Draft elements for APA agenda item 6

Matters relating to the global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement:

- a) Identification of the sources of input for the global stocktake
 - b) Development of the modalities of the global stocktake

Informal note by the co-facilitators – second iteration

Version of 6 May 2018

This is a revision of the Informal note by the co-facilitators issued on 3 May at APA 1.5, containing draft elements for APA agenda item 6. It is designed to facilitate discussions on this agenda item. Specifically, this revision is an attempt to, through "surgical" additions, reflect views that Parties have identified as missing in the previous informal note. Efforts were also made to reorganize the views contained in the informal note to improve navigability and to show elements that can co-exist as well as options. The co-facilitators used curly brackets to identify some of the areas where further clarification is needed. For the most part, the "building blocks" identified at APA 1.4, have been retained and are not part of the draft elements. They are only used to quide and orientate the reader.

These draft elements have been prepared by the co-facilitators of the negotiations on this agenda item under their own responsibility, on the basis of the deliberations by Parties at this session and the views they have submitted. These elements are preliminary and should not be considered as final in any way; they are offered as a basis for work and do not prejudge further work or prevent Parties from expressing their views at any time. It is recognized that the outcome of deliberations on this item will form part of the overall outcome under the Paris Agreement Work Programme.

Introduction / mandate / purpose

Article 14 of the Paris Agreement requires the CMA to periodically take stock of the implementation of the Paris Agreement in order to assess the collective progress towards achieving its purpose and its long-term goals (the global stocktake), in a comprehensive and facilitative manner, considering mitigation, adaptation and the means of implementation and support, and in the light of equity and the best available science. The CMA is to undertake the first global stocktake in 2023 and every five years thereafter, unless otherwise decided by the CMA. The outcome of the global stocktake shall inform Parties in updating and enhancing, in a nationally determined manner, their actions and support in accordance with the relevant provisions of this Agreement, as well as in enhancing international cooperation for climate action.

The COP requested the APA to identify the sources of input for the global stocktake, to develop its modalities and to report to the COP, with a view to the COP making a recommendation to CMA 1 for consideration and adoption.

At this fifth part of the resumed first session, Parties have had four hours of informal consultations on this agenda item to date. In addition to working extensively on completing the material available for this work, Parties have also made suggestions to improve the navigability of the previous informal note.

The left column below reflects our understanding of possible headings and subheadings for the building blocks that Parties can further develop as the consideration of this matter progresses. The right column reflects our understanding of the issues, options, concepts and views that have been presented by Parties in their submissions, inputs and statements at this and previous sessions. The content of the columns does not necessarily reflect consensus among Parties and is without prejudice to future negotiations among Parties on this matter. The building blocks can be combined in various ways to construct elements of the text. The final outcome might also not include some of the building blocks as they may not be needed.

II. Modalities Overarching elements

[Guiding...]

[Equity]

Options:

Recall Articles 14 and 2

Options:

- and other relevant Articles of PA and paragraphs of decision 1/CP.21
- , 4, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 13 of the PA and paragraphs 41, 45, 99 to 101 of decision 1/CP.21
- 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 13 of the PA and paragraphs 41, 45, 99 to 101 of decision 1/CP.21
- Also recalls Articles 4, 7, 9, 10 and 13 of the PA and paragraphs 99–101 of decision 1/CP.21
- Recall relevant principles and characteristics and in the light of equity, sustainable development, efforts to eradicate poverty and best available science
- The GST is a crucial ambition mechanism to ratchet ambition towards achieving the long-term global goals of the PA
- ..

Options:

- The GST will give full consideration to equity in terms of process, themes and outcome (mitigation, adaptation and finance flows and means of implementation and support
- The GST will give full consideration to equity in terms of process, themes and outcome (mitigation, adaptation and finance flows and means of implementation and support, loss and damage, response measures and economic diversification...) and cross-cutting as pects and will be informed by best available science
- The GST will give full consideration to equity in terms of process, themes and outcome (mitigation, adaptation and finance flows and means of implementation and support), in a cross-cutting manner to reflect the linkage between action and support and will be informed by best available science
- --
- Equity will inform how Parties will consider fairness and ambition in their NDCs in nationally determined manner
- The GST is an opportunity to work towards a shared vision of/ operationalizing the concept of equity
- ..

