

DRAFT TEXT

on

COP 30 agenda item 8(f)

Compilation and synthesis of, and summary report on the in-session workshop on, biennial communications of information related to Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

CMA 7 agenda item 10(f)

Compilation and synthesis of, and summary report on the in-session workshop on, biennial communications of information related to Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

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Draft CMA decision on compilation and synthesis of, and summary report on the in-session workshop on, biennial communications of information related to Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

[The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement,

Recalling Article 9, paragraph[s 1-]5[1, [2,] 3, [4] and 5] of the Paris Agreement,

Also recalling Articles 4, 7, 10, 11, 13 and 14 of the Paris Agreement,

Further recalling decisions [3/CP.19, 1/CP.21, 13/CP.22, 12/CP.23,] 8/CP.26, 8/CP.28, 12/CMA.1, [paragraphs 9-11,] 14/CMA.3, [1/CMA.5,] 13/CMA.5, [and 1/CMA.6,] [placeholder to [the GGA decision] [reflect the outcomes of the Presidency consultations]],

1. *Recognizes* the importance of predictability and clarity of information on financial support for the implementation of the Paris Agreement in accordance with decision 12/CMA.1[, while *acknowledging* that some flexibility is required to be able to respond to evolving needs];
2. *Reiterates* that developed country Parties shall biennially communicate indicative quantitative and qualitative information related to Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Paris Agreement, as applicable, including, [as available,] projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing country Parties, and that other Parties providing resources are encouraged to communicate biennially such information on a voluntary basis;
3. *[[Reiterates* that developed country Parties shall provide financial resources to assist developing country Parties with respect to both mitigation and adaptation in continuation of their existing obligations under the Convention;]
4. *[Also reiterates* that other [developed] Parties are encouraged to provide or continue to provide such support voluntarily;]
5. *[Further reiterates* that as part of a global effort, developed country Parties [shall][should] continue to take the lead in mobilizing climate finance from a wide variety of sources, instruments and channels, noting the significant role of public funds, through a variety of actions, including supporting country-driven strategies, and taking into account the needs and priorities of developing country Parties. Such mobilization of climate finance should represent a progression beyond previous efforts;]
6. *[Also reiterates* that the provision of scaled-up financial resources should aim to achieve a balance between adaptation and mitigation, taking into account country-driven strategies, and the priorities and needs of developing country Parties, especially those that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change and have significant

capacity constraints, such as the least developed countries and small island developing States, considering the need for public and grant-based resources for adaptation;]]

7. [Takes note of][Welcomes][Acknowledges] the third biennial communications of developed country Parties received to date in accordance with paragraph 4 of decision 12/CMA.1;

8. [Takes note of][Welcomes][Acknowledges] the voluntary biennial communications of other [developed] Parties received to date in accordance with paragraph 5 of decision 12/CMA.1;

9. [Welcomes][Notes][Welcomes with appreciation] the compilation and synthesis prepared by the secretariat of the information contained in the third biennial communications submitted in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement [and acknowledges the improvement from the [compilation and synthesis prepared by the secretariat of the information contained in the] second biennial communications];

10. [Underscores the importance of the information contained in the biennial communications referred to in paragraph X above and identified in the synthesis referred to in paragraph X above, including in relation to:

(a) Making finance flows [in accordance with Article 9 of the Paris Agreement] consistent with a pathway toward low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development [in line with Article 2, paragraph 2, of the Paris Agreement];

(b) Developing actions and plans for [providing public finance and] mobilizing private climate finance, [including through risk mitigation instruments, blended finance, and enabling regulatory frameworks];

(c) Effectively addressing the [evolving] needs and priorities of developing countries, including pursuing a balance between support for mitigation and adaptation [, as well as responding to loss and damage];

(d) Integrating climate change considerations, including climate resilience, into international development assistance [in a manner that is aligned with the priorities and capacities of developing countries];

(e) [Improving enabling environments to] strengthen[ing] the absorptive capacity of developing countries [including in order to attract private investments][taking into account country-driven strategies];

