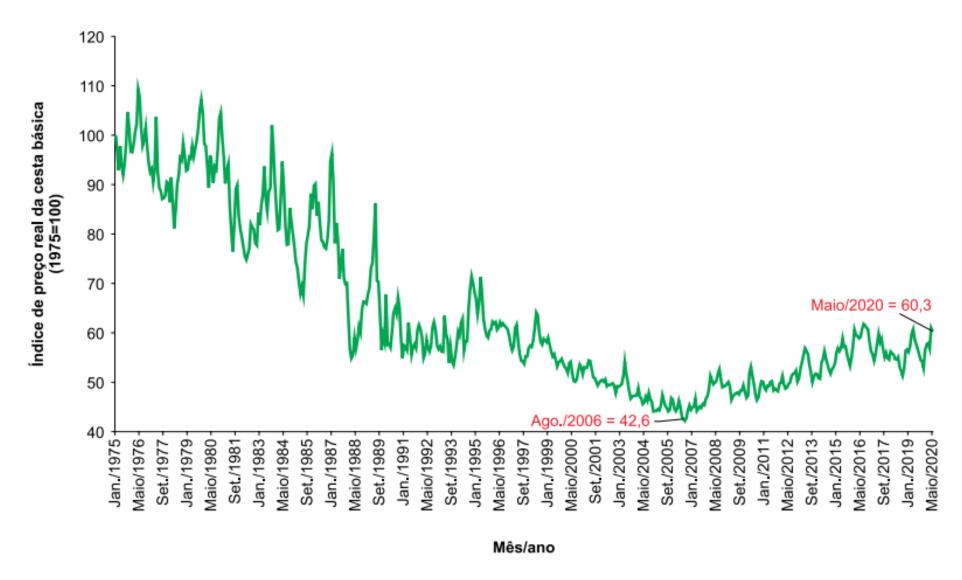


Legal Forest Reserve
Percentage Based on
Type of Vegetation
and Geographical
Location

