

CTCN Technical Assistance: Pakistan Technology Roadmap for NDC Implementation

Seventh global dialogue and investment-focused event,
Climate Week in Yeosu, Republic of Korea, 22 April 2026

Tomoko Furusawa, Head of PALO
UNEP Climate Technology Centre and Network (CTCN)



Case Study – Pakistan: Enabling Mitigation in Waste & Water Sectors

Context & Challenge

- Pakistan faces **significant inefficiencies in waste and water sectors**, exacerbated by climate change
- Limited capacity, weak coordination, and **lack of bankable projects for climate finance**
- High mitigation potential in:
 - Organic waste (methane emissions)
 - Agricultural residues
 - Water-energy nexus (irrigation, flood systems)

CTCN Intervention

- Development of **national Technology Roadmap for NDC implementation**
- Sector focus:
 - Waste (methane mitigation, circular economy)
 - Water (efficiency, climate resilience)
- Implemented by Global Green Growth Institute (GGGI)

Key Outputs

- National Technology Roadmap
- Sectoral technology assessments (waste & water)
- 4 investment-ready concept notes for scale-up



From Technology Roadmap to Bankable Mitigation Investments

Bridging Technology → Finance (Core Value of CTCN TA)

Investment Pipeline Developed

- Biochar production from agricultural residues
- AI-integrated water resource management systems
- Climate-smart irrigation solutions
- Methane mitigation strategy for organic waste

Financing Outcomes

- Investment pipeline identified
- Initial funding mobilized through:
 - Korean Green New Deal Fund (KGNDF)
- Pathway towards:
 - Scaling into national-level programmes
 - GCF concept notes

Enabling Factors

- Strong government ownership (Ministry of Climate Change)
- Structured stakeholder coordination mechanism (13+ events, 300+ participants)
- Integration of **policy + technology + finance**

Linking Sectoral Technologies to Finance is Critical

- Technology identification alone is insufficient
- Early development of **bankable concept notes accelerates investment**

Industrial Mitigation Opportunities in “Non-traditional” Sectors

- Waste → methane reduction, **circular economy**
 - Agriculture-waste → **biochar**, value chains
- Water systems → energy efficiency, resilience

Role of CTCN as an Enabler

- De-risking early-stage investments
- Connecting countries with Technology providers & Financial partners
- Translating NDCs into **implementable investment pipelines**

Replication Potential

- Model applicable to other developing countries & cross-sector industrial decarbonization pathways



The GGGI presented this project during COP29 in 2024.

Belem Technology Implementation Programme mandates for CTCN

10/CP.30, 17/CMA.7

- Global in session dialogues starting 2027 (TEC and CTCN) - para 10
- Regional dialogues in conjunction with regional forum for NDEs in 2027 (CTCN in collab with TEC) - para 16
- Thematically align regional dialogues with the topic of in-session dialogue - para 17
- Demand-driven programmatic capacity building efforts in support of TIP elements - para 19
- Support matchmaking and partnership building to advance climate tech implementation in developing countries - para 20

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ADAPTATION FUND



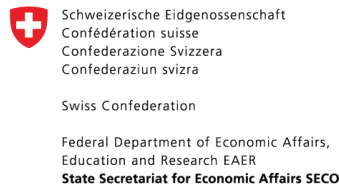
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Biochar in Pakistan

Case Study

Diana Quezada, Senior Officer

22/04/26



From Waste to Value: GGGI support to unlocks Pakistan's Biochar Potential



1 **NDC Technology Road Map for Waste Sector**

Identifying the need

- Selection of subsectors and sub-listing of technologies
- Prioritization of 5 technologies
- Roadmap development

2 **Pre-Feasibility Readiness**

Assessing the potential

- Technical and financial feasibility of Biochar as a climate-smart solution

3 **National Biochar Accelerator Program**

Scaling up bankable projects

- Replicate experiences from the Philippines
- GGGI supported the private sector to link its industrial-scale biochar plants to VCM carbon credits by supporting international verification via puro.earth.

4 **Pakistan LT-LEDS**

GGGI developed a pre-feasibility study to upscale biochar technology in Pakistan



Study's Characteristics

- The study focused on **carbon markets** and **climate finance** opportunities for **Pakistan's waste agricultural sector**
- Integration of existing interventions leveraging biochar, expanded through **technical feasibility assessment** and **stakeholder inputs**.
- Informed through a **market assessment** and **financial modelling** for carbon and non-carbon revenue sources.
- Financed via the **Korea Green New Deal Trust Fund (KGNDTF)** from the MoEF



Ministry of Economy and Finance

Main Outcomes

Feedstock Availability Assessment
Mapping consistency and reliability analysis of potential waste streams

Domestic Biochar Market Landscape
Analysis spanning production to end-user segments for biochar and bio-products

Legal and regulatory readiness mapping
for the production and utilization of biochar

Stakeholder Identification and Engagement to address knowledge and systematic gaps and ensure collaboration

Financial feasibility and revenue stream analysis for biochar production in Pakistan to identify value chains

Pakistan's domestic biochar market is nascent but rapidly expanding



POTENTIAL

National Biomass Potential

~230 Bn tonnes/yr

Agricultural, livestock & forestry residues combined

Crop Residue (2024-25)

142 MT produced

49 MT collected at 35% efficiency; 93 MT wasted

Animal Waste (2024-25)

392 MT total

98 MT collectable at 25% efficiency

Supply Reliability

CV 2.97% (crops)

High reliability across 2020–25; CV 4.74% for livestock

Top Province

Punjab – 105 MT/yr

Highest crop residue; best biochar production site

Best Feedstock

Wheat straw & bagasse

High carbon, low ash, compatible with pyrolysis

CURRENT MARKET

Agriculture share of GDP

23.5% of GDP

37% of national labour force; primary biochar end-market

Crop Yield Improvement

+12–15%

From NRSP biochar pilot; fertiliser use cut by 30–35%

Renewable Energy Target

30% by 2030

ARE Policy 2019; biochar/biomass explicitly included

Biomass Energy Potential

11,000 MW

From 5 major crops; 15,000 MW projected by 2034–25

Private Investment (IBI)

USD 100,000

Awarded Jan 2024 for climate resilience biochar project

Women in Agriculture

68% of workforce

72M rural women – key beneficiaries of biochar adoption

Pakistan holds significant potential for financially viable biochar production



A 20 MT/day CHP pyrolysis facility benchmarked against the Philippines ALCOM model represents the optimal minimum viable scale.



CAPEX

0.76

US\$ million

OPEX

0.34

US\$ million/year



PRODUCTION

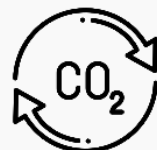
1,844

tons/year

TOTAL REVENUE

0.79–1.15

US\$ million/year



CARBON REVENUE

0.34

US\$ million/year



NON-CARBON REVENUE

0.16–0.52

US\$ million/year

Strategic alignment to national policies

NDC 3.0

50% GHG reduction target

LT-LEDS

Identification of low-carbon pathways and related investment strategies to upscale the opportunities identified in the NDC roadmap work.

Updated National Climate Change Policy

Pakistan Green Taxonomy

Regional expansion

Replicate lessons learned in scaling up biochar science and other co-benefits from the Philippines

- ✓ Capacity building
- ✓ Knowledge sharing
- ✓ Policy incentives
- ✓ Financing and de-risking



19th Floor Jeongdong Bldg. 21-15,
Jeongdong-gil, Jung-gu, Seoul,
Republic of Korea 04518

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