(f) Reflecting on lessons learned for informing future efforts in providing, mobilizing, and delivering climate finance [and actionable road maps for improvement][including consideration of enabling environments];]

11. [[Welcomes][Notes] the summary report on the third biennial in-session workshop on information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement, held on 20 June 2025, and [[welcomes][notes] the key findings and messages contained therein[, in particular:][invites [developed country Parties as well as other [developed] Parties providing resources on a voluntary basis] [Parties communicating in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement on a voluntary basis] and relevant institutions to consider the key findings and messages contained therein, in particular:]

(a) Information on efforts for simplifying procedures for or otherwise reducing barriers to accessing climate finance through bilateral and multilateral channels, including those outlined in decision 1/CMA.6[, and identifying best practices for [removing][reducing] barriers [and reducing disenablers] to access for developing countries, including the LDCs and SIDS];

(b) [Use tables and common templates to present information in the biennial communications];]

(c) [A common time frame for reporting climate finance projections, in order to enhance comparability and facilitate aggregation of information across biennial

communications, while recognizing the need to provide Parties with the flexibility to provide information as available;]

(d) Information on [shares of projected climate finance flows allocated to supporting adaptation and efforts to respond to loss and damage, as well as on] efforts to achieve a balance between finance for adaptation and mitigation;

(e) Information on finance, in particular grant-based support for adaptation and addressing loss and damage;

(f) Information on the geographical coverage of financial support to be provided;]]

12. [[*Notes*][*Recognises*] that the workshop referred to in paragraph X above provided Parties with an important platform to exchange views on the biennial communications, including on opportunities for improvement and challenges encountered;]

13. [*Expresses concerns* about the lack of a dedicated transparency process for Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement and its comparable links with Article 9, paragraph 7 of the Paris Agreement;]

14. [*Recognizes* the need for greater participation by developed countries, focus on transparency in the workshop and linkages with Article 9, paragraph 7 of the Paris Agreement;]

15. [*Decides* that biennial communications of information related to Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement, shall undergo a technical expert review in accordance with Article 13, paragraph 11 of the Paris Agreement:

(a) The review is to be conducted and finalized in accordance with the existing ETF rules, particularly those developed and agreed for FTC transparency modalities.

(b) SBSTA is requested, with the assistance of the secretariat, to develop complementary modalities, to the existing FTC BTR rules and procedures, with the objective to make 9.5 review effective, starting on 1 January 2026 and applicable to fourth biennial communications of developed countries information related to Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement.

(c) The review process must ensure that ex-post reporting from developed countries, in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 7 of the Paris Agreement, is consistent with the ex-ante communications provided by developed countries in accordance with Article 9.5. The expert review team must declare inconsistencies, if any, and provide appropriate recommendations to the Party, in the perspective to secure needed financial supports by developed countries for developing countries;]

16. [Option 1: [*Recognizes*][*Appreciates*] that the third biennial communications took into account the areas for improvement identified in [paragraph 13 of decision 14/CMA.3 and] paragraph 16 of decision 13/CMA.5 and that [many][several] of the communications include information on increased projected levels of climate finance;]

[16bis. [*Takes note of* the progress in forward-looking climate finance reporting and *also*] *notes* that significant challenges persist [regarding clarity, consistency, and comparability due to aggregated and overlapping data,] making it difficult to assess expected finance flows, and reliance on qualitative information limiting the ability to track real progress;]

[Option 2: *Notes with [grave] concern* that the quality of biennial communications from developed country Parties has not improved since the second round of biennial communication and *urges* developed country Parties to enhance their biennial communication in relation to the points outlined in paragraph X above;]

