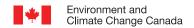
# NATIONAL INVENTORY REPORT 1990–2023: GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCES AND SINKS IN CANADA

CANADA'S SUBMISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE







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Rapport d'inventaire national 1990–2023 : Sources et puits de gaz à effet de serre au Canada

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## LIST OF COMMON ABBREVIATIONS **AND UNITS**

### **Abbreviations**

AAFC	. Agriculture and AgriFood Canada
BCER	. British Columbia Energy Regulator
BCOGC	. British Columbia Oil and Gas Commission
CAC	. criteria air contaminant
CAPP	. Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers
CBM-CFS3	. Carbon Budget Model of the Canadian Forest Sector version 3
CCS	. carbon capture and storage
CCTUS	. carbon capture, transport, use and storage
CEEDC	. Canadian Energy and Emissions Data Centre
CEPA 1999	. Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999
CEPEI	. Canadian Energy Partnership for Environmental Innovation
CFC	. chlorofluorocarbon
CFS	. Canadian Forest Service
COA	. Census of Agriculture
CRT	. Common Reporting Tables
DOC	. degradable organic carbon or dissolved organic carbon
DOM	. dead organic matter
ECCC	. Environment and Climate Change Canada
EF	. emission factor
EFW	. energy from waste
EO	. Earth Observation
EOR	. enhanced oil recovery
FRD	. facility-reported data
GDP	. gross domestic product
GHG	. greenhouse gas
GHGRP	. Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program
GWP	. global warming potential
HCFC	. hydrochlorofluorocarbon
HFC	. hydrofluorocarbon
HWP	. harvested wood products
ICSR	. Industrial Chemicals and Synthetic Resins
IEA	. International Energy Agency
IPCC	. Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IPPU	. Industrial Processes and Product Use
LDAR	. Leak Detection and Repair

I MC	Land Management Change
LTO	•
	Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry
	Measurement, Monitoring and Verification
	modalities, procedures and guidelines for the transparency framework for action and support referred to in Article 13 of the Paris Agreement
MSW	municipal solid waste
N/A	not available
NFCMARS-HWP	National Forest Carbon Monitoring, Accounting and Reporting System for Harvested Wood Products
NIR	National Inventory Report
NMVOC	non-methane volatile organic compound
NRCan	Natural Resources Canada
ODS	ozone-depleting substance
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PFC	perfluorocarbon
QA	quality assurance
QC	quality control
RESD	Report on Energy Supply and Demand in Canada
RU	reconciliation unit
SCR	selective catalytic reduction
SLC	Soil Landscapes of Canada
SMR	steam methane reformation
SOC	soil organic carbon
StatCan	Statistics Canada
UOG	upstream oil and gas
VKT	vehicle kilometres travelled
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
Chemical Formulas	
C	carbon
CaCO <sub>3</sub>	calcium carbonate; limestone
CaO	calcium oxide; lime; quicklime; calcined limestone
CF <sub>4</sub>	carbon tetrafluoride; perfluoromethane
C <sub>2</sub> F <sub>6</sub>	carbon hexafluoride; perfluoroethane
CH <sub>4</sub>	methane
CO	carbon monoxide
CO <sub>2</sub>	carbon dioxide
CO <sub>2</sub> eq	carbon dioxide equivalent
H <sub>2</sub> S	hydrogen sulphide
Mg	magnesium
MgCO <sub>3</sub>	magnesite; magnesium carbonate
MgO	magnesia; magnesium oxide
N	nitrogen

NF <sub>3</sub>	nitrogen trifluoride
NH <sub>3</sub>	. ammonia
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	. ammonium
NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	. ammonium nitrate
N <sub>2</sub> O	nitrous oxide
N <sub>2</sub> O-N	nitrous oxide emissions represented in terms of nitrogen
NO <sub>3</sub>	. nitrate
NO <sub>x</sub>	nitrogen oxides
SF <sub>6</sub>	sulphur hexafluoride
SiC	silicon carbide
Notation Keys	
IE	included elsewhere
NA	
NE	
NO	
110	Thot occurring
Units	
g	. gram
Gg	. gigagram
GWh	. gigawatt-hour
ha	hectare
kg	kilogram
kha	kilohectare
km	kilometre
kt	kilotonne
kWh	. kilowatt-hour
m	metre
Mg	. megagram
Mha	million hectares
ML	megalitre
Mt	megatonne
PJ	. petajoule
TJ	terajoule
t	tonne

TWh ..... terawatt-hour

# INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE SECTOR ROUNDING PROTOCOL

A rounding protocol has been developed for the emission and removal estimates presented by activity sectors defined by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (annexes 9 and 11) to reflect their uncertainty levels. The accuracy of a value is reflected by presenting the emission and removal estimates rounded to an appropriate number of significant figures based on the uncertainty of the category in question. The number of significant figures to which each source and sink category has been rounded, using the rounding rules in this protocol, can be found in Table A8–1.

Many of the uncertainty ranges that are used for the various categories were developed using Monte Carlo analysis, as performed by ICF Consulting (ICF Consulting, 2004, 2005), using the 2001 inventory estimates submitted in the National Inventory Report (NIR) 2003. Default uncertainty values published by the IPCC (IPCC/OECD/IEA, 1997; IPCC, 2001; IPCC, 2006) and those resulting from expert elicitation were also utilized for some ranges. Since 2004–2005, there have been many methodological changes, refinements and updates, including updates to the uncertainty parameters. The uncertainty ranges have been calculated around the mean values established by these analyses.

For a more complete description of the analysis of uncertainty in Canada's emission estimates, please refer to Annex 2, which includes tables of current uncertainty values. Recent updates to uncertainty estimates are provided in the respective sectoral chapters.

The following uncertainty values have been used to establish the number of significant figures (up to a maximum of two decimal places) to which the estimates have been rounded:

- · uncertainty greater than 50%: one significant figure
- uncertainty between 10% and 50%: two significant figures
- · uncertainty less than 10%: three significant figures

Note that for Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry, the rounding rules mentioned above are generally followed, except in some cases where there is a requirement to explain specific details of estimates or trends that may be masked by rounding. In those cases, two significant figures are used despite some high uncertainty ranges that suggest using only one significant figure (refer to Chapter 6 for more details).

This rounding protocol does not apply to estimates presented by Canadian Economic Sectors (annexes  $\underline{10}$  and  $\underline{12}$ ) which have been rounded to the nearest 1 Mt and 0.1 Mt for National-level estimates (Annex  $\underline{10}$ ) and provincial/territorial-level estimates (Annex  $\underline{12}$ ), respectively.

All calculations, including the summing of emission totals, were made using unrounded data. The rounding protocol was applied only after the calculations had been completed. It should be noted that formatting this report limits the maximum number of decimal places and, therefore, even though a zero entry is recorded, some emissions may exist in that category (zero emissions are identified with a dash "-"). Because of these procedures, individual values in the emission tables may not add up to the subtotals and/or overall totals.

NIR content is being streamlined, including a transition away from heavy amounts of data in the PDF format of the report to greater data availability in various formats on the Government of Canada's <u>Open Data webpage</u>.¹ As such, this Rounding Protocol (Annex 8) may be removed from future editions of this report. If you have any questions or would like to share views on this, please contact us at ges-ghg@ec.gc.ca.

<sup>1</sup> https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/779c7bcf-4982-47eb-af1b-a33618a05e5b

Greenhouse Gas Categories			Nu	umber of Sigr	ificant Figure	es es		
J .	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCs	PFCs	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTA
OTAL	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	3
NERGY	3	2	1	_		_		3
. Stationary Combustion Sources	3	1	1					3
Public Electricity and Heat Production	3	2	1					3
Petroleum Refining Industries	3	1	1					3
Oil and Gas Extraction	3	1	1					3
Mining	3	1	1					3
	3	2	2					3
Manufacturing Industries								
Iron and Steel	3	1	1					3
Non-Ferrous Metals	3	2	1					3
Chemical	3	2	1					3
Pulp and Paper	3	1	1					3
Cement	3	1	1					3
Other Manufacturing	3	1	1					3
Construction	3	2	2					3
Commercial and Institutional	3	2	1					3
Residential	3	1	1					3
Agriculture and Forestry	3	1	1					3
Transport	3	2	2					3
Aviation	3	1	1					3
Domestic Aviation (Civil)	3	1	1					3
Military	3	1	1				1	3
Road Transportation	3	1	2					3
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	3	1	2					3
		1						3
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	3		2					_
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	3	1	2				-	3
Motorcycles	3	1	2					3
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	3	1	2					3
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	3	1	2					3
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	3	1	2					3
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	3	1	2					3
Railways	3	1	1					3
Marine	3	2	1					3
Domestic Navigation	3	2	1					3
Fishing	3	1	1					3
Military Water-Borne Navigation	3	2	1					3
Other Transportation	3	2	1					3
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	3	3	1					3
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	3	3	1					3
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	3	3	1					3
Off-Road Residential	3	3	1				-	3
Off-Road Other Transportation	3	3	1					3
Pipeline Transport	3	2	1					3
. Fugitive Sources	2	3	2					2
Coal Mining		1						1
Oil and Natural Gas	2	3	1					3
Oil	2	3	1					3
Natural Gas	2	3	1					3
Venting	2	3	1					3
Flaring	3	3	1					3
. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	1							1
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	3	2	2	2	3	2	1	3
				_	•			
Mineral Products	3							3
Cement Production	3							3
Lime Production	3							3
Mineral Product Use	2							2
Chemical Industry	3	2	3					3
Ammonia Production	3							3
Nitric Acid Production			3					3
Adipic Acid Production			3					3
Petrochemical and Carbon Black Production	3	2	3					3
Metal Production	3	1			3	3		3
Iron and Steel Production	3	1						3
Aluminium Production	3				3	3		3
Magnesium Production and Casting						3		3
Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub>				2	2	2	1	2
							<del>'</del>	2
Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	2		2		1	-		2
Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-			1	2		
GRICULTURE	2	2	2					2
Enteric Fermentation		2						2
Manure Management		2	1					2
Agricultural Soils			2					2
Direct Sources			2					2
Indirect Sources			1					1
Field Burning of Agricultural Residues		1	2					1
Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	2	•						2
		-	4					
ASTE	1	2	1					2
Landfills		1						1
Biological Treatment of Solid Waste		1	1					1
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	2	1	1					2
Wastewater Treatment and Discharge		1	2	İ			1	1
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	2	2	2					2
Forest Land	2	1	1					2
Cropland	2	2	2					2
		4	1					1
•		1						
Grassland	2	2	2					
Grassland	2 2							2

# CANADA'S GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION TABLES BY IPCC SECTOR, 1990–2023

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Table A9–2	Canada's 1990–2023 GHG Emissions by IPCC Sector	6
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In this National Inventory Report, emission estimates are primarily presented for each of the activity sectors defined by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC): Energy, Industrial Processes and Product Use (IPPU), Agriculture, Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry (LULUCF), and Waste. This is consistent with the categorization outlined in the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories<sup>1</sup>, as per the Modalities, procedures, and guidelines (MPGs).

This annex contains category descriptions and summary tables (<u>Table A9–1</u> to <u>Table A9–3</u>) illustrating national greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by year, by gas and by IPCC sector. National GHG emissions allocated to Canadian economic sectors are provided in Annex 10 of this report.

Canada's GHG emission tables are also available in electronic file format online at https://open.canada.ca.

The GHG inventory team is considering removing the Emissions Tables (<u>Annex 9</u> to <u>Annex 12</u>) in future editions of the NIR. They would be available in their entirety on the <u>Government of Canada's Open Data webpage</u> only. For any questions or concerns, please contact GES-GHG@ec.gc.ca.

<sup>1</sup> Available online at http://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/index.html.

### Table A9-1 **GHG Source and Sink Category Descriptions** GHG Source and Sink Categories

GHG Source and Sink Categories	
ENERGY	
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	
Public Electricity and Heat Production	Emissions from fuel consumed by utility electricity generation and steam production (for sale).
Petroleum Refining Industries	Emissions from fuel consumed by petroleum refining industries.
Oil and Gas Extraction	Emissions from fuel consumed by oil and gas extraction industries.
Mining	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
	- metal and non-metal mines, coal mines, stone quarries, and gravel pits
	- mineral exploration and contract drilling operations
Manufacturing Industries	Emissions from fuel consumed by the following industries:
	- iron and steel (steel foundries, casting and rolling mills)
	– non-ferrous metals (aluminium, magnesium and other production)
	- chemical (fertilizer manufacturing, organic and inorganic chemical manufacturing)
	- pulp and paper (primarily pulp, paper, and paper product manufacturers)
	– cement and other non-metallic mineral production
	- other manufacturing industries not listed (such as automobile manufacturing, textiles, food and beverage industries)
Construction	Emissions from fuels consumed by the construction industry (buildings, highways etc.)
Commercial and Institutional	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
	- service industries related to mining, communication, wholesale and retail trade, finance and insurance, real estate, education, et-
	- federal, provincial and municipal establishments
	– national Defence and Canadian Coast Guard
	– train stations, airports and warehouses
Residential	Emissions from fuel consumed for personal residences (homes, apartment hotels, condominiums and farm houses).
Agriculture and Forestry	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
,	- forestry and logging service industry
	- agricultural, hunting and trapping industry (excluding food processing, farm machinery manufacturing and repair)
o. Transport	Emissions resulting from the:
Aviation	- consumption of fossil fuels by civilian aircraft flying domestically and all military aircraft operations with Canadian purchased for
Domestic Aviation (Civil)	- consumption of fossil fuels by civilian aircraft flying domestically with Canadian purchased fuel
Military	- consumption of fossil fuels by military aircraft operations with Canadian purchased fuel
Road Transportation	- consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by vehicles licensed to operate on roa
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	- consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol) by passenger cars
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	− consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO₂ emissions from ethanol) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) less than 3856 kg
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	– consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO₂ emissions from ethanol) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR greater than or equal to 3856 kg
Motorcycles	- consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol) by motorcycles that are licensed to operate on roads
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	- consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from biodiesel) by passenger cars licensed to operate on roads
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	– consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from biodiesel) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR less than 3856 kg
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	$-$ consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from biodiesel) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR greater than or equal to 3856 kg
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	- consumption of propane and natural gas by vehicles that are licensed to operate on roads
Railways	– consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by Canadian railways
Marine	$-$ consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by marine vessels navigating between Canadian ports (inclusive of all fishing and military operations)
Domestic Navigation	– consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by marine vessels navigating between Canadian ports
Fishing	- consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by fishing vessels operating in Canadian waters
Military Water-Borne Navigation	<ul> <li>consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO₂ emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by military vessels operating in Canadian waters</li> </ul>
Others - Off-Road	- consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by mobile combustion devices not licensed to operate on roads
Others – Pipeline Transport	- transportation and distribution of crude oil, natural gas, refined petroleum and other products
. Fugitive Sources	Intentional and unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the following activities:
Coal Mining	- underground and surface mining, abandoned underground coal mines
Oil and Natural Gas	- conventional and unconventional oil and gas exploration, production, transportation and distribution
Oil	- unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the production, processing, transmission, storage and delivery of crude oil
Natural Gas	<ul> <li>unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the production, processing, transmission, storage and delivery of natural gas (includes post-meter fugitive emissions from residential and commercial natural gas appliances, natural gas vehicles and industrial facilities)</li> </ul>
Venting	- intentional releases of greenhouse gases at oil and natural gas facilities
Flaring	- routine or emergency disposal of waste gas through combustion in an open flame or incinerator at oil and natural gas facilities
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

GH	G Source and Sink Categories	
INI	DUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	Emissions resulting from the following process activities:
a.	Mineral Products	- cement production, lime production, and mineral product use (which includes glass production, other uses of soda ash, magnesi use, and other limestone and dolomite use)
b.	Chemical Industry	– production of ammonia, nitric acid, adipic acid, carbide and petrochemicals (petrochemical production includes production of carbon black, ethylene, ethylene dichloride, ethylene oxide, methanol, styrene and other uses of urea)
c.	Metal Production	– aluminum production, iron and steel production, and magnesium production and casting
d.	Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, ${\rm SF_6}$ and ${\rm NF_3}$	– by-product production of HFC-23; use of HFCs and/or PFCs in air conditioning units, refrigeration units, fire extinguishers, aerosol cans, solvents, foam blowing, semiconductor manufacturing and electronics industry, and use of SF <sub>6</sub> and NF₃ in semiconductor manufacturing
e.	Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	<ul> <li>non-energy use of fossil fuels (including solvents and lubricants) that are not accounted for elsewhere under the Industrial Processes and Product Use Sector and the use of urea in selective catalytic reduction (SCR) equipped vehicles</li> </ul>
f.	Other Product Manufacture and Use	$-$ use of $N_2O$ as an anaesthetic and propellant; use of $SF_6$ in electrical equipment; and PFCs in other contained product uses as a dielectric coolant or as an electric insulator
AG	RICULTURE	Emissions resulting from:
a.	Enteric Fermentation	– eructation of CH <sub>4</sub> during the digestion of plant material by (mainly) ruminants
b.	Manure Management	<ul> <li>release of CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O due to microbial activity during the storage of feces, urine and bedding materials from the cleaning of barns and pens</li> </ul>
		- indirect N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from volatilization and leaching of nitrogen from animal manure during storage
c.	Agricultural Soils	
	Direct sources	<ul> <li>direct N<sub>2</sub>O emissions from inorganic nitrogen fertilizers, manure and biosolids applied on cropland, pasture range and paddock, crop residue, loss of soil organic carbon, tillage, irrigation and cultivation of organic soils</li> </ul>
	Indirect Sources	<ul> <li>indirect N₂O emissions from volatilization and leaching of animal manure and biosolid nitrogen, inorganic nitrogen fertilizer and crop residue nitrogen</li> </ul>
d.	Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	– CH <sub>4</sub> and N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from crop residue burning
e.	Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon- Containing Fertilizers	– direct emissions of CO <sub>2</sub> from the application of lime, urea and other fertilizers containing carbon
WA	ASTE	Emissions resulting from:
a.	Landfills	- disposal of waste in landfills
	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	– disposal of municipal solid waste and sewage sludge in landfills
	Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	- dedicated wood waste landfills
b.	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	<ul> <li>composting and anaerobic digestion of municipal and industrial facilities including municipal solid waste, biosolids, manures and/or yard wastes that are brought on-site</li> </ul>
c.	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	– municipal solid, hazardous and clinical waste, and sewage sludge incineration
d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	– municipal and industrial wastewater treatment
	Municipal wastewater treatment and discharge	– emissions from treatment of wastewater at municipal treatment plants and from discharge of effluents
	Industrial wastewater treatment and discharge	- emissions from treatment of wastewater at industrial sites with on-site wastewater treatment and from discharge of effluents
LA	ND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	Emissions and removals resulting from:
a.	Forest Land	<ul> <li>managed forests and lands converted to forests; reports emissions and removals from forest growth and anthropogenic disturbances relate to forest management but tracks separately emissions and removals from fire and most insect disturbances</li> </ul>
b.	Cropland	<ul> <li>management practices on lands in annual and perennial crops (forage, specialty crops, orchards); soil organic carbon (SOC)</li> <li>impacted by crop productivity changes and manure application; immediate and residual emissions from lands converted to croplan</li> </ul>
c.	Grassland	- managed agricultural grassland
d.	Wetlands	– peatlands disturbed for peat extraction, or land flooded from hydro reservoir development
e.	Settlements	- forest and grassland converted to built-up land (settlements, transport infrastructure, oil & gas infrastructure, mining, etc); urbar tree growth
f.	Harvested Wood Products	- use and disposal of harvested wood products manufactured from wood coming from forest harvest, forest conversion and firewood collection activities in Canada

Table A9–2 <b>Canada's 1990–2023 G</b>	HG Emis	sions	by IPC	C Secto	or																													
Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 kt CO		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	606 000 60	02 000	619 000	624 000	646 000	665 000	686 000	701 000	708 000	718 000	746 000	739 000	746 000	764 000	764 000	759 000 7	55 000	774 000 7	758 000	714 000	728 000	738 000	741 000 7	750 000	747 000 7	742 000	725 000	738 000	747 000	747 000	682 000	694 000	700 000	0 694 0
ENERGY	487 000	481 000	499 000	502 000	520 000	536 000	554 000	570 000	577 000	589 000	616 000	610 000	615 000	629 000	625 000	623 000	619 000	641 000	626 000	593 000	605 000	611 000	608 000	618 000	619 000	613 000	593 000	608 000	615 000	616 000	552 000	562 000	568 000	0 562 (
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	277 000 2	272 000	282 000	276 000	282 000	290 000	300 000	307 000	310 000	321 000	344 000	340 000	342 000	354 000	342 000	335 000	328 000	350 000	337 000	315 000	317 000	321 000	315 000	319 000	320 000	318 000	311 000	318 000	319 000	322 000	299 000	301 000	304 000	0 298 (
Public Electricity and Heat Production	94 100	95 500	102 000	92 900	95 100	98 600	98 300	110 000	123 000	120 000	132 000	133 000	128 000	132 000	125 000	123 000	119 000	124 000	116 000	99 900	102 000	93 400	90 500	87 600	85 000	83 000	81 700	79 400	70 900	69 600	62 300	61 600	58 10	0 58 2
Petroleum Refining Industries	17 400	16 300	16 600	17 200	16 100	16 300	18 700	18 600	18 200	17 300	17 300	18 000	19 100	20 100	20 400	18 500	19 300	19 700	18 600	18 000	18 300	17 600	16 100	15 300	14 300	14 700	14 500	13 200	13 300	15 300	13 500	14 100	14 60	0 142
Oil and Gas Extraction	30 700	29 200	31 000	34 200	34 800	36 200	36 800	35 100	37 700	48 900	53 100	55 900	59 000	63 200	60 800	63 200	66 400	74 900	74 300	75 800	77 100	83 500	86 500	91 100	94 600	97 600	92 200	99 500	105 000	106 000	101 000	105 000	106 00	0 107 0
Mining	4 640	4 310	3 720	4 010	4 570	4 970	5 060	5 220	4 690	4 490	4 930	4 910	4 550	4 930	4 800	4 350	5 140	5 280	5 570	5 220	5 280	5 270	5 700	4 920	4 610	4 150	3 850	4 500	5 980	5 990	5 210	5 820	5 81	0 54
Manufacturing Industries	56 300	53 900	52 900	50 100	53 600	55 800	57 300	57 300	54 400	55 400	55 500	51 300	50 800	48 700	49 700	46 800	44 900	46 100	43 600	38 900	40 500	43 400	43 000	44 200	44 500	43 400	42 000	42 300	41 500	42 100	39 100	39 700	40 30	0 40 4
Iron and Steel	4 940	4 860	5 110	4 650	5 300	5 510	5 660	5 630	5 760	5 870	5 810	4 770	5 420	5 190	5 240	5 020	5 070	5 590	5 280	3 910	4 390	4 700	4 800	4 880	5 420	5 120	5 070	5 400	5 210	5 010	4 290	4 820	4 52	0 4
Non-Ferrous Metals	3 530	2 840	3 120	2 980	3 600	3 410	4 230	4 100	4 110	3 900	3 790	3 990	3 700	3 710	3 680	3 800	3 640	4 010	4 010	2 990	3 220	3 570	3 210	3 320	3 010	3 360	3 440	3 410	2 950	3 430	3 240	3 010	3 170	0 3
Chemical	8 260	8 650	8 600	8 520	10 000	10 300	9 920	10 200	10 800	11 100	10 600	9 420	8 970	8 100	8 880	8 240	8 770	8 610	8 710	8 810	9 870	11 100		11 600	12 400	12 100	10 700	9 840	9 350	9 640		9 430		_
Pulp and Paper	14 500	14 000	13 000	12 900		12 800		13 200	12 100	12 500	12 500	11 500	10 800	10 300	10 100	8 580	7 400	7 660	6 210	6 320	5 900	6 160	5 950	6 200	6 070	5 980	5 920	6 370	7 070	7 100		6 730		_
Cement	3 940	3 410	3 380	3 450		4 130		4 010	4 160	4 430	4 610	4 540		4 920	5 110	5 050	5 290	4 670	4 550	4 140	4 030	4 250	3 950	3 770	3 970	3 910	4 020	4 310	4 210	4 170		3 540		
Other Manufacturing	21 200	20 100	19 700	17 600		19 700		20 200	17 500	17 600	18 200	17 100		16 500	16 700	16 100	14 800	15 600	14 800	12 800	13 100	13 700		14 400	13 600	12 900	12 800	13 000	12 700	12 800		12 100		
Construction	1 880	1 630	1 760	1 390		1 180	1 270	1 250	1 120	1 170	1 080	1 020	1 260	1 340	1 410	1 440	1 390	1 400	1 380	1 220	1 510	1 360	1 390	1 290	1 300	1 310	1 290	1 300	1 380	1 440		1 420		_
Commercial and Institutional	26 200	26 800	27 500	28 500	27 800	29 300	30 000	30 400	27 800	29 300	33 300	32 600	34 100	35 200	33 900	32 400	29 400	30 500	30 200	29 900	28 600	30 500	28 700	29 700	31 400	30 300	34 000	36 000	37 100	38 100	35 200	33 000	35 00	0 33 2
Residential	43 200	41 700	43 000	44 900	45 700	44 400	49 200	45 900	40 300	42 000	44 300	41 300	43 300	45 400	43 900	43 100	41 000	45 500	44 900	43 000	41 100	43 300	39 900	41 600	41 300	40 700	38 100	38 600	40 100	40 700	38 200	36 900	38 60	
Agriculture and Forestry	2 410	2 740	3 250	3 040	2 540	2 760	2 920	2 910	2 600	2 680	2 570	2 240	2 160	2 300	2 210	2 180	2 100	2 490	2 470	2 450	2 660	3 160	3 260	3 150	2 990	2 960	3 180	3 080	3 180	3 340	3 030	3 170	3 310	0 32
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	145 000 1	140 000	144 000	148 000	155 000	160 000		169 000		177 000	178 000	176 000	177 000	181 000	186 000	190 000	190 000	192 000	192 000	187 000	192 000	193 000		197 000		197 000	196 000	202 000	209 000	209 000				_
Aviation	7 510	6 490	6 380	6 010	6 370	6 690	7 080	7 240	7 490	7 880	7 790	7 150		7 140	7 620	7 710	7 740	7 810	7 450	6 640	6 680	6 580	7 590	7 870	7 580	7 580	7 510	7 930	8 660	8 580	4 750	5 600		_
Domestic Aviation (Civil)	7 270	6 270	6 150	5 810	6 160	6 460	6 830	6 990	7 260	7 670	7 530	6 940	6 750	6 830	7 320	7 450	7 500	7 510	7 160	6 370	6 420	6 360	7 350	7 660	7 380	7 340	7 260	7 700	8 410	8 340	4 560	5 400	7 46	0 8
Military	233	220	228	205		231	248	247	235	211	265	205	263	306	301	259	237	304	297	266	257	228	243	213	205	235	255	231	247	242		201		_
Road Transportation	92 100	89 000	91 200			99 900		105 000	107 000	109 000	110 000	110 000	111 000	116 000	120 000		124 000	129 000	130 000	131 000	133 000	132 000		133 000	131 000	129 000	128 000	130 000	132 000	132 000				_
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	44 200	42 900	43 600	44 600	45 400	43 900		43 100	42 800	42 100	41 600	41 400	41 600	41 600	41 700	40 600	39 900	39 900	38 900	38 500	37 900	36 200		35 300	34 100	34 500	34 300	32 600	32 000	31 300		25 300		
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	24 700	24 300	25 200	26 500	28 000	28 400		31 200	33 000	34 600	35 000	35 900	37 100	38 600	40 300	40 900	41 700	42 900	42 800	44 000	45 100	43 100		45 900	46 100	47 700	50 300	52 500	54 300	56 000		49 500		_
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	4 790	4 470	4 470	4 370		4 170	4 150	4 100	4 140	4 350	4 270	4 350	4 310	4 450	4 630	4 620	4 640	4 660	4 610	4 650	4 580	4 350	4 520	4 470	4 300	4 300	4 360	4 500	4 540	4 600		4 220		_
Motorcycles	204	200	207	218	228	226	230	242	256	279	320	332	361	390	431	459	489	527	555	579	595	726	771	786	790	838	875	905	931	964	760	812		_
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	367	362	375	382		434	438	456	450	433	462	463	480	577	627	665	739	816	809	816	739	768	738	764	761	700	642	592	456	424		333		
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	988	950	1 090	1 090		1 230		1 360	1 300	1 270	1 160	937	821	872	810	748	697	685	687	657	527	528	524	544	625	615	596	686	764	789		770		_
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	16 200	15 200	15 700			21 300		24 100	24 500	26 000	26 700	26 200		29 900	31 900	34 300	35 300	39 500	42 000	42 200	43 900	45 700		45 000	44 600	40 500	37 200	37 700	39 200	38 200		35 900		_
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	761	620	533	304		218	167	116	93	63	42	37	28	26	25	23	21	24	26	27	33	34	34	37	53	69	79	96	108	140	150	157		_
Railways	6 100	6 170	5 990	5 980		6 190	6 050	6 140	5 910	5 770	5 880	5 970	5 890	5 940	6 110	6 510	6 540	6 620	6 460	5 530	5 990	6 040	6 170	6 080	6 360	6 170	5 780	6 220	6 460	6 510		5 860		0 59
Marine	3 190	3 230	3 280	3 330		3 420		3 520	3 580	3 630	3 680	3 760	3 840	3 920	4 000	4 080	4 030	3 980	3 930	3 880	3 810	3 690	3 590	3 480	3 380	3 270	3 330	3 510	3 650	3 660		3 210		_
Domestic Navigation	2 280	2 330	2 380	2 430		2 520		2 620	2 680	2 730	2 780	2 860	2 940	3 020	3 100	3 180	3 140	3 100	3 060	3 020	2 960	2 950	2 950	2 950	2 950	2 950	3 000	3 210	3 350	3 350		2 890		
Fishing	874	874	873	873		872	872	872	872	872	871	871	871	871	871	871	862	853	845	836	824	691	558	425	292	159	174	178	190	185		199		
Military Water-Borne Navigation	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	26	53	81	108	135	162	153	128	111	129		127		
Other Transportation	36 200	35 100		-			-	47 900	48 900	50 500	50 900	49 200		48 000	47 700	49 700	48 000	45 000	43 400		42 600	45 100		47 200	46 900	50 700	50 900	55 000	57 600	58 000				_
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	8 690	7 800	7 250			7 760	8 130	8 830	8 610	8 690	9 160	8 650	8 380	8 930	9 380	9.870	9 470	9.450	9 200	7 970	9 150	9 840	9 940	10 400	10 900	11 700	11 800	13 500	14 200	14 100				_
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	4 310	3 910			, 0,00	, , , ,	0 130	4 190	4 430	4 710	4 630	4 570	0 300	4 510	7 300	4 510	4 390	3 760	3 640	3 720	4 700	5 460	3 3 40	5 420	4 890	5 040	5 330	5 830	6 080	6 190	13 200	6 120	13 10	0 13 2
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction		12 000						15 700	16 100	16 500	17 400	17 000		16 300	16 200	16 200	15 800	15 000	15 000		15 300			16 400	15 200	17 200	17 000	19 100	20 000			18 500		
Off-Road Residential	368	406	467	541	638	690	753	807	865	950	1 000	1 060	1 090	1 150	1 210	1 230	1 230	1 250	1 230	1 220	1 190	1 110		1 100	1 060	1 070	1 070	1 040	1 030	1 030	974	924		_
Off-Road Other Transportation	3 470	3 340								6 970	7 310	7 610		7 940	7 900	7 740	7 440		6 850		6 530			7 110	6 950	7 330	7 950	8 000	7 960					_
Pipeline Transport	6 920	7 670								12 600	11 300	10 300		9 100	8 520	10 100	9 630		7 530		5 740			6 780	7 970	8 290	7 730	7 570	8 400					_
:. Fugitive Sources		69 000						93 000		91 000		95 000		94 000		98 000			97 000				100 000				87 000		88 000			75 000		0 680
Coal Mining	3 000	3 000	3 000			3 000		3 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000		2 000	2 000	2 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	2 000	2 000		2 000	2 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	2 000	2 000		1 000		_
Oil and Natural Gas	62 400	65 500				84 200		90 700	93 000	89 200	92 500	92 800		92 600	95 200	96 000	99 700		95 900	90 300	93 200	94 900		99 600	102 000	96 300	85 100	86 700	86 000	82 700		73 500		_
Oil Oil	4 730	4 780						6 020	5 960	6 030	6 110	6 700		6 970	7 140	7 180	7 720		7 720		8 060	8 000		8 870	8 580	8 180	7 860	7 980	8 070					_
Natural Gas																																		_
		10 500								11 000	12 000	11 600		11 700			13 700		12 200		12 400						9 540	9 120	9 060	8 820				_
Venting	41 700	44 300									67 800	68 700		68 700			72 600		71 000						75 100		62 300		62 900					0 43 2
Flaring	5 360	5 830	5 950	5 740	6 190	6 190	6 560	6 650	8 670	6 5 1 0	6 570	5 800	6 290	5 240	5 300	5 270	5 620	5 470	4 950	4 270	4 750	4 940	5 840	6 830	7 110	6 570	5 440	5 790	6 000	5 800	6 380	6 990	7 04	0 7.5

