## Multilateral assessment process SBI 43, Working group session III



**United Nations** Framework Convention on Climate Change



# Republic of Belarus



Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection



#### Republic of Belarus short introduction

- Population: 9.8 millionArea: 20.8 million ha
- Location: East-European Plain
- Land of forests, lakes, swamps and rivers
- Unique nature ecosystems
- Mild climate
  Low -8C, High +18C
  Annual precipitation 600 mm/s
- Borders with Russia, Ukraine, Poland, Lithuania and Latvia



#### **Republic of Belarus**

#### in climate change agreements

- Party to UNFCCC (since 2000)
  - Annex I
  - economy in transition
- Party to Kyoto Protocol (since 2005)
  - KP1 QELRO (2008-2012): -8% plus -7% of additional commitment reserve; amendment was not ratified by Parties
  - KP2 QELRC (2013-2020): -12%
- Pledges to "Paris Agreement"
  - INDC (2021-2030): -28%





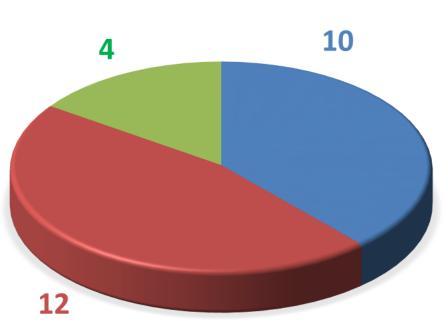
## Third MA Working Group Session, SBI 43 the session's objectives and progress

- The aim is to assess Belarus' progress in achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets
- The Session was preceded by a three-month period of questions and answers in the lead-up to the SBI session
- Questions were submitted via MA-Portal during Sep 1-30, 2015.
- Belarus received 26 questions from 6 Parties (32 countries):
  - China
  - Brazil
  - EU

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- New Zealand
- Pakistan
- Saudi Arabia
- All questions were answered before due date
- We are grateful to all Parties involved in the review process

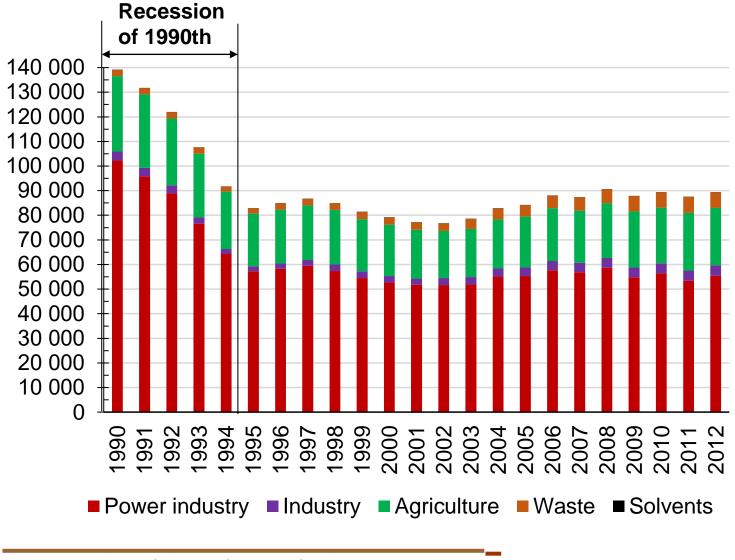
#### Third MA Working Group Session, SBI 43 questions as per categories



- Assumptions, conditions and methodologies related to the attainment of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target
- Progress towards the achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target
- All emissions and removals related to its quantified economywide emission reduction target



## Assumptions, conditions, methodologies GHG emissions by sectors, Gg CO2eq



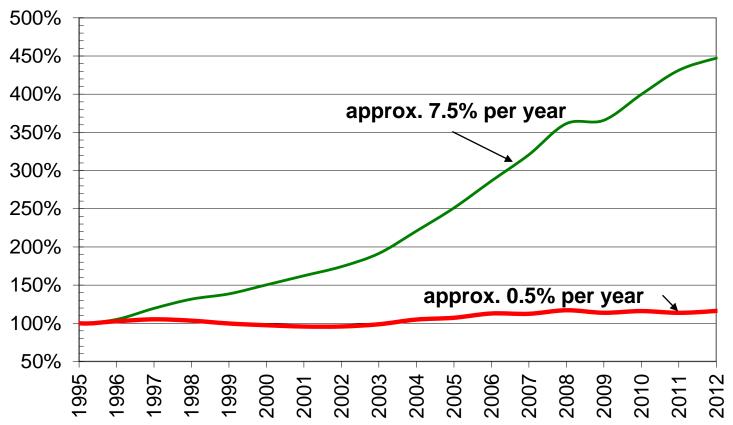
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#### Assumptions, conditions, methodologies decoupling of GHG and GDP after recession of 1990th

