

UNFCCC 2021 SESSION OF THE SBI

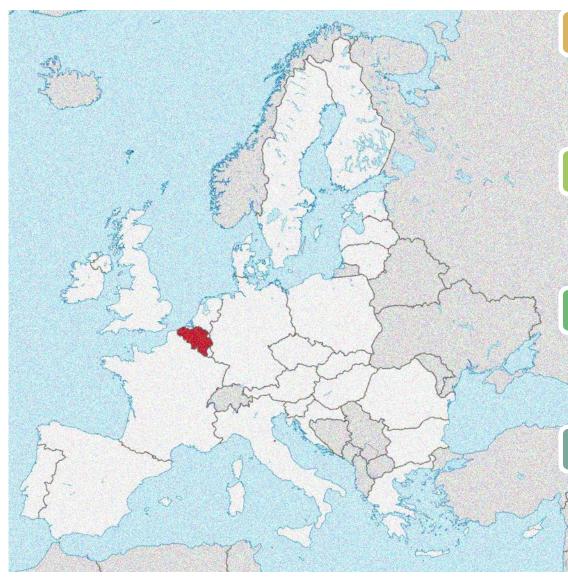
MULTILATERAL ASSESSMENT

BELGIUM

June 2021



Belgium



Geography

- north-western Europe
- 30 528 km²

Population

- 11,5 million inhab. (2020)
- 376 inhab./km² (2020)

GDP

- 39 257 €/inhab. (2020)
- -5,3% /yr. (2019/2020)

GHG emissions

- 116,7 Mton CO₂-eq. excl. LULUCF (2019)
- 10,2 tons CO₂-eq/capita (2019)



Institutional arrangements

BELGIUM

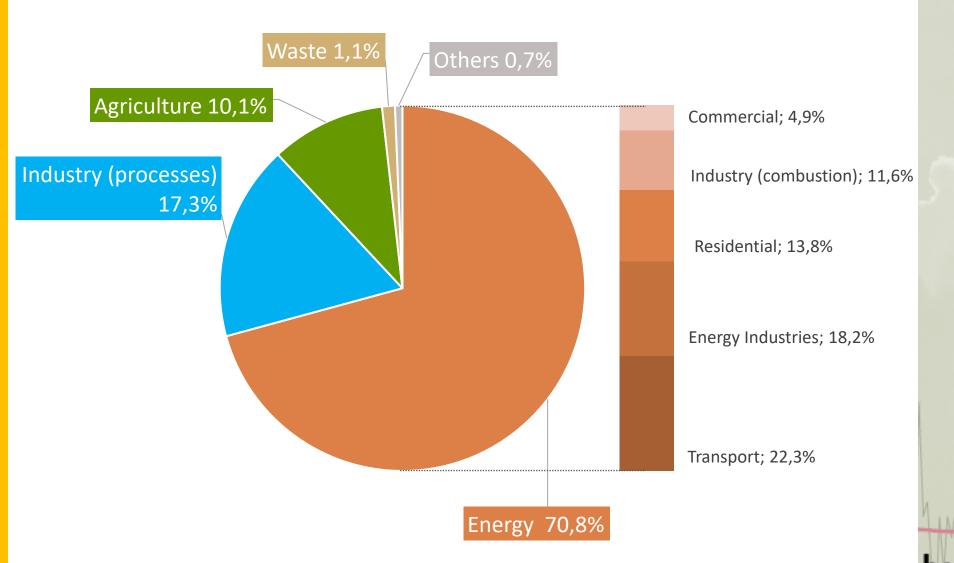
Federal State
3 Regions
3 Communities

- Each has its own
 - Parliament
 - Government
 - Administration
 - Strategies & Policies
 - Legislation
- Shared competences in Climate Policy
- No hierarchy of norms