		1991	s by IP				1006	1007	1000	1000	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2012	2014	2015	2016	2017	2019	2010	2020	2021	2022	202
Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005		2007 D <sub>2</sub> eq	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	202.
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	55 100	56 600	54 500	55 000	56 800	57 000	59 300	59 100	56 300	54 300	54 300	52 200	54 300	56 200	59 800	56 000	56 600	55 000	54 200	47 100	50 600	54 300	58 800	56 300	54 100	53 700	54 400	53 000	54 700	53 700	51 400	53 200	52 500	53 5
a. Mineral Products	8 490	7 580	7 340	7 420	8 510	9 190	8 900	9 540	9 640	9 870	10 100	9 430	9 690	9 730	10 200	10 300	10 300	10 200	9 360	7 250	7 880	8 010	8 530	7 820	7 870	8 070	7 940	8 610	8 680	8 850	8 210	9 010	8 410	88
Cement Production	5 820	4 770	4 800	4 890	5 770	6 530	6 190	6 660	6 830	7 120	7 230	6 980	7 150	7 250	7 520	7 610	7 730	7 730	6 990	5 360	6 010	6 020	6 530	5 970	5 910	6 180	6 110	6 860	6 990	7 200	6 710	7 380	6 750	7 3
Lime Production	1 860	1 890	1 900	1 900	1 960	1 970	1 910	1 970	1 960	2 040	2 010	1 770	1 800	1 780	1 910	1 830	1 750	1 700	1 620	1 270	1 470	1 540	1 560	1 470	1 580	1 470	1 440	1 420	1 360	1 340	1 190	1 310	1 340	1 2
Mineral Product Use	800	910	640	620	780	690	810	910	850	710	830	680	750	700	790	830	800	790	750	610	410	450	440	380	380	410	390	330	330	320	310	310	310	) :
b. Chemical Industry	16 300	15 700	15 500	15 700	17 700	17 200	18 100	16 400	12 800	9 630	8 510	8 440	8 660	8 970	11 000	9 970	8 680	7 920	8 680	5 760	5 720	6 340	6 570	6 560	6 330	6 710	6 810	6 300	6 350	6 200	5 930	5 710	5 740	5 6
Ammonia Production	2 740	2 720	2 490	2 910	3 030	2 920	2 790	2 780	3 090	2 990	2 950	2 600	2 630	2 620	2 920	2 700	2 770	2 570	2 800	2 380	2 470	2 860	2 990	2 990	2 580	2 920	2 850	2 620	2 420	2 500	2 290	2 540	2 590	2 4
Nitric Acid Production	865	904	903	901	818	858	946	904	885	998	1 050	1 100	1 070	1 080	1 050	1 070	1 050	967	694	405	426	423	318	275	190	200	232	218	242	225	168	192	128	3
Adipic Acid Production	9 160	8 550	8 510	7 760	9 380	9 170	9 810	8 450	4 330	1 500	769	688	1 070	928	2 650	2 260	1 030	1 270	2 060	566	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Petrochemical and Carbon Black Production	3 520	3 580	3 600	4 170	4 530	4 300	4 550	4 230	4 450	4 150	3 740	4 050	3 890	4 340	4 360	3 930	3 820	3 110	3 130	2 400	2 830	3 060	3 270	3 290	3 560	3 590	3 730	3 460	3 690	3 470	3 470	2 990	3 020	3 (
c. Metal Production	23 200	26 300	25 200	25 500	24 100	23 300	23 300	23 100	24 000	23 300	23 500	21 400	21 600	21 200	20 900	20 500	21 000	19 400	19 200	16 000	16 400	17 300	17 200	15 500	15 600	15 100	16 000	15 700	16 100	15 100	14 100	15 400	14 800	158
Iron and Steel Production	10 500	12 200	12 600	12 600	11 700	11 700	11 800	11 700	11 800	12 100	12 200	11 100	11 000	10 800	11 200	10 800	11 700	11 500	11 300	8 490	9 530	10 400	10 700	8 930	9 710	9 290	9 950	9 640	10 500	9 590	8 140	9 490	9 000	9 5
Aluminium Production	9 560	10 400	10 100	10 700	10 000	9 370	9 740	9 690	9 840	8 800	8 390	7 850	7 590	7 780	7 410	8 300	7 780	7 380	7 500	7 290	6 680	6 580	6 290	6 370	5 720	5 620	5 920	5 940	5 450	5 250	5 840	5 770	5 660	6 (
Magnesium Production and Casting	3 180	3 680	2 440	2 250	2 340	2 200	1 760	1 800	2 350	2 400	2 880	2 460	3 020	2 600	2 310	1 420	1 540	535	464	190	210	234	256	222	217	212	128	123	141	291	105	144	167	7 2
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, ${\rm SF_6}$ and ${\rm NF_3}^{\rm c}$	820	890	700	5	5	460	780	1 100	1 500	2 100	2 600	3 000	3 400	3 800	4 300	4 800	5 100	5 700	5 800	6 500	7 300	8 100	8 600	9 400	10 000	10 000	11 000	10 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	100
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	5 900	5 700	5 400	6 000	6 100	6 400	7 900	8 600	7 900	8 900	9 000	9 300	10 000	12 000	13 000	9 900	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	13 000	14 000	17 000	16 000	14 000	13 000	12 000	11 000	12 000	12 000	11 000	12 000	12 000	120
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	360	360	340	340	350	370	330	370	470	550	570	640	480	570	590	510	480	520	500	440	410	360	460	510	420	510	560	580	650	620	660	660	610	) 6
AGRICULTURE	43 000	43 000	45 000	46 000	48 000	50 000	51 000	51 000	52 000	52 000	53 000	53 000	54 000	55 000	56 000	56 000	55 000	55 000	54 000	52 000	51 000	50 000	52 000	54 000	52 000	53 000	54 000	53 000	54 000	54 000	56 000	55 000	56 000	55 0
a. Enteric Fermentation	25 000	26 000	27 000	27 000	29 000	30 000	30 000	30 000	30 000	31 000	31 000	32 000	32 000	32 000	34 000	35 000	33 000	32 000	31 000	30 000	28 000	28 000	28 000	28 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	27 000	260
b. Manure Management	6 000	6 100	6 400	6 400	6 700	7 000	7 200	7 200	7 400	7 600	7 800	8 100	8 300	8 300	8 500	8 700	8 500	8 200	8 100	7 800	7 600	7 600	7 600	7 700	7 600	7 700	7 800	7 900	7 900	7 900	7 800	7 900	7 800	77
c. Agricultural Soils	10 000	9 700	10 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	11 000	11 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	12 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	13 000	15 000	16 000	15 000	16 000	16 000	15 000	16 000	16 000	18 000	17 000	18 000	18 (
Direct Sources	7 800	7 500	7 800	8 400	8 400	8 500	9 000	9 100	9 300	9 200	9 100	8 800	8 900	9 600	9 200	8 900	9 100	9 500	10 000	9 900	10 000	10 000	11 000	12 000	12 000	13 000	13 000	12 000	13 000	13 000	14 000	13 000	15 000	14
Indirect Sources	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	3 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	0 4
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	100	100	100	100	40	50	50	40	50	60	40	30	40	60	50	60	50	50	50	50	60	40	50	)
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	1 200	1 100	1 200	1 200	1 400	1 500	1 500	1 600	1 700	1 500	1 600	1 400	1 500	1 600	1 500	1 400	1 500	1 700	1 700	1 800	1 800	2 000	2 300	2 700	2 500	2 600	2 500	2 400	2 600	2 700	3 000	3 100	2 900	3 1
WASTE	21 000	21 000	21 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	24 000	23 000	24 000	24 000	23 000	23 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	22 000	23 000	23 000	24 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 000	23 (
a. Landfills	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000	200
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	) 1 (
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	80	100	100	100	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	400	400	400	500	500	5
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	300	300	300	300	300	400	300	300	300	300	400	400	400	300	400	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	100	200	) 2
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	1 900	1 900	1 900	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 300	2 300	2 300	2 400	2 400	2 500	2 500	2 500	2 600	2 700	2 600	2 700	2 700	2 600	2 600	2 600	26
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000	1 000	-	-	-	-	-		-
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	50 000	45 000	56 000	68 000	55 000	64 000	55 000	52 000	44 000	49 000	55 000	37 000	68 000	66 000	63 000	66 000	48 000	45 000	41 000	11 000	40 000	44 000	29 000	32 000	8 000	46 000	29 000	21 000	24 000	15 000	25 000	15 000	51 000	4 2
a. Forest Land	73 000	71 000	80 000	86 000	92 000	100 000	92 000	97 000	86 000	110 000	120 000	94 000	110 000	100 000	140 000	140 000	110 000	93 000	68 000	37 000	66 000	65 000	63 000	65 000	61 000	71 000	63 000	59 000	60 000	40 000	40 000	34 000	22 000	24 (
b. Cropland	5 500	-1 600	520	7 700	-5 400	-6 300	-4 900	-8 700	-4 700	-13 000	-15 000	-10 000	7 600	11 000	-20 000	-20 000	-23 000	-17 000	-18 000	-34 000	-20 000	-12 000	-21 000	-22 000	-42 000	-8 300	-15 000	-21 000	-20 000	-15 000	-13 000	-16 000	25 000	-22
c. Grassland	0.70	0.90	1	0.40	1	0.30	0.60	0.60	0.70	0.80	1	1	1	1	1	0.90	1	0.50	0.50	0.40	0.30	0.70	2	2	0.90	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı
d. Wetlands	5 100	5 000	4 800	5 200	2 900	2 900	2 800	2 800	3 000	3 300	2 700	2 600	2 600	2 700	2 800	2 700	2 900		3 000	2 900	2 800	2 800	2 800	3 000	3 000	2 800	2 800	2 700	2 500	2 700	2 900	2 800	2 600	) 2
					-	-					4.500	4 200	4 700	4 000			F 200			4 600	4 400	F 100		6 000	6 000	5 900		F 300	F 400		F 200			_
e. Settlements	4 800	4 900	4 500	4 100	4 200	3 700	4 100	4 100	4 200	4 500	4 500	4 300	4 700	4 900	5 300	4 700	5 200	5 300	5 300	4 000	4 400	5 100	5 100	0 000	0 000	5 900	5 500	5 300	5 400	5 300	5 300	5 500	5 200	5 (

Notes: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. National GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in  $\underline{\text{Annex } 10}$  of this report.

a. National totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

ABBREVIATIONS

b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.

c. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>0.00</sup> Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	ise Gases				
diceimouse dus categories	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH₄	CH₄	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCs <sup>a</sup>	PFCs <sup>a</sup>	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOT
Global Warming Potential	CO2	CITA	28	11/20	265	111 63	1103	23 500	16 100	101
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CC
OTAL <sup>b</sup>	545 000		110 000	110	28 000	10 000	736	380		694
NERGY	501 000	2 000	57 000	20	4 000	-	-	-	-	562
. Stationary Combustion Sources	292 000	200	4 000	7	2 000	-	-	-	-	
Public Electricity and Heat Production Petroleum Refining Industries	57 600 14 100	0.30	280	0.10	400 30	-	-	-	-	54 14
Oil and Gas Extraction	104 000	100	3 000	2	500	-	-	-	-	10
Mining	5 430	0.10	3	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing Industries Iron and Steel	39 900	0.10	67	2	390	-	-	-	-	4
Non-Ferrous Metals	4 540 3 060	0.10	3 2	0.09	30 10	-	-	-	-	
Chemical	9 270	0.18	5	0.20	40	-	-	-	-	
Pulp and Paper	6 810	1	30	0.50	100	-	-	-	-	
Cement	3 520	0.30	8	0.07	20	-	-	-	-	
Other Manufacturing Construction	12 700 1 500	0.70	20 0.76	0.60	200 12	-	-	-	-	1
Commercial and Institutional	32 900	0.83	23	0.70	200	-	-	-	_	3
Residential	33 800	30	900	1	300	-	-	-	-	3
Agriculture and Forestry	3 240	0.06	2	0.09	20	-	-	-	-	
Aviation	192 000	48	1 300	0.20	2 400	-	-	-	-	
Domestic Aviation (Civil)	8 300 8 100	0.20	5	0.20	60 60		-			
Military	198	0.00	0.08	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	
Road Transportation	120 000	7	200	4	1 100	-	-	-	-	12
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	25 200	2	50	0.52	140	-	-	-	-	2
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	53 400	0.10	90	0.36	270 95	-	-	-	-	5
Motorcycles	3 980 777	0.10	8	0.36	95	-	-	-	-	
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	322	0.01	0.20	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	915	0.02	0.70	0.08	21	-	-	-	-	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	35 700	2	40	2	550	-	-	-	-	3
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles Railways	149 5 370	0.40	10	0.00	600	-	-	-	-	
Marine	3 700	0.30	10	0.10	30		-			
Domestic Navigation	3 430	0.32	9	0.09	20	-	-	-	-	
Fishing	163	0.02	0.40	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	
Military Water-Borne Navigation	108	0.01	0.29	0.00	0.80	-	-	-	-	
Other Transportation Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	53 900 13 000	0.90	1 100 25	0.70	600 200	-	-	-	-	5
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	6 030	8	231	0.70	60		-			· '
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	17 900	3	90	1	300	-	-	-	-	1
Off-Road Residential	774	2	62	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Other Transportation	6 850	16	454	0.20	50	-	-	-	-	
Pipeline Transport  Fugitive Sources	9 370 <b>17 000</b>	9 1 830	250 <b>51 300</b>	0.20 <b>0.37</b>	60 <b>98</b>	-	-	-	-	6
Coal Mining	17 000	60	2 000	0.37	-		-	-		
Oil and Natural Gas	17 000	1 770	49 600	0.40	100	-	-	-	-	6
Oil	600	262	7 340	0.30	90	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas	8	287	8 030	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venting Flaring	9 800 6 720	1 190 29	33 400 798	0.03	7	-	-	-		4
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	40	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	41 400	5	130	3	660	10 000	736	380	0.60	5
. Mineral Products	8 850	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cement Production	7 300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production Mineral Product Use	1 240 300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Chemical Industry	5 320	5	130	0.54	143	-	-	-		
Ammonia Production	2 410	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nitric Acid Production	-	-	-	0.50	133	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production Petrochemical and Carbon Black Production	2.010	- 5		- 0.04	- 10	-	-	-	-	
Metal Production	2 910 <b>14 900</b>	0.10	130 <b>3</b>	0.04	10	-	698	247	-	1
Iron and Steel Production	9 5 1 0	0.10	3	-	-	-	- 050		-	
Aluminium Production	5 390	-	-	-	-	-	698	0.08	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	247	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	12.000	-	-	-	-	10 000	18	29	0.60	1
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use . Other Product Manufacture and Use	12 000	-	-	2	520	-	20	100	-	1
AGRICULTURE	3 100	1 100	31 000	80	21 000	_	-	-		5
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	950	26 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
o. Manure Management	-	150	4 300	10	3 000	-	-	-	-	
. Agricultural Soils Direct Sources	-	-	-	67	18 000	-	-	-	-	1
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	53 10	14 000 4 000	-	-	-	-	1
I. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	1	40	0.04	9	-	-	-	-	
Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	3 100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VASTE	100	750	21 000	7	2 000	-	-	-	-	2
n. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	700	20 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	1 000	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	10	300	0.90	200		-			
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	100	0.00	0.08	0.27	73	-	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	37	40	1 000	6	2 000	-	-	-	-	
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	- 10	1 000	10	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	3 300	10 22	620	1	270	-	-	-	-	
a. Forest Land	23 000	10	300	0.60	200	-	-	-	-	2
b. Cropland	-22 000	5	150	0.24	65	-	-	-	-	
c. Grassland	-	0.04	1	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	
d. Wetlands	2 600	1	38	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	
e. Settlements f. Harvested Wood Products	4 900 -5 100	5		0.19	50	-	-	-	-	-
						-	-	_	-	

Notes: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

National GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 10 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.
 b. National totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
 c. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
 d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990-1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.

<sup>0.00</sup> Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding. Indicates no emissions.

### CANADA'S GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION TABLES BY CANADIAN ECONOMIC SECTOR, 1990–2023

Table A10–1	Canadian Economic Sector Descriptions	11
Table A10–2	Canada's GHG Emissions by Canadian Economic Sector, 1990–2023	12
Table A10–3	Relationship between Canadian Economic Sectors and IPCC Sectors, 2023	13

This annex contains summary tables illustrating national Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions for the period 1990–2023 by Canadian economic sector (<u>Table A10–2</u>), as well as the relationship (crosswalk) between the economic sectors and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) sectors presented in Annex 9 of this report (<u>Table A10–3</u>). In addition, <u>Table A10–1</u> provides a brief description of each economic sector.

Although not a mandatory reporting requirement, reallocating emissions from IPCC sectors to Canadian economic sectors is useful for the purpose of analyzing trends and policies, as most people associate GHG emissions with a particular economic activity (e.g. producing electricity, farming or driving a car). This re-allocation simply re-categorizes emissions under different headings, but does not change the overall magnitude of Canadian emission estimates. Estimates for each economic sector include emissions from energy-related and non-energy-related processes.

#### Reallocation of Emissions from IPCC Sector to Canadian Economic Sector

In general, the reallocation of emissions from IPCC sector to economic sector involves aggregating emissions from stationary combustion, fugitive sources, transportation, industrial processes, agriculture and waste into the appropriate economic sector. In many cases, the stationary combustion emissions for a specific IPCC sector are the same as that for the corresponding economic sector with some notable exceptions.

First, unlike allocation for the IPCC sectors, all utility-owned cogeneration facilities that produce steam or electricity for on-site use are reallocated from Electricity to the relevant economic sector. The relevant economic sectors include Natural Gas Production and Processing, Oil Sands, Mining, Pulp and Paper, Chemicals and Fertilizers, Service Industry, and Light Manufacturing. This is generally accomplished by analyzing and reallocating data by sector from the *Electric Power Thermal Generating Station Fuel Consumption Survey* (StatCan, n.d. [a]).

Second, Lime and Gypsum is split out from the IPCC category Other Manufacturing and reported as an economic sector on its own, while all other industries included in the IPCC category are allocated to the economic sector Light Manufacturing. Constituent sectors include all other manufacturing industries not already accounted for in identified IPCC manufacturing categories (e.g. Iron and Steel, Chemicals, etc.). Examples include automobile manufacturing, textiles, food and beverage industries, etc.

Third, emissions resulting from the combustion of fuel used to transport oil and natural gas in pipelines accounted for in the IPCC category Pipeline Transport, are divided into the Oil and Natural Gas Transmission and Natural Gas Distribution economic sectors. This division is based on sector-specific fuel combustion data from an upstream oil and gas (UOG) study (ECCC, 2014).

Fourth, combustion emissions from the Mining and Upstream Oil and Gas Production IPCC category are reallocated to many economic sectors including: Coal Production, Mining, Natural Gas Production and Processing, Conventional Light Oil Production, Conventional Heavy Oil Production, Frontier Oil Production and Oil Sands (Mining, In-situ, Upgrading). A variety of external data sources are used to estimate emissions for the appropriate sectors which are then re-proportioned to align with Canada's energy balance. These external data sources include:

 Mining: Metal and non-metal mining fuel consumption data from the Canadian Industrial Energy End-Use Data and Analysis Centre (CEEDC) database on Energy, Production and Intensity Indicators for Canadian Industry (CEEDC, n.d.).

- Coal Production: Fuel consumption estimates for the coal mining industry are based on the Compilation of a National Inventory of Greenhouse Gas and Fugitive VOC Emissions by the Canadian Coal Mining Industry (Cheminfo/Clearstone, 2014) and annual coal production data provided by Statistics Canada (see Annex 3.2 for further discussion on this activity data).
- **UOG sectors**: Fuel consumption data for the various UOG sectors, except Oil Sands, is estimated from the UOG study (ECCC, 2014).
- Oil Sands: Fuel consumption data for the Oil Sands industry (including mining and extraction, in-situ and upgrading) is modelled by ECCC and adjusted so that the resultant emissions align with the facility level emissions data that is reported to ECCC through the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Program (GHGRP) (see Chapter 1 for more information on the GHGRP) (ECCC, 2021).

Fifth, emissions from road, rail, marine and air transport are separated into passenger and freight components. Emissions for Other Transportation (Off-Road) are reallocated to their relevant economic sectors and to the Transportation category Other: Recreational, Commercial, and Residential.

Sixth,  $CO_2$  captured from waste streams at large industrial facilities (e.g. electric utilities, oil sands upgraders) is presented separately in the economic sectors. It is displayed as a negative number to represent the removal of  $CO_2$  from the specific sector while the source of the  $CO_2$  emissions (e.g. stationary combustion) for the sector is displayed as a gross amount.

In terms of process and product use-related emissions, emissions from mineral products, chemical industry and metal production are reallocated to Heavy Industry and Light Manufacturing. Emissions from consumption of halocarbons,  $SF_6$  and  $NF_3$ , which mainly consist of HFC emissions from refrigeration and air conditioning, are mostly allocated to Transport and Buildings, where the majority of HFCs are used and emitted. Emissions from non-energy products from fuels and solvent use are reallocated to multiple relevant economic categories. Finally, emissions from other product manufacture and use are mainly distributed to Electricity and Service Industry.

Once all these sector specific fuel consumption estimates are compiled, the data are reconciled by province and by fuel with the fuel consumption data from the *Report on Energy Supply and Demand* (StatCan, n.d. [b]). This ensures that the economic sector estimates match the IPCC sector estimates.

Canada's GHG emission tables are also available in electronic file format online at http://open.canada.ca.

The GHG inventory team is considering removing the Emissions Tables (<u>Annex 9</u> to <u>Annex 12</u>) in future editions of the NIR. They would be available in their entirety on the <u>Government of Canada's Open Data webpage</u> only. For any questions or concerns, please contact GES-GHG@ec.gc.ca.

