

A MEANINGFUL GLOBAL STOCKTAKE - TRANSFORMA

The Global Stocktake (GST) must drive the transformations required from all sectors and stakeholders of society to remain below the 1.5 °C threshold, with the leadership of major emitters and the support for developing countries. It must be action-oriented, consider lessons learned and identify implementation gaps and high impact solutions to drastically reduce GHG emissions, advance towards a resilient future, address and minimize the losses and damages around the globe and ensure the adequate means to implement effective actions.

CROSS-CUTTING PRIORITIES

Science-based

All measures to mitigate and adapt to a changing climate must be rooted in science and freely accessible evidence, while also recognizing the importance of incorporating alternative ways of knowing in the analyses.

Context specific

Steer away from one-size-fits-all approaches in climate action, instead taking into account national contexts, and designing and implementing climate-related processes in tandem with local experts, indigenous and local communities. This will help actions better deal with local conditions, while strengthening the social fabric and generating long-term opportunities.

Rooted in cooperation and collaboration

International cooperation, collaboration and articulation among stakeholders (governments, private sector, civil society) and existing initiatives will be fundamental for the implementation of high impact solutions. International cooperation must consider the needs of developing country Parties to thrive as a global community.

SECTORAL APPROACHES TO CONSIDER

Energy Transitions that are truly just and inclusive

Energy transitions must depart from phasing out fossil fuels. At the same time, large scale renewable energy projects should be wary of reproducing the violence of fossil fuel extraction, exacted upon the territory. Investors should prioritize distributed energy projects that bring local communities into the fold, through mechanisms such as Power Purchase Agreements or shared ownership schemes that help strengthen local energy sovereignty.

The human & nature nexus

It is crucial to restore the ties between human communities and nature to guarantee our survival as a species. We must commit to protecting biodiversity and halting deforestation, especially in carbon-rich ecosystems. Also, we must learn to live from and with our ecosystems, stepping away from monocropping towards more sustainable forms of agriculture, far more resilient to a changing climate.



A systemic transformation requires all sectors of the economy and the international financial system to decide, plan and invest in line with the Paris Agreement goals.

OBJECTIVES

Remain underneath the 1.5 °C threshold

Staying below the 1.5 degree threshold will allow us to prosper economically, socially and environmentally and achieve the goals set out in the Paris Agreement. The IPCC has warned about the consequences of living in a world above 1.5 °C. If it comes to this, more social inequality, environmental insecurity and economic instability will be the new normal.

Strive towards climate justice

Climate action cannot be thought of as independent of climate justice. Restoring our nexus with the planet requires us to simultaneously redress global social and economic inequalities. Only then will we be on the path to a real transformation.

Strengthen capacities and resilience at a community level

The final beneficiaries of climate action must be the most vulnerable communities. These measures must help these populations to thrive in their ecosystems, strengthening their adaptive capacity and their ability to live in dignity within their territories.



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