17. [*Expresses deep concern* that Annex II Parties have reduced their climate finance ambition and the redirection of international climate finance budgets towards domestic spending in Annex II Parties;]
18. [*Notes with concern* that two Parties reported a decrease in financial support in the range of 51-100 per cent, and that 17 Parties reported [continued climate finance commitments due to being in the implementation period][the same levels of contributions from the second round of biennial communications]]*; also notes with appreciation* that 7 Parties communicated an increase in projected levels of climate finance compared to the second biennial communications;]
19. [*Also notes* that adaptation finance remains underfunded and underreported, with only a few biennial communications reflecting the Glasgow Climate Pact commitment to double adaptation finance, and contributions to the [operating entities of the Financial Mechanism of the Convention, and] LDCF [, the SCCF] and Adaptation Fund remain low;]
20. [*Expresses disappointment* with the limited information on finance for [responding to] loss and damage, with few forward-looking commitments and that references [for developing countries, [including][in particular]] to LDCs and SIDS often lack detail or concrete pledges;]
21. [[[*Welcomes* growing][*Notes* the [growing]] efforts [and importance] to mobilize private finance [and][*recognizes*][while][however,][*emphasizes*] that grant-based and concessional finance must remain central to climate action [for developing countries, including] in vulnerable countries;]
22. [*Recognizes* that, in continuation of their obligations under the Convention, developed country Parties are to provide climate finance for both mitigation and adaptation, and that the implementation of these commitments shall take into account the need for adequacy and predictability in the flow of funds and the importance of appropriate burden sharing among the developed country Parties;]
23. [*Urges*] [invites] developed countr[y][ies] [[and other] Parties communicating [on a voluntary basis]] to provide in their fourth and subsequent biennial communications under Art. 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement [information on their frameworks to provide climate finance][their respective national definition of [, and budgetary allocation for] climate finance[, as applicable];]
24. [*Notes with concern* the inconsistent interpretation of “new and additional” finance, which continues to hinder meaningful aggregation and *reaffirms* that climate finance must be new and additional to ODA, not at the expense of development or poverty reduction priorities;]
25. *Requests* developed countries to submit their biennial communications by 31 December 2026 and *encourages* other Parties providing resources to submit biennial communications on a voluntary basis;
26. [*Recognizes* that biennial communications [must][are to][may] provide [specific elements for] a forward-looking perspective regarding [individual and] collective progress on climate finance [under the Paris Agreement process][for the [second][and subsequent] global stocktake[s]];]
27. [*Urges* developed countries to provide clear, disaggregated, and forward-looking finance projections using consistent methodologies and timelines and that future reports [should][will] include [specific, new commitments,][information] aligned with the COP29 decision on the \$300 billion NCQG goal and the \$1.3 trillion ambition;]
28. [*Recognizes* that the lack of standardized definitions, classification systems, and centralized databases for climate finance continues to hinder transparency and accountability in tracking support;]

29. Option 1: *Recalls* decision 13/CMA.5, paragraph 17 and *[reaffirms][decides]* that future biennial communications submitted in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5 of the Paris Agreement should *[include the information identified][be prepared on the basis of the types of information contained]* in the annex to decision 12/CMA.1;

Option 1bis. *[Encourages][Recognises the [importance of continuing][need for a]][improved]* comparability across biennial communication reporting in order to improve accessibility to relevant information for developing country parties and *[decides to continue using the types of information contained in the annex of decision 12.CMA.1 in the preparation of the biennial communications of indicative quantitative and qualitative information;*

Option 2: *[Invites][Requests][developed country]* Parties, in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement, to take into account the following areas in preparing their biennial communications to be submitted in 2026~~], as applicable];~~

(a) Information on the status of projected levels of climate finance stated in previous biennial communications *[and trends related to the provision and mobilisation of climate finance over time;]*

(b) Indicative, quantitative and qualitative information consistent with the new collective quantified goal, as per decision 1/CMA.6;

(c) Information on efforts to improve access to climate finance *[including identifying best practices for reducing barriers to access for developing countries, including the LDCs and SIDS];*

(d) Information on the challenges, limitations and solutions~~], as applicable]~~ *[for providing ex ante information, particularly in relation to budgetary and legislative requirements for the allocation and approval of public climate finance disbursements;]*