Economic Sector	Description
	Description
OIL AND GAS	
Upstream Oil and Gas	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from:
Natural Gas Production and Processing	- natural gas production and processing
Conventional Oil Production	Emissions resulting from:
Conventional Light Oil Production	- conventional light crude oil production
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	- conventional heavy crude oil production
Frontier Oil Production	- offshore and arctic production of crude oil
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from:
Mining and Extraction	- crude bitumen mining and extraction
In-Situ	- in-situ extraction of crude bitumen in designated oil sands areas including primary extraction, cyclic steam stimulation (CSS), steam-assisted gravity drainage (SAGD) and other experimental techniques
Upgrading	- crude bitumen and heavy oil upgrading to synthetic crude oil
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	Combustion and fugitive emissions from the transport and storage of crude oil and natural gas.
Downstream Oil and Gas	Emissions resulting from:
Petroleum Refining	– stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from petroleum refining industries
Natural Gas Distribution	- combustion and fugitive emissions from local distribution of natural gas up to and including the natural gas meter
ELECTRICITY	Combustion and process emissions from utility electricity generation, steam production (for sale) and transmission. Excludes utility owned
TRANSPORT	cogeneration at industrial sites. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.  Mobile related emissions including all fossil fuels and non-CO <sub>2</sub> emission from biofuels. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural
	gas powered vehicles.
Passenger Transport	Mobile related combustion, process and refrigerant emissions from the vehicles that primarily move people around.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	– light duty cars and trucks and motorcycles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) less than 3856 kg
Bus, Rail and Aviation	– all buses and the passenger component of rail and aviation
Freight Transport	Mobile related combustion, process and refrigerant emissions from the vehicles that primarily move cargo or freight around.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	- vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) greater than or equal to 3856 kg. Also includes the freight component of rail
Aviation and Marine	- cargo component of aviation and all domestic navigation (inclusive of all fishing and military operations)
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	Combustion emissions from the non-industrial use of off-road engines (e.g., ATVs, snowmobiles, personal watercraft), including portable engines (e.g., generators, lawn mowers, chain saws). Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas powered engines.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, and process emissions. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.
Mining	– metal and non-metal mines, stone quarries, and gravel pits
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	– non-ferrous metals (aluminium, magnesium and other production)
Pulp and Paper	– pulp and paper (primarily pulp, paper, and paper product manufacturers)
Iron and Steel	- Iron and steel (steel foundries, casting, rolling mills and iron making)
Cement	– cement and other non-metallic mineral production
Lime and Gypsum	- lime and gypsum product manufacturing
Chemicals and Fertilizers	- chemical (fertilizer manufacturing, organic and inorganic chemical manufacturing)
BUILDINGS	Stationary combustion and process (i.e. air conditioning) emissions, including post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas appliances from:
Service Industry	- service industries related to mining, communication, wholesale and retail trade, finance and insurance, real estate, education, etc.; offices, health, arts, accommodation, food, information & cultural; Federal, provincial and municipal establishments; National Defence and Canadian Coast Guard; Train stations, airports and warehouses
Residential	– personal residences (homes, apartment hotels, condominiums and farm houses)
AGRICULTURE	Emissions resulting from:
On Farm Fuel Use	– stationary combustion, onsite transportation and process emissions from the agricultural, hunting and trapping industry (excluding food processing, farm machinery manufacturing, and repair); includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption
Crop Production	<ul> <li>Application of biosolids and inorganic nitrogen fertilizers, decomposition of crop residues, loss of soil organic carbon, cultivation of organic soils, indirect emissions from leaching and volatilization, field burning of agricultural residues, liming, and urea application</li> </ul>
Animal Production	- Animal housing, manure storage, manure deposited by grazing animals, and application of manure to managed soils
WASTE	Non-CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions from biomass resulting from:
Solid Waste	- municipal landfills, dedicated wood waste landfills, and other treatment of municipal solid waste
Wastewater	– municipal and industrial wastewater treatment
Waste Incineration	– municipal solid, hazardous and clinical waste, and sewage sludge incineration
COAL PRODUCTION	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation and fugitive emissions from underground and surface coal mines. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, and process emissions, including post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption from (excluding LULUCF):
Light Manufacturing	– all other manufacturing industries not included in the Heavy Industry category above
Construction	– construction of buildings, highways etc.
Forest Resources	- forestry and logging service industry

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	202
																	Mt CC	D <sub>2</sub> eq																
NATIONAL GHG TOTAL	606	602	619	624	646	665	686	701	708	718	746	739	746	764	764	759	755	774	758	714	728	738	741	750	747	742	725	738	747	747	682	694	700	69
OIL AND GAS	117	119	128	137	142	150	157	159	163	170	178	181	186	190	191	194	202	207	203	198	203	210	216	223	228	226	208	216	223	222	204	211	209	20
Upstream Oil and Gas	97	100	109	117	124	131	136	137	142	150	158	160	164	166	167	172	179	183	181	176	181	189	196	202	209	207	189	199	206	203	187	193	191	19
Natural Gas Production and Processing	38	37	39	42	45	48	50	48	51	59	65	67	69	72	71	75	77	78	76	73	72	75	72	72	71	68	61	62	62	60	58	59	54	
Conventional Oil Production	32	34	37	40	43	46	47	50	49	48	51	50	50	49	49	48	49	49	48	44	45	48	52	54	56	54	47	50	51	49	39	39	38	
Conventional Light Oil Production	19	19	19	20	21	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	22	22	23	23	22	23	26	29	30	33	32	28	30	31	29	23	22	21	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	13	15	18	20	21	24	25	27	25	26	29	28	27	26	26	25	25	24	23	21	20	21	21	22	22	21	18	19	19	17	14	16	16	
Frontier Oil Production	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	15	16	18	19	20	20	21	23	25	25	26	29	30	34	37	37	42	46	47	51	56	58	64	67	72	74	71	78	83	84	81	86	87	
Mining and Extraction	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	7	7	7	8	8	8	9	10	10	11	11	12	12	12	14	16	17	16	17	17	
In-Situ	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	8	9	9	9	10	10	11	12	13	16	17	20	21	24	26	31	32	37	39	39	42	44	43	41	45	46	
Upgrading	8	8	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	14	15	16	18	17	19	21	19	21	22	22	23	24	23	23	20	22	23	24	24	24	24	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	12	13	15	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	15	14	14	12	11	12	12	10	9	8	7	8	8	9	10	10	9	9	10	10	9	10	11	
Downstream Oil and Gas	20	19	19	19	18	19	21	21	21	20	20	21	22	23	24	22	23	23	22	22	22	21	20	21	19	19	19	18	18	20	17	18	18	
Petroleum Refining	18	17	17	18	17	17	20	20	19	18	18	19	20	22	22	20	21	22	20	20	21	20	19	20	18	18	18	17	17	19	16	17	17	
Natural Gas Distribution	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ELECTRICITY	94	96	102	93	95	98	98	109	122	119	128	129	123	127	118	116	111	118	108	93	95	86	82	80	75	74	75	73	63	62	54	52	49	4
TRANSPORT	118	113	115	118	124	126	129	133	136	141	142	142	144	149	154	156	157	162	163	161	165	164	164	167	164	162	162	165	169	169	142	149	155	1:
Passenger Transport	80	77	79	81	84	83	85	86	88	89	89	89	91	93	95	95	95	97	96	96	96	93	94	96	95	97	99	100	102	103	83	86	92	9
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	71	69	71	73	76	75	76	77	79	79	80	80	82	83	85	85	85	86	85	86	86	83	83	85	84	85	88	89	90	91	75	78	81	
Bus, Rail and Aviation	9	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	10	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	8	8	11	
Freight Transport	30	29	29	30	32	34	34	36	37	38	39	39	39	42	45	48	49	53	55	54	56	58	57	57	57	52	48	50	52	51	45	48	49	4
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	25	24	24	25	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	34	34	37	39	42	43	48	50	49	51	53	53	52	52	48	44	45	47	46	41	43	44	
Aviation and Marine	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	11	12	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	13	12	12	11	12	13	13	14	13	14	14	15	15	15	14	15	15	
HEAVY INDUSTRY	97	97	94	94	99	100	103	103	99	97	97	92	92	91	93	88	88	86	84	71	75	81	81	80	82	80	77	78	80	79	75	78	78	
Mining	7	7	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	11	11	10	11	11	
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	17	18	17	17	17	16	17	17	17	16	17	16	16	15	14	14	14	13	13	12	11	12	11	11	10	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	1
Pulp and Paper	15	15	14	14	14	13	14	14	13	13	13	12	11	11	11	9	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	7	7	8	8	7	7	8	
Iron and Steel	17	18	19	18	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	17	17	17	17	16	17	18	17	13	14	17	16	15	16	15	15	15	16	15	13	15	14	1
Cement	10	9	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	12	12	10	10	10	11	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	10	11	10	1
Lime and Gypsum	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	
Chemicals and Fertilizers	28	28	27	27	30	30	32	31	27	25	23	23	24	23	26	24	24	23	24	20	22	24	25	25	28	26	23	21	21	22	23	22	23	- 2
BUILDINGS	72	71	73	76	77	78	84	81	73	77	84	80	85	90	88	85	79	85	85	84	81	86	84	85	86	85	86	88	92	94	88	85	88	1
Service Industry	28	28	29	31	30	32	34	34	32	34	38	38	40	43	43	40	37	38	39	39	38	40	42	42	42	42	45	47	49	50	47	45	46	4
Residential	44	43	44	46	47	46	50	47	42	43	46	43	45	47	45	45	43	47	47	45	43	45	42	44	44	43	41	41	43	44	41	40	42	3
AGRICULTURE	51	51	53	54	56	59	60	61	61	61	62	62	62	64	65	66	64	64	64	61	61	61	63	65	64	66	67	67	69	69	70	69	70	(
On Farm Fuel Use	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	10	9	9	10	9	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	11	11	12	12	13	13	14	15	15	14	14	14	•
Crop Production	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	10	11	12	11	11	11	12	12	12	13	13	15	16	15	16	16	16	16	17	18	17	19	1
Animal Production	33	34	35	36	37	39	40	40	40	41	42	43	43	43	45	46	45	43	42	40	38	37	38	38	37	37	37	37	38	38	38	38	37	
WASTE	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	23	23	23	23	23	24	23	24	24	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	23	23	24	23	23	23	23	23	23	:
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	19	19	19	19	20	20	19	19	20	20	21	20	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	20	19	19	19	20	20	20	21	21	20	21	20	20	20	2
Wastewater	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Waste Incineration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
COAL PRODUCTION	5	5	4	5	5	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	31	29	28	26	26	28	28	29	27	27	28	27	27	27	28	27	26	26	25	21	23	24	24	24	23	23	24	25	25	25	22	23	24	
Light Manufacturing	21	21	20	18	18	20	20	21	18	18	19	17	17	17	18	17	16	17	16	14	14	15	16	16	15	15	14	14	14	14	13	14	15	1
Construction	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	5	6	7	6	6	6	7	7	8	8	8	7	7	7	
		3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2		3	

Notes:
Totals may not add up due to rounding.
Estimates presented here are under continual improvement. Historical emissions may be updated in future publications as new data become available and methods and models are refined and improved.
National GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 9 of this report.
Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.
a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

Indicates emissions of less than 0.5 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<u>Canada.ca/ghg-inventory</u> National Inventory Report – 2025 Edition Part 3

	Economic													National Inven	tory categ	ory										
	Category Total			c 1 "		ergy	E 101		T . 1	N4: 1	Cl		ial Processes and I		OIL	T		Agricult		T . I	I ICII	D: 1 : 1	Waste	14/	T . 1	CO <sub>2</sub> Captured <sup>j, k</sup>
		Statio	nary Combus		Transport	Fugitive (Unintentional)	rgy: Fugitive Flaring	Venting	Total	Mineral Products <sup>d</sup>	Chemical Industry <sup>e</sup>	Metal Production <sup>f</sup>	Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub>	Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	and Use	Total	Manure Management	Enteric Fermentation	Agriculture Soils	Total	Landfills	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	Total	Captureu
NATIONAL INVENTORY TOTAL a,b	694	272	26.2	0.9	195	17.8	7.5	45.5	565	8.8	5.6	15.8	10.3	Mt CO <sub>2</sub> equivale	ent 0.6	53.5	7.7	26.5	21.0	55.1	19.7	0.5	0.2	2.6	23.0	-3.1
DIL AND GAS	208	108.7	17.6	0.0	15.3	14.0	7.5	45.5	208.7	0.0	5.0	13.0	10.3	1.5	0.0	1.5	7.7	20.3	21.0	33.1	13.7	0.5	0.2	2.0	23.0	-2.3
Jpstream Oil and Gas	190	95.2	16.7	0.0	15.2	13.1	7.3	43.0	190.4					0.4		0.4										-1.0
Natural Gas Production and Processing	52	26.8	1.2		0.6	4.8	2.3	16.4	52.1					0.1		0.1										-1.0
Conventional Oil Production	38	11.1	0.2					17.8	38.0					0.0		0.0										
	21	3.0	0.2		0.6	5.3 4.4	3.0 2.3	11.2	21.1					0.0		0.0										<del></del>
Conventional Light Oil Production  Conventional Heavy Oil Production	16	7.4			0.3	0.9	0.3	6.5	15.5					0.0		0.0										<del></del>
·	1		0.2											0.0		0.0										<del></del>
Frontier Oil Production		0.7	0.2		0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.3					0.0		0.0										1.0
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading) <sup>c</sup>	89	57.3	15.2		4.5	2.6	2.0	8.0	89.5					0.3												-1.0
Mining and Extraction	17	6.7	3.4		4.4	2.2	0.2	0.0	17.0					0.3		0.3										
In-Situ	47	36.2	8.2		0.1	0.3	0.6	1.8	47.1																	1.5
Upgrading	24	14.4	3.6		0.0	0.1	1.2	6.2	25.5																	-1.0
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	11				9.6	0.4	0.1	0.8	10.8																	
ownstream Oil and Gas	18	13.5	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.3	2.5	18.3					1.1		1.1										-1.3
Petroleum Refining	17	13.5	0.9	0.0		0.1	0.3	2.5	17.3					1.1		1.1										-1.3
Natural Gas Distribution	1				0.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.9																	
LECTRICITY	49	48.9		0.5		0.1			49.5						0.1	0.1										-0.8
RANSPORT <sup>9</sup>	157				154.5	0.0			154.5				1.9	0.2		2.1										
ssenger Transport	94				92.8	0.0			92.8				1.1	0.1		1.2										
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	82				81.2	0.0			81.2				1.0	0.1		1.1										
Bus, Rail and Aviation	12				11.6	0.0			11.6				0.1	0.0		0.1										
reight Transport	48				47.1	0.0			47.1				0.8	0.1		0.9										
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	43				42.2	0.0			42.2				0.7	0.1		0.8										
Aviation and Marine	5				4.9				4.9				0.2	0.0		0.2										
ther: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	15				14.6				14.6																	
EAVY INDUSTRY	78	29.8	7.8	0.3	4.5	0.2			42.6	8.7	5.6	15.8	0.0	5.5		35.7										
lining	9	4.3	0.5		4.0	0.0			8.9				0.0	0.4		0.4										
melting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	10	3.1		0.0	0.1	0.0			3.2	0.0		6.3		0.9		7.2										
ulp and Paper	8	5.6	2.0	0.1	0.1	0.0			7.7	0.0				0.0		0.1										
on and Steel	14	4.3	0.3		0.2	0.0			4.8			9.5		0.2		9.7										
ement	11	3.5			0.0	0.0			3.6	7.3				0.0		7.3										
me and Gypsum	2	0.9			0.0	0.0			0.9	1.2				0.0		1.3										
nemicals and Fertilizers	23	8.0	5.0	0.2	0.1	0.1			13.5	0.1	5.6		0.0	4.0		9.7										<del></del>
UILDINGS	83	67.7	0.5	0.0	0.1	1.7			69.9	0.1	5.0		7.9	4.4	0.5	12.8										
ervice Industry	44	32.7	0.5	0.0		0.2			33.3				6.1	4.4	0.5	11.0										
esidential	38	35.0	0.5	0.0		1.6			36.6				1.7	7.7	0.5	1.7										
GRICULTURE			0.0		10.9	0.0			14.2				1.7	0.1		0.1	7.7	26.5	21.0	55.1						
n Farm Fuel Use <sup>h</sup>	69 14	3.2	0.0		10.9	0.0			14.2					0.1		0.1	7.7	20.5	21.0	33.1						
		3.2	0.0		10.9	0.0			14.2					0.1		0.1			10.6	10.6						-
op Production	19																	24 -	18.6	18.6						
nimal Production	37																7.7	26.5	2.3	36.5						
ASTE	23												0.0			0.0					19.7	0.5	0.2	2.6	23.0	
olid Waste <sup>i</sup>	20												0.0			0.0					19.7	0.5			20.2	
astewater	3																							2.6	2.6	
aste Incineration	0																						0.2		0.2	
DAL PRODUCTION	4	0.6			1.4	1.6			3.6																	
GHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION ND FOREST RESOURCES	24	13.2	0.4	0.0	8.8	0.1			22.3	0.2			0.4	0.6	0.0	1.2										
ght Manufacturing	15	11.6	0.4	0.0	1.6	0.1			13.6	0.2			0.4	0.4	0.0	1.0										
nstruction	7	1.5	0.0		4.9	0.0			6.5					0.0		0.0										
orest Resources	2				2.3				2.3					0.2		0.2										

Notes:

Totals may not add up due to rounding to nearest megatonne (Mt). The estimates for the economic categories may not add up to the national inventory totals by IPCC Sectors due to rounding and statistical differences in the RESD for the IP category of Other & Undifferentiated Production.

Estimates presented here are under continual improvement. Historical emissions may be updated in future publications as new data become available and methods and models are refined and improved.

a. Categorization of emissions is consistent with the IPCC's sectors following the reporting requirement of the UNFCCC.

b. National totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

c. Industrial cogeneration includes emissions associated with the simultaneous production of heat and power. At some facilities, a portion of this power is generated by onsite utility-owned generators. As such, the cogeneration emissions for these specific facilities are included under the Public Electricity and Heat Generation category in the National Inventory (UNFCCC) format.

Mineral products includes cement production, lime production and mineral product use.
 Chemical industry includes the production of ammonia, nitric acid, adipic acid, carbide and petrochemicals.

- $f. \quad \text{Metal production includes iron and steel production, aluminum production, and $SF_6$ used in magnesium smelters and casters.}$
- g. Emissions from the consumption of propane and natural gas in Transportation are allocated to Cars, Light Trucks and Buses h. On Farm Fuel Use includes emissions associated with the use of lube oils and greases.
- i. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.
- j. Some facilities capture CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. This is displayed as a negative quantity, as it is computed as an emission reduction at the source. Though the CO<sub>2</sub> has been captured, this does not imply permanent storage; some portion may be subsequently re-emitted (for instance, as fugitive releases) in another activity in such cases, the re-emissions are reported in the economic sectors where they occur.
- k. Some ammonia production facilities engage in the capture of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. These emissions have been subtracted directly in the Ammonia Production category, as per the 2006 IPCC Guidelines. Therefore, the CO<sub>2</sub> Captured column does not include recovered and/or captured CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the Ammonia Production category.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt  $\mbox{CO}_2$  eq were truncated due to rounding.

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This annex contains summary tables (<u>Table A11–2</u> to <u>Table A11–28</u>) illustrating greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by province and territory and year for each IPCC sector.

To account for the creation of Nunavut in 1999, separate time-series are provided from 1999 onwards for both the Northwest Territories and Nunavut ( $\frac{\text{Table A11}-24}{\text{Table A11}-26}$ ); emissions for the years 1990–1998 are presented as a combined region in Table A11–28.

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to Canadian economic sectors are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

Although the Modalities, procedures, and guidelines (MPGs) only require reporting national-level information, provincial and territorial information is important, owing to differences in regional emission levels and trends. Note that provincial and territorial emission estimates may not necessarily sum to the national totals due to rounding.

Several Canadian provinces develop independent inventories of provincial GHG emissions, in some cases making use of alternate methodologies, data inputs and/or inclusions/omissions of GHG source categories. While Canada is developing a national emission inventory consistent with IPCC guidelines and international obligations, provincial governments may elect to develop an inventory structure in accordance with specific provincial needs. Environment and Climate Change Canada encourages collaboration with provinces and territories for quality assurance and continuous improvement of this annual National Inventory Report.

Provincial and territorial GHG emission tables are also available in electronic file format online at https://open.canada.ca.

The GHG inventory team is considering removing the Emissions Tables (<u>Annex 9</u> to <u>Annex 12</u>) in future editions of the NIR. They would be available in their entirety on the <u>Government of Canada's Open Data webpage</u> only. For any questions or concerns, please contact GES-GHG@ec.gc.ca.

GHG Source and Sink Categories	
ENERGY	
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	
Public Electricity and Heat Production	Emissions from fuel consumed by utility electricity generation and steam production (for sale).
Petroleum Refining Industries	Emissions from fuel consumed by petroleum refining industries.
Oil and Gas Extraction	Emissions from fuel consumed by oil and gas extraction industries.
Mining	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
	- metal and non-metal mines, coal mines, stone quarries, and gravel pits
	- mineral exploration and contract drilling operations
Manufacturing Industries	Emissions from fuel consumed by the following industries:
	- iron and steel (steel foundries, casting and rolling mills)
	– non-ferrous metals (aluminium, magnesium and other production)
	- chemical (fertilizer manufacturing, organic and inorganic chemical manufacturing)
	– pulp and paper (primarily pulp, paper, and paper product manufacturers)
	– cement and other non-metallic mineral production
	- other manufacturing industries not listed (such as automobile manufacturing, textiles, food and beverage industries)
Construction	Emissions from fuels consumed by the construction industry (buildings, highways etc.)
Commercial and Institutional	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
	- service industries related to mining, communication, wholesale and retail trade, finance and insurance, real estate, education, etc.)
	– federal, provincial and municipal establishments
	– national Defence and Canadian Coast Guard
	- train stations, airports and warehouses
Residential	Emissions from fuel consumed for personal residences (homes, apartment hotels, condominiums and farm houses).
Agriculture and Forestry	Emissions from fuel consumed by:
	– forestry and logging service industry
	<ul> <li>agricultural, hunting and trapping industry (excluding food processing, farm machinery manufacturing and repair)</li> </ul>
b. Transport	Emissions resulting from the:
Aviation	- consumption of fossil fuels by civilian aircraft flying domestically and all military aircraft operations with Canadian purchased fuel
Domestic Aviation (Civil)	- consumption of fossil fuels by civilian aircraft flying domestically with Canadian purchased fuel
Military	– consumption of fossil fuels by military aircraft operations with Canadian purchased fuel
Road Transportation	- consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by vehicles licensed to operate on roads
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	– consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from ethanol) by passenger cars
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	– consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO₂ emissions from ethanol) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) less than 3856 kg
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	$-$ consumption of motor gasoline (excluding the biogenic CO $_2$ emissions from ethanol) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR greater than or equal to 3856 kg
Motorcycles	$- consumption \ of \ motor \ gasoline \ (excluding \ the \ biogenic \ CO_2 \ emissions \ from \ ethanol) \ by \ motor \ cycles \ that \ are \ licensed \ to \ operate \ on \ roads \ denoted \ the \ roads \ denoted \$
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	- consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from biodiesel) by passenger cars licensed to operate on road
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	$-$ consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from biodiesel) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR less than 3856 kg
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	$-$ consumption of diesel fuel oil (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from biodiesel) by trucks, vans and SUVs with a GVWR greater than or equal to 3856 kg
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	– consumption of propane and natural gas by vehicles that are licensed to operate on roads

Tak	ole A11–1 GHG Source and Sink	Category Description (cont'd)
	G Source and Sink Categories	
	ERGY (cont'd)	
LIVI	Railways	– consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by Canadian railways
	Marine	- consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by marine vessels navigating between Canadian ports (inclusive of all fishing and military operations)
	Domestic Navigation	– consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by marine vessels navigating between Canadian ports
	Fishing	$-$ consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by fishing vessels operating in Canadian waters
	Military Water-Borne Navigation	– consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by military vessels operating in Canadian waters
	Others – Off-Road	$-$ consumption of fuels (excluding the biogenic $CO_2$ emissions from ethanol and biodiesel) by mobile combustion devices not licensed to operate on roads
	Others – Pipeline Transport	- transportation and distribution of crude oil, natural gas, refined petroleum and other products
c.	Fugitive Sources	Intentional and unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the following activities:
	Coal Mining	- underground and surface mining, abandoned underground coal mines
	Oil and Natural Gas	- conventional and unconventional oil and gas exploration, production, transportation and distribution
	Oil	- unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the production, processing, transmission, storage and delivery of crude oil
	Natural Gas	– unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the production, processing, transmission, storage and delivery of natural gas (includes post-meter fugitive emissions from residential and commercial natural gas appliances, natural gas vehicles and industrial facilities)
	Venting	- intentional releases of greenhouse gases at oil and natural gas facilities
	Flaring	- routine or emergency disposal of waste gas through combustion in an open flame or incinerator at oil and natural gas facilities
d.	CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	Intentional and unintentional releases of greenhouse gases from the transport and storage of carbon dioxide
IND	USTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	Emissions resulting from the following process activities:
a.	Mineral Products	<ul> <li>cement production, lime production, and mineral product use (which includes glass production, other uses of soda ash, magnesite use, and other limestone and dolomite use)</li> </ul>
b.	Chemical Industry	<ul> <li>production of ammonia, nitric acid, adipic acid, carbide and petrochemicals (petrochemical production includes production of carbon black, ethylene, ethylene dichloride, ethylene oxide, methanol, styrene and other uses of urea)</li> </ul>
c.	Metal Production	- aluminum production, iron and steel production, and magnesium production and casting
d.	Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub>	solvents, foam blowing, semiconductor manufacturing and electronics industry, and use of SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> in semiconductor manufacturing
e.	Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	<ul> <li>non-energy use of fossil fuels (including solvents and lubricants) that are not accounted for elsewhere under the Industrial Processes and Product Use Sector and the use of urea in selective catalytic reduction (SCR) equipped vehicles</li> </ul>
f.	Other Product Manufacture and Use	$-$ use of $N_2O$ as an anaesthetic and propellant; use of $SF_6$ in electrical equipment; and PFCs in other contained product uses as a dielectric coolant or as an electric insulator
AG	RICULTURE	Emissions resulting from:
a.	Enteric Fermentation	– eructation of CH <sub>4</sub> during the digestion of plant material by (mainly) ruminants
b.	Manure Management	- release of CH <sub>4</sub> and N <sub>2</sub> O due to microbial activity during the storage of feces, urine and bedding materials from the cleaning of barns and pens
		<ul> <li>- indirect N₂O emissions from volatilization and leaching of nitrogen from animal manure during storage</li> </ul>
c.	Agricultural Soils	
	Direct sources	- direct N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from inorganic nitrogen fertilizers, manure and biosolids applied on cropland, pasture range and paddock, crop residue, loss of soil organic carbon, tillage, irrigation and cultivation of organic soils
	Indirect Sources	- indirect N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from volatilization and leaching of animal manure and biosolid nitrogen, inorganic nitrogen fertilizer and crop residue nitrogen
d.	Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	- CH <sub>4</sub> and N <sub>2</sub> O emissions from crop residue burning
e.	Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon- Containing Fertilizers	<ul> <li>– direct emissions of CO₂ from the application of lime, urea and other fertilizers containing carbon</li> </ul>
WA	STE	Emissions resulting from:
a.	Landfills	- disposal of waste in landfills
	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	- disposal of municipal solid waste and sewage sludge in landfills
	Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	- dedicated wood waste landfills
b.	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	- composting and anaerobic digestion of municipal and industrial facilities including municipal solid waste, biosolids, manures and/or yard wastes that are brought on-site
c.	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	– municipal solid, hazardous and clinical waste, and sewage sludge incineration
d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	– municipal and industrial wastewater treatment
	Municipal wastewater treatment and discharge	– emissions from treatment of wastewater at municipal treatment plants and from discharge of effluents
	Industrial wastewater treatment and discharge	- emissions from treatment of wastewater at industrial sites with on-site wastewater treatment and from discharge of effluents
LAN	ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	3
а.	Forest Land	<ul> <li>managed forests and lands converted to forests; reports emissions and removals from forest growth and anthropogenic disturbances related to forest management but tracks separately emissions and removals from fire and most insect disturbances</li> </ul>
b.	Cropland	<ul> <li>management practices on lands in annual and perennial crops (forage, specialty crops, orchards); soil organic carbon (SOC) impacted by crop productivity changes and manure application; immediate and residual emissions from lands converted to cropland</li> </ul>
c.	Grassland	– managed agricultural grassland
d.	Wetlands	– peatlands disturbed for peat extraction, or land flooded from hydro reservoir development
	Settlements	- forest and grassland converted to built-up land (settlements, transport infrastructure, oil & gas infrastructure, mining, etc); urban
e. f.	Harvested Wood Products	tree growth  - use and disposal of harvested wood products manufactured from wood coming from forest harvest, forest conversion and firewood

Gre	enhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
					kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TO	TAL <sup>a</sup>	9 480	10 300	10 700	10 800	8 600	7 980	8 060	7 920
ENF	RGY	8 730	9 420	9 750	9 950	7 690	7 110	7 200	7 07
a.	Stationary Combustion Sources	5 440	4 590	4 580	4 880	3 670	3 170	3 200	2 95
	Public Electricity and Heat Production	1 640	822	1 130	1 140	951	646	685	68
	Petroleum Refining Industries	1 030	900	847	931	162	37	27	1
	Oil and Gas Extraction	1 160	713	1 060	1 120	1 060	984	998	88
	Mining Manufacturing Industries	1 160 506	1 130 276	698 82	849 50	722 81	864 73	822 89	72
	Construction	33	24	7	6	6	5	9	
	Commercial and Institutional	320	358	316	352	312	282	314	31
	Residential	726	361	440	420	369	277	249	22
	Agriculture and Forestry	25	8	7	9	9	6	11	1
b.	Transport <sup>b</sup>	3 250	3 950	4 380	4 370	3 540	3 590	3 740	3 76
	Aviation	238	339	289	281	153	175	246	26
	Road Transportation	1 500	1 760	2 400	2 330	2 060	2 050	2 080	2 00
	Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	620	577	542	493	436	453	448	40
	Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	546	638	1 170	1 130	1 080	1 120	1 160	1 11
	Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	167	69	91	86 21	18	75	76 17	7
	Motorcycles Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	1	3	3	3	2	16	2	1
	Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	3	7	10	12	9	10	11	1
	Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	155	459	554	587	429	378	370	37
	Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	0.83	-	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
	Railways	87	59	68	94	65	72	83	10
	Marine	744	911	591	622	569	537	573	61
	Other Transportation	681	882	1 040	1 050	700	757	756	77
	Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	96	68	81	83	52	58	59	5
	Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	50	45	68	70	47	57	55	5
	Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	452	593	713	721	451	501	502	51
	Off-Road Residential	6	25	25	24	23	18	19	1
	Off-Road Other Transportation	77	150	153	147	127	123	121	11
_	Pipeline Transport  Fugitive Sources	41	880	780	700	470	340	260	37
٠.	Coal Mining	- 41		780	700	470	340	200	3/
	Oil and Natural Gas	41	880	785	702	474	340	259	36
	Oil	5	13	12	12	8	6	6	
	Natural Gas	0.00	0.04	0.15	0.16	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.0
	Venting	25	95	88	100	53	36	32	2
	Flaring	11	772	685	590	413	298	221	33
	CO₂ Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	USTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	98	154	241	213	228	218	198	19
a.	Mineral Products	65	1	0.26	0.26	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.2
	Cement Production	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Lime Production Mineral Products Use	4	1	0.26	0.25	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.2
b.	Chemical Industry	-		0.26	0.25	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.2
٠.	Adipic Acid Production	_	_		-	_	-		
с.	Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	80	180	180	180	160	160	16
e.	Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	29	67	56	28	42	44	28	2
f.	Other Product Manufacture and Use	4	6	9	8	10	10	10	1
	RICULTURE	51	64	81	82	81	80	79	8
a.	Enteric Fermentation	26	35	35	36	36	35	34	3
b.	Manure Management Agricultural Soils	17	20	26 9	26 9	26	25	25	2
c.	Direct Sources	<b>6</b>	<b>9</b>	6	6	<b>8</b> 5	<b>8</b> 5	<b>8</b> 5	
	Indirect Sources	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	
d.	Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e.	Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	3	-	11	11	11	11	11	1
	STE	600	630	610	600	600	580	580	57
a.	Landfills	500	600	600	600	600	500	500	50
	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 00
	Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.01	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.30	0.30	0.3
		30	10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
ε.	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste		28	31	30	29	29	29	3
с.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	32			- 1	- 1	-		
ε.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-				-	
d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	4 300	180	440	320	260	47	- -67	45
c. d. LAN	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land	4 300 5 300	- 180 580	440 80	320 -140	260 -170	47 -340	- -67 -480	<b>45</b> 6
c. d. LAN a. b.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland	4 300 5 300 25	180 580 36	440 80 34	320	260 -170 33	47 -340 34	-67 -480 33	<b>45</b> 6
c. d. LAN a. b.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland Grassland	4 300 5 300 25	180 580 36	440 80 34	320 -140 33	260 -170 33	-47 -340 34	-67 -480 33	45 6 3
c. d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge ID USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland	4 300 5 300 25	180 580 36	440 80 34	320 -140	260 -170 33	47 -340 34	-67 -480 33	45 6 3. 6

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <u>Annex 12</u> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.