[Overall process]

[Governance]

- The GST will be conducted by the CMA in an effective and efficient manner, avoiding duplication of work, taking into account the results of relevant work conducted under the Convention, PA and KP
- The GST will be conducted with the assistance of

Options:

- o a subsidiary body similar to the SED. This SB is established by the CMA
- the SBI and SBSTA, which will establish a joint contact group on this matter.

- Technical workstreams (mitigation, adaptation, finance flows and means of implementation and support and other elements (loss and damage, response measures and economic diversification, crosscutting, ...)) are established under the guidance of the SBSTA and SBI
- Technical workstreams (mitigation, adaptation, finance flows and means of implementation and support) are established under the

- guidance of the SBSTA and SBI. Within those, crosscutting issues can be addressed
- Three workstreams are established, each assessing one of the long-term goals of the PA as stated in Art 2.1 (a-c), 4.1, 7.1 and 10.1
- One workstream (SED) is established under the SBSTA and SBI to address all GST matters {there is no further reference to the role of the SED in the Activities of the GST}
- The GST will be supported by expert inputs from relevant constituted bodies (AC, LEG, TEC+CTCN, SCF, PCCB, WIM, CGE) and constituted forums and other institutional arrangements under the Convention and Paris Agreement
- ...

[Guidance]

Develop guidance on what kind of input is to be considered, how to prepare, compile, synthesize and technically consider it, who will be do it and by when *Options:*

- Invite SBSTA/ Co-facilitators and secretariat/ Constituted/responsible bodies and forums to develop guidance for preparing, compilation and synthesis inputs for GST, including a common format to capture information
- Substantive guidance to be provided by the Co-Chairs of the SBSTA and SBI /the joint contact group/Parties or other bodies for work streams/thematic roundtables, or others
-

• [Timing and duration]

Options:

- The GST will start in year YYYY, and every five years thereafter
- The GST will be allocated adequate time to be conducted in a comprehensive manner with fixed milestones along the way to ensure completion of each GST

Options:

- O The GST will be short, in order to avoid undue burden on Parties, and concise in order to ensure durability and resilience of the process. {The overall timing and duration of the GST should be consistent with the timing and duration of Activities A, B and C}
- The GST is a process lasting:
 - o for more than half a year and less than one year
 - o at least one year
 - o 12 to 18 months
 - not more than six months in total and should be kept to a minimum

o ...

[Structure (phases/activities)]

- The GST process will consist of:
 - Activity A a preparatory phase | information gathering and compilation | technical input
 - Activity B a technical phase | technical consideration of inputs, take stock, assess collective progress and prepare outputs | technical consideration
 - Activity C a political phase | consideration of outputs | closure of the GST Outcome partially overlapping/running in parallel/sequential
- The GST will be guided by three general questions: where are we; where we want to go; and how to get there? Specific questions are contained in the annex
- ..

- [Support for effective and equitable participation]
- The GST will be a Party-drive process, conducted in a transparent manner and with active participation of non-Parties stakeholders throughout the whole process
- To support the effective and equitable participation, an online platform (GST Platform) will be established to ensure full accessibility to all inputs
- The level of participation, in particular in the exchange of views, should be determined by the Parties concerned
- Provision of adequate funding for the participation and representation of eligible developing countries in all activities under the GST, meetings, technical dialogues, workshops, round tables and sessions of the Subsidiary Bodies and CMA that are part of the GST process and uptake of the relevant GST information
- Developed country Parties to mobilise capacity-building support for effective participation by LDCs, SIDS and other developing countries
- ..
- [Outputs]
- The outputs should lead to the outcome identified in PA Article 14.3. They should identify gaps in collective progress, as well as lessons learned and good practices. This includes outputs of *Activities A, B and C*
- The outputs should focus on the stocktake of collective progress, no individual Party focus, non-policy prescriptive consideration of collective progress that Parties can use to inform the updating and enhancement of their successive climate actions and support and further international cooperation
- [Adjustment of modalities]
- Have the possibility to refine procedural and logistical elements of the overall GST process on the basis of experience gained, Options:
 - including from the, the 2013-2015 Review/Periodic Review, FD2016, pre-2020 discussion and the Talanoa Dialogue, as applicable, after the first and subsequent GSTs
 - o after the first and subsequent GSTs
- .
- [Post GST / during the ambition cycle events]
- Invite Parties to submit their NDCs at a special event organized by the Secretary General of UN
- *Placeholder* on possible other events outside the CMA or UNFCCC during the course of the ambition cycle

[...]

