reports from the UNFCCC e.g. NDC Synthesis Report, Compilation and Synthesis of the BR/BURs submitted, etc.
 - (c) Other relevant reports.

III. Quantitative and qualitative information

- 10. Available quantitative and qualitative information on progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year from:
 - (a) Backward-looking reports on climate finance:
 - (i) National reports through the UNFCCC (Biennial reports, Biennial update reports);
 - (ii) Biennial assessment and overview of climate finance flows;
 - (iii) Other relevant reports (e.g. OECD; Oxfam, WRI, ODI, UNEP Gap Report etc.);
 - (b) Forward-looking information on climate finance:
 - (i) National reports through the UNFCCC (Biennial communications in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement);
 - (ii) Other relevant reports (e.g. Climate Finance Delivery Plan, UNEP Gap Report etc.).
- 11. Available quantitative and qualitative information on the needs of developing countries;
 - (a) National reports through the UNFCCC (e.g. National communications, biennial update reports, NDCs etc.);
 - (b) Report on the determination of the needs of developing country Parties related to implementing the Convention and the Paris Agreement;
 - (c) Other relevant reports (e.g. Needs-based finance regional and national level climate finance access and mobilization strategies and technical assessments).

12. Available quantitative and qualitative information on meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation (e.g. CO2 emissions reduced or avoided in the relevant timespan, number of BURs submitted during the relevant timespan, etc);

(a) National reports through the UNFCCC (e.g. National communications, biennial reports, biennial update reports, NDCs etc.);

(b) Reports from the UNFCCC e.g. NDC Synthesis Report, Compilation and Synthesis of the BR/BURs submitted, etc.

(c) Other relevant reports.

IV. Progress towards the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year

13. Trends in progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation.

14. Challenges in progress towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation.

15. Lessons learned in the process towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation.

16. Recommendations of possible actions towards achieving the goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion per year to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation.

V. Annexes

VI. References