- c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
- e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces
- and territories.

  0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential			28		265			23 500	16 100	
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ ec
TOTALa	6 940	26	720	0.36	94	160	0.09	6	-	7 920
ENERGY Combustion Combustion	6 910 2 900	4	110 30	0.20	60 20	-	-	-	-	7 070 2 950
a. Stationary Combustion Sources Public Electricity and Heat Production	676	0.01	0.29	0.00	3	-	-	-	-	680
Petroleum Refining Industries	16	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	17
Oil and Gas Extraction	869	0.20	5	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	880
Mining	722	0.02	0.50	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	725
Manufacturing Industries	75	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	75
Construction Commercial and Institutional	12 315	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	12 317
Residential	200	0.90	30	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	228
Agriculture and Forestry	15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	-	-	-	-	16
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	3 700	0.50	14	0.15	40	-	-	-	-	3 760
Aviation	265	0.00	0.08	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	267
Road Transportation Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 980 402	0.10	0.70	0.05	12	-	-	-	-	2 000
Light-Duty Gasoline Venicles  Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 110	0.02	2	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	1 110
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	71	0.00	0.06	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	73
Motorcycles	16	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.08	-	-	-	-	16
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	2
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	11	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.24	-	-	-	-	11
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	0.00	0.02	0.40	0.02	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00
Railways	96	0.00	0.00	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	105
Marine	610	0.06	2	0.02	4	-	-	-	-	616
Other Transportation	749	0.33	9	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	770
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	58	0.00	0.05	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	59
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	57 509	0.03	0.84	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	58 519
Off-Road Residential	16	0.03	1	0.00	0.10	-	_		-	17
Off-Road Other Transportation	109	0.23	6	0.00	0.80	-	-	-	-	117
Pipeline Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Fugitive Sources	300	2	64	0.00	0.15	-	-	-	-	370
Coal Mining Oil and Natural Gas	300	2	64	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	368
Oil and Natural Gas	0.03	0.18	5	- 0.00	- 0.10	-	-	-	-	5
Natural Gas	0.00	0.00	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.05
Venting	0.09	1.00	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Flaring	304	1	31	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	335
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	27	-	-	- 0.03	7	160	- 0.00	-	-	106
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE  a. Mineral Products	0.22	-	-	0.03		160	0.09	6	-	196 0.22
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.22
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.22
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adipic Acid Production  c. Metal Production	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	160	0.07	-	-	160
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	27	-	-	0.03	7	-	0.01	6	-	27 13
AGRICULTURE	11	2	50	0.08	21	-	-	-		82
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	1	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
b. Manure Management	-	0.48	13	0.05	10	-	-	-	-	26
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	8
Direct Sources Indirect Sources	-	-	-	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	5
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-		-	- 0.01	-	-	-		-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
WASTE	-	20	560	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	570
a. Landfills	-	20	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.01	0.10	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	0.30
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	0.00
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.70	20	0.04	9	-	-	-	-	30
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	1	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-		1		1	-	-	-	-	
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	440	0.21	6	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	450
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	61 32	0.01	0.22	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	61
c. Grassland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 3.
d. Wetlands	61	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	61
e. Settlements	300	0.19	5	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	310
f. Harvested Wood Products <sup>e</sup>	-14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-14

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

- a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.
   b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and
- Forestry sector.

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  e. HFC and FPC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF, emissions from the use of NFs.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
   Indicates no emissions.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	1 790	1 900	1 590	1 630	1 590	1 630	1 610	1 590
ENERGY	1 410	1 450	1 180	1 200	1 150	1 160	1 170	1 18
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	760	646	349	375	429	409	401	38:
Public Electricity and Heat Production Petroleum Refining Industries	104	6	3	1	0.28	2	1	•
Oil and Gas Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	0.89	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Manufacturing Industries	55	145	60	82	144	138	123	130
Construction	11	X	X	x	X	X	X	
Commercial and Institutional Residential	202 369	152 309	212	55 222	65 204	66 184	69 191	169
Agriculture and Forestry	19	24	12	13	12	16	13	10
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	651	802	829	824	720	751	766	796
Aviation	17	13	24	25	9	11	26	30
Road Transportation	416	571	587	581	527	562	546	562
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	217	235	178	175	153	166	160	160
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	132	236	273	280	262	286 19	286 19	30 <sup>2</sup>
Motorcycles	0.78	2/	6	6	5	4	5	20
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.29	0.91	0.78	0.69	0.51	0.57	0.45	0.38
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	0.43	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	22	69	107	96	84	84	75	7
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	0.71	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Railways Marine	38	53	67	64	25	25	48	7
Other Transportation	180	164	150	154	159	153	147	133
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	52	45	55	56	60	59	55	49
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	35	15	14	15	16	17	16	1.5
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	64	53	46	47	49	48	44	39
Off-Road Residential	2	9	6	6	6	5	5	
Off-Road Other Transportation  Pipeline Transport	27	42	28	30	29	25	26	25
c. Fugitive Sources	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.32	0.61	0.65	0.54	0.58
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.32	0.61	0.65	0.54	0.58
Oil	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas	-	-	0.22	0.32	0.61	0.65	0.54	0.58
Venting Flaring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	6	26	53	53	53	51	51	51
a. Mineral Products	0.18	0.94	0.37	0.41	0.47	0.47	0.56	0.64
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production  Mineral Products Use	0.10	0.04	0.27	0.41	0.47	0.47	0.56	0.67
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	0.18	0.94	0.37	0.41	0.47	0.47	0.56	0.64
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting  d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	23	51	50	49	48	47	47
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	5	23	0.23	0.20	0.84	1	1	1
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	0.74	1	2	2	2	2	2	3
AGRICULTURE	300	330	280	290	290	310	310	290
a. Enteric Fermentation	160	150	120	130	120	120	120	110
b. Manure Management	47	51	38	39	38	38	37	36
c. Agricultural Soils  Direct Sources	85	120	120	120	<b>130</b> 89	140	150	130
Indirect Sources	55 30	83 40	84 40	82 40	40	98 40	110 50	92
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.10	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.10
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	5	5	2	4	7	7	7	9
WASTE	73	91	75	93	89	110	73	74
a. Landfills	60	80	50	50	50	50	50	50
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	0.10	0.10	100 0.10	100 0.10	100	100	100	100
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	0.10	3	0.10 <b>6</b>	6	6	6	6	
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	11	13	15	35	32	50	13	13
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-		-	
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-66	-110	-520	-520	-540	-550	-550	-590
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	-22 85	-74 84	-630 79	-610 63	-640 73	-650 84	-670 77	-680 40
c. Grassland	- 65		-	-	-	-	-	-+0
d. Wetlands	4	19	25	25	25	25	25	2:
e. Settlements	11	1	-7	-7	-6	-7	-7	-7
f. Harvested Wood Productse	-150	-140	12	8	11	-3	24	2

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- e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
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Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH₄	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential	202	0.14	28	1120	265	65		23 500	16 100	101112
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ec
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	1 160	8	210	0.64	170	47	0.06	0.20	-	1 590
ENERGY	1 150	0.62	17	0.03	9	-	-	-		1 180
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	366	0.50	10	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	382
Public Electricity and Heat Production	4	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	4
Petroleum Refining Industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Gas Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	120
Manufacturing Industries	130	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	130
Construction Commercial and Institutional	X	0.01	0.30	X	0.70	X -	X -	X -	X -	66
Residential	65 154	0.50	10	0.00	0.70	-	-		-	169
Agriculture and Forestry	11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	_	-	-	-	11
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	787	0.13	4	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	796
Aviation	30	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	30
Road Transportation	558	0.03	0.90	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	562
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	159	0.01	0.30	0.00	0.78	-	-	-	-	160
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	302	0.02	0.50	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	304
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	20	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.43	-	-	-	-	20
Motorcycles	5	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	5
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.38
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	1
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	70	0.00	0.08	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	71
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Railways	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Marine	70	0.01	0.18	0.00	0.50	-	-	-	-	71
Other Transportation	129	0.09	3	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	133
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	49	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.70	-	-	-	-	49
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	14	0.01	0.31	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	15
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	38	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	39
Off-Road Residential	4	0.01	0.34	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	5
Off-Road Other Transportation	24	0.06	2	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	25
Pipeline Transport	-	0.02	0.58		-	-	-	-	_	0.58
c. Fugitive Sources	-	0.02	0.56		-	-	-	-	-	0.50
Coal Mining Oil and Natural Gas	-	0.02	0.58						-	0.58
Oil and Natural Gas		0.02	0.00			_	_		_	0.00
Natural Gas	-	0.02	0.58		-	-	_	-	_	0.58
Venting	-	0.02	0.56		-	_	-	-	-	0.50
Flaring	_		-		_	_	_	_	_	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	2	-	-	0.01	2	47	0.06	0.20	-	51
a. Mineral Products	0.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.64
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	0.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.64
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	47	0.03	-	-	47
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	1	-	-	0.01	-	-			-	1
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	5	120	0.01	150	-	0.03	0.20	-	300
AGRICULTURE a. Enteric Fermentation	9		130	0.57	150	-	-	-	-	290
b. Manure Management		0.67	110 19	0.06	20	-	-	-	-	110 36
	-	0.67					-		-	
c. Agricultural Soils  Direct Sources	-		-	<b>0.50</b> 0.35	<b>130</b> 92	-	-	-	-	130 92
Indirect Sources			-	0.33	40	-			-	40
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.10
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	9	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.02	-	-	-	-	9.10
WASTE	-	2	65	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	74
a. Landfills	-	2	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-		100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.20	5	0.00	0.90	-	-	-	-	6
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.20	6	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	13
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-590	0.03	0.83	0.00	0.37	-	-	-	-	-590
	-680	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-680
a. Forest Land										
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	45	0.02	0.48	0.00	0.28	-	-	-	-	46
a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	45	0.02 - 0.01 0.00	0.48 - 0.32 0.04	0.00 - 0.00 0.00	0.28 - 0.07 0.01					25

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- 0.00
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Gre	enhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
					kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TO	TAL <sup>a</sup>	19 600	22 000	16 500	15 800	14 400	14 200	14 300	13 500
ENE	RGY	18 000	20 500	15 200	14 500	13 000	12 900	12 900	12 10
a.	Stationary Combustion Sources	11 400	14 600	9 400	8 870	8 290	7 990	7 810	6 66
	Public Electricity and Heat Production	6 870	10 000	6 970	6 670	6 280	6 040	5 780	4 81
	Petroleum Refining Industries	617	880	X	Х	X	X	Х	
	Oil and Gas Extraction	46	303	185	-	-	-	-	
	Mining Manufacturing Industries	39 774	38	4	303	226	4	4	
	Manufacturing Industries Construction	50	553 X	345 x	303 x	226 x	262 x	251 x	25
	Commercial and Institutional	808	X	566	571	553	565	609	60
	Residential	2 110	1 330	1 290	1 290	1 200	1 090	1 130	94
	Agriculture and Forestry	104	96	33	27	25	23	26	2
b.	Transportb	4 750	5 660	5 580	5 390	4 570	4 820	5 030	5 26
	Aviation	299	277	302	295	127	137	252	27
	Road Transportation	3 010	3 600	3 990	3 900	3 430	3 650	3 710	3 83
	Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 390	1 330	1 190	1 140	936	1 000	995	1 02
	Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	856	1 230	1 650	1 660	1 520	1 620	1 690	1 84
	Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	311	132	130	130	119	106	110	12
	Motorcycles	8	12	30	30	21	20	21	
	Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	11	36	22	21	18	21	18	1
	Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	23	18	18	18	15	22	22	-
	Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	407	844	945	899	803	863	848	7:
	Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	3	-	3	4	5	5	5	
	Railways	58	63	43	35	26	29	32	4
	Marine Other Transportation	482	568	387	353	279	279	330	4
	Other Transportation Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	903 185	1 150 154	862	803	710	727 91	706	7
		185	105	106 121	96	85 101		87 111	1
	Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	468	592	388	351	307	331	311	3
	Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Off-Road Residential	14	43	X X	40	37	29	30	3
	Off-Road Other Transportation	113	222	206	200	179	162	167	1
	Pipeline Transport	113	34	200 X	1	1/9	102	0.99	0.
c.	Fugitive Sources	1 800	250	210	200	140	53	63	2:
٠.	Coal Mining	2 000	100	200	200	100	40	50	2
	Oil and Natural Gas	50	137	27	12	14	13	13	20
	Oil	7	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
	Natural Gas	-	16	11	12	13	13	13	1
	Venting	30	85	8	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.0
	Flaring	13	33	7		- 0.01		- 0.02	0.0
d.	CO₂ Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	USTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	336	491	474	438	468	454	458	47
a.	Mineral Products	191	251	118	99	104	112	106	12
	Cement Production	183	246	х	х	х	х	х	
	Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Mineral Products Use	8	5	х	х	х	х	х	
b.	Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c.	Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>		130	300	290	290	280	270	2
e.	Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Usec	120	69	20	26	58	46	60	
f.	Other Product Manufacture and Use	29	40	38	18	17	19	19	
	RICULTURE	430	410	350	340	340	340	340	3.
a. '	Enteric Fermentation	260	240	190	180	180	180	180	1:
b.	Manure Management	82	100	90	84	86	82	81	
ε.	Agricultural Soils	53	54	57	56	60	61	61	
	Direct Sources Indirect Sources	30	30	37	37	40	41	41	
	Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
d.	Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	0.06 38	0.20	0.06	0.06	0.10 16	16	17	
e. M/A	STE	800	630	530	550	570	580	590	6
a.		700	500	400	500	500	500	500	5
٠.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	1 000	1 000	400	-	500	500	500	
	Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	1000	1 000	10	10	10	10	10	
b.	Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	0.70	20	30	30	30	30	30	
c.	Incineration and Open Burning of Waste		-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	56	58	67	69	69	69	71	
	Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1
	Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	10	10	10	10	10	
.An	ND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-2 900	570	-520	-630	-470	-650	-1 200	-1 1
a.	Forest Land	-870	2 500	-330	-480	-870	-900	-1 600	-1 5
b.	Cropland	170	130	150	160	170	160	170	1
c.	Grassland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Wetlands	10	15	15	15	15	14	14	
	Settlements	84	28	29	32	28	28	25	
e.									

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   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
  e Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	ise Gases				
, and the second	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOT
Global Warming Potential			28		265			23 500	16 100	
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO				
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	11 900	39	1 100	0.84	220	270	0.32	8	-	13 5
ENERGY	11 800	11	310	0.30	80	-	-	-	-	12
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	6 560	2	60	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	6
Public Electricity and Heat Production Petroleum Refining Industries	4 780 x	0.32 x	9 x	0.07 x	20 x	- X	- X	- X	- X	4
Oil and Gas Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Mining	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing Industries	254	0.03	0.71	0.02	4	-	-	-	-	
Construction	х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	х	х	
Commercial and Institutional	603	0.01	0.28	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	
Residential	884	2	50	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	
Agriculture and Forestry  Transport <sup>b</sup>	5 <b>190</b>	0.00 <b>0.90</b>	0.01 <b>25</b>	0.00 <b>0.16</b>	0.10 <b>43</b>	-	-	-	-	5
Aviation	273	0.00	0.06	0.01	2			-	-	,
Road Transportation	3 800	0.20	6	0.10	26	-	_	-	-	3
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 010	0.06	2	0.02	4	-	-	-	-	1
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 830	0.10	3	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	117	0.00	0.10	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	
Motorcycles	22	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	15	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.32	-	-	-	-	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	20	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.43	-	-	-	-	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	778	0.03	0.90 0.50	0.04	0.03	-	-	-	-	
Railways	33	0.02	0.05	0.00	3	-		_	_	
Marine	400	0.04	1	0.01	3			_	_	
Other Transportation	690	0.63	18	0.03	9	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	85	0.00	0.08	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	109	0.13	4	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	308	0.03	0.83	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Residential	28	0.08	2	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Other Transportation	158	0.40	11	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	
Pipeline Transport	0.96	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	
Fugitive Sources	0.02	<b>8</b> 7	<b>220</b> 200	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	
Coal Mining Oil and Natural Gas	0.02	0.51	14	0.00	0.00	-		-	-	
Oil Oil	0.02	0.00	0.00	- 0.00	- 0.00	-		-	_	
Natural Gas	0.00	0.50	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venting	0.00	0.00	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Flaring	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	
. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	180	-	-	0.05	14	270	0.32	8	-	
Mineral Products	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cement Production Lime Production	X -	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Mineral Products Use	X	-	-		_			_	_	
Chemical Industry	-	-	-	-				-	_	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	270	0.13	-	-	
Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> Other Product Manufacture and Use	60	-	-	0.05	14	-	0.20	- 8	-	
Other Product Manufacture and Use GRICULTURE	18	8	220	0.05	92	-	0.20	8	-	
Enteric Fermentation	-	6	180	0.55	- 92	-		-	-	
. Manure Management	-	2	45	0.10	40	-	-	-	-	
Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	0.21	57	-	-	-	-	
Direct Sources	-	-	-	0.14	38	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	0.07	20	-	-	-	-	
Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	18	-	-	- 0.20	-	-	-	-	-	
ASTE  Landfills	-	20 20	560 500	0.20	40	-	-	-	-	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	- 300					-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-		10					-	-	
	-	0.60	20	0.06	20	-	-	-	-	
Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		2	50	0.09	20	-	-	-	-	
. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste . Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-			0.10	_	-	-	-	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge		-	-	0.10						
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  . Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	- - -1 100	-	10 <b>3</b>		1	-	-	-	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land	-1 100 -1 500	0.10	10 <b>3</b>	0.00	1 -	-	-	-	-	-1 -1
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge NND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY FOREST LAND Cropland	- - -1 100	-	10 <b>3</b>	-	1	-	- - -	- - -	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  . Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland Grassland	-1 100 -1 500 180	0.10 - 0.03	10 3 - 0.80	0.00	0.43	- - -	- - - -	-	- - -	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  . Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land  . Cropland	-1 100 -1 500	0.10	10 <b>3</b>	0.00	1 -	-	- - -	- - -	-	

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

- Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
   Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>5</sub>.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
  Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality. 0.00

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
OTAL <sup>a</sup>	16 100	19 800	13 400	13 100	11 100	11 800	12 400	11 50
NERGY	14 700	18 300	12 000	11 800	9 780	10 400	11 000	10 10
. Stationary Combustion Sources	10 700	13 200	7 930	7 870	6 230	6 860	7 510	6 51
Public Electricity and Heat Production	6 010	8 410	4 360	3 930	2 600	3 270	3 850	3 01
Petroleum Refining Industries Oil and Gas Extraction	1 160	2 030	X -	X	X -	10	16	
Mining	126	161	x	х	Х	X	X	
Manufacturing Industries	1 630	1 170	679	689	582	656	831	61
Construction	69	6	10	7	9	9	8	
Commercial and Institutional	579	603	306	332	326	311	341	35
Residential	1 040	746	604	516	436	363	395	37
Agriculture and Forestry	53	33	34	32	28	36	40	3
o. Transport <sup>b</sup>	3 990	4 920	3 860	3 730	3 370	3 370	3 300	3 36
Aviation	137	127	116	118	61	64	94	10
Road Transportation	2 820	3 410	2 860	2 770	2 520	2 460	2 400	2 43
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 220 807	1 030 1 040	772 1 280	726 1 280	609 1 160	608 1 160	591 1 180	57 1 23
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	134	114	99	99	95	81	87	1 23
Motorcycles	5	15	27	27	20	18	19	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	9	31	6	5	5	5	4	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	37	25	7	7	7	9	8	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	608	1 160	672	626	626	580	510	50
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	-	-	0.01	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.0
Railways	121	124	109	108	90	119	75	
Marine	187	227	136	142	119	131	221	24
Other Transportation	726	1 030	635	596	575	595	508	5
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	272	241	134	122	113	128	106	10
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	104	97	72	69	71	87	71	1
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Off-Road Residential	243 10	333	190	173 26	161 24	184	150 19	1.
Off-Road Other Transportation	97	325	201	192	185	163	155	1
Pipeline Transport	-	X X	X X	15	20	15	8	
. Fugitive Sources	60	220	160	200	170	190	200	2
Coal Mining	1	0.30	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	59	224	162	198	175	187	199	2
Oil	8	16	12	13	14	14	13	
Natural Gas	0.22	29	13	12	13	11	12	
Venting	36	147	114	143	123	134	143	1.
Flaring	15	31	24	30	25	28	30	
I. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 247	-
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE  . Mineral Products	185 89	253 99	511	341 47	349 44	339 50	347 51	3:
. Mineral Products Cement Production	-		50			-		
Lime Production	83	93	х	х	х	x	х	
Mineral Products Use	6	6	x	x	х	X	x	
o. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-			-	-			
I. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	110	240	240	240	220	220	2
Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> Other Product Manufacture and Use	91 5	33 8	210	44 10	58 11	54 11	64	
. Other Product Manufacture and Use AGRICULTURE	440	470	11 410	400	400	410	13 410	3
a. Enteric Fermentation	220	210	170	160	160	150	140	1
, Manure Management	60	77	61	59	58	55	54	•
. Agricultural Soils	90	130	130	130	130	160	160	1
Direct Sources	63	98	97	100	100	130	130	1
Indirect Sources	30	40	30	30	30	30	40	
I. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.04	0.
Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	68	55	49	51	54	54	54	
VASTE	780	810	530	560	590	640	650	6
. Landfills	700	700	400	400	500	500	500	5
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	1 000	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	- 40	-	
Biological Treatment of Solid Waste     Incinguation and Open Burning of Waste	3	40	20	20	20	40	40	
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  I. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	69	70	83	100	100	120	110	1
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge		- 70		-	.00	120	- 110	- '
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	100	100	100	100	1
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	9 400	7 300	1 400	570	1 300	940	760	3
. Forest Land	14 000	9 800	2 900	2 200	2 400	2 000	1 700	13
o. Cropland	77	130	140	190	190	240	160	1
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Grassland								
. Grassland I. Wetlands	180	390	500	510	520	520	540	5

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
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- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
Global Warming Potential	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O 265	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub> 23 500	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> e
TOTALa	10 000	32	890	1	310	210	0.23	1	- Kt CO2 Cq	11 50
ENERGY	9 890	4	100	0.30	90	-	-	-	-	10 10
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	6 390	2	60	0.20	50	-	-	-	-	6 51
Public Electricity and Heat Production	2 990	0.27	7	0.05	10	-	-	-	-	3 01
Petroleum Refining Industries Oil and Gas Extraction	x 6	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	X	X	X -	X -	
Mining	X	0.00 X	0.00 X	0.00 X	0.10 X	X	X	X	×	
Manufacturing Industries	582	0.18	5	0.11	29	-	-	-	-	61
Construction	8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	
Commercial and Institutional	349	0.01	0.16	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	35
Residential	321	2	40	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	37
Agriculture and Forestry  b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	38 3 310	0.00 <b>0.68</b>	0.01 <b>19</b>	0.00 <b>0.13</b>	0.10 <b>33</b>	-		-	-	3 36
Aviation	99	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.80	-		-	-	10
Road Transportation	2 410	0.10	4	0.07	17	-	-	-	-	2 43
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	572	0.04	1	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	57
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 220	0.07	2	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	1 23
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	88	0.00	0.08	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	9
Motorcycles Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	3	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	2
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07			-	-	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Trucks	495	0.00	0.60	0.00	7	-		-	-	50
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.0
Railways	70	0.00	0.10	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	7
Marine	239	0.02	0.63	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	24
Other Transportation	492	0.51	14	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	51
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	106 70	0.00	0.13	0.01	0.70	-	-	-	-	10 7
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	153	0.07	0.60	0.00	3			-	-	15
Off-Road Residential	17	0.05	1	0.00	0.10	_	_	-	_	1
Off-Road Other Transportation	140	0.36	10	0.00	0.90	-	-	-	-	15
Pipeline Transport	6	0.01	0.18	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	
c. Fugitive Sources	180	0.87	24	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	21
Coal Mining	-	- 0.07	- 24	- 0.01	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas Oil	0.08	0.87	24	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	21
Natural Gas	0.00	0.53	15	0.01	-	-		-	-	1
Venting	150	0.01	0.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Flaring	32	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	3
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	102	-	-	0.04	11	210	0.23	1	-	32
a. Mineral Products	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Cement Production Lime Production	X	-	-	-		-		-	-	
Mineral Products Use	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production  Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-		-			210	0.11	-	-	21
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	62	-	-	-	-			-	-	6
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.04	11	-	0.10	1	-	1
AGRICULTURE	56	6	170	0.64	170	-	-	-	-	39
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	5	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
b. Manure Management	-	1	29	0.09	20	-	-	-	-	5
c. Agricultural Soils  Direct Sources	-	-	-	<b>0.55</b> 0.43	150 110	-	-	-	-	15 11
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	0.43	30	-		-	-	3
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.0
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
WASTE	-	22	620	0.20	40	-	-	-	-	66
a. Landfills	-	20	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.70	20	0.07	20	-	-	-	-	4
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	- 0.70	-	- 0.07	- 20	-		-	-	- 4
	-	3	80	0.08	20	-	-	-	-	11
	_	-	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge			100	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-								38
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	370	0.40	11	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  a. Forest Land	370 1 300	0.40	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 30
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	370		11 - 1	0.01		-	-	-		1 30
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	370 1 300 180	0.40 - 0.05	11 - 1	0.00	0.98	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 30 18
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	370 1 300	0.40	11 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 30 18 54

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

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Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

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Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	84 300	84 500	79 900	81 900	74 500	77 500	79 300	78 90
ENERGY	58 200	60 000	57 300	59 200	51 400	54 300	56 100	55 40
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	30 300	26 200	21 500	22 800	20 500	20 900	21 200	20 00
Public Electricity and Heat Production	1 490	616	242	238	292	251	233	26
Petroleum Refining Industries	3 460	3 450	2 040	2 310	2 170	2 170	2 280	2 19
Oil and Gas Extraction  Mining	824	318	1 480	1 560	1 300	1 190	1 050	96
Manufacturing Industries	12 500	10 000	8 850	9 610	8 870	9 230	9 330	9 22
Construction	458	311	401	412	379	371	397	38
Commercial and Institutional	4 400	5 410	4 850	4 950	4 300	4 580	4 700	4 16
Residential	6 850	5 660	3 190	3 240	2 810	2 780	2 870	2 54
Agriculture and Forestry	290	367	462	475	384	339	345	3.
o. Transport <sup>b</sup>	27 300	33 300	35 400	36 000	30 500	33 000	34 400	34 90
Aviation	951	763	903	900	551	664	828	9
Road Transportation	20 800	24 800	26 400	26 500	22 300	24 300	25 700	26 0
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	12 000	10 700	8 690	8 540	6 760	7 520	7 500	7 5
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	4 020	7 040	9 550	10 100	8 800	9 600	10 100	10 9
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles  Motorcycles	569 77	765 164	756 268	778 276	773 232	716 226	745 259	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	193	219	104	91	57	70	68	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	334	190	114	115	81	115	134	1
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	3 650	5 770	6 950	6 630	5 590	6 000	6 800	6.3
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	6	0.26	11	17	17	21	21	
Railways	644	667	531	545	484	472	508	5
Marine	671	919	855	836	662	669	779	7
Other Transportation	4 260	6 140	6 690	7 180	6 490	6 950	6 670	6.5
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	807	767	1 030	1 130	997	1 110	1 050	1 (
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	828	1 010	1 330	1 450	1 310	1 450	1 390	1 4
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	1 990	2 490	2 890	3 150	2 760	3 040	2 860	2.7
Off-Road Residential	83	240	196	197	202	174	181	
Off-Road Other Transportation Pipeline Transport	524 26	1 300	1 140	1 160	1 120	1 080	1 090	1 (
:. Fugitive Sources	660	480	370	440	370	390	440	4
Coal Mining	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	660	475	375	436	372	391	439	
Oil	21	24	17	19	17	17	19	
Natural Gas	499	166	136	151	147	146	152	1
Venting	100	238	186	222	178	194	225	2
Flaring	40	48	36	43	31	34	43	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	14 300	12 400	10 000	10 300	10 700	11 000	10 900	11 2
a. Mineral Products Cement Production	1 890	1 990	2 080 1 620	2 530	<b>2 290</b> 1 870	2 480	2 280	2.5
Lime Production	1 450 295	1 330 507	1 020 X	2 080	1 6/U	2 040 x	1 840	2
Mineral Products Use	150	150	X	X X	X	X	X X	
c. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-			-	-		
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Metal Production	10 400	7 380	4 700	4 510	5 130	5 280	5 310	5 3
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	9	8	8	8	7	
Aluminium Production	8 020	7 150	4 680	4 490	5 110	5 260	5 290	5 :
Magnesium Production and Casting	2 430	233	11	11	9	14	19	
<ol> <li>Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF<sub>6</sub> and NF<sub>3</sub><sup>d</sup></li> </ol>	2	970	2 300	2 300	2 300	2 200	2 200	2 1
Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	1 900	1 900	760	850	880	880	1 000	1 (
. Other Product Manufacture and Use	76	110	170	150	180	190	150	
AGRICULTURE	6 700	7 500	7 900	7 700	7 900	7 700	7 900	7 9
n. Enteric Fermentation n. Manure Management	3 500	3 500	2 900	2 900	2 900	2 900	2 800	2 8
	1 200 1 800	1 700 2 100	1 800 3 000	1 800 2 800	1 700 3 000	1 800 2 900	1 700 3 100	1 7
Direct Sources	1 400	1 700	2 500	2 300	2 500	2 400	2 600	2 (
Indirect Sources	400	400	500	500	500	500	500	
I. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.30	0.30	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0
Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	220	160	240	220	230	210	230	
VASTE	5 000	4 700	4 700	4 600	4 500	4 500	4 400	4
. Landfills	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 (
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	40	30	70	70	70	100	100	
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	200	200	30	30	30	40	30	
I. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	320	340	410	410	420	420	430	
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	17.000	16.000	10.000	- 0.400	14.000	12.000	14.000	
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	17 000	16 000	10 000	9 400	14 000	13 000	14 000	14 (
. Forest Land	28 000	25 000	14 000	13 000	15 000	16 000	15 000	16 (
o. Cropland	1 000	1 500	1 300	1 500	1 700	1 700	1 800	13
. Grassland	4 500	1 000	1 400	1 500	1 600	1 500	1 400	
l. Wetlands	4 500	1 900	1 400	1 500	1 600	1 500	1 400	1 :
. Settlements	760	500	220	200	190	180	160	

