Multilateral assessment process SBI 43, Working group session III



United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change



Republic of Belarus



Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection



Republic of Belarus short introduction

- Population: 9.8 millionArea: 20.8 million ha
- Location: East-European Plain
- Land of forests, lakes, swamps and rivers
- Unique nature ecosystems
- Mild climate
 Low -8C, High +18C
 Annual precipitation 600 mm/s
- Borders with Russia, Ukraine, Poland, Lithuania and Latvia



Republic of Belarus

in climate change agreements

- Party to UNFCCC (since 2000)
 - Annex I
 - economy in transition
- Party to Kyoto Protocol (since 2005)
 - KP1 QELRO (2008-2012): -8% plus -7% of additional commitment reserve; amendment was not ratified by Parties
 - KP2 QELRC (2013-2020): -12%
- Pledges to "Paris Agreement"
 - INDC (2021-2030): -28%





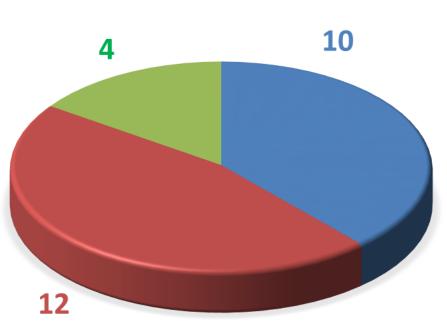
Third MA Working Group Session, SBI 43 the session's objectives and progress

- The aim is to assess Belarus' progress in achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets
- The Session was preceded by a three-month period of questions and answers in the lead-up to the SBI session
- Questions were submitted via MA-Portal during Sep 1-30, 2015.
- Belarus received 26 questions from 6 Parties (32 countries):
 - China
 - Brazil
 - EU

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- New Zealand
- Pakistan
- Saudi Arabia
- All questions were answered before due date
- We are grateful to all Parties involved in the review process

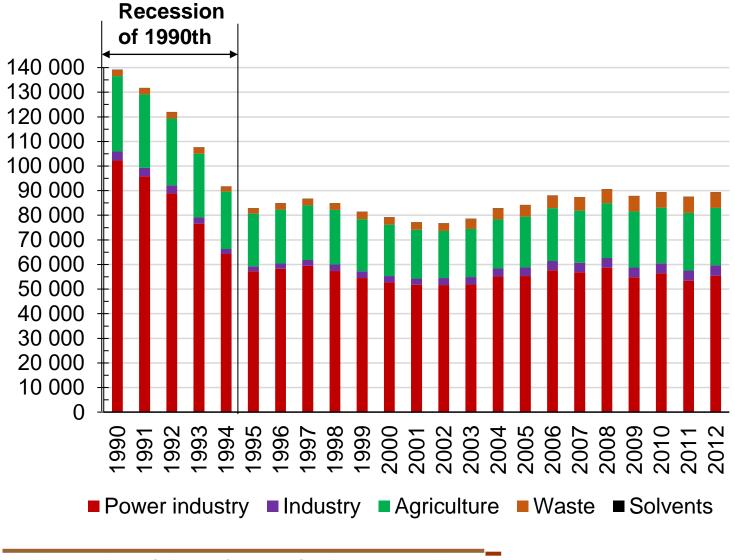
Third MA Working Group Session, SBI 43 questions as per categories



- Assumptions, conditions and methodologies related to the attainment of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target
- Progress towards the achievement of its quantified economy-wide emission reduction target
- All emissions and removals related to its quantified economywide emission reduction target



Assumptions, conditions, methodologies GHG emissions by sectors, Gg CO2eq



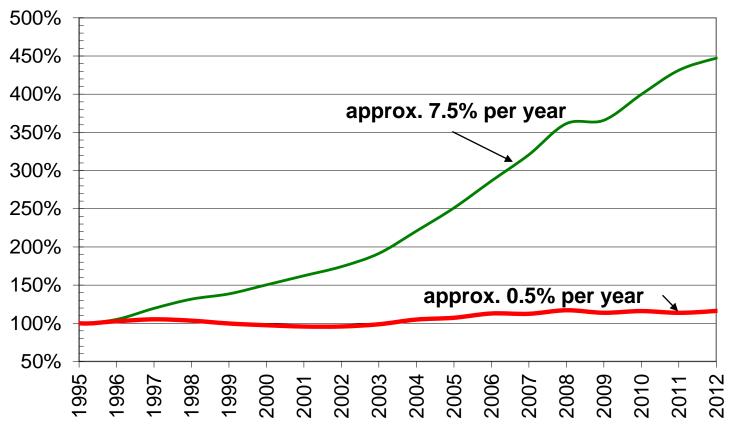
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Assumptions, conditions, methodologies decoupling of GHG and GDP after recession of 1990th

