

How are countries from the region (or beyond) ensuring coherence and aligning their work on gender and climate change? (In terms of national policy, legislation, different international frameworks and commitments (such as e.g. the SDGs))”

Status quo and plans

Group 1-4

Country/ies/region	Policies	Legislation	International frameworks and commitments	Lessons learned	Other (e.g. NGO work or experience from other sector)
Argentina	budget with gender perspective was presented Argentina recently created the Ministry of Women, Gender and Diversity and a focal point from this ministry is included	A legal framework is missing	Budget with a gender approach, we are working on the National Climate Change Framework, there is a lack of our own theoretical framework	Research on climate change climate planning where gender is included	
Chile	Climate change and gender national working group discussions promoted by Ministry of Environment ... Creation of a Roundtable: Gender and Climate Change with focal points from diferent sectors. This Roundtable facilitates inter-sectorial coordination. Challenge: create a space for effective participation from governmental and non-governmental actors	Chile's Parliament is currently preparing a new Climate Change Framework which will include gender	Through the gender approach in climate change instruments, they incorporate a principle associated with equity	gender at different levels and to attract financial resources. (Approach to equity and human rights). Formulation of climate change plans such as adaptation plans or programs with gender approaches. The round table facilitates the communication and exchange between gender experts and Climate Change experts.... As a challenge, the formation	
Ecuador				policies to eradicate gender gaps in the effects of climate change. Align inter-institutional effort. Structural problems that cause inequalities	
Guyana	Gender Policy approved in 2018 (however is not strong on CC), working on CC policy alignment with the Gender Policy.	Leading work on agriculture, cc and gender, development of strategic plans for the 5 years. Much progress demonstrating the importance of gender	Gender Affairs representative in the CC Committee, working development strartegy of SDGs, based on a Low Carbon Strategy.	agriculture sector they consider that it is a gender neutral sector. They highlight that in order to integrate gender it has to come from the Ministry's policies, however the Ministry does not have a gender policy. The are cultural challenges and unfortunately there is no gender	Build capacities through the EnGender Project.
Honduras	National Institute of Women in force and the Plan for women that is expected to be updated.		Strategic plan until 2022, institute for women (since 2010)	Role of women in and their contribution to agricultural issues, linked to climate changes	
Jamaica	been broken down in smaller themes. Maps mission was done 2017. Working with Gender Bureau on gender and cc action plan Renewable energy development, energy transition, Sustainable job creation for inclusive opportunity for both men and women			There are frameworks that are being strengthen and developed regarding gender and CC Inter-connection between sectors should be integrated. Capacity building guideline developed by the Caribbean development bank.	
Mexico	Design of public policies with a gender perspective. Gender equity is included in the National Climate Change Law (2012)		(municipalities) need support to implement international commitments Need for improved coherence with foreing policy and international commitments and	Coherence to move from the political question to the action Among the challenges, addressing resistance, training officials, having budgets for gender specialists, placing people at the center of Public Policies.	
Panama			An attempt is being made to incorporate the gender issue into the NDCs, but it goes hand in hand with politics and the economy	Based on experiences from other countries in the region, Panama has different institutions which promote gender but no involved on climate change discussions	to be able to consider gender and other SDGs, it can be considered in the Climate Change Law currently being prepared.
Peru	Gender is also promoted through: Feminist foreign policy Pro equality program Sector programs Inter-institutional work group			Design policies with gender perspectives and methodologies. Promote transformational changes in the life of the population, especially women who are vulnerable to climate change.	Protection of fragile ecosystems, in the context of COVID-19, working in build back better with a gender focus
Suriname	Sectoral studies on gender for National Adaptaion Plans. Special focus on water management execution plan. EnGender will also provide support	National Mangroove strategy developed as part of the first phase of the project		Identified local groups of women working on the ground. Involved groups working in fisheries or tourism that will be greatly impacted.	phase aware how gender is an integral part of adapation, will explain the gender differentiated vulnerabilities. In the second phase developing gender analysis in two districts, assess DRR and early recovery. This will help identify better how to increase resilience and adapt better to possible disasters or crisis associated with CC. EnGender and Climate Change Adaptation project are coordinated and they work in