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

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Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

- a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
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  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
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Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	ise Gases				
	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsª	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential Unit	kt	kt	28 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	265 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	23 500 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	16 100 kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> e
TOTALa	62 600	330	9 100	17	4 500	2 100	613	<b>73</b>	0.60	78 90
ENERGY	53 900	33	920	2	500	2 100	- 013	- 73	- 0.00	55 40
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	19 300	20	600	0.80	200	-	-	-	-	20 00
Public Electricity and Heat Production	266	0.01	0.40	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	26
Petroleum Refining Industries	2 180	0.05	1	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	2 19
Oil and Gas Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	963	0.02	0.60	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	96
Manufacturing Industries	9 100	0.61	17	0.36	96	-	-	-	-	9 22
Construction Commercial and Institutional	378 4 130	0.01	0.20	0.01	30	-	-	-	-	38 4 16
Residential	1 940	20	500	0.10	60			-	-	2 54
Agriculture and Forestry	320	0.01	0.10	0.02	5		_	-	-	32
. Transport <sup>b</sup>	34 400	6	170	1	340	-	-	-	-	34 90
Aviation	900	0.02	0.70	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	90
Road Transportation	25 800	2	40	0.71	190	-	-	-	-	26 00
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	7 520	0.50	10	0.12	31	-	-	-	-	7 56
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	10 800	0.60	20	0.15	40	-	-	-	-	10 90
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	782	0.03	0.70	0.07	18	-	-	-	-	80
Motorcycles	277	0.10	3	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	28
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	62	0.00	0.03	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	6
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	121	0.00	0.09	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	12
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	6 210	0.30	7	0.35	94	-	-	-	-	6 32
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	15	0.05	1	0.00	0.11	-	-	-	-	1
Railways	508	0.03	0.80	0.20	50	-	-	-	-	56
Marine Other Transportation	789	0.07	130	0.02	6 90	-	-	-	-	79
Other Transportation	6 380		1.00	0.30	20	-	-	-	-	6 59
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	1 010 1 350	0.04	36	0.06	10		-	-	-	1 02
Off-Road Commercial and institutional Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	2 740	0.33	9	0.03	50			-	-	2 79
Off-Road Residential	166	0.33	13	0.20	1		_	-	-	18
Off-Road Other Transportation	1 020	2	64	0.03	7		_	_	_	1 09
Pipeline Transport	96	0.10	3	0.00	0.70		-	-	-	10.
. Fugitive Sources	260	7	191	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	46
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	260	7	191	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	46
Oil	0.11	0.47	13	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	1
Natural Gas	0.04	6	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Venting	220	0.70	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Flaring	46	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	4
d. CO₂ Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	8 340	0.00	0.00	0.44	120	2 100	613	73	0.60	11 20
. Mineral Products	2 580	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 58
Cement Production	2 180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 18
Lime Production Mineral Products Use	X	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
o. Chemical Industry	X	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-		-	-	-				-	
. Metal Production	4 750	0.00	0.00	-			602	22	-	5 38
Iron and Steel Production	6	0.00	0.00	-	-	_			-	3 30
Aluminium Production	4 750	-	-	-	-	_	602	0.08	-	5 35
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	2 100	4	7	0.60	2 10
. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 00
. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.44	120	-	7	44	-	17
AGRICULTURE	270	150	4 100	13	3 500	-	-	-	-	7 90
. Enteric Fermentation	-	99	2 800	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 80
o. Manure Management	-	48	1 300	2	400	-	-	-	-	1 70
. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	12	3 100	-	-	-	-	3 10
Direct Sources	-	-	-	10	2 600	-	-	-	-	2 60
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	2	500	-	-	-	-	5
I. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	0.
. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
VASTE	10	150	4 100	1	300	-	-	-	-	4 4
	-	100	4 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 00
. Landfills	-	10	-		-		-	-	-	
Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills			-		40		-	-	-	10
. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-		70			-	-		-	
Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	2	70 0.03	0.10			-	-	-	
. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	10	0.00	0.03	0.10	26		-		-	
. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	- 10 4	0.00 8		0.10 0.70		-	-	-	-	
. Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	10	0.00	0.03 200	<b>0.10</b> <b>0.70</b>	26 200				- - -	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	- 10 4 -	0.00 8 10	0.03 200 - 10	0.10 0.70 1	26 200 - 10	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	4
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	10 4 - - 14 000	2 0.00 8 10 -	0.03 200 - 10 59	0.10 0.70 1 - 0.22	26 200 - 10 58	-	-	-	-	14 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY In Forest Land	10 4 - 14 000 16 000	2 0.00 8 10 - 2	0.03 200 - 10 59 30	0.10 0.70 1 - 0.22 0.20	26 200 - 10 58 50	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	14 00
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	10 4 - - 14 000	2 0.00 8 10 -	0.03 200 - 10 59	0.10 0.70 1 - 0.22	26 200 - 10 58	- - - -	- - - -	-	- - - -	14 00 16 00 1 30
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills  Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land  Cropland  Grassland	10 4 - - 14 000 16 000 1 300	2 0.00 8 10 - 2 1 0.21	0.03 200 - 10 59 30 6	0.10 0.70 1 - 0.22 0.20 0.02	26 200 - 10 58 50 4	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	14 00 16 00 1 30
A. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills  Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  D. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  L. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  D. Forest Land	10 4 - 14 000 16 000	2 0.00 8 10 - 2	0.03 200 - 10 59 30 6	0.10 0.70 1 - 0.22 0.20 0.02	26 200 - 10 58 50 4	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - -	14 00

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- 0.00
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Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	178 000	202 000	164 000	165 000	149 000	152 000	158 000	159 00
ENERGY	132 000	160 000	123 000	125 000	110 000	112 000	118 000	118 00
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	82 000	93 300	60 000	61 400	58 000	57 200	60 300	59 90
Public Electricity and Heat Production	25 600	33 900	4 160 3 720	3 970	4 950	5 740	6 810	8 28
Petroleum Refining Industries Oil and Gas Extraction	6 230 100	6 630 167	58	4 180 84	4 100 34	4 410 83	4 520 99	4 48
Mining	493	417	491	510	529	539	579	47
Manufacturing Industries	21 900	17 800	15 200	15 200	14 000	14 500	15 000	14 80
Construction	571	632	291	305	306	366	399	36
Commercial and Institutional	9 170	12 700	16 600	17 000	15 400	13 200	13 800	13 50
Residential	17 100	20 000	18 000	18 500	17 200	16 700	17 300	16 00
Agriculture and Forestry	774	1 030	1 410	1 610	1 440	1 670	1 760	1 7
o. Transport <sup>b</sup>	47 600	63 900	60 900	61 200	50 000	52 200	55 300	55 9
Aviation	2 370	2 220	2 590	2 590	1 350	1 570	2 280	2 4
Road Transportation	34 100	47 100	45 400	46 000	37 500	39 000	40 900	41 2
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	18 000 8 920	16 400 16 200	12 100 19 700	12 000 20 600	8 980 16 700	8 830 16 900	9 160 18 100	9 1
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 330	1 650	1 480	1 520	1 350	1 440	1 310	130
Motorcycles	68	140	286	292	224	268	224	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	76	227	169	158	116	111	124	1
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	158	162	193	203	163	181	240	2
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	5 430	12 300	11 400	11 200	9 920	11 200	11 800	11.2
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	101	7	19	21	27	27	28	
Railways	1 880	2 110	1 540	1 500	1 340	1 300	1 270	1.2
Marine	165	219	303	310	342	302	297	
Other Transportation	9 070	12 300	11 100	10 800	9 510	10 000	10 500	10 6
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	758	786	1 250	1 220	1 050	1 080	1 160	1
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	1 330	1 500	1 730	1 740	1 580	1 700	1 780	1.7
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Off-Road Residential	3 620 152	3 900 500	4 630 405	4 480	3 880 365	4 000	4 200 349	4 (
Off-Road Other Transportation	928	2 530	2 020	2 020	1 850	1 980	1 920	1.9
Pipeline Transport	2 280	3 040	1 020	948	783	848	1 110	1.3
. Fugitive Sources	2 300	2 600	2 100	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 200	2 2
Coal Mining				-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	2 340	2 630	2 090	2 190	2 180	2 220	2 200	2 2
Oil	63	40	26	28	27	29	30	
Natural Gas	1 760	2 000	1 560	1 620	1 660	1 680	1 610	1 6
Venting	363	490	443	468	431	445	497	5
Flaring	157	102	62	69	56	61	69	
I. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE  . Mineral Products	29 400 3 970	25 300 4 870	24 800 3 730	24 000 3 600	21 700 3 510	23 100 3 710	22 900 3 470	23 4 3 4
Cement Production	2 440	3 700	2 950	2 830	2 870	2 970	2 720	2 7
Lime Production	1 130	843	2 330 X	2 030 X	2 07 0 X	2 37 0 X	x x	
Mineral Products Use	400	330	x	x	x	x	x	
. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	9 160	2 260	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	9 160	2 260	-	-	-	-	-	
. Metal Production	11 200	12 000	10 600	9 870	8 230	9 610	9 140	9 7
Iron and Steel Production	10 500	10 800	10 500	9 590	8 130	9 480	8 990	9 :
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	735	1 190	130	280	96	130	148	
I. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	820	1 900	4 400	4 400	4 300	4 100	4 100	3 9
Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> Other Product Manufacture and Use	4 100	4 100	5 800	5 900	5 400	5 400	6 000	6 1
	140	180	250	240	270	250	240	10.6
GRICULTURE . Enteric Fermentation	9 500 4 800	9 400 4 600	8 800 3 700	9 000 3 700	9 700 3 700	9 500 3 700	9 600 3 700	10 (
. Manure Management	1 800	2 100	1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	19
Agricultural Soils	2 600	2 500	3 000	3 100	3 700	3 600	3 600	4 1
Direct Sources	2 000	1 900	2 400	2 500	3 000	2 900	3 000	3 3
Indirect Sources	600	600	600	600	700	700	700	8
. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	3	0.60	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.20	0.20	0
. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	250	160	200	210	260	240	250	:
/ASTE	7 400	8 000	7 100	7 200	7 200	7 400	7 300	73
Landfills	7 000	7 000	6 000	6 000	6 000	6 000	6 000	6
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	10 000	10 000	10 000	10 000	10 000	10 000	10 000	10
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	
Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	30	70	100	100	100	100	100	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	70	100	100	100	1 000	1 000	100	1
Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	1,000	810 1 000	<b>1 000</b>	1 000 1 000	<b>1 000</b> 1 000	1 000 1 000	<b>1 000</b>	1
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	1 000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-12 000	-7 800	-24 000	-24 000	- <b>23 000</b>	-24 000	- <b>23 000</b>	-24
Forest Land	670	-7 800	-22 000	-22 000	-23 000	-23 000	-23 000	-24
. Cropland	820	580	640	1 200	2 000	1 400	2 600	1 :
Grassland		-	-	1 200	2 300	. 400	_ 300	
. Wetlands	17	14	33	36	39	43	44	
	-510	-600	-590	-580	-580	-580	-580	-
. Settlements								

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Color   Colo	Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
Name	Global Warming Potential	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>		N <sub>2</sub> O		HFCs <sup>a</sup>	PFCs <sup>a</sup>	-	-	TOTAL
Selectionary Combustion Sources	Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> e				
a. Stationary Combustion Sources         59 300         9         300         1         400         -							3 900	19	270	-	159 00
Public Restrictly and frest Production							-	-	-	-	118 00
Petrolaum Refining Industries											59 90
Gil and Gas betraction											8 28 4 48
Mining										-	17
Manufacturing Industries										-	47
Commercial and Institutional   1500   0.36   10   0.30   80   -   -     -						89	-	-	-	-	14 80
Residential	Construction	362	0.01	0.18	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	36
Apriculture and Forestry							-	-	-	-	13 50
5. Transport											16 00
Aviation											1 78 <b>55 90</b>
Road Transportation											2 46
Light-Duty Casceline Vehicles											41 20
Light Duty Casceline Trucks							-	-		-	9 11
Motorcycles   224   0.08   2   0.00   1				30		70	-	-	-	-	19 00
Light-Duty Diseal Purkols  Light-Duty Diseal Purkols  Light-Duty Diseal Purkols  Light-Duty Diseal Vehicles  11000 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 340	0.04	1	0.13	33	-	-	-	-	1 38
Light-Duty Diesel Princips Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles 11 000 0.05 10 0.05 170											22
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles											10
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles											22
Railways											11 20
Marine											1 20
Other Transportation	•										1 28
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional 1720											10 60
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional   1720   2   51   0.07   20   Off-Road Residential   339   0.67   19   0.30   70   Off-Road Residential   339   0.66   27   0.01   2											1 12
Off-Road Residential         329         0.96         27         0.01         2         -				51			-	-	-	-	1 79
Off-Road Other Transportation	Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	3 970	0.67	19	0.30	70	-	-	-	-	4 06
Pipeline Transport							-	-	-	-	35
C. Fuglitive Sources   360   67   1870   0.02   6   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -											1 95
Coal Minings											1 32
Oil and Natural Gas											2 20
Oil											2.24
Natural Gas   Q88   58   1620   -   -   -   -   -   -   -     -										_	2 24
Venting										_	1 62
Flaring											50
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE					0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	7
A. Mineral Products	d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cement Production					0.86	230	3 900		270	-	23 40
Lime Production									-	-	3 45
Mineral Products Use										-	2 74
b. Chemical Industry											
Adaptic Acid Production   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -											
c. Metal Production         9 500         0.10         3         -         -         -         224         - <th< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	·		_						-		
Iron and Steel Production		9 500	0.10	3	-	-	-	-	224	-	9 73
Magnesium Production and Casting         -         -         -         -         224         -           d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF₀ and NF₃⁴         -         -         -         -         3900         9         16         -           e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> 6000         -         0.10         -	Iron and Steel Production	9 500	0.10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	9 50
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup> -       -       -       -       3900       9       16         e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> 6000       -       -       0.17       200       -       -       10       32       -         AGRICULTURE       340       170       4800       19       4900       -	Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> f. Other Product Manufacture and Use		-	-	-	-	-	-		224	-	22
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use         -         -         -         0.77         200         -         10         32           AGRICULTURE         340         170         4 800         19         4 900         -						-	3 900		16	-	3 90
AGRICULTURE a. Enteric Fermentation b. Manure Management c. Agricultural Soils c. Agricu		6 000				-	-		-	-	6 10
a. Enteric Fermentation         -         130         3 700         -		240						10	32	-	25 10 00
b. Manure Management       -       40       1100       3       800       -       -       -         c. Agricultural Soils       -       -       -       16       4 100       -       -       -       -         Direct Sources       -       -       13       3 300       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4 900</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>3 70</td>						4 900		_	_	_	3 70
c. Agricultural Soils         -         -         -         16         4 100         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>800</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 90</td>						800					1 90
Direct Sources		-					-	-	-	-	4 10
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues       -       0.01       0.10       0.00       0.03       -       -       -         e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers       340       -	•	-	-	-							3 30
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers 340	Indirect Sources	-	-	-	3	800	-	-	-	-	80
WASTE         70         230         6 300         3         900         -         -         -           a. Landfills         -         200         6 000         -         -         -         -         -           Municipal Solid Waste Landfills         -         -         1000         -         -         -         -         -           b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste         -         2         70         0.30         70         -         -         -         -           c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste         100         0.00         0.04         0.16         42         -         -         -         -         -           d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge         7         10         300         3         700         -         -         -         -         -           Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge         10         -         -         1000         -			0.01	0.10	0.00	0.03					0.2
a. Landfills       -       200       6 000       -       -       -       -       -         Municipal Solid Waste Landfills       -       -       10 000       -			-	-	-	-					34
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills						900					7 30
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills			200			-					6 00
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste       -       2       70       0.30       70       -       -       -         c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste       100       0.00       0.04       0.16       42       - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10 00</td></t<>			-			-					10 00
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste     100     0.00     0.04     0.16     42     -     -     -       d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     7     10     300     3     700     -     -     -       Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     -     10     -     -     1000     -     -     -     -       LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY     -24 000     0.61     17     0.03     7     -     -     -       a. Forest Land     -24 000     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     -       b. Cropland     1 200     0.26     7     0.02     5     -     -     -     -											10
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     7     10     300     3     700     -     -     -       Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     -     10     -     -     1000     -     -     -     -       LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY     -24 000     0.61     17     0.03     7     -     -     -       a. Forest Land     -24 000     -     <											10
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     -     10     -     -     1000     -     -     -       Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     10     -     -     -     10     -     -     -     -       LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY     -24 000     -     -     -     -     -     -     -       a. Forest Land     -24 000     - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 10</td></td<>											1 10
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge											
a. Forest Land -24 000		10		-			-		-		
b. Cropland 1 200 0.26 7 0.02 5			0.61	17	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	-24 00
			-		-					-	-24 00
- Considered		1 200	0.26		0.02	5				-	1 20
	c. Grassland	-	-	- 0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	ļ
d. Wetlands 45 0.03 0.85 0.00 0.17 -											4
e. Settlements			0.32								-58 -1 40

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

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Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- echildential data.

  e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
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Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO:	eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	18 300	20 700	22 400	22 200	21 200	20 700	21 700	21 300
ENERGY	12 700	12 700	14 100	13 900	12 700	12 600	13 500	13 300
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	4 910	4 500	4 270	4 250	4 100	3 880	4 390	4 070
Public Electricity and Heat Production	519	361	41	40	41	56	48	74
Petroleum Refining Industries Oil and Gas Extraction	- 1	0.46	0.00	-	0.00	-	-	0.00
Mining	78	96	120	119	119	118	109	100
Manufacturing Industries	1 180	1 450	1 190	1 200	1 200	1 120	1 280	1 330
Construction	63	85	126	123	114	112	120	110
Commercial and Institutional	1 400	1 400	1 530	1 510	1 430	1 370	1 580	1 400
Residential	1 620	1 060	1 210	1 210	1 140	1 050	1 200	1 020
Agriculture and Forestry	43	43	49	50	51	50	46	4:
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	7 060	7 740	9 060	8 810	7 880	8 030	8 300	8 36
Aviation	471	533	515	511	311	358	444	49
Road Transportation	3 490	3 880	4 630	4 600	4 080	4 250	4 390	4 49
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 560 1 030	1 150 1 410	925 2 160	2 190	734 2 000	779 2 090	779 2 160	783 2 280
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	195	162	169	173	172	164	166	17
Motorcycles	3	9	29	31	27	25	26	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	9	10	6	5	4	4	4	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	23	15	15	15	11	14	16	1
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	656	1 120	1 330	1 290	1 120	1 160	1 240	1 20
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	15	0.12	0.82	1	2	2	2	
Railways	493	503	542	521	468	461	452	46
Marine	3	3	4	2	0.92	0.30	1	0.4
Other Transportation	2 600	2 820	3 370	3 180	3 030	2 960	3 010	2 91
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	806	1 020	1 440	1 380	1 400	1 280	1 290	1 30
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	288	304	506	483	438	445	484	51
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Off-Road Residential	470 11	510	536 41	509 41	494 42	456	456 34	45
Off-Road Other Transportation	179	46 348	535	501	460	35 447	493	50 50
Pipeline Transport	850	595	309	266	192	294	245	11
c. Fugitive Sources	740	410	750	810	740	730	800	84
Coal Mining			-	-		-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	737	413	751	809	740	734	804	83
Oil	145	166	343	345	315	320	331	34
Natural Gas	496	110	98	109	119	120	114	11.
Venting	67	105	201	240	208	198	260	27
Flaring	29	32	110	115	99	95	99	10-
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-		-		-		-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	489 225	694	958	927	934	875	939 72	886 61
a. Mineral Products  Cement Production	155	78	81	74	73	71	- 12	
Lime Production	63	63	x	х	х	х	x	
Mineral Products Use	7	15	x	X	x	X	x	
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	190	410	410	410	390	380	37
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use AGRICULTURE	4 200	6 100	6 000	6 000	6 200	6 000	X 5 000	5 90
a. Enteric Fermentation	4 200 2 100	6 100 3 600	6 000 2 700	6 000 2 600	6 300 2 600	6 000 2 600	5 900 2 500	5 80 2 40
b. Manure Management	390	760	730	720	710	700	690	68
c. Agricultural Soils	1 400	1 500	2 300	2 300	2 500	2 300	2 400	2 30
Direct Sources	1 100	1 100	1 800	1 800	2 000	1 800	1 900	1 80
Indirect Sources	300	300	500	500	500	500	500	50
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	200	10	20	20	20	20	20	2
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	130	190	310	330	460	390	350	35
NASTE	880	1 300	1 400	1 400	1 200	1 200	1 400	1 40
a. Landfills	800	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	0.30		- 10	- 10	-	- 20	-	_
o. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	0.30	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20	2
Incineration and Open Burning of Wasta	0.01	0.01 73	100	99	94	100	97	9
	68		100			100	100	10
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	<b>68</b>		100	100				
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	100	100	100	100	100	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	100		-	10	-	-4 000	330	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY		100	-4 900 -520		-2 700 -680	-	-	-4 30
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land	100 - -1 400	100 - -1 300	-4 900	10 - <b>3 700</b>	-2 700	-4 000	330	-4 30 -99
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	100 - -1 400 180	100 - -1 300 1 900	-4 900 -520	10 -3 700 -530	-2 700 -680	-4 000 -960	330 -910	-4 30 -99
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND-USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland d. Wetlands	100 - -1 400 180 -640 -	100 -1 300 1 900 -2 300 - 110	-4 900 -520 -4 500 -	-3 700 -530 -3 200 - 190	-2 700 -680 -2 300 -	-4 000 -960 -3 300 -	330 -910 970 -	-4 30 -99 -3 60
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	100 - -1 400 180 -640	-1 300 1 900 -2 300	-4 900 -520 -4 500	-3 700 -530 -3 200	-2 700 -680 -2 300	-4 000 -960 -3 300	330 -910 970	-4 30 -99 -3 60

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
  - 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  - Indicates no emissions.
  - Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
Global Warming Potential	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O 265	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub> 23 500	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ed
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	13 100	180	5 000	10	2 800	370	1.00	2	-	21 30
ENERGY	12 300	30	840	0.60	100	-	-	-	-	13 30
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	4 040	0.30	10	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	4 07
Public Electricity and Heat Production	73	0.01	0.33	0.00	0.40	-	-	-	-	7
Petroleum Refining Industries	- 0.00	- 0.00	- 0.00	- 0.00	- 0.00	-	-	-	-	0.0
Oil and Gas Extraction Mining	0.00 98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.0
Manufacturing Industries	1 320	0.05	2	0.01	10	_		_	-	1 33
Construction	110	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.56	-	-	_	-	11
Commercial and Institutional	1 390	0.03	0.75	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	1 40
Residential	1 010	0.30	7	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	1 02
Agriculture and Forestry	41	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.70	-	-	-	-	4
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	8 150	3	82	0.45	120	-	-	-	-	8 36
Aviation	489	0.02	0.50	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	49
Road Transportation	4 440	0.30	7	0.15	40	-	-	-	-	4 49
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	777 2 260	0.05	1 4	0.02	5 13	-	-	-	-	78 2 28
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	171	0.10	0.20	0.03	4	-	-	_	-	17
Motorcycles	28	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.14	_	_	_	-	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	_	-	_	-	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	14	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.31	-	-	-	-	1
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	1 180	0.05	1	0.07	18	-	-	-	-	1 20
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	1	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	
Railways	418	0.02	0.70	0.20	40	-	-	-	-	46
Marine	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.4
Other Transportation	2 810	3	74	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	2 91
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	1 280 480	0.08	27	0.06	20	-	-	-	-	1 30
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	442	0.26	7	0.02	7	_	_	_	-	45
Off-Road Residential	31	0.09	3	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	_	3
Off-Road Other Transportation	469	1	32	0.01	4	-	-	-	-	50
Pipeline Transport	108	0.11	3	0.00	0.70	-	-	-	-	11
c. Fugitive Sources	90	27	746	0.00	0.05	-	-	-	-	84
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	90	27	746	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	83
Oil	0.75	12	346	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Natural Gas	0.04	10	115 270	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 27
Venting Flaring	88	0.56	16	0.00	0.04	-	_	-	_	10
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	0.50	-	0.00	0.07	_	-	_	_	10
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	451	-	-	0.23	62	370	1.00	2	-	88
a. Mineral Products	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production  c. Metal Production	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-		-		-	_	-	_	_	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	370	0.20	-	-	37
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	380	-	-	х	х	-	-	-	-	
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	х	х	-	0.80	2	-	
AGRICULTURE	350	100	2 900	9	2 500	-	-	-	-	5 80
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	86	2 400	-		-	-	-	-	2 40
b. Manure Management	-	17	480	0.80	200	-	-	-	-	68
c. Agricultural Soils Direct Sources	-	-	-	<b>9</b>	2 300 1 800	-	-	-	-	2 30 1 80
Indirect Sources	-		-	2	500	-			-	50
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	0.60	20	0.02	4	-	-	-	-	2
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	350	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	35
WASTE	-	46	1 300	0.30	70	-	-	-	-	1 40
a. Landfills	-	40	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.30	10	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	2
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	-	40	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	9
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge		1	40	0.20	<b>60</b> 100	-	-	-	-	10
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-		1		100	-	-	-	-	10
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-4 300	0.96	27	0.03	9	_	_	-	-	-4 30
a. Forest Land	-990	0.90	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-4 30
		0.67	19	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	-3 60
	-3 600	0.07	12							
b. Cropland	-3 600	- 0.07	-	- 0.03	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Cropland c. Grassland	-3 600 - 260	0.07		0.00	0.38		-			
b. Cropland c. Grassland d. Wetlands e. Settlements	260 160	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	26 17
b. Cropland c. Grassland d. Wetlands	260	0.22	- 6	0.00	0.38	-	-		-	26

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Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

