

## First Meeting of Lead Reviewers of Biennial Transparency Reports

UNFCCC Secretariat Bonn, 24-25 April 2024



# Results of the survey for experts and national focal points on priorities for increasing the number of active review experts

**Pierre Brender** 

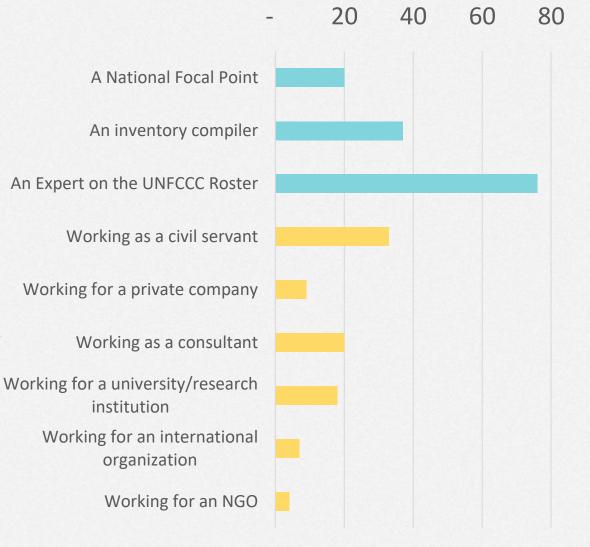
Programme Officer UNFCCC Secretariat

#### Respondents

Profile overview

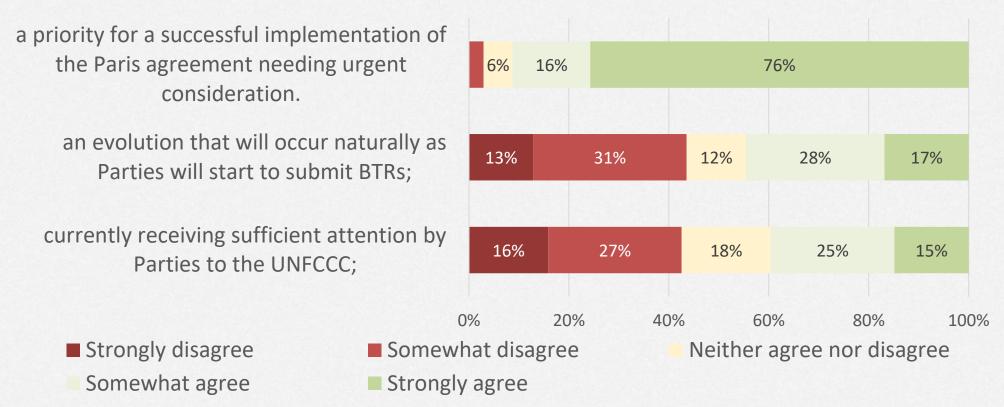
#### **104 Participants:**

- Working for a wide range of organizations
- Including 20 national focal points
- **73%** experts on the UNFCCC roster
- 69% experts with review experience
- **52%** with experience as LRs
- **92%** willing to contribute to ETF reviews (79% for sure)





### The expansion of the number of active experts in the UNFCCC roster available to support the implementation of the ETF and the first review of BTRs is:



- Strong agreement expansion of the number of active experts is a priority
- Wide range of view on whether the expansion will occur naturally and is receiving sufficient attention



Answered: 103 Skipped: 1

#### Management of the UNFCCC roster and expert resources.

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

- 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent) 2 important improvement (less urgent)
- 3 good to have option but not a priority
- 5 action to avoid (please explain)