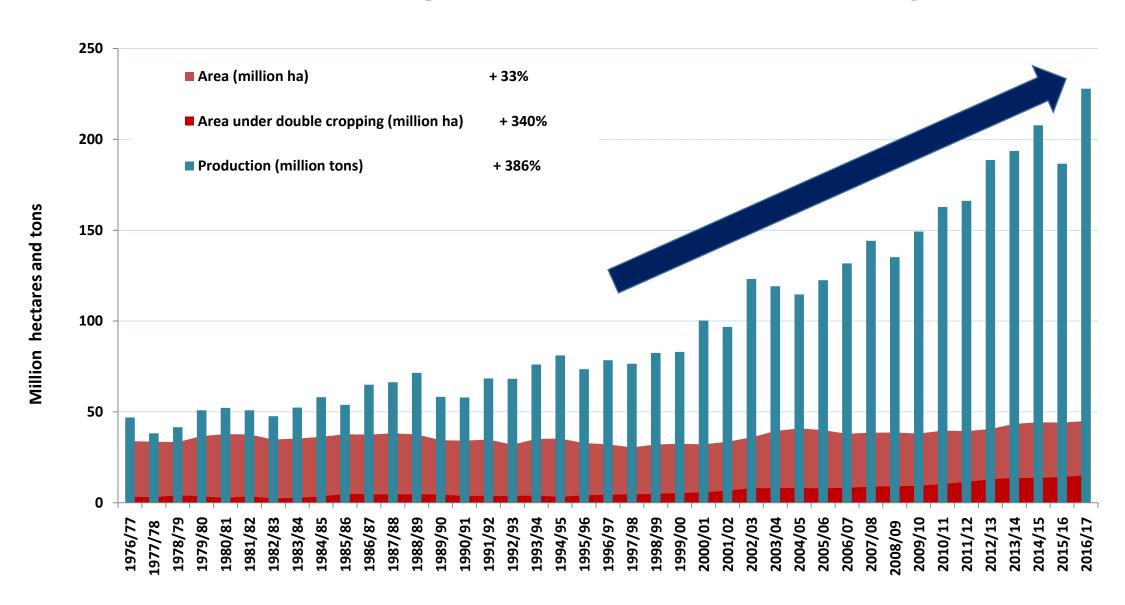


Food Price

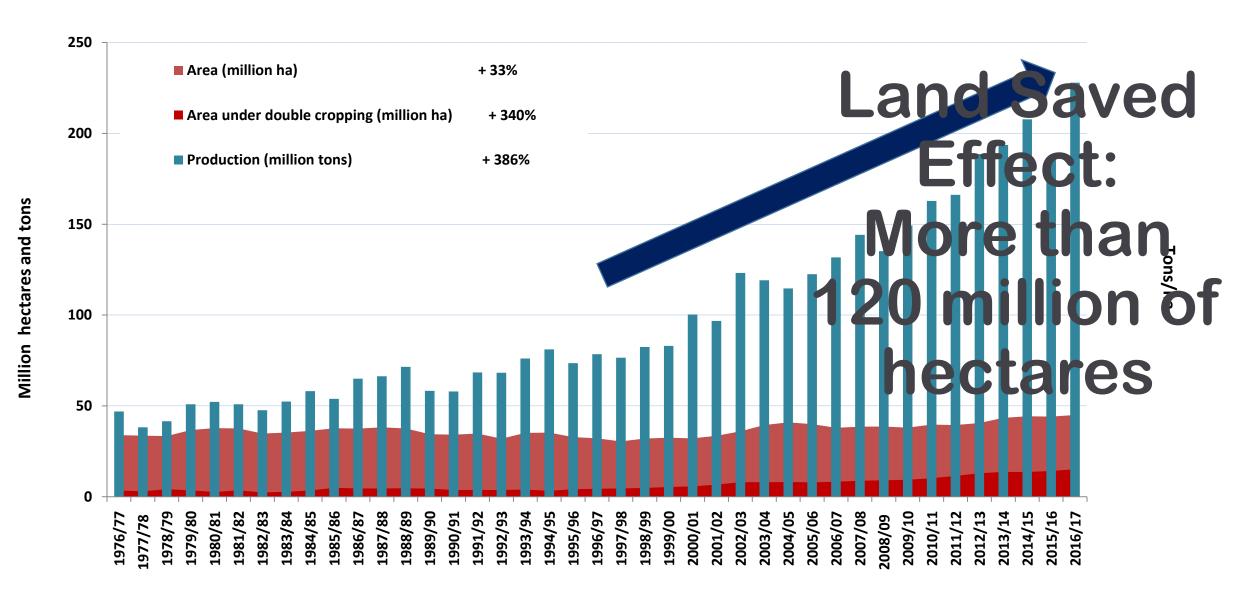


Source: Uma agropecuária forte amortece os impactos da Covid-19 – Geraldo Martha (junho 2020) – Revista de Política Agrícola

Land use and Agriculture Productivity



Land use and Agriculture Productivity



Brazilian Land Use



Integrated Landscape Aproach:

 Promoting food production with native vegetation conservation on rural proprieties;



ABC Plan

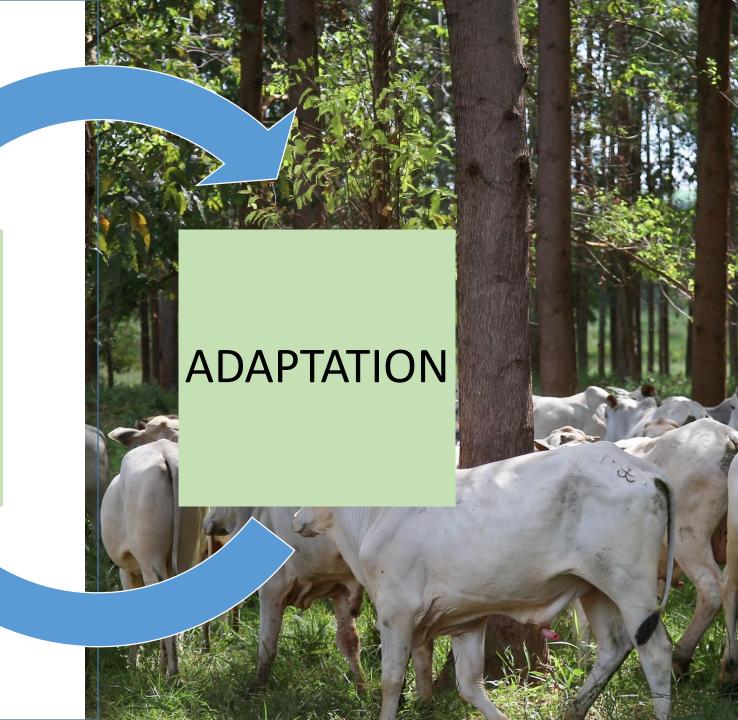
This is one of the largest plans of sustainable agriculture with a focus on low carbon emissions