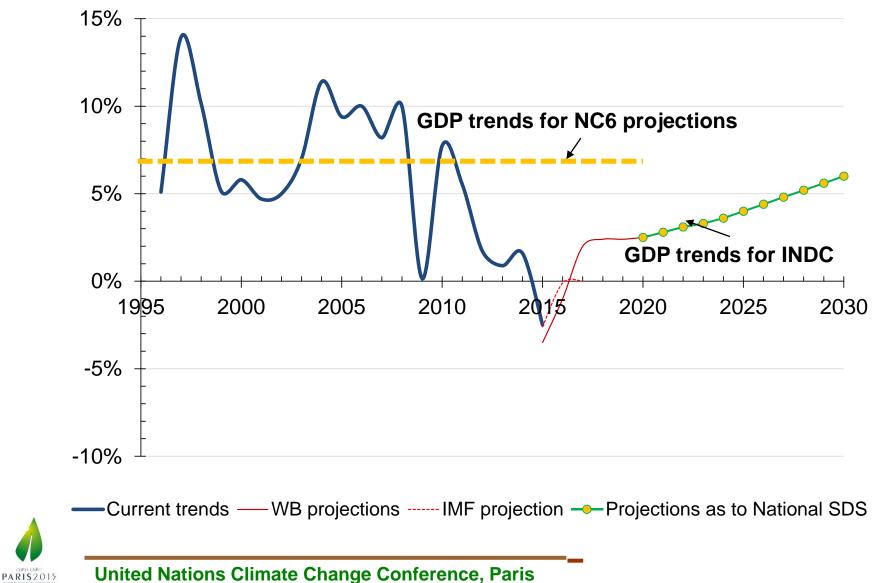
-Per capita GDP (PPP) as compared to 1995

-Per capita greenhouse gas emissions as compared to 1995



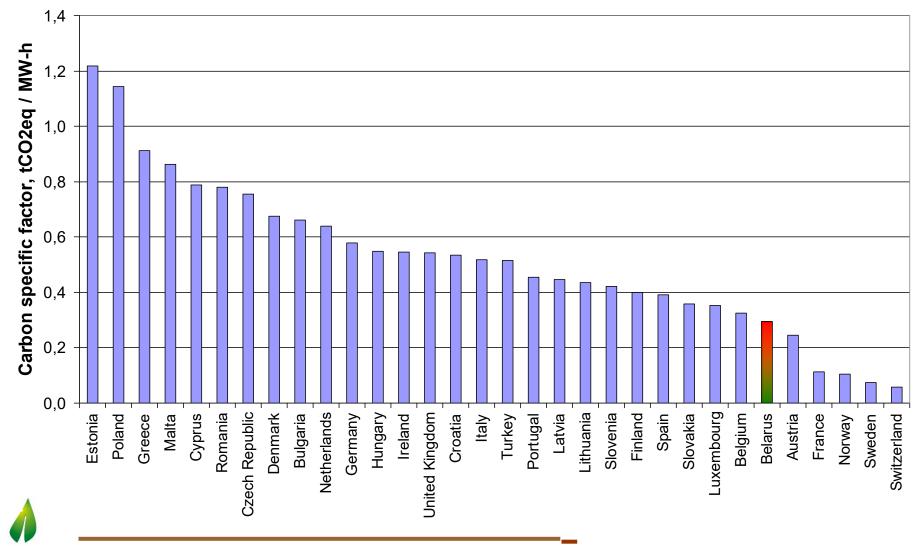


#### Assumptions, conditions, methodologies GDP growth rate after recession of 1990th



#### **Progress towards targets**

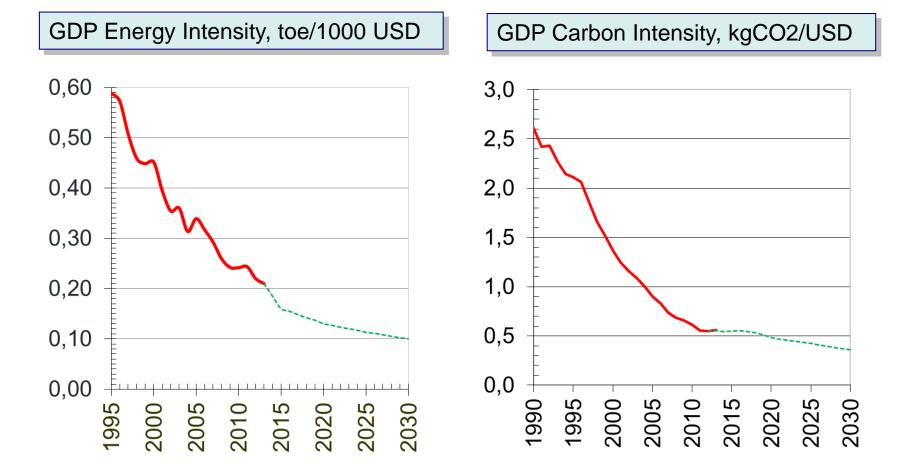
#### GHG emission factor for "Energy Sector" in Annex I



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#### Progress towards targets principal trends



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#### Towards economy-wide target scenarios

- Renewable Energy Law, enforced in 2010
- Presidential Decree on RES in 2015
- Energy Saving Law, enforced in 2015
- Scenario "BAU"
  - as in a number state programs
  - renewable energy share of 15%
  - GDP energy intensity reduction by 60% compared to 2005
- Scenario "with measures"
  - the same as "BAU" + optimization of energy mix
  - energy efficiency improvement measures to reduce power and heat demand
- Scenario "With additional measures"
  - renewable energy share of full scale (approx. 25%)
  - energy saving in cement and construction industries and housing (50%)
  - We acknowledges that there is still high mitigation potential



## GHG emission reduction measures barriers for additional measures

- The 1990-1996 economy recessions with sufficient financial losses
- Foreign investments are limited
  - its share is only 6.5% of GDP, or about 0.68 k\$USD per capita
    (i.e. by a factor of 10 less than for other countries in transition in average)
- Other priorities prevail
  - remediation of the Chernobyl affected regions
  - safeguarding of foodstuff supply and power supply security
  - increased use of local fuels, including peat and coal (diversification of fuel supply)
- Limited speed of BAT transfer
- Additional financial resources are questionable:
  - Kyoto mechanisms are not available





#### **THANK YOU !**



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