Activity A¹ - Preparatory phase | Information gathering and compilation | Technical input [Aim]

[Timing and duration]

- To gather and compile the information for GST
- Activity A should allow for adequate time with a deadline for preparing the inputs
- Activity A should

- o startin 2020 and every five years thereafter, bearing in mind that new or updated NDCs will become available in that year
- o run continuously from 2021 or 2022, and every five years thereafter, (or previous year to be agreed if pre-2020 inputs could be considered) and should end no later than [six][X] months before the CMA in 2023, and every five years thereafter, unless critical information that requires consideration emerges after the cut-off date to ensure the adequate and timely consideration of the input from the latest IPCC reports

¹ Can be combined with *Activity B.*

- start before or after the SB sessions of the year in which the GST will be conducted, bearing in mind that Parties and relevant stakeholders may start to prepare for the GST several years earlier
- o start in 2023 with sufficient time for preparing the information for GST
- o last for not more than six months prior to the conclusion of the GST
- ..

[Preparing inputs]

- Management of inputs
- Prepare and consider the information sources identified for the GST, taking
 into account the information needs for addressing the overall questions,
 with a view to ensuring a balanced consideration of the information taking
 into account the comprehensive scope of the GST and in the light of equity,
 sustainable development, efforts to eradicate poverty and best available
 science {who will prepare}
- Parties to prepare and consider the information sources identified for the GST, including on equity
- Special provision when it comes to gathering and synthesizing inputs from the transparency framework (GHG inventories, information on tracking progress towards NDCs under Article 4, on adaptation and on support)
- ..

[Call for inputs]

- Invite inputs that are relevant for the scope of the GST from Parties, constituted bodies, constituted forums and other institutional arrangements under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, UN Agencies, IPCC and other scientific bodies, regional groups, civil society organizations and other identified sources of input, including on equity and CBDR in the light of different national circumstances, including from AC and LEG pursuant to Decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 41
- Sources of input should be limited to Parties, constituted bodies and forums under the convention and Paris Agreement
- Inputs will be invited/gathered according to their relevance in providing the
 most up to date information with regard to collective progress in meeting
 the long-term goals of the Paris Agreement
- Invite constituted bodies, relevant international organizations and the UNFCCC secretariat to provide the inputs as listed for each of the workstreams and for which they will indicate as being competent well in time for consideration under *Activity B* Space will be given for the expert consideration of inputs
- Invite specific expert inputs based on the information needs identified under sources of input in section III
 - o for taking stock of enhanced implementation of adaptation action, taking into account adaptation communications
 - from Adaptation Committee, Standing Committee on Finance and secretariat (to update the NDC synthesis report as aligns with GST schedule)
 - Indicators communicated by Parties to describe the fairness of their contributions
 - o {what other specific expert inputs?}
- The deadline for submission of information could be, Options:
 - o one month before the plenary of the relevant session of the CMA, in order to give Parties enough time to digest these inputs
 - o at least 2 months prior to their consideration
 - o At least six months prior to the conclusion of the GST

Options:

- Parties would be able to upload their submissions online on the GST platform
- Parties and non-Party Stakeholders would be able to upload their submissions online on the GST platform
- •
- [Compilation and synthesis]
- Request

Options:

- the SBSTA and SBI/proposed subsidiary body/SED to compile information for Activity B the year in advance
- the secretariat to collate and synthesize information for Activity B into an agreed format and make it available on a GST platform {SYR of communicated and reported information may be addressed under other agenda items and bodies}
- 0 ...
- The secretariat to upload other sources of input by themes via GST platform 1 to 2 months prior the CMA session
- [Identification of gaps and call for additional inputs]

Options:

- Invite the SBSTA and SBI/proposed subsidiary body to identify potential
 information gaps and, where necessary and feasible, make requests for
 additional input, bearing in mind the cut-off date for Activity A and the
 need to consider critical information
- Take into account the gaps identified in the relevant reports of IPCC in relation to the long-term global goals of the Paris Agreement
- Identify gaps in the information needed for consideration of the elements of Articles 7.14, 9.6, 10.6, 13.5 and 13.6
- ...
- [Guidance for preparing, compiling and synthesising inputs]

Options:

- Invite SBSTA to develop guidance for preparing, compiling and synthesising inputs for GST, including a common format to capture information
- Invite Co-facilitators and secretariat prepare guidance on how the information will fit into the technical considerations {There are a variety of proposed bodies, clarity is needed on which CFs}
- Constituted/responsible bodies, constituted forums and other institutional arrangements under the Convention and the Paris Agreement to define the format [and content] of their input
-

[Outputs]

• [...]