(e) Information demonstrating how ex ante information responds to the implementation needs of developing country Parties, as referenced in their nationally determined contributions, adaptation communications and other national plans;

(f) Information on efforts towards *[achieving][pursuing]* a balance in the provision of climate finance for mitigation and adaptation *[in line with paragraph (j) of the annex contained in decision 12/CMA.1][, including information on shares of projected climate finance flows [in particular grant-based support] allocated to supporting adaptation and efforts to [avert, minimize and address] [respond to] loss and damage];*

(g) Information demonstrating how *[each of their][the 2026]* biennial communications has improved compared with the previous communication~~s], including how areas for improvement set out in relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties and the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement have been addressed;~~

(h) Information on the geographical coverage of financial support to be provided;

(i) Information on *[promoting][supporting]* the inclusion *[and extension of benefits to]* vulnerable *[people,]* communities and groups in climate finance efforts, in line with decision 1/CMA.6, as appropriate and where relevant;

Option 3: *[Invites [developed country Parties] [Parties that publish biennial communications],* in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement, to consider the following *[non-prescriptive]* guidance when structuring their biennial communications:

(a) *[Information contained within the biennial communication to be clearly and succinctly summarised in an executive summary at the beginning of the report][An Executive Summary];*

(b) Information [, including where possible][structured under the following headings]:

- (i) Projected levels of public finance resources to developing countries, including policies and priorities;
 - (ii) Actions to support the mobilization of multilateral climate finance;
 - (iii) Actions [and plans] to mobilise private finance;
 - (iv) Quantitative and qualitative programme information;
 - (v) Information on thematic support;
 - (vi) [Actions to address][Addressing the needs and priorities of developing countries, include Least Developed Countries and Small Island States];
 - (vii) Evaluating proposals;
 - (viii) [Approaches,] Methodologies and assumptions;
 - (ix) How support is targeted at helping developing countries meet the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement;
 - (x) Integration of climate change considerations into their development support;
 - (xi) Alignment with developing country climate objectives;
- (c) Enhancing capacity building;]

Option 4: *Decides* to, in response to paragraph 17, decision 13/CMA.5, update the [types of information][elements] contained in the annex to decision 12/CMA.1 with the annex to this decision;

30. [*Decides* that developed country Parties shall include indicative multi-year financial projected levels of climate finance to be provided to developing country Parties in their biennial communications with these projections to be accompanied by the assumptions, methodologies and planning parameters that sustain the projections and *also decides* that the multi-year financial projected levels shall be included starting with the fourth biennial communications in 2026 and *invites* other Parties submitting biennial communications to do so voluntarily.]

31. [[*Affirms*][*Decides*] that, in preparing biennial communications, developed country Parties [must][are to] report on the provision and mobilization of climate finance under Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Paris Agreement, respectively, [in distinct and discernable ways when preparing and submitting biennial communications, in line with paragraph X above and the annex to this decision] and *emphasizes* the distinction between provision and mobilization;]

32. [*Recognizes* that developed country Parties are to report on the mobilization of climate finance, as per their obligation in contributing to achieving the new collective quantified goal on climate finance, as adopted in decision 1/CMA.6;]

33. [*Requests* the secretariat to prepare a compilation and synthesis of the biennial communications to be [submitted in 2026] in accordance with paragraph 7 of decision 12/CMA.1;]

34. *Requests* the secretariat to organize the next biennial in-session workshop referred to in decision 12/CMA.1, paragraph 8 in 2027 and to prepare a summary report on the workshop for consideration by the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement at its ninth session (November 2027);

35. *Acknowledges* that the elements for discussion at the workshop referred to in paragraph X above are to be based on the information in the compilation and synthesis report referred to in paragraph X above and the summary report referred to in paragraph X above,

including information provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement [conductive to measuring progress in line with Article 9, paragraph 6, of the Paris Agreement;]

36. [Notes][Welcomes] the note by the President of the fifth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement on the second biennial high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance, [and in particular the key messages contained therein];

