

# Unpacking the Full Range of Means of Implementation for Enhancing Adaptation and Climate Resilience in the Context of Just Transitions

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# Relevance of Means of Implementation (MOI) in Just Transition



- Just transitions require targeted support
- Means of Implementation, including climate finance, technology development and transfer, and capacity building, are critical to unlock equitable adaptation pathways.
- Effective MOI can close the implementation gaps and ensure that climate actions do not deepen inequalities but are tailored to include the most vulnerable.
- Just transitions must be locally led and appropriate, globally supported, and systemically financed.

#### How Submissions Address Means of Implementation



- Most submissions to the Third Dialogue explicitly refer to **finance**, **capacity building**, and **technology transfer** as essential enablers for adaptation and just transitions. (n=51)
- Submissions converge on the need for:
  - Equitable and accessible climate finance, especially for adaptation in vulnerable contexts.
  - Strengthening adaptive capacity, including through inclusive governance and institutional support.
  - o **Co-development of technologies**, not just transfer, to promote ownership and relevance.
- These elements are recognized as critical to avoid reinforcing inequalities and to enable transformative, inclusive adaptation pathways.

## Submissions in Focus: Key Messages Across MOI Pillars



Pillar	What Submissions Highlight
Finance	<ul> <li>Finance as a political imperative</li> <li>Risk of debt from non-concessional finance</li> <li>Need for grant-based, accountable mechanisms prioritizing vulnerable communities</li> </ul>
Capacity Building	<ul> <li>Enhance adaptive capacity</li> <li>Link adaptation and transition planning</li> <li>Build resilient economies, not just low-carbon ones</li> </ul>
Technology	<ul> <li>Shift from transfer to co-development</li> <li>Tech must align with local knowledge systems and just outcomes</li> </ul>



#### **Climate Finance & International Cooperation**

- Finance is the backbone of just transition, yet flows remain insufficient, especially for adaptation.
- Inclusive, long-term financing must reach the most climate-vulnerable communities.
- The cost of not transitioning is higher than the cost of an adequate and just transition
- Examples of possible approaches:
  - Locally-led finance mechanisms
  - Blended finance, green bonds, and climate-debt swaps
  - Social protection integrated with climate finance



## **Capacity Building & Knowledge Sharing**

- Capacity building is key but not sufficient, it must be combined with economic empowerment and social protection
- Building adaptive capacity means:
  - Investing in skills and leadership at the local level
  - Strengthening multistakeholder governance
  - Enabling inclusive planning through knowledge exchange
- Key enabler: Empowering women, youth, Indigenous Peoples, rural communities, and marginalized groups is essential, not only as beneficiaries, but as **leaders of this transition**.



## Innovation & Technology Development and Transfer

 Innovation must be accessible, context-specific, and equityfocused.

- Enabling transitions through:
  - Climate-smart technologies, agroecology, digital advisory tools
  - Scaling affordable solutions for smallholders
  - Supporting early-stage innovation ecosystems
- Partnerships with governments and innovators can help scale solutions





- Policy coherence: Aligning climate, agriculture, labor, and social protection goals. Importance of the alignment across ministries.
- Participatory governance: Grounding decisions in local knowledge, ensuring inclusivity that includes women, youth, Indigenous Peoples, and local communities.
- Locally-led action: Community-driven models that respond to real needs and realities on the ground.

#### **Closing Reflections and Remarks**



- MOI is not just about delivery, it's about design, justice, and impact and it must be tailored, context-specific, inclusive, and rights-based.
- Effective MOI can bridge climate ambitions and social justice.
- Scaling climate ambition and action means scaling up support.
- The cost of not transitioning is higher. Urgent call for increased investment, innovation, and inclusive planning.
- Cooperation and participation are key to ensure MOI frameworks are responsive, resourced, and rooted in local contexts.



## Thank you

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