 How the information gathered is passed to Activity B, what are the information gaps, how they will be filled in and help to reach the purpose of the PA and its long-term goals

Activity B^2 - Technical phase | Technical consideration of inputs, take stock, assess collective progress and prepare outputs | Technical Consideration

[Aim]

- Build a strong foundation for *Activity C* by considering all inputs in the light of equity and CBDR-RC, in the light of different national circumstances in a facilitative, transparent and comprehensive manner
- Technical assessment of collective progress towards achieving the purpose of the Paris Agreement expressed as goals in Article 2.1 (a-c)
- Take stock of the implementation of the Paris Agreement to assess collective progress towards achieving the purpose of the Paris Agreement and its long-term goals

² Can be combined with Activity A.

- Inform Parties in updating and enhancing, in a nationally determined manner, their actions and support, as well as in enhancing international cooperation for climate action
- ...

[Timing and duration]

The Activity B could commence

Options:

- o at the SB sessions in the year prior to the stocktake year and conclude before the beginning of *Activity C*
- o at the SB session in the year in which the GST will be conducted
- o at the CMA of the year in which the GST will be conducted
- the year(s) prior to the stocktake year (organizing events in 2022, and every five years thereafter)
- 12-6 months before any "due"; needs to be over prior to the CMA in 2023, and every five years thereafter
- To make effective use of time, this activity could run in parallel with Activity A
- .

[Structure]

Activity B will

Options:

- o comprise a series of technical dialogues between Parties and experts under the technical workstreams
- o comprise a series of technical/thematic workshops/roundtables
- o carried out by a technical committee to be established
- ...

[Practical arrangements]

Options:

- SBI and SBSTA chairs to facilitate within each technical dialogue discussions among Parties, including the participation from observers
- SBI and SBSTA chairs to appoint two co-facilitators for each of the
 workstreams to organize the technical dialogue (e.g., facilitate (only if new
 info will be produced on the basis of inputs), moderate, and contribute to
 their work)
- SBI and SBSTA will designate the SBs Chairs and Co-Chairs to moderate thematic roundtables
- The joint contact group to organize the work of Activity B (e.g., deadline for submission of the inputs; additional inputs and themes; schedules for the events; keynote speakers, further preparatory work)
- A technical committee to assess and review the information
- •

• Substantive guidance

Options:

- to be provided by the Chairs of the SBSTA/SBI and the CMA Presidencies for each of the technical workstreams, in particular in relation to the achievement of their long-term goals
- o for the workstream to be provided by the Joint Contact Group
- o for thematic roundtables to be developed by Parties
- The *Activity B* will be guided by the ToR/specific questions contained in the **annex** which include...
- ...

[Consideration of inputs]

[Guidance]

• All the inputs and topics should be discussed in a balanced, holistic and comprehensive manner, in particular the linkage among various issues, with a balanced allocation of time between workstreams/themes

 Equity could be looked at in terms of various indicators, reference benchmarks, including but not limited to historical responsibilities for increase in temperature, capacity to act due to development levels, sustainable development, etc

[Outputs]

• Reports should

Options:

- o be neutral without recommendations
- o provide clarification in terms of technical advice
- o include recommendations for Activity C

Options:

- The Co-facilitators will summarize each technical dialogue in factual reports
- Reports that summarize each workstream's collective assessment of each goal as reflected in Article 2.1(a-c) will be prepared
- The SED will prepare reports for consideration by the joint contact group
- The secretariat will prepare reports of the workshops/thematic roundtable for consideration by the joint contact group
- Synthesis report(s) will be prepared for Options:
 - o each element of the scope (themes) {who prepares?}
 - all elements of the scope(themes)

[Participation]

- The Events will be open, inclusive, transparent and facilitative, and will allow Parties to engage and discuss with IPCC and other experts and relevant non-Party Stakeholders to consider inputs and assess the collective efforts
- ...

[Placeholder for relevant ongoing work]

- Operationalization of the advice from SBSTA on how the assessments of IPCC could inform the GST
- The modalities developed by AC and LEG pursuant to Article 7.14 and decision 1/CP.21 {note that these modalities could also be relevant for Activity A and C}
- Technical consideration of recognition of the adaptation efforts of developing countries, in accordance with modalities developed by the AC and LEG pursuant decision 1/CP.21, paragraph 41
- ...