37. Welcomes the deliberations at the third high-level ministerial dialogue on climate finance in accordance with paragraph 10 of decision 12/CMA.1 and *looks forward to* the summary thereof to be prepared by the President of the seventh session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Paris Agreement for its ninth session;

38. [Calls on all Parties to triple outflows through operating entities and dedicated funds - LDCF, Adaptation Fund, and SCCF by 2030, and to reflect this ambition in their 9.5 reports;]

39. [Requests, in this context, Annex II Parties to:

(a) **[Standardised Accounting Table][Accounting methodology]:** Adopt a common climate finance reporting and accounting [table] [methodology] that tracks the delivery of Article 9, paragraph 1, of the Paris Agreement in grant-equivalent terms while ensuring additionality with official development assistance and other official flows;

(b) **Reform budgets:** Reform national budgetary processes to streamline approvals for international climate finance, including by moving to multiyear and multi-administration climate finance budgets;

(c) **New adaptation finance goal:** Ensure that a minimum of 50%, striving to achieve 75%, of the annual USD 300 billion goal referred to in paragraph 8 of decision 1/CMA.6 will be allocated to support developing countries in planning and implementing their adaptation actions and achieving an adequate adaptation response in the context of the temperature goal referred to in article 2 of the Paris Agreement, and in line with their national priorities and circumstances;

(d) **Provision beyond the USD 300 billion:** Provide climate finance in line with Article 9, paragraph 1, beyond the at least USD 300 billion commitment set in the context of Article 9, paragraph 3, of the Paris Agreement;

(e) **Burden sharing:** Adopt a burden sharing arrangement within Annex II Parties with clear quantified targets for each Annex II Parties to deliver finance at scale beyond USD 300 billion;

(f) **Tripling UNFCCC Funds:** Triple replenishment pledges to the Global Environment Facility and Green Climate Fund, as well as initial funding to the Fund for responding to Loss and Damage and the Adaptation Fund in line with the new collective quantified goal on climate finance;]

40. [Requests all developed country Parties to the Convention and its Paris Agreement to submit a plan of action on the delivery of Article 9.1 in accordance with this decision before CMA.8 and requests the secretariat to produce a synthesis report analyzing the adequacy of the plans;]

41. Takes note of the estimated budgetary implications of the activities to be undertaken by the Secretariat referred to above;

42. Requests that the actions of the Secretariat called for in this decision be undertaken subject to the availability of financial resources.

Annex

Types of information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

Option 1:

Developed country Parties shall biennially communicate indicative quantitative and qualitative information related to Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Paris Agreement, as applicable, including, as available, projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing country Parties. Other Parties providing resources are encouraged to communicate biennially such information on a voluntary basis. This should include:

National circumstances, limitations, methodologies, and assumptions

(a) Information on national circumstances and limitations relevant to the provision of ex ante information and solutions to remedy those limitations, as well as challenges and barriers encountered in the past, lessons learned and measures taken to overcome them;

(b) Information on measures being taken to address limitations in providing and mobilizing climate finance, such as budgetary reforms;

(c) Information on relevant methodologies and assumptions used to project levels of climate finance and potential improvements;

(d) Information on methodologies and assumptions used to project levels of climate finance to be provided, including information on how indicative quantitative and qualitative information on projected levels of public financial resources aim to ensure a balance between mitigation and adaptation, as well as responding to loss and damage, take into account country-driven strategies, and the evolving needs and priorities of developing countries

General Information

(e) Enhanced information to increase clarity on the projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing countries, as available;

(f) Information on policies and priorities, including regions, sub-regions and geography, recipient countries, beneficiaries, targeted groups, sectors and gender responsiveness;

(g) Information on the factors that providers of climate finance look for in evaluating proposals, in order to help to inform developing countries;

(h) An indication of new and additional resources to be provided, and how it determines such resources as being new and additional, beyond their previous biennial communication;

(i) Information on how developing countries determine and understand what constitutes new and additional and how gaps in definitions will be addressed;