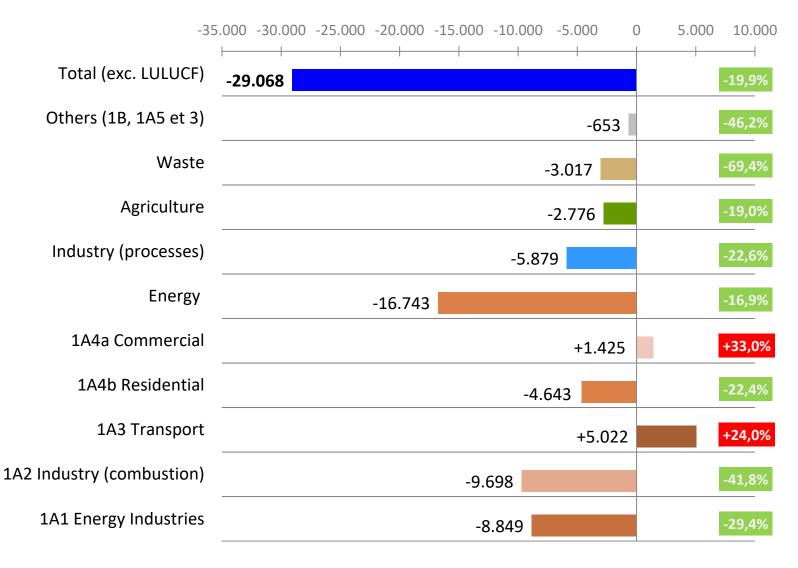


GHG emissions profile (2019)

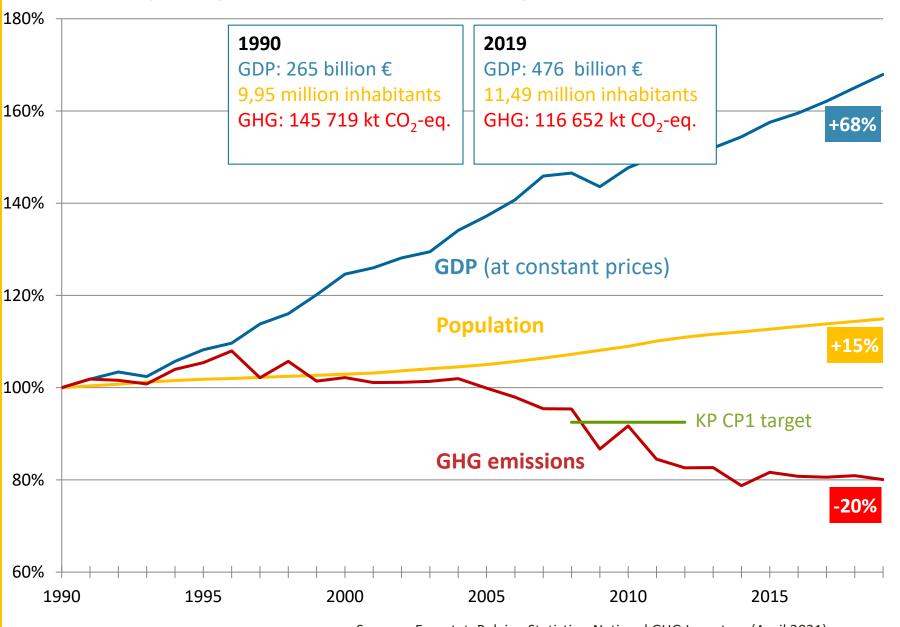


Trends (1990-2019)

GHG emissions: absolute and relative change 1990 - 2019 (Gg CO2 eq and in %)

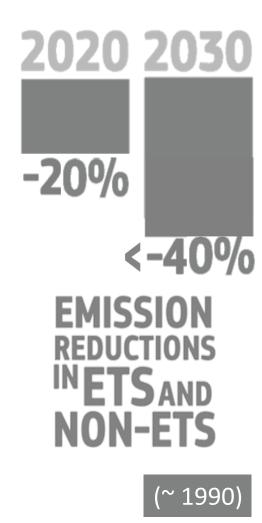


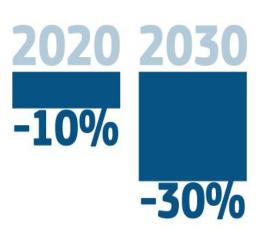
Decoupling emissions from growth



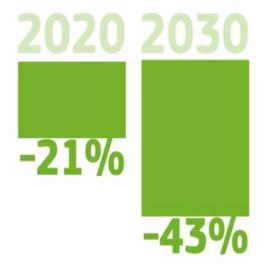
Sources: Eurostat, Belgian Statistics, National GHG Inventory (April 2021)

EU targets





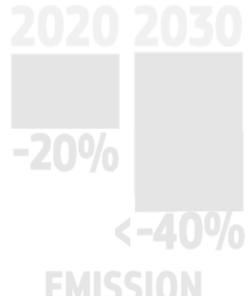




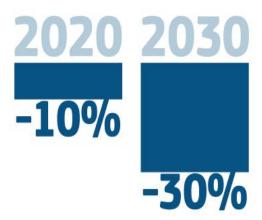


(~ 2005)