[...]

Activity C - Political phase | Consideration of outputs | Closure of the GST - Outcome

[Aim]

 Inform Parties in updating and enhancing, in a nationally determined manner, their actions and support as well as in enhancing international cooperation for climate action

[Timing and duration]

• Will be held at the CMA session in the year when the GST will end

Options:

- The GST will be opened early in the CMA and be carried out over the entirety of the session
- Will be held during the closing Plenary of CMA
- The GST should be wrapped-up and closed before the closing plenary of the CMA
- The GST will be closed by CMA Presidency during the high-level segment
- ..

[Practical arrangements]

Define the roles of

- o Presidencies {which ones?}
- latest four out-going Presidencies of the four sessions of COP/CMA
- ..

[Structure]

Options:

- A dedicated political ministerial segment at its session in 2023 and every five years thereafter
- A high-level dialogue or a high-level roundtable(s), where Ministers discuss the implications of the findings from the *Activity B*
- A final statement on the GST by the CMA Presidency
- A final report on the GST by the CMA Presidency
- •

[Presentation and consideration of inputs]

• The output of the *Activity B* will be presented and discussed at the *Events*, including

Options:

- adaptation, mitigation, means of implementation and support, loss and damage, response measures and economic diversification
- o adaptation, mitigation, means of implementation and support

[Output]

- Outputs include identified gaps, possible measures and good practices to enhance action
- The output of the GST is contained in a Options:
 - summary of key messages and recommendations for strengthening action and scaling up support in accordance with identified needs by the CMA
 - summary of key messages from Activity C, including key political messages and general policy recommendations from Events by the Presidency
 - o a decision adopted by the CMA
 - o formal declaration agreed by all Parties and adopted by the CMA
 - final statement by the Presidency and co-moderators and closing interventions by the participants in the last plenary of the joint contact group
 - o format to be decided by the Presidency

III. Sources of input

[Guiding...]

[Existing sources of inputs]

[non-exhaustive list]

- (similar to modalities)
- Reconfirm 1/CP21, para 99
- Recall relevant provisions of PA on enhanced transparency framework, adaptation communication,...
- Reconfirm that the sources of input of the GST include:
 - Information on:
 - The overall effect of the nationally determined contributions communicated by Parties
 - The state of adaptation efforts, support, experiences and priorities from the communications referred to in Article 7, paragraphs 10 and 11, of the Paris Agreement, and reports referred to in Article 13, paragraph 8, of the Paris Agreement
 - The mobilization and provision of support
 - \circ The latest reports of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
 - Reports of the subsidiary bodies

Options:

Submissions from Parties, national communications, biennial reports
 Parties, national inventories, reports on international consultation and
 analysis, international analysis and review, and other relevant reports from
 Parties and processes under the Convention and from constituted bodies,
 constituted forums and other institutional arrangements under the
 Convention and the Paris Agreement relevant for the GST, including
 information on best practices and experiences and lessons learned.

 Submissions from Parties and other relevant reports from Parties, processes under the Convention and the Paris Agreement, including pursuant to Articles, 7.14, 9.6, 10.5 and 13 of the Paris Agreement, and from constituted bodies and forums

__

- Placeholder for other sources of input (information that is reported, communicated or both) – generic, mitigation-specific, adaptation-specific (Adaptation Communication), means of implementation and support (separated by finance, technology, capacity building), and loss and damage
- The latest reports of the IPCC.
- Constituted bodies under the Convention, KP and PA, such as the AC, LEG, SCF, TEC and PCCB provide further important input
- Other relevant reports from United Nations agencies and other international organizations
- Information from regional groups and institutions
- Submissions from non-Parties Stakeholders
- Sources of information relevant in assessing collective progress towards meeting the long-term finance flows goal under Article 2.1(c)
- ...