(j) Information on how developed country Parties collectively aim to unify their reporting methodologies, tables and templates and progress made in this cooperative effort;

(k) Information on how Parties are aiming to ensure a balance between adaptation and mitigation, taking into account the country-driven strategies and the needs and priorities of developing country Parties, especially those that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change and have significant capacity constraints, such as the least developed countries and small island developing States, considering the need for public and grant-based resources for adaptation and responding to loss and damage;

(l) Information on efforts to integrate climate change considerations, including resilience, into their development support;

(m) Information on how support to be provided to developing country Parties enhances their capacities;

(n) Information on intended efforts to support just transitions across all sectors and thematic areas;

Information related to Article 9 of the Paris Agreement

(o) Quantitative and qualitative information on public finance, as applicable, including, as available, projected levels of public financial resources, to be provided to developing countries disaggregated by the intended access channel (i.e. bilateral channels, international financial institutions including multilateral development banks, and the multilateral climate funds, including the operating entities of the Financial Mechanism) specifying:

- (i) Projected levels (pledged, committed) (in domestic currency and USD)
- (ii) Projected year(s) of projected levels (e.g. by target year, annual levels during the multi-year period, cumulative levels over a multi-year period)
- (iii) Proposed financial instrument (grant, concessional loan, equity, guarantee, other)
- (iv) Type of support (adaptation, mitigation, responding to loss and damage, cross-cutting, technology development and transfer, capacity building, etc.)
- (v) Sector(s)
- (vi) Intended recipient(s), including information on the recipient regions or recipient countries, including small island developing States (SIDS) and least developed countries (LDCs), beneficiaries, as well as targeted communities and groups including those referred to in paragraph 26 of Decision 1/CMA.6

(p) Information on intended efforts to apply the access enhancements contained in paragraph 22 of Decision 1/CMA.6, as appropriate and where relevant

(q) Information on intended efforts at both a shareholder and/or governing body member level to urge international financial institutions, including multilateral development banks to continue to align their operational models, channels and instruments to address global climate change, development and poverty, including by implementing the measures contained in paragraph 23 of Decision 1/CMA.6;

(r) Information on intended strengthen efforts to enhance access and promote effectiveness, including by implementing the measures contained in paragraph 24 of Decision 1/CMA.6, as appropriate and where relevant;

Additional information relevant to the Decision 1/CMA.6 (New Collective Quantified Goal on Climate Finance)

(s) Information on intended efforts to reduce the cost of capital and increasing the mobilization ratio of finance mobilized from public sources by 2030;

(t) Information on intended efforts to create fiscal space in developing country Parties through the use of innovative instruments as well as efforts to scale up innovative source and instruments of finance;

(u) Information on intended efforts intended to reduce existing constraints, challenges, systemic inequities and barriers to access to climate finance, such as high cost of capital, co-financing requirements and burdensome application processes;

(v) Information on intended efforts to significantly increase proportion of public resource to be provided through the Global Environment Facility, the Green Climate Fund, the Fund for responding to Loss and Damage, the Adaptation Fund, the Least Developed Countries Fund, and the Special Climate Change Fund;

(w) Information on intended efforts to pursue efforts to at least triple annual outflows from the Global Environment Facility, the Green Climate Fund, the Fund for responding to Loss and Damage, the Adaptation Fund, the Least Developed Countries Fund, and the Special Climate Change Fund from 2022 levels by 2030 at the latest with a view to

significantly scaling up the share of finance delivered through them in delivering on the goal contained in paragraph 8 of Decision 1/CMA.6;

(x) Information on how the projected levels in paragraphs X and Y above contribute to achieving Decisions 1/CMA.6, 1/CMA.5, and [placeholder for GGA decision];

(y) Information on how the Party submitting this communication interprets the terms provision and mobilization, distinctly, in line with Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Paris Agreement, respectively;

(z) Information on action and plans to mobilize additional climate finance as part of the global effort to mobilize climate finance from a wide variety of sources, including on the relationship between the public interventions to be used and the private finance mobilized;