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Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO:	<sub>2</sub> eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	48 500	80 500	88 600	86 200	74 600	76 400	75 200	73 900
ENERGY	41 000	67 300	75 400	72 900	61 100	63 100	61 800	60 500
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	18 300	25 800	31 200	30 800	27 600	30 400	30 300	29 800
Public Electricity and Heat Production	11 100	15 300	16 400	16 000	13 900	16 100	14 800	14 600
Petroleum Refining Industries	627	750	1 110	1 170	1 030	1 160	1 120	1 150
Oil and Gas Extraction  Mining	1 400 974	4 480 1 300	6 240 2 270	6 290 2 010	5 990 1 710	6 230 2 250	6 920 2 340	7 200 2 250
Manufacturing Industries	789	541	1 300	1 260	1 250	1 080	1 160	1 180
Construction	70	43	45	36	34	34	33	35
Commercial and Institutional	984	1 540	1 670	1 750	1 580	1 550	1 720	1 530
Residential	2 080	1 620	2 040	2 130	1 910	1 880	2 030	1 730
Agriculture and Forestry	296	261	170	130	133	137	135	144
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	9 320	11 900	17 200	16 800	15 600	16 000	15 800	15 700
Aviation	259	192	235	218	117	147	181	198
Road Transportation	3 160	4 980	7 190	7 040	6 390	6 670	6 480	6 390
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 120	1 170	946	906	732	762	705	648
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	1 080	1 600	3 020	3 030	2 720	2 830	2 750	2 660
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	332	237	292 13	287 13	277 10	262 10	243	23.
Motorcycles Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	4	6 11	13	11	9	10	10	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	21	36	53	54	47	59	64	6.
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	564	1 930	2 850	2 730	2 600	2 730	2 700	2 77
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	39	0.40	3	4	2 000	2 / 30	2 700	2 / /
Railways	636	670	903	894	790	743	732	73
Marine	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Transportation	5 270	6 030	8 910	8 700	8 340	8 410	8 460	8 42
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	2 500	2 630	5 410	5 280	5 370	5 130	4 920	5 22
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	350	329	475	473	418	442	429	42
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	426	434	554	536	511	491	463	47
Off-Road Residential	9	47	52	51	51	44	41	3
Off-Road Other Transportation	385	651	1 010	984	897	893	880	81
Pipeline Transport	1 600	1 940 <b>30 000</b>	1 420 <b>27 000</b>	1 370 <b>25 000</b>	1 100 <b>18 000</b>	1 420 <b>17 000</b>	1 730 <b>16 000</b>	1 46 <b>15 00</b>
c. Fugitive Sources Coal Mining	13 000 20	20	27 000	20 20	10 000	20	20	15 001
Oil and Natural Gas	13 300	29 500	27 000	25 200	17 900	16 700	15 600	15 00
Oil	229	493	710	719	694	716	785	79:
Natural Gas	939	604	642	513	383	371	340	334
Venting	11 500	26 800	23 600	22 100	14 900	13 500	12 700	12 000
Flaring	673	1 640	2 000	1 840	1 900	2 060	1 830	1 830
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	0.09	0.20	60	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	360	863	716	718	865	846	834	818
a. Mineral Products	104	22	4	4	5	5	5	
Cement Production	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	16	22	4	4	5	5	5	
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup> Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-		-	-		-	
Aluminium Production	_	-		_	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	160	410	400	410	380	360	360
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	250	х	х	х	х	х	х	2
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	7	х	х	х	х	х	х	
AGRICULTURE	6 100	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000
a. Enteric Fermentation	3 700	6 800	5 100	5 100	5 100	5 200	5 000	4 90
b. Manure Management	640	1 200	960	940	950	960	920	91
c. Agricultural Soils	1 600	2 400	3 900	4 000	4 000	3 700	4 200	4 10
Direct Sources	1 200	1 800	3 000	3 000	3 000	2 800	3 300	3 10
Indirect Sources d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	400	600 <b>30</b>	1 000	1 000 <b>30</b>	1 000	900 <b>20</b>	900 <b>30</b>	1 000
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	80 190	450	30 1 000	1 000	30 1 100	1 200	1 000	1 20
WASTE	1 000	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 400	1 40
a. Landfills	900	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	0.01	2	4	4	4	3	3	
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	80	83	91	120	120	120	120	12
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	10
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	100	100	100	100	10
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-8 300	-14 000	-15 000	-16 000	-16 000	-16 000	8 100	-17 00
a. Forest Land	-2 400	3 900 -16 000	-60	260	-62	-90	-240	-3
		76 000	-14 000	-15 000	-15 000	-16 000	9 000	-16 00
•	-4 100							
c. Grassland	0.05	0.03	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	
								0.3 5

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a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

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- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
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Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	ise Gases				
	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential Unit	kt	kt	28 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	265 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	23 500 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	16 100 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ec
TOTALa	48 700	700	20 000	20	5 200	<b>360</b>	<b>0.48</b>	0.59	Kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	73 900
ENERGY	47 000	470	13 000	20	500	- 300	0.40	0.59	-	60 500
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	29 500	5	100	0.60	200	-	-	-	-	29 800
Public Electricity and Heat Production	14 500	2	42	0.40	90	-	-	-	-	14 600
Petroleum Refining Industries	1 140	0.03	0.80	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	1 150
Oil and Gas Extraction	7 060	3	100	0.10	40 10	-	-	-	-	7 200
Mining  Manufacturing Industries	2 240 1 170	0.04	0.97	0.04	7		-	-	-	2 250 1 180
Construction	35	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.20	_	-	-	_	35
Commercial and Institutional	1 520	0.03	0.82	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	1 530
Residential	1 720	0.10	4	0.03	9	-	-	-	-	1 730
Agriculture and Forestry	143	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.70	-	-	-	-	144
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	15 400	5	150	0.91	240	-	-	-	-	15 700
Aviation  Read Transportation	196	0.01	0.20	0.01	76	-	-	-	-	198 6 390
Road Transportation Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	6 310 640	0.30	10	0.29	6		-	-	_	648
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	2 630	0.20	5	0.02	22	_	-	_	_	2 660
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	229	0.01	0.30	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	235
Motorcycles	9	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	9
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	9	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	9
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	62	0.00	0.04	0.01	1	-	-	-	-	63
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	2 730	0.10	3	0.15	40	-	-	-	-	2 770
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	2	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	2
Railways Marine	665	0.04	1	0.30	70	-	-	-	-	735
Other Transportation	8 190	5	140	0.40	90	-	_	-		8 420
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	5 140	0.40	11	0.30	70	-	-	-	-	5 220
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	394	0.89	25	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	423
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	457	0.33	9	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	473
Off-Road Residential	34	0.10	3	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	37
Off-Road Other Transportation	757	2	52	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	815
Pipeline Transport	1 410	1	39	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	1 460
c. Fugitive Sources Coal Mining	2 100	<b>456</b> 0.50	<b>12 800</b>	0.25	67	-	-	-	-	<b>15 000</b>
Oil and Natural Gas	2 100	455	12 700	0.30	70			-	-	15 000
Oil	15	26	713	0.20	60	-	-	-	-	793
Natural Gas	0.37	12	333	-	-	-	-	-	-	334
Venting	450	412	11 500	-	-	-	-	-	-	12 000
Flaring	1 680	6	154	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	1 830
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	435	-	-	0.10	27	360	0.48	0.59	-	818
a. Mineral Products Cement Production	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mineral Products Use	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aluminium Production  Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-		-			360	0.17	-		360
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	430	-	-	х	х	-	- 0.17	-	-	X
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	х	х	-	0.30	0.59	-	х
AGRICULTURE	1 200	190	5 200	18	4 700	-	-	-	-	11 000
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	170	4 900	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 900
b. Manure Management	-	12	330	2	600	-	-	-	-	910
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	16	4 100	-	-	-	-	4 100
Direct Sources	-	-	-	12	3 100	-	-	-	-	3 100
Indirect Sources	-	0.70	20	0.02	1 000 <b>5</b>	-	-	-	-	1 000
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	1 200	0.70	-	0.02	-		-	-		20 1 200
WASTE	10	48	1 300	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	1 400
a. Landfills	-	50	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.06	2	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	3
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	- 12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.00
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	12	3	80	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	120
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100 100
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-17 000	0.54	15	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	-17 000
a. Forest Land	-17 000	0.54	-	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-17 000
b. Cropland	-16 000	0.46	13	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	-16 000
c. Grassland	-	0.01	0.30	0.00	0.06	-	-	-	-	0.30
d. Wetlands	55	0.03	0.86	0.00	0.14	-	-	-	-	56
e. Settlements f. Harvested Wood Products <sup>e</sup>	-730	0.05	1 -	0.00	0.54	-	-	-	-	34 -730

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- echildential data.

  e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
  Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Gre	enhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
					kt CO				
TO	TAL <sup>a</sup>	177 000	251 000	283 000	285 000	266 000	268 000	265 000	263 000
ENE		155 000	217 000	249 000	250 000	232 000	234 000	230 000	229 000
	Stationary Combustion Sources	92 600	130 000	157 000	159 000	149 000	148 000	146 000	147 000
	Public Electricity and Heat Production	39 700	52 000	36 600	36 300	32 200	28 300	24 700	25 400
	Petroleum Refining Industries	2 990	3 420	3 300	3 870	3 440	3 690	4 160	3 85
	Oil and Gas Extraction	26 700	51 900	90 000	91 200	87 000	90 700	90 800	92 000
	Mining	285	327	170	198	141	82	134	122
	Manufacturing Industries	10 400	8 770	8 790	9 290	8 670	8 580	8 400	8 710
	Construction	238	170	385	439	450	421	488	508
	Commercial and Institutional	5 040	5 610	8 400	8 630	8 120	7 810	8 470	7 990
	Residential Agriculture and Forestry	6 720 477	7 470 238	8 960 389	8 880 403	8 670 370	8 170 373	8 650 394	8 030 415
b.	Agriculture and Forestry  Transport <sup>b</sup>	21 200	32 200	41 300	403 42 300	35 200	36 500	38 000	37 300
υ.	Aviation	1 140	1 350	1 700	1 670	901	1 040	1 440	1 610
	Road Transportation	12 000	17 400	22 100	22 300	18 100	18 300	18 600	18 600
	Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	3 700	3 740	3 040	3 040	2 330	2 280	2 340	2 300
	Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	4 050	6 180	8 610	9 010	7 370	7 380	7 620	7 820
	Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1 120	842	839	868	710	724	619	634
	Motorcycles	23	66	157	173	122	138	113	11:
	Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	13	42	50	50	39	37	44	41
	Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	144	112	199	204	166	174	232	22
	Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	2 660	6 420	9 180	8 930	7 300	7 530	7 560	7 36
	Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	304	6	42	59	63	64	73	7
	Railways	431	880	1 010	992	961	882	888	88
	Marine	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Other Transportation	7 610	12 600	16 500	17 300	15 200	16 300	17 000	16 200
	Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	1 990	2 790	3 090	3 230	2 720	2 840	2 800	2 610
	Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	823	658	918	927	803	891	925	956
	Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	2 680	4 480	6 540	7 000	5 940	6 190	6 180	5 930
	Off-Road Residential	45	153	129	131	108	111	90	87
	Off-Road Other Transportation	772	1 320	1 580	1 580	1 370	1 480	1 480	1 470
	Pipeline Transport	1 300	3 190	4 200	4 410	4 250	4 760	5 540	5 160
c.	Fugitive Sources	41 000	55 000	50 000	49 000	47 000	49 000	46 000	45 000
	Coal Mining	400	300	200	300	200	100	200	200
	Oil and Natural Gas	40 900	55 000	50 100	48 500	46 900	49 000	45 900	44 900
	Oil	4 150	6 260	6 850	6 930	6 620	6 670	6 740	6 780
	Natural Gas	5 860	8 810	5 790	5 650	5 490	5 360	5 130	5 070
	Venting	27 000	38 000	34 900	33 300	31 500	33 200	30 000	28 700
	Flaring	3 970	1 930	2 540	2 600	3 330	3 770	4 070	4 350
	CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-		0.10	0.10	100	30	40	40
	USTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	6 720	11 300	12 900	12 700	12 400	12 700	12 600	12 300
a.	Mineral Products Cement Production	<b>1 080</b> 795	<b>1 480</b> 1 090	1 560	1 500	1 290	1 580	1 530	1 590
	Lime Production	112	131	X	X	Х	X	X	,
	Mineral Products Use	170	260	160	160	160	160	150	150
b.	Chemical Industry	-	200	-	-	100	-	130	130
υ.	Adipic Acid Production		-			-			
c.	Metal Production	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	
•	Iron and Steel Production		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Aluminium Production	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
	Magnesium Production and Casting	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d.	Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	0.20	640	1 600	1 600	1 500	1 400	1 400	1 400
e.	Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	5 600	9 200	9 700	9 600	9 500	9 700	9 600	9 300
f.	Other Product Manufacture and Use	16	35	57	59	59	60	60	64
AGR	ICULTURE	13 000	18 000	17 000	17 000	18 000	17 000	18 000	17 000
a.	Enteric Fermentation	8 700	13 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000	11 000
b.	Manure Management	1 400	2 200	1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900	1 900
c.	Agricultural Soils	2 200	2 600	3 400	3 600	3 900	3 600	4 100	3 500
	Direct Sources	1 700	1 900	2 600	2 800	3 000	2 800	3 200	2 800
	Indirect Sources	500	700	800	800	900	800	800	800
	Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	4	0.80	0.90	1	1	0.70	1	0.30
e.	Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	260	370	720	760	880	920	860	780
	STE	2 100	3 300	4 600	4 500	4 600	4 600	4 600	4 700
	Landfills	2 000	3 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000	4 000
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills			100	100	100	100	100	100
а.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-			2.0			-
a. b.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	- 4	20	30	20	30	60	60	
а. b. c.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	- 4 8	20	30 30	20 40	40	30	60 20	20
а. b. c.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4 8 450	20 510	30 30 570	20	40 440		60	20
a. b. c.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4 8 450	20	30 30	20 40	40	30	60 20 370	36
a. b. c. d.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4 8 450	20 510 - -	30 30 570	20 40 460 -	40 440 - -	30 380 -	20 370 - 100	<b>2</b> 6 <b>36</b> 0
b. c. d.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge D USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	4 8 450 - 4500	20 510 - - 16 000	30 30 570 - - 15 000	20 40 460 - - 16 000	40 440 - - 21 000	30 380 - - 18 000	60 20 370 - 100 28 000	100 12 000
b. c. d.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge D USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land	4 8 450 - 4 500 4 500	20 510 - - 16 000 30 000	30 30 570 - - 15 000 23 000	20 40 460 - - 16 000 20 000	40 440 - - 21 000 26 000	30 380 - - 18 000 21 000	60 20 370 - 100 28 000 19 000	100 12 000 18 000
b. c. d. LAN a. b.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge D USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland	4 500 4 500 5 900	20 510 - 16 000 30 000 -5 700	30 30 570 - 15 000 23 000 -4 500	20 40 460 - 16 000 20 000 -1 400	40 440 - 21 000 26 000 -1 000	30 380 - - 18 000 21 000 -2 000	60 20 370 - 100 28 000 19 000 8 900	100 12 000 18 000 -6 200
b. c. d. LAN a. b.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge D USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland Grassland	4 500 4 500 5 900 0.60	20 510 - 16 000 30 000 -5 700 0.70	30 30 570 - 15 000 23 000 -4 500 0.90	20 40 460 - 16 000 20 000 -1 400 0.90	40 440 - 21 000 26 000 -1 000 0.90	30 380 - 18 000 21 000 -2 000 0.90	60 20 370 - 100 28 000 19 000 8 900 0.90	100 12 000 18 000 -6 200 0.90
b. c. d. LAN a. b.	Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills Biological Treatment of Solid Waste Incineration and Open Burning of Waste Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge D USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY Forest Land Cropland	4 500 4 500 5 900	20 510 - 16 000 30 000 -5 700	30 30 570 - 15 000 23 000 -4 500	20 40 460 - 16 000 20 000 -1 400	40 440 - 21 000 26 000 -1 000	30 380 - - 18 000 21 000 -2 000	60 20 370 - 100 28 000 19 000 8 900	100 12 000 18 000 -6 200 240 4 200

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	ise Gases				
diceimouse dus categories	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCs <sup>a</sup>	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential Unit	kt	kt	28 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	265 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	23 500 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	16 100 kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> e
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	204 000	1 800	<b>51 000</b>	24	6 300	1 400	3	4	-	263 00
ENERGY	193 000	1 300	35 000	5	1 000	1 400		-	-	229 00
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	144 000	90	3 000	3	800	-	-	-	-	147 00
Public Electricity and Heat Production	25 100	4	120	0.60	200	-	-	-	-	25 40
Petroleum Refining Industries	3 850	0.08	2	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	3 85
Oil and Gas Extraction	89 200	90	2 000	2	500	-	-	-	-	92 00
Mining	122	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.50	-	-	-	-	12
Manufacturing Industries	8 630	0.39	11	0.27	71	-	-	-	-	8 71
Construction Commercial and Institutional	503 7 940	0.01	0.25	0.02	5 50		-	-	-	50 7 99
Residential	7 970	0.80	20	0.20	40	-	_	_	_	8 03
Agriculture and Forestry	412	0.01	0.20	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	41
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	36 400	13	360	2	450	-	-	-	-	37 30
Aviation	1 590	0.03	0.70	0.05	10	-	-	-	-	1 61
Road Transportation	18 300	1	30	0.75	200	-	-	-	-	18 60
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	2 280	0.10	4	0.07	18	-	-	-	-	2 30
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	7 750	0.50	10	0.19	50	-	-	-	-	7 82
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	619	0.02	0.60	0.05	14	-	-	-	-	63
Motorcycles	111	0.04	1	0.00	0.55	-	-	-	-	11
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	39	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.87	-	-	-	-	4
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	217	0.01	0.20	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	22
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	7 240	0.30	9	0.41	110	-	-	-	-	7 36
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	65	0.20	5	0.00	0.44	-	-	-	-	7
Railways	804	0.05	1	0.30	80	-	-	-	-	88
Marine Other Transportation	15 700	12	320	0.60	200	-	-	-	-	16 20
Other Transportation Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	2 560	0.24	7	0.60	40	-	-	-	-	2 61
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	895	2	54	0.10	7		_	_	_	95
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	5 830	1.00	28	0.30	70	_	_	_	_	5 93
Off-Road Residential	80	0.23	6	0.00	0.50	_	_	_	-	8
Off-Road Other Transportation	1 370	3	94	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	1 47
Pipeline Transport	4 990	5	130	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	5 16
c. Fugitive Sources	13 000	1 160	32 400	0.06	16	-	-	-	-	45 00
Coal Mining	-	7	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Oil and Natural Gas	13 000	1 150	32 200	0.06	20	-	-	-	-	44 90
Oil	590	221	6 180	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	6 78
Natural Gas	7	181	5 060	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 07
Venting	8 300	730	20 400	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 70
Flaring	3 850	18	491	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	4 35
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	10 700	4	99	0.47	130	1 400	3	4	-	12 30
a. Mineral Products	1 590	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 59
Cement Production	X	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production Mineral Products Use	150	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	15
b. Chemical Industry	130		-	-						13
Adipic Acid Production	-		-		-		-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	1 400	2	2	-	1 40
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	9 200	-	100	-	100	-	-	-	-	9 30
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.23	61	-	0.80	2	-	6
AGRICULTURE	780	410	11 000	18	4 700	-	-	-	-	17 00
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	380	11 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 00
b. Manure Management	-	27	740	4	1 000	-	-	-	-	1 90
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	13	3 500	-	-	-	-	3 50
Direct Sources	-	-	-	10	2 800	-	-	-	-	2 80
Indirect Sources	-	-		3	800	-	-	-	-	80
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	0.01	0.30	0.00	0.06	-	-	-	-	0.3
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	780	160	4.400	0.00	200	-	-	-	-	78 4 70
WASTE a. Landfills	30	160	4 400	0.90	200	-				4 70 4 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	200	4 000	-		-	-	-	-	4 00
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	100	-	-		-	-	-	10
Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	1	30	0.09	20	-	-	-	_	6
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00	0.01	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	2
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	14	5	100	0.80	200	-	-	-	-	36
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	100	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	11 000	6	170	0.24	64	-	-	-	-	12 00
a. Forest Land	18 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18 00
		3	82	0.13	34	-	-	-	-	-6 20
	-6 300	,								
b. Cropland c. Grassland	-6 300	0.03	0.70	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	0.9
b. Cropland c. Grassland	-6 300 - 240					-	-	-	-	
b. Cropland c. Grassland	-	0.03	0.70	0.00	0.20					0.9 24 4 20 -4 40

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
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- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
  Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	₂ eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	51 200	63 300	64 500	63 300	59 100	60 600	61 500	60 400
ENERGY	43 200	53 300	55 800	54 800	51 200	53 000	54 100	52 60
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	19 300	21 300	21 800	21 200	20 800	21 000	21 600	20 20
Public Electricity and Heat Production	804	1 330	817	1 050	735	961	894	75
Petroleum Refining Industries	1 240	455	378	471	381	424	447	37
Oil and Gas Extraction  Mining	2 220 615	5 290 384	7 620 534	6 960 528	7 200 513	6 970 574	7 430 535	6 86 58
Manufacturing Industries	6 480	6 080	4 980	4 420	4 030	4 040	3 830	4 04
Construction	307	112	106	101	100	90	96	8
Commercial and Institutional	2 950	3 130	2 780	2 930	3 000	3 120	3 320	3 11
Residential	4 350	4 430	4 020	4 180	4 240	4 330	4 480	3 96
Agriculture and Forestry	323	75	614	586	578	520	543	47
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	18 900	24 200	28 100	27 800	24 900	26 800	28 100	28 30
Aviation	1 340	1 550	1 600	1 600	905	1 120	1 540	1 69
Road Transportation	10 500	14 000	15 700	15 500	14 000	15 100	15 700	15 50
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	4 300	4 270	3 530	3 320	2 770	2 890	2 940	2 82
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks  Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	3 090 568	5 170 597	6 600	6 520 617	5 950 622	6 290	6 380 535	6 40
Motorcycles	14	39	88	89	78	83	65	6
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	50	83	81	78	59	69	87	8
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	242	174	144	151	127	166	227	22
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	1 940	3 690	4 610	4 680	4 330	4 940	5 380	5 31
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	293	10	28	33	34	37	42	4
Railways	1 750	1 430	1 710	1 820	1 800	1 780	1 780	1 79
Marine	782	1 020	1 200	1 200	1 170	1 160	1 230	1 16
Other Transportation	4 500	6 180	7 880	7 670	7 090	7 620	7 930	8 17
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	1 220	1 360	1 600	1 520	1 340	1 500	1 590	1 62
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	363	434	814	822	797	883	921	95
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	1 690	2 480	3 000	2 840	2 490	2 780	2 920	3 03
Off-Road Residential	36	129	108	104	110	99	75	7
Off-Road Other Transportation	325	793	1 010	1 000	1 040	1 050	1 010	98
Pipeline Transport  c. Fugitive Sources	864 <b>5 000</b>	986 <b>7 800</b>	1 350 <b>5 900</b>	1 380 <b>5 800</b>	1 310 <b>5 500</b>	1 310 <b>5 200</b>	1 420 <b>4 400</b>	1 53 <b>4 10</b>
Coal Mining	900	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 00
Oil and Natural Gas	4 110	6 710	4 740	4 640	4 490	3 930	3 300	2 83
Oil	100	158	95	79	58	56	49	4
Natural Gas	1 000	1 380	804	741	680	686	732	71
Venting	2 650	4 510	3 300	3 310	3 230	2 540	1 850	1 33
Flaring	356	669	544	501	520	649	672	74
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	3 190	4 530	3 980	3 900	3 630	3 520	3 270	3 72
a. Mineral Products	875	1 500	1 060	995	899	1 000	894	99
Cement Production	656	1 260	X	Х	х	х	X	
Lime Production	176	198	X	X	X	X	X	1
Mineral Products Use  b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	43	38	17	16	16	15	15	1-
Adipic Acid Production								
c. Metal Production	1 550	1 150	769	760	722	511	369	74
Iron and Steel Production			-	-		-	-	
Aluminium Production	1 550	1 150	769	760	722	511	369	74
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	2	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.0
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	0.14	600	1 500	1 500	1 500	1 500	1 400	1 40
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	690	1 200	550	550	430	470	490	49
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	77	93	76	88	71	81	79	8
AGRICULTURE	2 100	2 700	2 400	2 300	2 300	2 300	2 300	2 20
a. Enteric Fermentation	1 500	2 000	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 600	1 50
b. Manure Management	310	430	410	400	400	400	400	40
c. Agricultural Soils	240	250	280	270	290	290	270	270
Direct Sources	170	170	200	190	200	200	190	19
Indirect Sources d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	70	80	80	80	90	90	80	8
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers		24	33	33	43	46	36	3:
WASTE	2 700	2 700	2 300	2 300	1 900	1 800	1 900	1 90
	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	1 000	1 000	1 00
a. Landfills	-	-	-	-		-	-	
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills		_	-	-	-	-	-	
					00	100		10
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	- 2	50	80	90	90	100	100	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4 180	50 - 230	80 - 300	90 - 300	300	300	100 - 310	32
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4	230	300	300	300	300	310	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	180	- 230 - 10	- 300 - 10	- 300 - 10	300 - 10	300 - 10	- 310 - 10	1
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	4 180 - - - -8 500	230 - 10 38 000	300 - 10 37 000	300 - 10 28 000	300 - 10 26 000	300 - 10 25 000	310 - 10 21 000	1 <b>22 00</b>
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land	4 180 - - - - -8 500 29 000	230 - 10 38 000 68 000	300 - 10 37 000 50 000	300 - 10 28 000 35 000	- 300 - 10 26 000 29 000	300 - 10 25 000 28 000	10 21 000 21 000	1 22 00 23 00
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	4 180 - - - -8 500	230 - 10 38 000 68 000 1 200	300 - 10 37 000 50 000 1 100	300 - 10 28 000 35 000 790	- 300 - 10 26 000 29 000 1 000	300 - 10 25 000 28 000 1 100	310 - 10 21 000 21 000 1 100	1 22 00 23 00 1 10
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	4 180 - - -8 500 29 000 2 200	230 - 10 38 000 68 000 1 200 0.10	300 - 10 37 000 50 000 1 100 0.10	300 - 10 28 000 35 000 790 0.10	300 - 10 26 000 29 000 1 000 0.10	300 - 10 25 000 28 000 1 100 0.10	310 - 10 21 000 21 000 1 100 0.10	22 000 23 000 1 100
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	4 180 - - - - -8 500 29 000	230 - 10 38 000 68 000 1 200	300 - 10 37 000 50 000 1 100	300 - 10 28 000 35 000 790	- 300 - 10 26 000 29 000 1 000	300 - 10 25 000 28 000 1 100	310 - 10 21 000 21 000 1 100	320 22 000 23 000 1 100 0.10 40

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
 c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.

- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.

  Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
Global Warming Potential	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O 265	HFCsa	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub> 23 500	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt	kt CO2 eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ed
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	50 200	260	7 300	6	1 500	1 400	99	12	-	60 40
ENERGY	48 000	140	3 900	3	700	-	-	-	-	52 60
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	19 300	30	700	0.70	200	-	-	-	-	20 20
Public Electricity and Heat Production	703	2	44	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	75
Petroleum Refining Industries	372	0.01	0.30 600	0.00	0.70 40	-	-	-	-	37 6 86
Oil and Gas Extraction Mining	6 220 582	0.01	0.30	0.20	3	-	-	-	-	58
Manufacturing Industries	3 940	0.61	17	0.32	86	_	_	_	_	4 04
Construction	83	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.48	-	-	_	-	8
Commercial and Institutional	3 090	0.06	2	0.07	20	-	-	-	-	3 11
Residential	3 880	2	50	0.09	20	-	-	-	-	3 96
Agriculture and Forestry	469	0.01	0.20	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	47
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	27 600	7	180	2	480	-	-	-	-	28 30
Aviation	1 680	0.04	1	0.05	10	-	-	-	-	1 69
Road Transportation	15 300	1	30	0.69	180	-	-	-	-	15 50
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	2 790 6 330	0.20	5 10	0.09	25 54	-	-	-	-	2 82 6 40
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	524	0.40	0.50	0.20	12	_		_	_	53
Motorcycles	63	0.02	0.50	0.00	0.31	-	_	-	-	6
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	79	0.02	0.00	0.00	2	-	_	_	_	8
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	218	0.01	0.20	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	22
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	5 220	0.20	7	0.31	83	-	-	-	-	5 31
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	37	0.10	3	0.00	0.27	-	-	-	-	4
Railways	1 610	0.09	3	0.60	200	-	-	-	-	1 79
Marine	1 150	0.11	3	0.03	8	-	-	-	-	1 16
Other Transportation	7 920	5	150	0.40	100	-	-	-	-	8 17
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	1 580	0.08	2	0.10	30	-	-	-	-	1 62
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	911	1	32 15	0.03	9 50	-	-	-	-	95
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Off-Road Residential	2 960 65	0.53	5	0.20	0.40	-	-	-	-	3 03
Off-Road Other Transportation	921	2	54	0.03	7	_	_	_	-	98:
Pipeline Transport	1 480	1	39	0.04	10	-	-	_	_	1 53
c. Fugitive Sources	1 000	108	3 020	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	4 100
Coal Mining	-	40	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 00
Oil and Natural Gas	1 000	64	1 790	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	2 83
Oil	0.10	2	45	0.00	0.80	-	-	-	-	4
Natural Gas	0.54	25	711	-	-	-	-	-	-	71
Venting	390	33	933	-	- 0.20	-	-	-	-	1 33
Flaring d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	644	4	104	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	74
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	2 130		-	0.27	72	1 400	99	12	-	3 720
a. Mineral Products	994	-	-		/-	- 1 400	-		-	99
Cement Production	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	648	-	-	-	-	-	96	0.01	-	74:
Iron and Steel Production	- (40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74
Aluminium Production	648	-	-	-		-	96	0.01	-	0.0
Magnesium Production and Casting  d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-		-		-	1 400	2	4	-	1 40
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	490	-	-		_	1 400	-		_	49
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.27	72	-	1	8	-	8
AGRICULTURE	35	62	1 700	2	470	-	-	-	-	2 20
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	55	1 500	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 50
b. Manure Management	-	7	200	0.80	200	-	-	-	-	40
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	1	270	-	-	-	-	27
Direct Sources	-	-	-	0.70	190	-	-	-	-	19
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	0.30	80	-	-	-	-	8
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	35	-	1 600	- 0.00	200	-	-	-	-	1.00
WASTE	-	58	1 600	0.90	200	-	-	-	-	1 90
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	50	1 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 000
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	2	50	0.20	50	-	-	-	-	100
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	5	100	0.70	200	-	-	-	-	32
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.10	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	1
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	21 000	11	320	0.46	120	-	-	-	-	22 00
a. Forest Land	22 000	10	300	0.40	100	-	-	-	-	23 00
b. Cropland	1 000	0.62	17	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	1 10
c. Grassland	-	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.1
	33	0.25	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
d. Wetlands				0.00	10					650
d. Wetlands e. Settlements f. Harvested Wood Products <sup>e</sup>	610 -2 700	0.86	24	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- econidential odata.