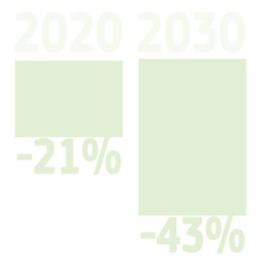




EMISSION REDUCTIONS IN ETS AND NON-ETS





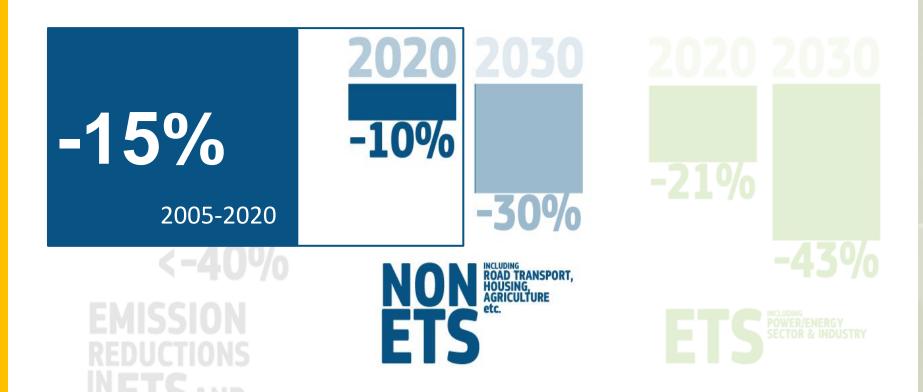




(~ 1990)



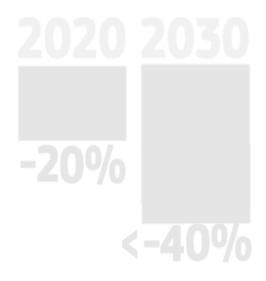




(~ 1990)







EMISSION REDUCTIONS IN ETS AND NON-ETS

2020 -10%



-35%2005-2030



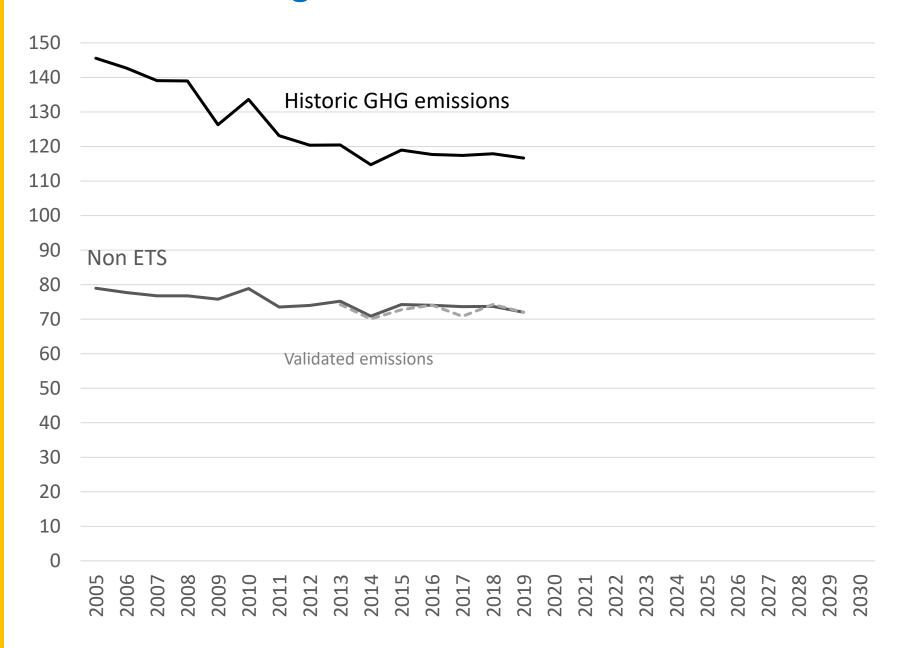


(~ 1990)