(aa) Information on how support provided and mobilized is targeted at helping developing countries in their efforts to meet the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement, including by assisting them in efforts to make finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development;

Option 2:

Developed country Parties shall biennially communicate indicative quantitative and qualitative information related to Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3, of the Paris Agreement, as applicable, including, as available, projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing country Parties. Other Parties providing resources are encouraged to communicate biennially such information on a voluntary basis. This should include:

(bb) Enhanced information to increase clarity on the projected levels of public financial resources to be provided to developing countries, as available;

(cc) Information on how the Party is contributing to the implementation of the new collective quantified goal (NCQG) through Articles adopted at the sixth session of the conference of the Parties, serving as the meeting of Parties to the Paris Agreement;

(dd) Differentiation between the ways in which the Party submitting the report interprets the terms provision and mobilization, distinctly, in line with Article 9, paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Paris Agreement, respectively;

(ee) Dedicated information on the implementation of Articles 9, paragraphs 1 and 3, and how contributions will reduce the cost of capital and create fiscal space in developing country Parties;

(ff) Indicative quantitative and qualitative information on programmes, including projected levels, channels, instruments and level of concessionality, as available;

(gg) Information on policies and priorities, including regions and geography, recipient countries, beneficiaries, targeted groups, sectors and gender responsiveness;

(hh) Information on purposes and types of support: mitigation, adaptation, loss and damage, cross-cutting activities, technology transfer and capacity-building;

(ii) Information on the factors that providers of climate finance look for in evaluating proposals, in order to help to inform developing countries;

(jj) An indication of new and additional resources to be provided, and how it determines such resources as being new and additional, beyond their previous biennial communication;

(kk) Information on how developing countries determine and understand what constitutes new and additional and how gaps in definitions will be addressed;

(ll) Information on national circumstances and limitations relevant to the provision of ex ante information and solutions to remedy those limitations;

(mm) Information on relevant methodologies and assumptions used to project levels of climate finance and potential improvements;

(nn) Information on how developed country Parties collectively aim to unify their reporting methodologies, tables and templates and progress made in this cooperative effort, including through establishing the relevant committees, sharing best practices and outreach to developing country Parties, allowing partners to voice concerns and challenges faced;

(oo) Information on challenges and barriers encountered in the past, lessons learned and measures taken to overcome them;

(pp) Information on measures being taken to address limitations in providing and mobilizing climate finance, such as budgetary reforms;

(qq) Information on how Parties are aiming to ensure a balance between adaptation and mitigation, taking into account the country-driven strategies and the needs and priorities of developing country Parties, especially those that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change and have significant capacity constraints, such as the least developed countries and small island developing States, considering the need for public and grant-based resources for adaptation;

(rr) Information on domestic action and plans to mobilize additional climate finance as part of the global effort to mobilize climate finance from a wide variety of sources, including on the relationship between the public interventions to be used and the private finance mobilized;

(ss) Information on how financial support effectively addresses the needs and priorities of developing country Parties and supports country-driven strategies;

(tt) Information on how support provided and mobilized is targeted at helping developing countries in their efforts to meet the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement, including by assisting them in efforts to make finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development;

(uu) Information on efforts to integrate climate change considerations, including resilience, into their development support;

(vv) Information on how support to be provided to developing country Parties enhances their capacities.

Option 3: No changes to the annex.

Draft COP decision on compilation and synthesis of, and summary report on the in-session workshop on, biennial communications of information related to Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement

Option 1:

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling Articles 4 and 11 of the Convention,

Also recalling decisions 12/CMA.1,

1. *Welcomes* the compilation and synthesis prepared by the secretariat of the information contained in the third biennial communications in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement;
2. *Also welcomes* the summary report on the biennial in-session workshop on information to be provided by Parties in accordance with Article 9, paragraph 5, of the Paris Agreement held on 20 June 2025;
3. *Takes note* of decision -/CMA.7.

Option 2: Mirroring the CMA decision.