- Recovery of Degraded Pastures
- Integrated Agricultural Systems (Crop-Livestock-Forest) and agroforestry
- No-till System
- Biological Nitrogen Fixation
- Planted Forest
- Manure Management and Treatment



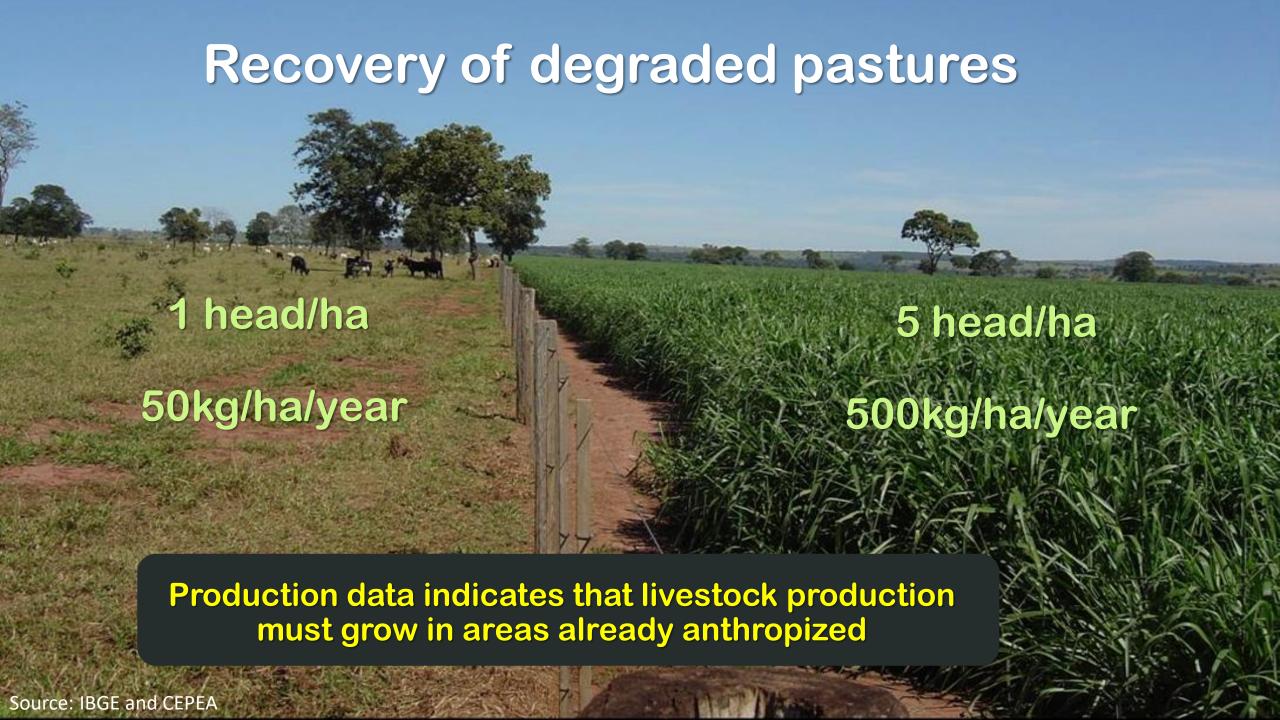
- Recovery of Degraded Pastures
- Integrated * ***********************
 Systems ((Forest) and
- No-till Syst MITIGATION
- Biological
- Planted Forces
- Manure Management a Treatment