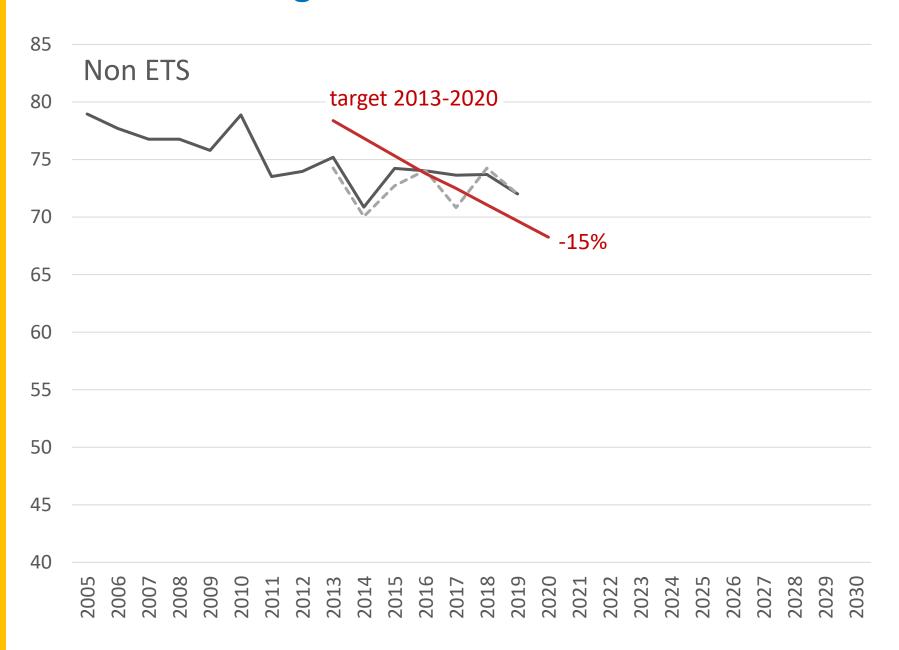




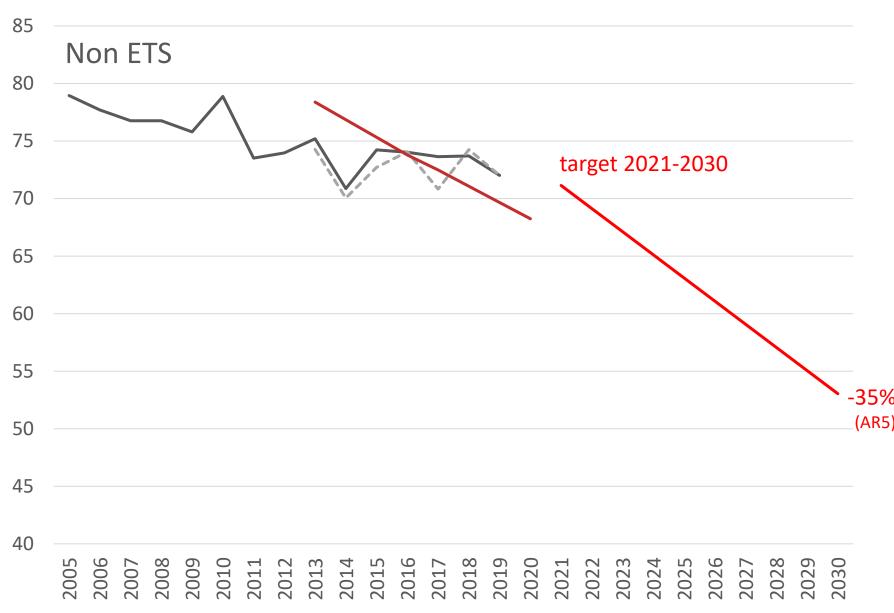




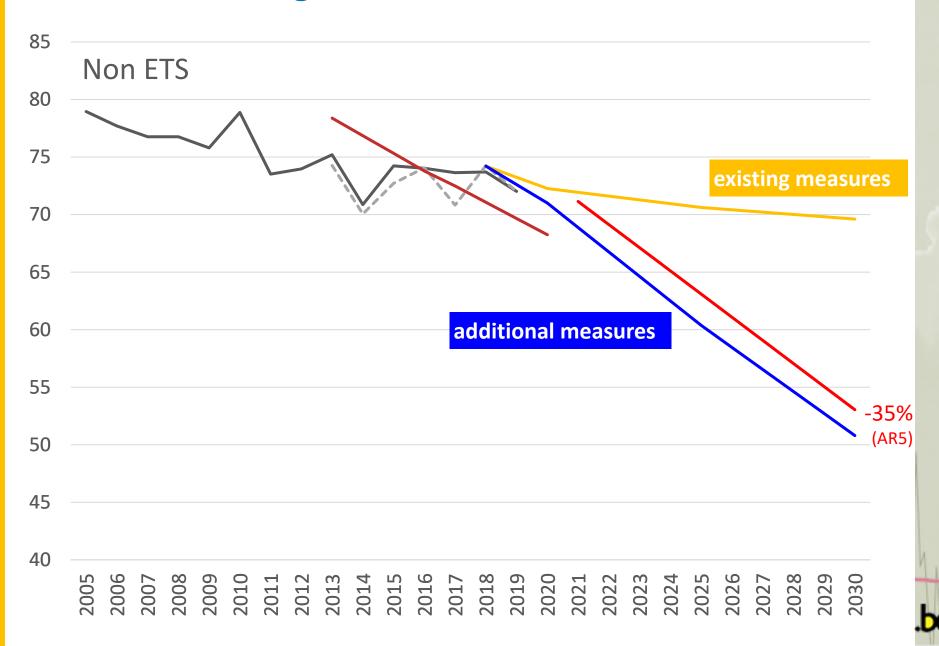












Examples of key policies and measures (NECP)

Energy

- Off-shore wind energy
- Different supports schemes for wind, solar, biomass energy production
- Biofuel incorporation in transport fuels

Buildings

- Energy subsidies, green loans
- Ban the installation of heating systems from coal (2021), fuel oil (2025)
- Renovation and RES in public buildings, exemplarity
- Residential: obligation to retrofit with 5 mandatory steps
- EU Directive on Energy Performance of Buildings (new-built) Nearly zero energy buildings, Long term renovation strategy
- Lowering VAT-tariff for the demolition and reconstruction of old buildings

Transport

- Optimization rail transport, interfederal vision, zero emission vehicles (2030-federal fleet), electromobility, adaptation framework company cars, Free public transport for commuters
- Distance-based road charging system for heavy goods vehicles
- Investments in public transport & cycling infrastructure
- Clean power for transport strategy (alternative fuels and their infrastructure)
- Phasing-out of Diesel in 2030, and gasoline and LPG by 2035

Others

- Green bonds / action plan for phasing out fossil fuel subsidies / Carbon pricing
- regional strategy of digital sobriety / Deploy a sustainable regional land use strategy (polycentric city at neighborhood scale)
- Governance
- Industry: sectoral (energy) agreements
- Agriculture: manure management policy, green deal (enteric emissions), Farm-scale anaerobic digestion, setting up an urban agricultural strategy



Mid and Long-term targets

Federal

- GHG emissions reduction of 55% in 2030 (compared to 1990)