Increase opportunities for new experts to get involved

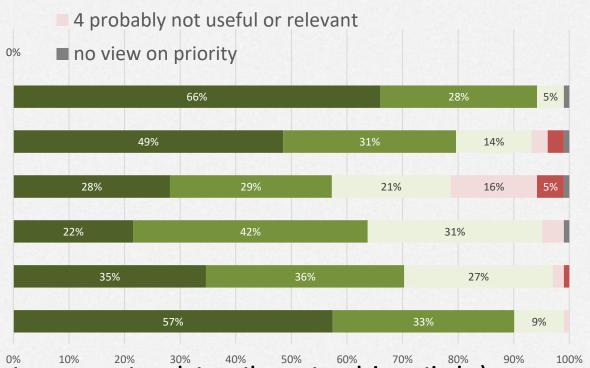
Increase frequency of updates to the UNFCCC roster, suggesting to NFPs to remove names of experts who are no longer active from the database. This would provide a

more realistic snapshot of the gaps and needs Grant access to training and examinations also to non-nominated experts, with nomination by NFP being required only afterwards, before participation in the first review

Encourage nomination of experts by intergovernmental organizations and United Nations organizations

Encourage Parties to nominate non-governmental experts

Strengthen outreach and communication with Parties and experts



- Majority support all listed actions (increase opportunities to new experts and strengthen outreach in particular)
- Minority expresses reservations regarding some actions, especially allowing to pass exams before nomination, flagging in comments especially the cost implications, and potential waste of time



#### Training and examinations.

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

- 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent) 2 important improvement (less urgent)
- 3 good to have option but not a priority 4 probably not useful or relevant
- 5 action to avoid (please explain)

Offer more instructed training opportunities

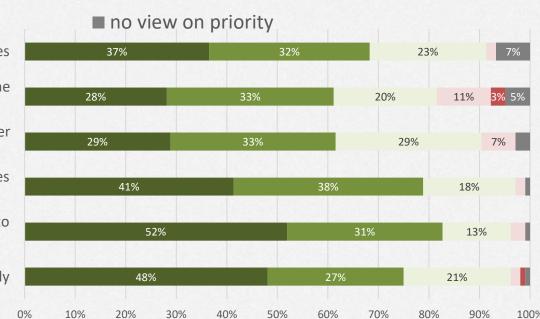
Introduce interested trainees in TERTs as observers before the examination

Create linkages with existing education/training programmes by other institutions

Create linkages with existing capacity-building / training programmes organized by the secretariat

Provide more visibility on training and examination opportunities to experts well in advance

Organize training and examinations more frequently



- Majority support all listed actions
- Minority express reservation regarding some actions, especially allowing interested trainees in TERTs as observers before the examination
- Suggestions include giving overview of exams passed to NFPs, in countries training for reviewers, training/exams in other languages than English, etc.

  United Nations



Climate Change

#### Organization of the reviews – challenges.

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

- 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent)
- 3 good to have option but not a priority
- 5 action to avoid (please explain)

Revise work distribution before and during review weeks

Improve automated functionalities in review tools

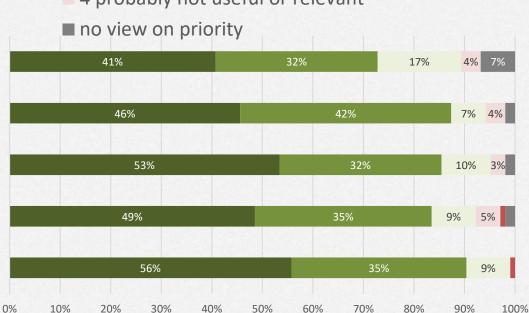
Simplify and improve the review tools

Streamline the structure of review reports with primary use of tabular formats, as appropriate and as applicable

Increase awareness of Parties on the return benefits of nominating experts, and having them participate in reviews



4 probably not useful or relevant



- Majority support all listed actions
- Comments include specifics suggestions on possible ways to reduce the workloads of reviewers (including maintaining issue references over time, summarizing finding in shorter reports, reduce iterations of QA/QCs,...)