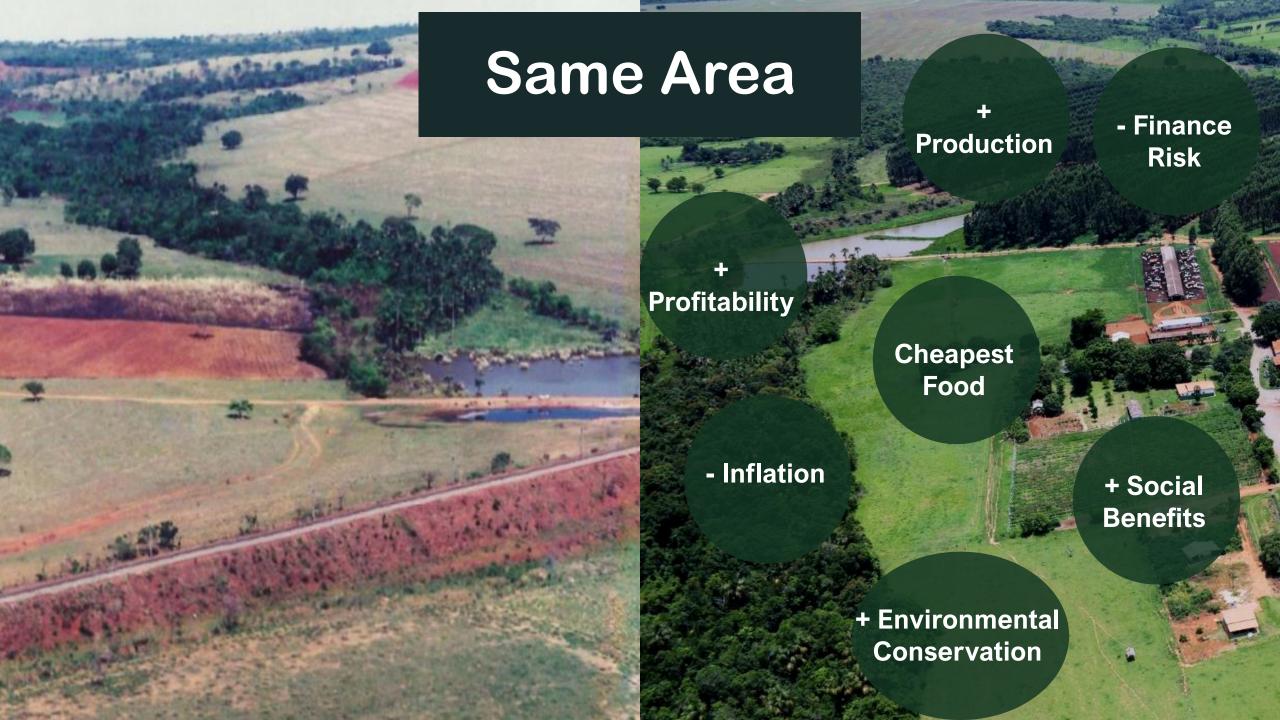
In less than 10 years, more than 26.8 million hectares of pasture highly degraded were recovered

Through pasture management, genetic improvement of beef and dairy cattle, as well as fiber digestibility, there has been a reduction in emissions per animal.









Carbon Neutral Brazilian Beef: A New Concept for Sustainable Beef Production in the Tropics.









Resumo: Agriculture in Brazil, as well as worldwide, has been striving to meet the increasing demand for food, timber, fibers and bioenergy. While larger production is necessary, restrictions for expansion over natural environments increase. For the Brazilian beef industry, the current trend is towards little increase on herd numbers, despite reduction on grazing areas. This will lead to intensification of sown pastures, optimizing use of inputs, along with improved management, feeding and introduction of technologies like integrated systems. There is also a growing concern from the sector towards environmental preservation and the need for a more efficient use of inputs and natural resources if future demands are to be met. Therefore, agriculture will have to play its role on sustainability, resulting in socio-economic and environmental benefits. Such expectations, especially from the international community, offer additional opportunity for the Brazilian beef chain. To add value on ex- ports, some aspects must be addressed. For instance, animal welfare, water and soil conservation, while mitigating greenhouse gases emissions (GHG). The last one through carbon sequestration can become an

https://www.embrapa.br/busca-de-publicacoes/-/publicacao/1080610/carbon-neutral-brazilian-beef-a-new-concept-for-sustainable-beef-production-in-the-tropics







The Next 10 Years of Adaptation and Mitigation Agriculture Plan

- Brazil is revising their adaptation agricultural policy for 2021 to 2031;
- Priority will focus on Integrated Landscape Approach;
- Adaptation and emission control;
- Fostering Food Security;

 Brazil's government will continue to provide farmers with efficient tools and scientific-based technology to produce food with sustainability, feeding the world, and adapting to the adverse of the climatic changes.