- Climate neutrality in 2050

Flanders

- o Reduce non ETS GHG by 85% by 2050 (compared to 2005)
- Reduce non ETS GHG by 35% by 2030 (compared to 2005)

Walloon Region

- Reduce GHG by 95% by 2050 (compared to 1990)
- O Reduce non ETS GHG by 37% by 2030 (compared to 2005)
- Aim to reduce GHG by 55% by 2030 (compared to 1990)

Brussels

- LT goal in line with an EU goal of carbon neutrality by 2050
- Reduce non ETS GHG by at least 40% by 2030 (compared to 2005)
- 2021 study to explore increase of the BCR 2030 Climate ambition in line with the updated EU Goal of 55%.



Current developments

Federal coalition agreement (September 2020)

- Climate neutrality by 2050, GHG emission reduction target 2030 = -55%
- Commitment to adjusting its contribution to the NECP 2021-2030 through an action plan
- Review of Article 7bis of the Constitution on sustainable development with attention for a just transition to a climate-neutral society (possible basis for a cooperation agreement and/or a special "inter-federal" climate law)

Belgium's Recovery and Resilience Plan (April 2021)

- > 50% of the investments contributing to climate and energy goals, including:
- major investments in an offshore energy hub (EUR 100 million)
- investments and reforms for the renovation of buildings (EUR 1012 million)
- projects supporting modal shifts in transport (EUR 672 million)

Other recent developments as regards governance

- Increased cooperation between the permanent fora for climate (National climate Commission)
 and energy (CONCERE-ENOVER) policies
- Ongoing negotiation for a new "burden-sharing" agreement 2021-2030 (opportunity to revisit and improve the cooperation between the Federal state and the Regions) (objective: reaching a political agreement before COP26)