#### Organization of the reviews – logistical arrangements.

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

■ 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent)

3 good to have option but not a priority

5 action to avoid (please explain)

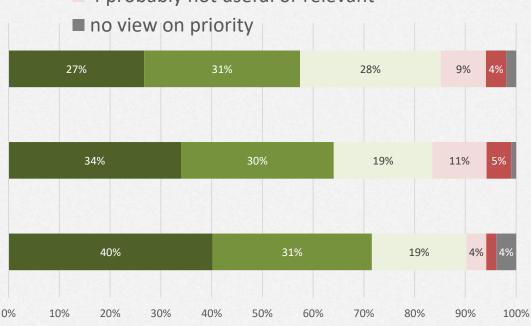
To address challenges for virtual participation, offer access to a UN office in the expert country when applicable

To address challenges for in person participation, offer virtual participation as an option as often as possible

To address challenges for participation in Bonn (centralized reviews), establish standardized arrangements for experts to conduct reviews in regional facilities (e.g. regional climate centers)



4 probably not useful or relevant



- Majority support all listed actions
- Minority express reservation regarding offering virtual option as an option and access to UN office in the expert country



#### **Review funding**

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

- 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent)
- 3 good to have option but not a priority
- 5 action to avoid (please explain)

Pay technical expert reviewers for their services

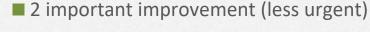
Expand the provision of financial support to support experts that otherwise cannot secure funding to participate in reviews

Develop a "provide or support experts" system, where countries need to provide either experts or funding for other experts to be involved

Establish a dedicated fund to cover review costs

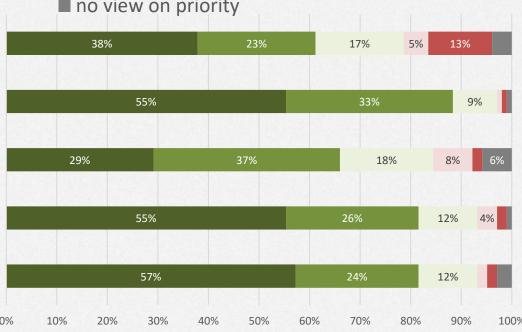
Increase the number of reviews covered by the core budget of the UNFCCC

- Majority support all listed actions
- Least support for the development of a "provide or support experts" system and "paying experts for their services". Some comments on the latter mentioning reservation due to cost implications, fear paying experts could lead to bias or views that "professional" reviewers is not desirable.



4 probably not useful or relevant







#### **Recognition for participation**

#### Please characterize the listed actions. Are they?

- 1 high priority (crucial to achieve results and urgent)
- 3 good to have option but not a priority
- 5 action to avoid (please explain)

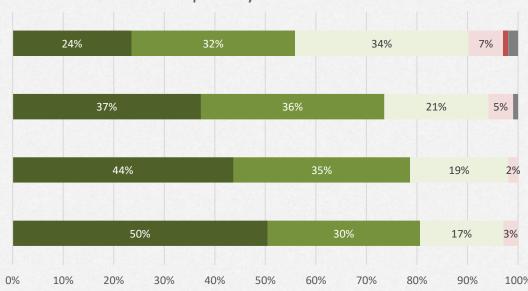
Prepare dedicated videos/interviews and circulate those through the UNFCCC website and social media

Organize public events such as SBSTA events to communicate on the role and efforts of reviewers

Award certificates and gratitude letters on behalf of the executive secretary

Highlight the number of reviews supported, the years of active service, the specific skills, the role of "reviewer" or "lead reviewer" on the UNFCCC roster of experts

- 2 important improvement (less urgent)
- 4 probably not useful or relevant
- no view on priority

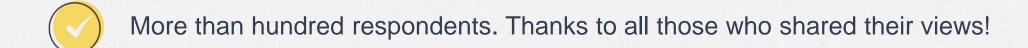


- Majority support all listed actions
- Some further suggestions made in comments, including listing names of reviewers in relevant SBI conclusions, order countries supplying reviewers in the relevant SBSTA document by number of reviewers provided, send not only recognition letters to experts, but also to Parties.



#### Take out message

Survey on priorities to increase the number of active reviewers





Some (minority) reservation, often associated with possible cost implications of some actions