[Other inputs (information needs)]

Add to 1/CP21, para 99 and prioritize them (keeping in mind the need for clarity, transparency and understanding of information):

- Synthesis of NIR and biennial transparency reports
- Parties' long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies pursuant to Article 4.19 and Decision 1/CP.21, Paragraph 35, presented in an aggregated format
- Information on finance flows in relation to 2.1(c)
- Information on regional impacts provided by agencies from the respective regions (will complement information on status of adaptation efforts)
- Information on loss and damage
- Information on social and economic impacts of response measures
- Information on economic diversification and adaptation resulting in mitigation co-benefits
- Information for all themes in the light of equity (including on equity indicators and frameworks), sustainable development, efforts to eradicate poverty
- Information on barriers and challenges
- Information on finance, technology and capacity building gaps faced by developing countries
- Information on good practices and experiences from Parties and multilateral organizations on mitigation, adaptation and MOI
- Information on potential opportunities to enhance international collaboration on mitigation, adaptation and increase support
- Information related to equitable access to sustainable development, historical responsibilities, development gaps between north and south, sustainable development including SDGs, leadership by developed countries in achieving low emission and climate resilient development, efforts to eradicate poverty, food security, job creation, and social justice in developing countries, climate refugees and displaced people
- ...

[Additional sources of inputs]

[Management of sources of inputs]

Options:

• SBSTA will review and agree to update the list, as appropriate, at its summer session two years prior to the GST

- CMA will update the non-exhaustive list prior to each GST, as appropriate, taking into account best available science, importance of leveraging national level reporting, and the value of authoritative third-Party analysis
- CMA will complement the non-exhaustive list prior to each GST, unless critical information that requires consideration emerges after the cut-off date
- •
- [Guidance for identifying additional sources of inputs]
- The information from any source of input should be:
 - Appropriate to assess collective implementation and or progress and address the information needs of the GST
 - O Directly relevant to the technical streamunder discussion
 - O Presented in a concise, easily digestible and accessible format
 - Open access
 - Of high standard of quality and integrity (current, drawing from relevant expertize, and peer reviewed where appropriate
 - o Technical in nature
 - 0 ...

Annex

Specific guiding questions for the GST

[Mitigation]

- What is the collective progress made towards the long-term temperature goal in the Article 2.1(a) and 4.1?
- Where are we in relation to the global temperature goal (well below 2 degC and pursuing efforts to 1.5 degC) as set out in Article 2.1 (a), as well as global temperature scenario consistent with the aggregate effect of NDCs?
- What is the overall progress towards the long-term goal for mitigation as set out in Article 4.1? Have we reached global peaking, recognizing that peaking will take longer for developing country Parties? Are we seeing rapid reductions of GHG emissions and the enhancement of removals? Where are we in relation to achieving the balance between anthropogenic emissions by sources and removals by sinks? How do we best achieve the LTG on mitigation on the basis of equity, and in the context of sustainable development and efforts to eradicate poverty?
- What are the opportunities, good practices, challenges for enhanced climate action?
- What can Parties do to enhance climate action to reach the level needed to achieve the goals in Art. 2.1 (a) and Art. 4.1?
- ..

adaptation)

[Adaptation]

[Means of

support]

implementation and

- What is the overall progress made towards achieving the Global goal on adaptation referred to in Art 7.1 (including in relation to adaptation, review of the adequacy and effectiveness of action and support provided for
- How can the global community most effectively and adequately increase
 the ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change and foster
 climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development, in a
 manner that does not threaten food production, consistent with the goal
 set out in Article 2.1 (b)?
- ..

- What is the progress made towards making the financial flows consistent with the pathways towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate resilience, including progress on means of implementation and support reflected the Articles 9, 10 and 11 of the Paris Agreement?
- Are we on track to making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards
 low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development, as set out
 in Article 2.1 (c)? What is the progress in implementing the concrete
 roadmap to achieve the goal of jointly providing USD 100 billion annually by
 2020 for mitigation and adaptation while significantly increasing adaptation
 finance from current levels and to further provide appropriate technology
 and capacity-building support, pursuant to para 114 of decision 1/CP.21?
- What is the overall progress made towards achieving the long-term technology goal referred in Article 10.1?
- What are the opportunities and good practices and challenges to enhance financial flows, including means of implementation and support, taking into account articles 9, 10 and 11 of the Paris Agreement?
- What can Parties do to enhance the financial flows, including means of implementation and support, to be consistent with the pathways towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate resilience?
- What are the best practices and lessons learned in relevant to mitigation, adaption, means of implementation and support?
- ..

[Other elements]

• Equity

- How do the various indicators of equity provide information on what is required by science towards the global temperature goal?
- How can the equity framework be used by Parties in their domestic processes in enhancing and updating, in a nationally determined manner, their actions and support as well as international cooperation?

• ..