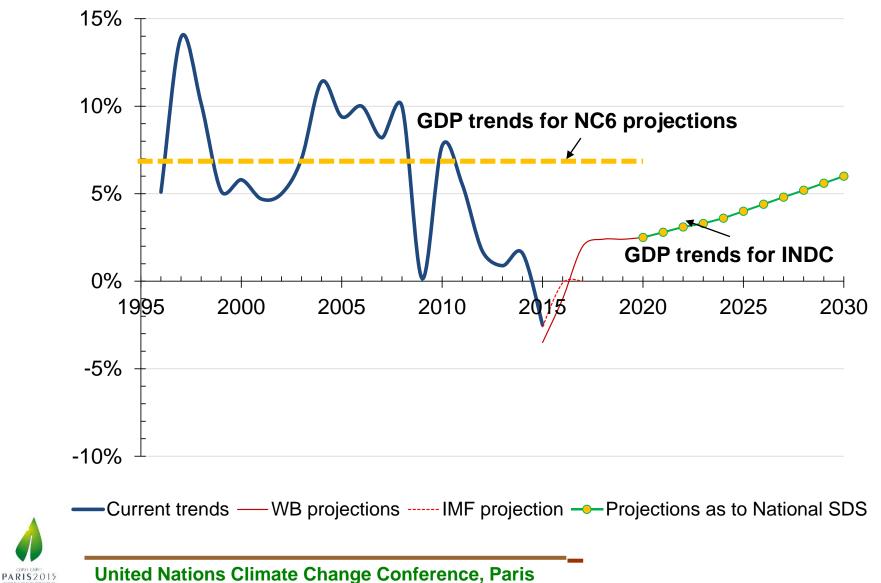
-Per capita GDP (PPP) as compared to 1995

-Per capita greenhouse gas emissions as compared to 1995



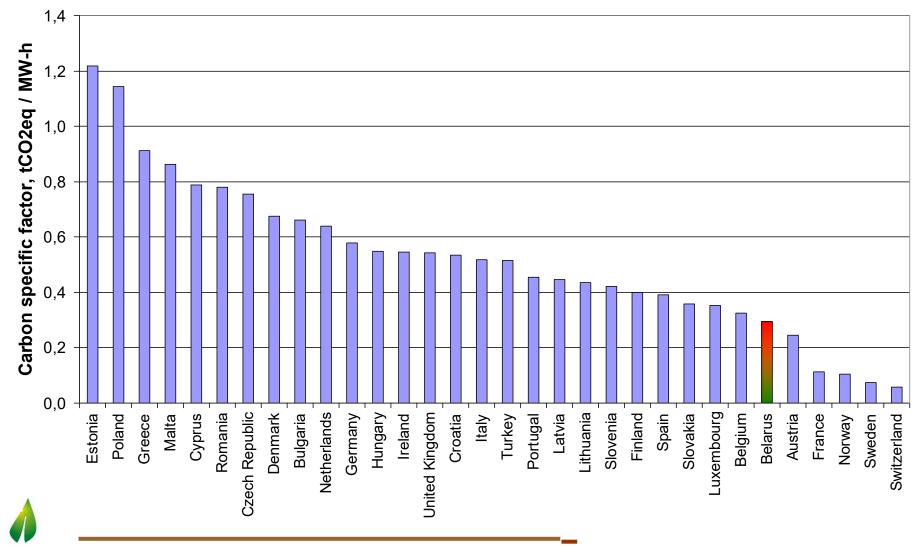


Assumptions, conditions, methodologies GDP growth rate after recession of 1990th



Progress towards targets

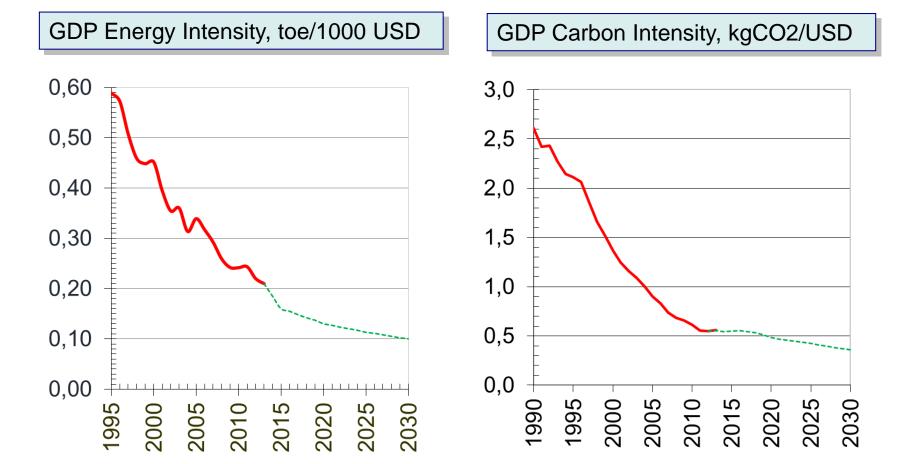
GHG emission factor for "Energy Sector" in Annex I



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Progress towards targets principal trends



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Towards economy-wide target scenarios

- Renewable Energy Law, enforced in 2010
- Presidential Decree on RES in 2015
- Energy Saving Law, enforced in 2015
- Scenario "BAU"
 - as in a number state programs
 - renewable energy share of 15%
 - GDP energy intensity reduction by 60% compared to 2005
- Scenario "with measures"
 - the same as "BAU" + optimization of energy mix
 - energy efficiency improvement measures to reduce power and heat demand
- Scenario "With additional measures"
 - renewable energy share of full scale (approx. 25%)
 - energy saving in cement and construction industries and housing (50%)
 - We acknowledges that there is still high mitigation potential



GHG emission reduction measures barriers for additional measures

- The 1990-1996 economy recessions with sufficient financial losses
- Foreign investments are limited
 - its share is only 6.5% of GDP, or about 0.68 k\$USD per capita
 (i.e. by a factor of 10 less than for other countries in transition in average)
- Other priorities prevail
 - remediation of the Chernobyl affected regions
 - safeguarding of foodstuff supply and power supply security
 - increased use of local fuels, including peat and coal (diversification of fuel supply)
- Limited speed of BAT transfer
- Additional financial resources are questionable:
 - Kyoto mechanisms are not available





THANK YOU !



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