  E. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
  Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TOTALa	550	565	644	689	593	647	660	674
ENERGY	527	531	590	633	536	589	604	616
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	218	194	86	107	107	94	87	83
Public Electricity and Heat Production Petroleum Refining Industries	90	22	33	48	54	42	39	37
Oil and Gas Extraction	0.31	67	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	8	х	X	14	8	6	6	5
Manufacturing Industries	6	-	16	17	16	17	18	18
Construction	4	x	x	1	1	1	0.62	0.46
Commercial and Institutional	77	41	23	20	19	21	18	18
Residential	32	46	6	7	9	6	5	4
Agriculture and Forestry	1	8	0.83	-	-	-	-	
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	309	327	504	526	429	495	517	533
Aviation	35	36	54	54	26	33	47	4
Road Transportation	173	198	287	297	266	278	286	30
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	28	19	38	38	34	30	31	3
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	83	87	133	142	135	121	132	14
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	14	10	15	18	13	11	10	1
Motorcycles	0.31	0.56	2	2	2	2	2	0.0
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	0.15	0.26	0.56	0.48	0.64	0.78	0.91	0.8
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks  Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	46	1 79	97	94	79	110	103	10
	40				79			10
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles Railways	-	-	0.83	1	-	-	-	
Marine	2	3	0.44	0.75	0.51	0.49	1	
Other Transportation	99	90	162	174	137	183	182	18
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	7	3	11	174	9	13	13	1
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	4	9	10	13	8	11	12	1
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	79	54	120	118	100	138	137	13
Off-Road Residential	0.35	X	X	2	2	1	1	
Off-Road Other Transportation	9	23	21	31	18	19	20	2
Pipeline Transport	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	
. Fugitive Sources	0.11	11	0.21	0.31	0.26	0.19	0.20	0.2
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	0.11	11	0.21	0.31	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.2
Oil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas	0.11	3	0.21	0.31	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.2
Venting	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	
Flaring	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	2	7	20	21	21	21	19	2
a. Mineral Products	-	-	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-		-			
Mineral Products Use	-	-	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
c. Chemical Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production  Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting  d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	7	18	18	18	17	17	1
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	2	0.43	0.78	1	2	1	2	
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	0.15	0.43	1	2	2	3	0.55	
AGRICULTURE	0.13	0.55		-	-		0.55	
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Manure Management	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	
. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
i. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NASTE	20	27	34	35	36	37	37	3
. Landfills	20	20	30	30	30	30	30	3
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
o. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	0.01	0.10	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.50	0.50	0.5
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00		-	-		-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	5	5	6	7	7	7	7	
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	10	10	10	10	10	10	1
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	4 200	-	-	- 4400	-	- 4 400	-	
AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-4 200	-4 200	-4 400	-4 400	-4 400	-4 400	-4 300	-4 30
a. Forest Land	-4 300	-4 200	-4 400	-4 400	-4 400	-4 400	-4 400	-4 40
b. Cropland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
:. Grassland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wetlands	- 01	-	- 24	-	-	- 22	-	
e. Settlements	81	44	34	33	33	33	33	3
f. Harvested Wood Productse	-28	16	7	8	8	7	8	

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
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- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
- emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product Cr<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of Nr<sub>3</sub>.

  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.
- Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
J. Company of the com	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH₄	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCs <sup>a</sup>	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential			28		265			23 500	16 100	
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ec
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	608	1	40	0.03	8	17	0.01	1	-	674
ENERGY	606	0.10	3	0.03	7	-	-	-	-	616
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	82	0.03	0.70	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	83
Public Electricity and Heat Production	37	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	37
Petroleum Refining Industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Gas Extraction Mining	- 5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	-	-	-	-	5
Manufacturing Industries	18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	_	-	_	_	18
Construction	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.46
Commercial and Institutional	18	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	18
Residential	3	0.02	0.60	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	4
Agriculture and Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	525	0.06	2	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	533
Aviation	44	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.40	-	-	-	-	44
Road Transportation Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	299 33	0.02	0.40	0.01	0.24	-	-	-	-	303
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	144	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.89	_	-	-	_	145
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	11	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.24	-	-	-	-	11
Motorcycles	2	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.84
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	8	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.17	-	-	-	-	8
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	102	0.00	0.10	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	103
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Railways	- 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	1
Marine Other Transportation	180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	184
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	13	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.20	_	-	-	_	13
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	12	0.01	0.16	0.00	0.10	-	-	-	-	12
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	135	0.01	0.20	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	137
Off-Road Residential	1	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	1
Off-Road Other Transportation	20	0.03	0.76	0.00	0.20	-	-	-	-	21
Pipeline Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Fugitive Sources	-	0.01	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.22
Coal Mining Oil and Natural Gas	-	0.01	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.22
Oil and Natural Gas	-	0.01	0.22		-	_	-	-	-	0.22
Natural Gas	-	0.01	0.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.22
Venting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Flaring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	2	-	-	0.00	0.58	17	0.01	1	-	20
a. Mineral Products	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Cement Production Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	0.00		-			_	-	_	_	0.00
b. Chemical Industry	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	2	-	-	-	-	17	0.01	-	-	17
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup> f. Other Product Manufacture and Use			-	0.00	0.58	-	-	1	-	2
AGRICULTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	i i	-	
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
b. Manure Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers WASTE	-	1	37	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	38
a. Landfills	-	1	30	0.00		-	-	-	-	30
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.20	-		-	-	0.50
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.20	7	0.00	0.80	-	-	-	-	7
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	10
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-4 200	0.01	0.17	0.00	0.07	-	-	-	-	.4 200
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  a. Forest Land	-4 300 -4 400	0.01	0.17 0.20	0.00	0.07	-	-	-	-	-4 300 -4 400
b. Cropland	-7 400	0.01	0.20	0.00	- 0.07	-	-	-	-	-4 400
c. Grassland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wetlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Settlements	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
f. Harvested Wood Products <sup>e</sup>	7	-	-	_			_	_		7

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

- available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

  Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

  a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

  b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- echildential data.

  e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding. Indicates no emissions.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1999	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	1 250	1 720	1 430	1 420	1 220	1 280	1 350	1 360
ENERGY	1 210	1 660	1 350	1 350	1 140	1 210	1 280	1 290
a. Stationary Combustion Sources  Public Electricity and Heat Production	<b>598</b> 88	721	388	421	367	399	444	487
Petroleum Refining Industries		X -	X -	X -	X -	X -	X -	
Oil and Gas Extraction	128	215	11	57	43	49	56	5.5
Mining	104	164	201	192	154	183	207	20
Manufacturing Industries	-	х	х	x	х	х	x	1
Construction	0.83	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Commercial and Institutional Residential	192 85	141	51 57	54 58	58 50	62 48	67 54	60 40
Agriculture and Forestry	0.02	2	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	595	921	959	911	765	799	823	790
Aviation	131	182	152	147	102	115	130	137
Road Transportation	118	502	552	501	375	418	431	419
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	14	14	14	13	11	11	11	
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	52	66 7	77	8	72	72	72	66
Motorcycles	0.24	0.43	2	2	1	2	1	
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.11	0.47	2	1	1	1	2	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	2	6	9	9	10	12	15	1.
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	45	408	441	386	274	314	323	31
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	2	- 5	0.16	0.22	0	- 0	- 0	
Railways Marine	15	24	0.34	0.21	10	9	6	-
Other Transportation	329	208	250	257	279	257	256	22
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	7	6	7	8	8	9	9	8
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	295	178	217	218	240	218	217	19
Off-Road Residential	0.88	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Off-Road Other Transportation  Pipeline Transport	20	3	0.27	0.27	26	27	27	24
c. Fugitive Sources	18	22	6	15	12	12	12	11
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and Natural Gas	18	23	6	15	12	12	12	11
Oil	2	4	1	2	2	2	2	1
Natural Gas	7	8	3	5	4	4	4	4
Venting Flaring	4	7	0.38	7	5	5	1 5	1
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	11	26	36	35	33	32	32	30
a. Mineral Products	0.06	0.20	0.02	0.03	0	0	0	C
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production  Mineral Products Use	0.06	0.20	0.02	0.03	- 0	- 0	- 0	
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	0.06	0.20	0.02	0.03	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting  d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	- 6	17	31	30	29	28	27	26
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	4	9	4	4	3	3	4	3
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	0.46	0.45	0.55	0.54	1	1	1	1
AGRICULTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Manure Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Agricultural Soils  Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WASTE	30	31	38	39	40	41	42	43
a. Landfills	30	30	30	40	40	40	40	40
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	-	0.06	0.09	0	0	0	
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	0.01	0.00	-	0.09	-	-	-	
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	-
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-700	-700	-2 000	-2 300	-2 500	-2 600	-2 600	-2 600
a. Forest Land	-760	-730	-2 100	-2 300	-2 500	-2 600	-2 700	-2 70
b. Cropland c. Grassland	-	-	-	-		-		
d. Wetlands	-	-		-	-	-	-	
e. Settlements	68	28	38	36	35	34	33	3
e. Jettiements								

Notes:

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
  - 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  - Indicates no emissions.
  - Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenhou	use Gases				
diceimouse dus categories	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCs <sup>a</sup>	PFCsa	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential	COZ	C114	28	1420	265	111 63	1103	23 500	16 100	TOTAL
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ec
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	1 260	2	57	0.05	14	26	0.02	-	-	1 360
ENERGY	1 260	0.52	15	0.05	10	-	-	-	-	1 290
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	478	0.20	6	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	487
Public Electricity and Heat Production	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Petroleum Refining Industries Oil and Gas Extraction	51	0.10	- 4	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	55
Mining	202	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.70	-	-	-	-	203
Manufacturing Industries	X	Х	X	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	X
Construction	х	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Commercial and Institutional	59	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.50	-	-	-	-	60
Residential Agriculture and Forestry	44	0.06	2	0.00	0.50	-	-	-	-	46
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	778	0.08	2	0.04	10	-	-	-	-	790
Aviation	136	0.01	0.20	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	137
Road Transportation	413	0.02	0.50	0.02	6	-	-	-	-	419
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	9	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.07	-	-	-	-	9
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	66 7	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.40	-	-	-	-	66
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Motorcycles	1	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.15			-	_	1
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	_	-	_	-	2
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	15	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.32	-	-	-	-	15
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	314	0.01	0.40	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	319
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	- 0.20	- 0.00	- 0.00	- 0.00	- 0.02	-	-	-	-	-
Railways Marine	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	0.31
Other Transportation	222	0.05	2	0.00	3	-	-	-	_	227
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	-	-	-	-	1
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	8	0.01	0.21	0.00	0.08	-	-	-	-	8
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	188	0.01	0.34	0.01	3	-	-	-	-	191
Off-Road Other Transportation	0.72	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.78
Off-Road Other Transportation Pipeline Transport	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		_	-	_	0.54
c. Fugitive Sources	5	0.24	7	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	11
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and Natural Gas	5	0.24	7	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	11
Oil Natural Con	0.00	0.05	1 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Natural Gas Venting	0.00	0.14	0.95		-	-	-	-	-	0.95
Flaring	5	0.01	0.24	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	5
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	3	-	-	0.00	0.58	26	0.02	-	-	30
a. Mineral Products	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02
Cement Production Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mineral Products Use	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron and Steel Production Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	_
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	26	0.02	-	-	26
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.00	0.58	-	-	-	-	0.58
AGRICULTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Enteric Fermentation b. Manure Management	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	
c. Agricultural Soils	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers WASTE	-	2	42	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	43
waste a. Landfills	-	1	42	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	43
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.10
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.10	-	- 0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	-
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.10	3	0.00	0.60	-	-	-	-	4
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	-	-		0.10	-	-	-	-	
LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	-2 600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2 600
LAND OSE, LAND-OSE CHANGE AND I ONESTINI		-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-2 700
a. Forest Land	-2 700									
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a. Forest Land b. Cropland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		33

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

- Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.
   Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- echildential data.

  e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  Indicates no emissions.
  Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1999	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				kt CO;	₂ eq			
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	415	586	737	733	634	699	697	71
ENERGY	389	553	682	675	575	640	637	65
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	104	128	164	162	149	155	151	15
Public Electricity and Heat Production	17	X	х	Х	X	Х	X	
Petroleum Refining Industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Gas Extraction	- 07	- 0.26	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining Manufacturing Industries	87	0.26						
Manufacturing Industries Construction	-	X	X	X	X -	X -	X	
Commercial and Institutional	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Residential	-	X -			-	-	-	
Agriculture and Forestry	-	-	-		-	_	_	
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	285	426	519	514	426	484	486	50
Aviation	112	141	171	168	135	157	150	15
Road Transportation	15	37	59	56	45	49	52	
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	5	12	27	26	24	28	30	3
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	0.92	1	2	2	2	2	2	
Motorcycles	0.01	0.04	1	1	1	1	1	
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	-	0.07	0.04	0.04	0	0	0	
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	0.30	0.37	0.31	0.30	0	0	0	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	7	20	27	24	17	16	16	
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Railways	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Marine	138	129	105	123	83	106	109	1
Other Transportation	19	119	184	166	163	172	176	1
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	0.94	4	8	8	8	8	9	
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	13	100	145	129	127	132	136	1
Off-Road Residential	0.51	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Off-Road Other Transportation	5	14	30	28	27	30	30	
Pipeline Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Fugitive Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Flaring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	6	9	20	21	21	20	19	
a. Mineral Products	-	-	0.01	0.02	0	0	0	
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	-	-	0.01	0.02	0	0	0	
. Chemical Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting  1. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>		-			20	-		
	6	9	19	20	0	19	18	
	0.21	0.15 0.32	0.62 0.48	0.53 0.48	1	0	1	
. Other Product Manufacture and Use AGRICULTURE	0.51	0.32	0.46	0.46	1	-	1	
. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
o. Manure Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Agricultural Soils	-	-			-			
Direct Sources	-				-	-		
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
I. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	-				-			
VASTE	20	23	35	36	38	39	41	
. Landfills	20	20	30	30	40	40	40	
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	
o. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste		0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	
•	-	2.00	2	2	2	2	2	
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste		2			-		-	
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste I. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	2	2	-	-	-	-		
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	2			-	-	-	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste     Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge     Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	2	- - 3	-			4	4	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land	2 - - 1	-	- - 4	4	4	- 4 -	- 4 -	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land Cropland	2 - - 1	3 -	- - 4 -	- 4 - -	- 4 - -	- 4 -	- 4 - -	
. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  I. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY I. Forest Land I. Cropland I. Grassland	2 - - 1 -	- - 3 -	- - 4 -	- 4 -	- 4 -	- 4 -	- 4 - -	
Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  AND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY  Forest Land Cropland	1 - - - -	3 3 -	- 4 - -	- 4 - -	- 4 - -	- 4 - -	- 4 - -	

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in <a href="Annex 12">Annex 12</a> of this report.

- a. Provincial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.
- b. Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
   c. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- d. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.

  Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
  - 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
  - Indicates no emissions.
  - Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories					Greenho	use Gases				
<b>3</b>	CO <sub>2</sub>	CH₄	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	N <sub>2</sub> O	HFCsa	PFCs <sup>a</sup>	SF <sub>6</sub>	NF <sub>3</sub>	TOTAL
Global Warming Potential	202	C. 14	28	1120	265	65		23 500	16 100	
Unit	kt	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> ea	kt CO₂ eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kt CO <sub>2</sub> e
TOTALa	646	2	44	0.02	6	18	0.01			71
ENERGY	645	0.08	2	0.02	5	- 10	0.01	-	-	65
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	151	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	15
Public Electricity and Heat Production	х	Х	x	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	
Petroleum Refining Industries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Gas Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Manufacturing Industries	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	
Construction Commercial and Institutional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Residential	-		-		-	_	-	-	-	
Agriculture and Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	494	0.07	2	0.02	5	-	-	-	-	50
Aviation	154	0.00	0.07	0.00	1	-	-	-	-	15
Road Transportation	51	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.49	-	-	-	-	5
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	-	-	-	-	
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	30	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.19	-	-	-	-	3
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.0
Motorcycles Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.93	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.9
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.4
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	16	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.24	-	-	-	-	1
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Railways	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Marine	113	0.01	0.29	0.00	0.80	-	-	-	-	11
Other Transportation	175	0.06	2	0.01	2	-	-	-	-	17
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	9	0.01	0.23	0.00	0.09	-	-	-	-	
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	136	0.01	0.23	0.00	0.09	-	-	-	-	13
Off-Road Residential	1 1 1	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.01	_	_	-	_	1.3
Off-Road Other Transportation	29	0.04	1	0.00	0.30	-	-	-	-	
Pipeline Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Fugitive Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Venting Flaring	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
d. CO <sub>2</sub> Transport and Storage	-		-			-		-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	0.46	-	-	0.00	0.53	18	0.01	-	_	1
a. Mineral Products	0.02		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mineral Products Use	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Iron and Steel Production Aluminium Production	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-		-			_		-	_	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-		-		-	18	0.01	-	-	1
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	0.43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	-	-	-	0.00	0.53	-	-	-	-	0.5
AGRICULTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Manure Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Agricultural Soils Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WASTE	-	2	41	0.00	0.40	-	-	-	-	4
a. Landfills	-	1	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.0
c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	0.0
d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.06	2	0.00	0.40	-	-	-	-	
Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	-	0.10	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	
Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	4	-	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Forest Land	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
b. Cropland	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	
c. Grassland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Wetlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Settlements	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
f. Harvested Wood Products <sup>e</sup>	-	-	-				-			

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Estimates for the latest year are based on preliminary energy data; these data, though the best available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year. available information at the time of publication, are subject to revision in the next submission year.

Provincial and Territorial GHG emissions by Canadian economic sector are provided in Annex 12 of this report.

a. Chapter 1, Table 1-1 of this report provides a list of global warming potentials (GWPs) used.

b. Provincial and Territorial totals exclude all GHGs from the Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry sector.

- Emissions from ethanol and biodiesel are included in the Transport categories using gasoline and diesel respectively.
- d. Emissions from Ammonia Production, Nitric Acid Production and Petrochemical Production categories are included in Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use as CO<sub>2</sub> eq values within provincial and territorial tables to protect confidential data.
- e. HFC and PFC consumption began in 1995; HFC emissions occurring as a by-product of HCFC production (HCFC-22 exclusively) only occurred in Canada from 1990–1992 and PFC emissions prior to 1995 are the result of by-product CF<sub>4</sub> emissions from the use of NF<sub>3</sub>.
- CF4 emissions from the use of NF3.

  f. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00
- Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding. Indicates no emissions. Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality.

Greenhouse Gas Categories	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
					kt CO₂ eq				
TOTAL <sup>a</sup>	1 790	1 760	1 570	1 870	2 040	2 100	2 110	1 930	1 750
ENERGY	1 740	1 700	1 520	1 800	1 890	1 960	2 060	1 870	1 69
a. Stationary Combustion Sources	917	987	849	947	1 010	1 150	1 020	971	729
Public Electricity and Heat Production	156	156	126	137	139	155	118	129	17
Petroleum Refining Industries	8	6	7	5	12	11	4	120	12
Oil and Gas Extraction	277 36	196 42	112	137 36	135 109	140 212	150 150	130 158	12 13
Mining Manufacturing Industries	26	16	18	8	14	20	150	136	13
Construction	6	5	6	3	4	21	0.68	0.70	0.5
Commercial and Institutional	250	367	357	389	401	473	405	370	20
Residential	156	189	192	231	190	118	197	182	9
Agriculture and Forestry	2	9	12	2	2	0.01	-	0.01	0.0
b. Transport <sup>b</sup>	724	609	583	756	811	744	970	884	94
Aviation	257	228	231	264	265	243	266	256	24
Road Transportation	105	97	97	125	133	113	137	133	13
Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	15	14	15	21	22	15	22	19	1
Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks	43	41	41	59	63	44	69	62	5
Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles	6	6	6	8	8	6	8	7	
Motorcycles	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.27	0.19	0.27	0.23	0.2
Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles	0.13	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.1
Light-Duty Diesel Trucks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles	38	35	33	35	38	45	36	43	4
Propane and Natural Gas Vehicles Railways	0.85	0.45	0.58	0.61	0.70	0.64	0.81	0.78	
Marine	112	121	131	140	149	158	157	156	15
Other Transportation	249	163	124	226	263	229	410	339	41
Off-Road Agriculture and Forestry	249	103	0.60	1	203	0.91	2	339	41
Off-Road Commercial and Institutional	12	9	8	11	10	11	10	13	
Off-Road Manufacturing, Mining and Construction	203	130	93	185	220	183	364	285	37
Off-Road Residential	0.40	0.41	0.44	0.75	0.96	0.74	1	1	37
Off-Road Other Transportation	32	23	21	29	29	33	32	38	2
Pipeline Transport	-	-	-	-	2	0.13	0.09	0.04	
c. Fugitive Sources	100	110	92	98	69	69	64	16	1
Coal Mining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil and Natural Gas	101	107	92	98	69	69	64	16	1
Oil	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	
Natural Gas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Venting	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	
Flaring	90	96	82	87	58	58	54	6	
d. CO₂ Transport and Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES AND PRODUCT USE	5	13	4	26	106	90	6	8	1
a. Mineral Products	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.1
Cement Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime Production	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.03	- 0.04	- 0.04	0.1
Mineral Products Use	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.1
b. Chemical Industry <sup>c</sup> Adipic Acid Production	-	-	-	-	-			-	
c. Metal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Iron and Steel Production	-	-	-	-	-			-	
Aluminium Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Magnesium Production and Casting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Production and Consumption of Halocarbons, SF <sub>6</sub> and NF <sub>3</sub> <sup>d</sup>	-		-	-	-	3	6	7	
e. Non-Energy Products from Fuels and Solvent Use <sup>c</sup>	5	13	3	26	110	86	0.27	0.81	
f. Other Product Manufacture and Use	0.33	0.32	0.29	0.28	0.32	0.38	0.42	0.43	0.6
AGRICULTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Enteric Fermentation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
b. Manure Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
c. Agricultural Soils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Direct Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Indirect Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
d. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
e. Liming, Urea Application and Other Carbon-Containing Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WASTE	40	41	42	43	44	45	47	48	4
	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	4
a. Landfills		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills  Industrial Wood Waste Landfills	-	-							
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  Biological Treatment of Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
a. Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	0.01 4	0.01 4	0.01 5	0.01 5		0.01 5	0.01	0.01	
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills  b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste  c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste  d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge  Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01 5	
a. Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge	0.01 4	- 0.01 4 -	0.01 5 -	- 0.01 5 -	0.01 5 -	0.01 5 -	0.01 5 -	0.01 5 -	
a. Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY	- 0.01 4 - - -1 700	0.01 4 - - -1 600	0.01 5 - - -1 500	- 0.01 5 - - -1 300	0.01 5 - - -390	0.01 5 - - -500	0.01 5 - - -640	0.01 5 - - - -960	-93
a. Landfills Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land	-0.01 4 -1700 -1700	0.01 4 - - -1 600 -1 600	0.01 5 - - -1 500 -1 500	-1 300 -1 200	0.01 5 - - -390 -400	0.01 5 - - -500 -530	0.01 5 - - -640 -620	0.01 5 - - -960 -980	-93
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	- 0.01 4 1700 - 1700	- 0.01 - 4 	0.01 5 - -1 500 -1 500	-0.01 5 - -1 300 -1 200	0.01 5 - - -390 -400	0.01 5 - - -500 -530	0.01 5 - -640 -620	0.01 5 - - -960 -980	-93 -94
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland c. Grassland	- 0.01 4 1700 -1700	- 0.01 - 4 	0.01 5 - -1 500 -1 500	-1 300 -1 200	0.01 5 - - -390 -400	0.01 5 - - -500 -530	0.01 5 - - -640 -620	0.01 5 - - -960 -980	-93
a. Landfills  Municipal Solid Waste Landfills Industrial Wood Waste Landfills b. Biological Treatment of Solid Waste c. Incineration and Open Burning of Waste d. Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Municipal Wastewater Treatment and Discharge Industrial Wastewater Treatment and Discharge LAND USE, LAND-USE CHANGE AND FORESTRY a. Forest Land b. Cropland	- 0.01 4 1700 - 1700	- 0.01 - 4 	0.01 5 - -1 500 -1 500	-0.01 5 - -1 300 -1 200	0.01 5 - - -390 -400	0.01 5 - - -500 -530	0.01 5 - -640 -620	0.01 5 - - -960 -980	-93

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  e. Due to limitations in historical commodity production data from StatCan, available only at the national level of spatial resolution, it is not possible to differentiate the emissions by province/territory from Harvested Wood Products resulting from forest harvest and forest conversion before 1990. As a result, the national total may not equal the sum of provinces and territories.
- 0.00 Indicates emissions were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions.

# PROVINCIAL AND TERRITORIAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION TABLES BY CANADIAN ECONOMIC SECTOR, 1990–2023

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This annex contains summary tables (<u>Table A12–2</u> to <u>Table A12–15</u>) illustrating greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by province and territory, allocated to Canadian economic sectors, from 1990–2023. To account for the creation of Nunavut in 1999, a time series from 1999–2023 is provided for both Northwest Territories and Nunavut (<u>Table A12–13</u> and <u>Table A12–14</u>), and the years 1990–1998 are presented as a combined region in <u>Table A12–15</u>. In addition, <u>Table A12–1</u> provides a brief description of each economic sector.

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) sectors are provided in <u>Annex 11</u> of this report.

Reallocating provincial and territorial emissions from IPCC sectors into Canadian economic sectors is useful for the purposes of analyzing trends and policies, as most people associate GHG emissions with a particular economic activity (e.g. producing electricity, farming, or driving a car). This re-allocation simply re-categorizes emissions under different headings but does not change the overall magnitude of the provincial and territorial emission estimates. Estimates for each economic sector include emissions from energy-related and non-energy-related processes.

Although the Modalities, procedures, and guidelines (MPGs) require that only national-level detail be reported, provincial- and territorial-level detail is important, owing to the regional differences in emission levels and trends. Note that provincial and territorial emission estimates may not necessarily sum to the national totals due to rounding.

Provincial and territorial GHG emission tables are also available in electronic file format online at: https://open.canada.ca.

The GHG inventory team is considering removing the Emissions Tables (<u>Annex 9</u> to <u>Annex 12</u>) in future editions of the NIR. They would be available in their entirety on the <u>Government of Canada's Open Data webpage</u> only. For any questions or concerns, please contact <u>GES-GHG@ec.gc.ca</u>.

Economic Sector	Description
OIL AND GAS	
Upstream Oil and Gas	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from:
Natural Gas Production and Processing	- natural gas production and processing
Conventional Oil Production	Emissions resulting from:
Conventional Light Oil Production	- conventional light crude oil production
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	- conventional heavy crude oil production
Frontier Oil Production	- offshore and arctic production of crude oil
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from:
Mining and Extraction	- crude bitumen mining and extraction
In-Situ	- in-situ extraction of crude bitumen in designated oil sands areas including primary extraction, cyclic steam stimulation (CSS), steam-assisted gravity drainage (SAGD) and other experimental techniques
Upgrading	- crude bitumen and heavy oil upgrading to synthetic crude oil
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	Combustion and fugitive emissions from the transport and storage of crude oil and natural gas.
Downstream Oil and Gas	Emissions resulting from:
Petroleum Refining	- stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, fugitive and process emissions from petroleum refining industries
Natural Gas Distribution	- combustion and fugitive emissions from local distribution of natural gas up to and including the natural gas meter
ELECTRICITY	Combustion and process emissions from utility electricity generation, steam production (for sale) and transmission. Excludes utility owned
	cogeneration at industrial sites. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.
TRANSPORT	Mobile related emissions including all fossil fuels and non-CO <sub>2</sub> emission from biofuels. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from nature gas powered vehicles.
Passenger Transport	Mobile related combustion, process and refrigerant emissions from the vehicles that primarily move people around.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	- light duty cars and trucks and motorcycles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) less than 3856 kg
Bus, Rail and Aviation	- all buses and the passenger component of rail and aviation
Freight Transport	Mobile related combustion, process and refrigerant emissions from the vehicles that primarily move cargo or freight around.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	- vehicles with a Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) greater than or equal to 3856 kg. Also includes the freight component of rail
Aviation and Marine	- cargo component of aviation and all domestic navigation (inclusive of all fishing and military operations)
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	Combustion emissions from the non-industrial use of off-road engines (e.g., ATVs, snowmobiles, personal watercraft), including portab engines (e.g., generators, lawn mowers, chain saws). Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas powered engines.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, and process emissions. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.
Mining	– metal and non-metal mines, stone quarries, and gravel pits
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	– non-ferrous metals (aluminium, magnesium and other production)
Pulp and Paper	– pulp and paper (primarily pulp, paper, and paper product manufacturers)
Iron and Steel	- Iron and steel (steel foundries, casting, rolling mills and iron making)
Cement	- cement and other non-metallic mineral production
Lime and Gypsum	- lime and gypsum product manufacturing
Chemicals and Fertilizers	- chemical (fertilizer manufacturing, organic and inorganic chemical manufacturing)
BUILDINGS	Stationary combustion and process (i.e. air conditioning) emissions, including post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas appliances from:
Service Industry	- service industries related to mining, communication, wholesale and retail trade, finance and insurance, real estate, education, etc.; offices, health, arts, accommodation, food, information & cultural; Federal, provincial and municipal establishments; National Defence and Canadian Coast Guard; Train stations, airports and warehouses
Residential	– personal residences (homes, apartment hotels, condominiums and farm houses)
AGRICULTURE	Emissions resulting from:
On Farm Fuel Use	- stationary combustion, onsite transportation and process emissions from the agricultural, hunting and trapping industry (excluding food processing, farm machinery manufacturing, and repair); includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption
Crop Production	<ul> <li>Application of biosolids and inorganic nitrogen fertilizers, decomposition of crop residues, loss of soil organic carbon, cultivation of organic soils, indirect emissions from leaching and volatilization, field burning of agricultural residues, liming, and urea application</li> </ul>
Animal Production	- Animal housing, manure storage, manure deposited by grazing animals, and application of manure to managed soils
WASTE	Non-CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions from biomass resulting from:
Solid Waste	- municipal landfills, dedicated wood waste landfills, and other treatment of municipal solid waste
Wastewater	– municipal and industrial wastewater treatment
Waste Incineration	- municipal solid, hazardous and clinical waste, and sewage sludge incineration
COAL PRODUCTION	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation and fugitive emissions from underground and surface coal mines. Includes post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption.
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	Stationary combustion, onsite transportation, electricity and steam production, and process emissions, including post-meter, unintentional leaks from natural gas consumption from (excluding LULUCF):
Light Manufacturing	– all other manufacturing industries not included in the Heavy Industry category above
Construction	- construction of buildings, highways etc.
Forest Resources	- forestry and logging service industry

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO	₂ eq			
GHG TOTAL	9.5	10.3	10.7	10.8	8.6	8.0	8.1	7.
OIL AND GAS	1.1	2.5	2.7	2.8	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3
Natural Gas Production and Processing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Oil Production	0.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	0.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Downstream Oil and Gas	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.
Petroleum Refining	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.
Natural Gas Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRICITY	1.6	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.
TRANSPORT	2.7	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.
Passenger Transport	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.
Freight Transport	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.
Aviation and Marine	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	1.9	1.8	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.
Mining	1.4	1.5	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Pulp and Paper	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Cement	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
BUILDINGS	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.
Service Industry	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
Residential	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.
AGRICULTURE	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
On Farm Fuel Use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Crop Production	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Animal Production	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
WASTE	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.
Wastewater	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.
Light Manufacturing	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Construction	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.
Forest Resources	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.

- Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

  a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

  0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO				
GHG TOTAL	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0
OIL AND GAS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Natural Gas Production and Processing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Downstream Oil and Gas	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Petroleum Refining	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Natural Gas Distribution	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ELECTRICITY	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
TRANSPORT	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.
Passenger Transport	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Freight Transport	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.:
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Aviation and Marine	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEAVY INDUSTRY	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mining	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pulp and Paper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	0.0	-	
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUILDINGS	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.:
Service Industry	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Residential	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.:
AGRICULTURE	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.:
On Farm Fuel Use	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Crop Production	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Animal Production	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.:
WASTE	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Wastewater	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Light Manufacturing	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Construction	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forest Resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019 Mt CO:		2021	2022	2023				
GHG TOTAL	19.6	22.0	16.5	15.8	14.4	14.2	14.3	13.				
OIL AND GAS	0.7	1.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Conventional Oil Production	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Conventional Light Oil Production	_	-	-	0.0	0.0	-	-	0.				
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Frontier Oil Production	_	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Mining and Extraction	_	-	_	_	_	_						
In-Situ	_	_	_	_		_	_					
Upgrading				_								
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	_	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Downstream Oil and Gas	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Petroleum Refining	0.7	0.9	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
Natural Gas Distribution	-	0.0	X	X	X	X	X	_				
ELECTRICITY	6.9	10.1	7.0	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.8	4.				
TRANSPORT	4.1	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.				
Passenger Transport	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.				
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.				
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.				
Freight Transport	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.				
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.				
Aviation and Marine	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.				
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.				
HEAVY INDUSTRY	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.				
Mining	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.				
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Pulp and Paper	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Iron and Steel	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Cement	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2				
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.				
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.				
BUILDINGS	2.9	х	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.				
Service Industry	0.8	х	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.				
Residential	2.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.				
AGRICULTURE	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.				
On Farm Fuel Use	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.				
Crop Production	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.				
Animal Production	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.				
WASTE	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.				
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.				
Wastewater	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.				
Waste Incineration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
COAL PRODUCTION	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.				
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.6	х	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.				
Light Manufacturing	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.				
Construction	0.3	x	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.				
Forest Resources	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.				

- Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

  a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

  0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions
- x Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality

GHG TOTAL OIL AND GAS Upstream Oil and Gas Natural Gas Production and Processing Conventional Oil Production Conventional Light Oil Production Conventional Heavy Oil Production Frontier Oil Production Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading) Mining and Extraction In-Situ Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT Passenger Transport Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	16.1 1.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	2005  19.8 2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0 8.0 4.4	2018  13.4 2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.7 x	2019  Mt CO <sub>2</sub> 13.1  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  3.1  x	2020 eq 11.1 2.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.8	2021 11.8 2.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 	12.4 2.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 	2023 11.5 2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0
Upstream Oil and Gas  Natural Gas Production and Processing  Conventional Oil Production  Conventional Light Oil Production  Conventional Heavy Oil Production  Frontier Oil Production  Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)  Mining and Extraction  In-Situ  Upgrading  Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	13.1 3.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - 0.0 3.1	11.1 2.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	2.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2.7 0.0 0.0 0.0
Natural Gas Production and Processing  Conventional Oil Production  Conventional Light Oil Production  Conventional Heavy Oil Production  Frontier Oil Production  Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)  Mining and Extraction  In-Situ  Upgrading  Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - - 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0
Natural Gas Production and Processing  Conventional Oil Production  Conventional Light Oil Production  Conventional Heavy Oil Production  Frontier Oil Production  Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)  Mining and Extraction  In-Situ  Upgrading  Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - - 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5	0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - 0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - 0.0 2.7	0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - - 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - - - -	0.0	0.0	0.0
Conventional Oil Production Conventional Light Oil Production Conventional Heavy Oil Production Frontier Oil Production Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading) Mining and Extraction In-Situ Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT Passenger Transport Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	0.0 0.0 - - - - - 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5	0.0 0.0 - - - - 0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0	0.0 0.0 - - - - - 0.0 2.7	0.0 0.0 - - - - - - 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Conventional Light Oil Production Conventional Heavy Oil Production Frontier Oil Production Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading) Mining and Extraction In-Situ Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT Passenger Transport Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	0.0 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	0.0 0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0 8.0	0.0 0.0 2.7	0.0 - - - - - - 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 - - - - -	0.4
Conventional Heavy Oil Production Frontier Oil Production Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading) Mining and Extraction In-Situ Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT Passenger Transport Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 2 3.5 2.3		- - - 0.0 2.7	- - - - - 0.0	- - - - - 0.0	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production  Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)  Mining and Extraction In-Situ  Upgrading  Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 2 3.5 2.3		- - - 0.0 <b>2.7</b> x	- - - - 0.0	- - - - 0.0	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)  Mining and Extraction In-Situ  Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	- - 0.0 <b>2.6</b> 2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	- - - 0.0 <b>2.7</b> x	- - - 0.0 3.1	- - - 0.0	- - -	-	
Mining and Extraction  In-Situ  Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 6.0 3.5	- 0.0 <b>2.6</b> 2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	0.0 2.7	- - 0.0 3.1	0.0	-	-	
In-Situ Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT Passenger Transport Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	- 0.0 <b>2.6</b> 2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	0.0 2.7	0.0	0.0	-	-	
Upgrading Oil, Natural Gas and CO2 Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0 8.0	0.0 2.7 x	0.0	0.0	-	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	0.0 <b>2.6</b> 2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	0.0 <b>2.7</b> x	0.0 <b>3.1</b>	0.0			
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission  Downstream Oil and Gas  Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	2.6 2.6 0.0 8.0	<b>2.7</b> ×	3.1		0.0	0.0	
Petroleum Refining  Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	х				0.0	0.0
Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	1.2 - 6.0 3.5 2.3	2.6 0.0 <b>8.0</b>	х			2.7	2.6	2.
Natural Gas Distribution  ELECTRICITY  TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	6.0 3.5 2.3	0.0 <b>8.0</b>			х	х	х	
TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	3.5 2.3	8.0		X	x	X	х	
TRANSPORT  Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	3.5 2.3		3.8	3.4	2.2	2.9	3.5	2.
Passenger Transport  Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles  Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	2.3		3.6	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles Bus, Rail and Aviation Freight Transport Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper		2.5	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.
Bus, Rail and Aviation  Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	Z. I	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.
Freight Transport  Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail  Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail Aviation and Marine Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.
Aviation and Marine  Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential  HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	0.7	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential HEAVY INDUSTRY Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.
HEAVY INDUSTRY  Mining  Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)  Pulp and Paper	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.
Mining Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	1.8	1.3	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals) Pulp and Paper	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
Pulp and Paper	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
•	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Cement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Chemicals and Fertilizers								
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
BUILDINGS Service Industry	1.6 0.6	1.4 0.7	0.5	0.5	1.0 0.5	0.9	0.9	0.
Residential								
	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.
AGRICULTURE On Farm Fuel Use	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.
Crop Production	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Animal Production	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
WASTE Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.
	0.7		0.4					0.
Wastewater	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Waste Incineration	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
COAL PRODUCTION	0.0	0.0	- 0.4	- 0.4	- 0.4	- 0.4	-	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.
Light Manufacturing	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.
Construction Forest Resources	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

- Indicates on sensors of loss than 5.7 miles and for sen

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO:				
GHG TOTAL	84.3	84.5	79.9	81.9	74.5	77.5	79.3	78.
OIL AND GAS	4.1	4.2	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Conventional Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Downstream Oil and Gas	3.7	3.9	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.
Petroleum Refining	3.6	3.8	2.3	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.5	2
Natural Gas Distribution	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0
ELECTRICITY	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.
TRANSPORT	24.6	30.1	31.9	32.1	27.1	29.2	30.9	31
Passenger Transport	18.2	20.1	21.0	21.3	17.6	19.3	20.2	21
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	16.7	18.5	19.0	19.3	16.2	17.8	18.3	19
Bus, Rail and Aviation	1.6	1.5	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.9	1
Freight Transport	5.0	7.5	8.2	7.9	6.8	7.2	8.0	7
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	4.1	6.4	7.2	6.9	6.0	6.3	7.1	6
Aviation and Marine	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	1
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	1.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2
HEAVY INDUSTRY	24.7	19.9	17.1	18.1	17.4	17.8	17.9	18
Mining	2.0	1.9	2.8	3.1	2.5	2.6	2.6	2
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	12.7	9.8	6.7	6.9	7.5	7.6	7.8	7
Pulp and Paper	4.5	2.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1
ron and Steel	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.2	1
Cement	2.5	2.4	2.6	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.0	3
Lime and Gypsum	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0
Chemicals and Fertilizers	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.1	1
BUILDINGS	11.5	12.2	10.0	10.2	9.1	9.4	9.6	8
Service Industry	4.6	6.4	6.4	6.5	5.9	6.2	6.3	5
Residential	6.9	5.8	3.6	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.3	3
AGRICULTURE	7.3	8.2	8.9	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.9	8
On Farm Fuel Use	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1
Crop Production	1.4	1.6	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.6	2
Animal Production	5.3	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.3	5
VASTE	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	4.5	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3
Nastewater	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0
Waste Incineration	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	5.5	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.6	5.0	4.7	4
ight Manufacturing	3.7	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.8	2
Construction	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.5	1
Forest Resources	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	C

- Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

  a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

  0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	1777			Mt CO <sub>2</sub>				
GHG TOTAL	178.2	202.4	163.6	164.9	148.8	151.6	157.6	158.
OIL AND GAS	10.5	11.7	7.1	7.7	7.1	7.6	8.0	8.:
Upstream Oil and Gas	3.3	4.0	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
Conventional Oil Production	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Conventional Light Oil Production	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	3.0	3.6	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.6
Downstream Oil and Gas	7.1	7.7	5.6	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.4
Petroleum Refining	6.5	7.0	5.2	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.0
Natural Gas Distribution	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
ELECTRICITY	25.7	32.8	3.5	3.4	3.8	4.5	5.5	6.8
TRANSPORT	41.4	57.0	55.1	55.6	45.2	47.1	49.7	50.
Passenger Transport	30.2	36.8	36.8	37.5	29.0	29.2	31.7	32.0
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	27.5	33.6	33.0	33.8	26.7	26.8	28.3	29.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	2.7	3.2	3.8	3.7	2.3	2.5	3.4	3.5
Freight Transport	8.7	15.6	14.1	13.8	12.4	13.8	13.9	13.5
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	8.0	15.0	13.4	13.2	11.7	12.9	13.2	12.8
Aviation and Marine	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.7
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	2.4	4.6	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	42.3	34.5	29.4	28.6	26.6	28.7	28.8	29.
Mining	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.0
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	1.6	2.0	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9
Pulp and Paper	3.3	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8
Iron and Steel	15.0	15.0	14.4	13.5	11.5	13.2	12.4	12.9
Cement	4.6	6.1	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2
Lime and Gypsum	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.
Chemicals and Fertilizers	15.0	6.7	5.5	5.3	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.0
BUILDINGS	27.3	36.0	40.1	41.1	38.1	35.5	36.6	34.9
Service Industry	9.8	15.2	20.6	21.1	19.4	17.3	17.8	17.4
Residential	17.5	20.8	19.4	20.0	18.6	18.2	18.8	17.
AGRICULTURE	10.8	11.0	11.4	11.7	12.1	12.2	12.4	12.
On Farm Fuel Use	1.3	1.6	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.8
Crop Production	2.1	1.9	2.5	2.6	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.8
Animal Production	7.4	7.5	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3
WASTE	7.4	8.0	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	6.7	7.1	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.
Wastewater	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.
Waste Incineration	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	12.9	11.5	10.0	9.8	8.6	8.7	9.4	9.
Light Manufacturing	9.9	8.0	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.9	6.5	6.
Construction	2.7	3.3	3.3	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.
Forest Resources	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

Table A12–8 GHG Emissions for Manitoba by Canadian Economic Sector, Selected Years  1990 2005 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 202												
	1990	2005	2018	2019 Mt CO <sub>2</sub>		2021	2022	2023				
GHG TOTAL	18.3	20.7	22.4	22.2	21.2	20.7	21.7	21.3				
OIL AND GAS	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9				
Upstream Oil and Gas	1.5	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.9				
Natural Gas Production and Processing		-		-	-	-	-					
Conventional Oil Production	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7				
Conventional Light Oil Production	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7				
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	0.5	-	-	-	0.0	-	-	0.				
Frontier Oil Production	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Mining and Extraction	_	-	_	_	_	_						
In-Situ		_				_						
Upgrading	-			-	-	-						
	1 2			0.2	0.2			0.7				
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2				
Downstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Petroleum Refining	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Natural Gas Distribution	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
ELECTRICITY	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.				
TRANSPORT	5.0	5.7	6.9	6.8	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.0				
Passenger Transport	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.7				
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	2.6	2.6	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.2				
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5				
Freight Transport	1.4	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8				
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8				
Aviation and Marine	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.5	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0				
HEAVY INDUSTRY	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.3				
Mining	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2				
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Pulp and Paper	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1				
Iron and Steel	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Cement	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Lime and Gypsum	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8				
BUILDINGS	3.1	2.7	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.8				
Service Industry	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.7				
Residential	1.7	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1				
AGRICULTURE	5.0	7.1	7.5	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.3	7.				
On Farm Fuel Use	0.8	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3				
Crop Production	1.6	1.5	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.				
Animal Production	2.6	4.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3				
WASTE	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4				
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3				
Wastewater	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-					
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1				
Light Manufacturing	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8				
Construction	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3				
Forest Resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				

- Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

  a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

  0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions

Table A12-9 GHG Emissions for Saskatchewan by Canadian Economic Sector, Selected Years											
	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023			
				Mt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq						
GHG TOTAL	48.5	80.5	88.6	86.2	74.6	76.4	75.2	73.9			
OIL AND GAS	16.9	37.7	36.6	34.9	26.9	26.4	26.3	25.6			
Upstream Oil and Gas	15.9	36.6	35.4	33.5	25.7	25.1	25.0	24.3			
Natural Gas Production and Processing	1.9	3.2	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.8			
Conventional Oil Production	11.7	28.4	29.2	27.6	20.7	19.7	19.3	18.			
Conventional Light Oil Production	4.3	6.4	14.4	13.9	9.7	7.2	6.7	6.4			
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	7.4	22.0	14.8	13.7	11.0	12.5	12.7	12.			
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.			
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Upgrading	-	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	2			
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	2.3	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.9	1.6			
Downstream Oil and Gas	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3			
Petroleum Refining	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3			
Natural Gas Distribution	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.			
ELECTRICITY	11.1	14.3	14.9	14.8	12.6	14.7	13.3	13.8			
TRANSPORT	4.8	6.9	10.0	9.8	8.8	9.1	8.8	8.			
Passenger Transport	2.5	3.1	4.4	4.4	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.7			
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	2.2	2.8	4.1	4.1	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.4			
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0			
Freight Transport	1.6	2.8	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.:			
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	1.5	2.8	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.:			
Aviation and Marine	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0			
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3			
HEAVY INDUSTRY	1.7	2.4	4.1	3.6	3.6	4.1	4.2	3.			
Mining	1.1	1.4	3.0	2.5	2.4	3.0	3.2	2.4			
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Pulp and Paper	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.			
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.			
Cement	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8			
BUILDINGS	3.2	3.4	4.1	4.3	3.9	3.9	4.2	3.:			
Service Industry	1.0	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8			
Residential	2.1	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.9			
AGRICULTURE	8.9	13.8	16.6	16.5	16.6	16.3	16.2	16.			
On Farm Fuel Use	2.8	2.9	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.3			
Crop Production	1.7	2.7	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.2			
Animal Production	4.4	8.3	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.9			
WASTE	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4			
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3			
Wastewater	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.			
Waste Incineration	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
COAL PRODUCTION	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.			
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.			
Light Manufacturing	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5			
Construction	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2			
Forest Resources	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0			

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO <sub>2</sub>	eq			
GHG TOTAL	176.6	250.5	282.9	284.6	266.0	268.5	265.5	263.
OIL AND GAS	72.6	119.1	155.6	156.1	148.5	156.1	154.2	154.
Upstream Oil and Gas	69.0	114.9	151.4	151.5	144.5	151.7	149.3	149.
Natural Gas Production and Processing	31.1	59.7	47.7	46.9	44.8	46.6	42.0	40.
Conventional Oil Production	18.7	17.2	18.7	18.0	15.9	16.7	16.7	17.
Conventional Light Oil Production	13.6	14.1	14.9	14.4	12.7	13.4	13.4	13.
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	5.1	3.1	3.8	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	15.3	34.0	80.3	81.6	79.1	83.3	84.6	86.
Mining and Extraction	2.9	6.8	15.8	16.8	16.0	16.7	17.2	17.
In-Situ	4.6	13.1	43.9	43.1	41.3	44.8	45.6	47.
Upgrading	7.8	14.0	20.6	21.7	21.8	21.9	21.8	22.
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	3.8	4.0	4.8	4.9	4.7	5.1	5.9	5.
Downstream Oil and Gas	3.6	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.1	4.4	4.9	4.
Petroleum Refining	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.4	3.8	4.1	4.7	4.
Natural Gas Distribution	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
ELECTRICITY	39.8	47.6	31.4	31.0	27.0	22.6	19.4	19.
TRANSPORT	15.3	22.0	27.9	28.0	22.6	23.0	23.7	23.
Passenger Transport	9.2	11.9	14.4	14.8	11.4	11.5	12.4	12.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	8.0	10.3	12.2	12.6	10.2	10.1	10.5	10
Bus, Rail and Aviation	1.3	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.3	1.3	1.9	2
Freight Transport	4.4	8.0	10.8	10.6	8.9	9.1	8.9	8
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	4.2	7.8	10.6	10.4	8.7	8.7	8.7	8
Aviation and Marine	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	1.6	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	12.8	17.7	17.9	18.4	18.3	18.0	17.7	18.
Mining	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0
Pulp and Paper	0.5	0.8	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.
Iron and Steel	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0
Cement	1.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1
Lime and Gypsum	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0
Chemicals and Fertilizers	9.9	13.7	12.2	12.8	13.4	13.3	13.0	13
BUILDINGS	12.2	16.2	21.7	21.8	20.9	20.3	21.3	20
Service Industry	5.3	8.4	12.2	12.4	11.8	11.6	12.1	11
Residential	6.9	7.7	9.4	9.4	9.2	8.7	9.1	8
AGRICULTURE	14.7	21.1	20.0	20.4	20.4	20.4	20.9	19
On Farm Fuel Use	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.0	3.0	2
Crop Production	2.2	2.5	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.5	3
Animal Production	10.5	16.0	13.1	13.2	13.2	13.3	13.4	13
WASTE	2.1	3.3	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.7	4
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	1.7	2.8	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4
Wastewater	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
COAL PRODUCTION	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	0
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	6.3	2.8	3.1	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.1	3
Light Manufacturing	4.8	1.4	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	2
Construction	1.0	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0
Forest Resources	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO <sub>2</sub>				
SHG TOTAL	51.2	63.3	64.5	63.3	59.1	60.6	61.5	60.
DIL AND GAS	8.3	14.0	14.7	13.9	13.9	13.3	13.3	12.
Jpstream Oil and Gas	6.9	13.4	14.1	13.4	13.4	12.7	12.7	11.
Natural Gas Production and Processing	4.8	11.2	11.9	11.2	11.4	10.8	10.7	9
Conventional Oil Production	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0
Conventional Light Oil Production	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1
Downstream Oil and Gas	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	C
Petroleum Refining	1.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	(
Natural Gas Distribution	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(
ELECTRICITY	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.3	·
RANSPORT	15.2	19.7	22.5	22.4	20.1	21.5	22.5	22
Passenger Transport	9.3	11.7	12.6	12.3	10.4	11.0	11.8	11
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	7.8	9.9	10.6	10.3	9.1	9.6	9.8	
Bus, Rail and Aviation	1.5	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.4	2.0	
reight Transport	5.2	6.5	7.9	8.1	7.8	8.5	8.7	
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	4.1	5.2	6.5	6.7	6.4	6.9	7.2	
Aviation and Marine	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.7	1.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2
HEAVY INDUSTRY	8.9	7.1	6.9	6.5	5.6	5.5	5.2	5
Mining	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	2.0	1.7	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.7	1
Pulp and Paper	4.1	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.1	
ron and Steel	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
Tement	1.1	2.0	2.2	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.2	
ime and Gypsum	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(
Chemicals and Fertilizers	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	(
BUILDINGS	7.5	8.4	8.3	8.7	8.8	9.0	9.4	
Service Industry	3.1	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.4	
Residential	4.5	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9	4
AGRICULTURE	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3
On Farm Fuel Use	0.4	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	(
Crop Production	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	(
Animal Production	1.9	2.5	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2
VASTE	2.7	2.7	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.9	
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.6	1
Vastewater	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	(
Vaste Incineration	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COAL PRODUCTION	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.5	
IGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST IESOURCES	3.3	5.3	3.9	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3
ight Manufacturing	1.5	3.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	
Construction	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

	1990	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO	<sub>2</sub> eq			
GHG TOTAL	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.
OIL AND GAS	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Conventional Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Downstream Oil and Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Petroleum Refining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas Distribution	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRICITY	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
TRANSPORT	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.
Passenger Transport	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
Freight Transport	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Aviation and Marine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Mining	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Pulp and Paper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Cement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	-	-	-	-		-	
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
BUILDINGS	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Service Industry	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Residential	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
AGRICULTURE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
On Farm Fuel Use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Crop Production	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Animal Production	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
WASTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Wastewater	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Waste Incineration	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
COAL PRODUCTION	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Light Manufacturing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Forest Resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.

- Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

  a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

  0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.
- Indicates no emissions

	1999	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO	<sub>2</sub> eq			
GHG TOTAL	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
OIL AND GAS	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Conventional Oil Production	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Frontier Oil Production	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Downstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum Refining	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas Distribution	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRICITY	0.1	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
TRANSPORT	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6
Passenger Transport	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Freight Transport	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Aviation and Marine	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEAVY INDUSTRY	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
Mining	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Pulp and Paper	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	_
Iron and Steel	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	_
Cement	_	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lime and Gypsum	_	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUILDINGS	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Service Industry	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Residential	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
AGRICULTURE	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	
On Farm Fuel Use	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	_
Crop Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Production	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WASTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wastewater	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	_	_	_	_	_	
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.0	х	х	x	х	x	х	X
Light Manufacturing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	0.0	х	х	х	х	x	х	х
Forest Resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

- Indicates one emissions x Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality

	1999	2005	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
				Mt CO	<sub>2</sub> eq			
GHG TOTAL	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.
OIL AND GAS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upstream Oil and Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Natural Gas Production and Processing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Oil Production	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Light Oil Production	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Downstream Oil and Gas	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	
Petroleum Refining	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Natural Gas Distribution	_	_		_	_	_		
ELECTRICITY	0.0	x	х	х	х	х	х	
TRANSPORT	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.
Passenger Transport	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Freight Transport	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Aviation and Marine	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
HEAVY INDUSTRY	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	
Pulp and Paper	_		-		-	-		
Iron and Steel	_		-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cement		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Lime and Gypsum	-							
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
BUILDINGS Service Industry	0.0	Х	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	0.0	X	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Residential AGRICULTURE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
On Farm Fuel Use	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Crop Production	_		-		-	-	-	
Animal Production								
WASTE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Wastewater Waste Insinguation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Waste Incineration	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.0	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	
Light Manufacturing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Construction	0.0	x	х	х	х	х	х	

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

- Indicates no emissions
- x Indicates data has been suppressed to respect confidentiality

<u>Canada.ca/ghg-inventory</u> National Inventory Report – 2025 Edition Part 3

Table A12–15 <b>GHG Emissions for Northwest T</b>	erritorie	and Nu	navut by	/ Canadi	an Econo	mic Sect	tor, 1990	1998	
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
					Mt CO <sub>2</sub> eq				
GHG TOTAL	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.3
OIL AND GAS	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Upstream Oil and Gas	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Natural Gas Production and Processing	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Conventional Oil Production	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.
Conventional Light Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conventional Heavy Oil Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Frontier Oil Production	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.
Oil Sands (Mining, In-Situ, Upgrading)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and Extraction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
In-Situ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upgrading	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oil, Natural Gas and CO <sub>2</sub> Transmission	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Downstream Oil and Gas	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	
Petroleum Refining	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	
Natural Gas Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRICITY	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
TRANSPORT	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0
Passenger Transport	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Cars, Light Trucks and Motorcycles	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.
Bus, Rail and Aviation	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.
Freight Transport	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.:
Heavy Duty Trucks, Rail	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.
Aviation and Marine	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other: Recreational, Commercial and Residential	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
HEAVY INDUSTRY	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.
Mining	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.
Smelting and Refining (Non-Ferrous Metals)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	
Pulp and Paper	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	_	-	
Iron and Steel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	_	
Cement	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	
Lime and Gypsum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-		
Chemicals and Fertilizers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BUILDINGS Service Industry	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.3
Residential	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.2
AGRICULTURE			0.2				-	0.0	
On Farm Fuel Use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
Crop Production	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0
•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Animal Production	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WASTE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Solid Waste <sup>a</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Wastewater	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Waste Incineration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
COAL PRODUCTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LIGHT MANUFACTURING, CONSTRUCTION AND FOREST RESOURCES	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
Light Manufacturing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forest Resources	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.

Provincial and territorial GHG emissions allocated to IPCC sectors are provided in Annex 11 of this report.

a. Emission estimates for Solid Waste include emissions from municipal solid waste landfills, wood waste landfills and municipal solid waste composting.

0.0 Indicates emissions of less than 0.05 Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq were truncated due to rounding.

<sup>-</sup> Indicates no emissions

## **ELECTRICITY IN CANADA: SUMMARY AND INTENSITY TABLES**

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This annex presents detailed greenhouse gas (GHG) information related to the generation of electricity by the Public Electricity and Heat Production category (IPCC Category 1.A.1.a), on a national, provincial, and territorial level.

The Canadian electricity generation industry produces electricity by transforming the energy in falling water, coal, natural gas, refined petroleum products (RPPs), other miscellaneous fuels, biomass, nuclear, wind and solar resources. The process of supplying electricity to the public involves not only power generation at the plant, but also distribution through the electricity grid. The efficiency of the transmission system has an impact on the amount of electricity available to consumers. GHG emission estimates and electricity generation values are therefore based on activities that occur at the generating plant, and efforts have been made to include the impact of the transmission and distribution infrastructure (including sulphur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) emissions associated with switchgear and other electrical equipment, which is accounted for in the Industrial Processes and Product Use [IPPU] sector).

The electricity generation industry in Canada is composed of entities whose main activity is the production of electricity (main activity producers) and those who generate either partially or wholly for their own use (autoproducers). Main activity producers sell their electricity to the grid, can be either public or private generators and are reported under North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) code 22111. Autoproducers are generally private companies that are generating electricity either to feed their operations or as a by-product of their operation. They may sell some or all of their electricity to the grid. Any industry that generates electricity, but whose main business is something other than electric power generation, is reported under the NAICS code associated with their primary business activity. However, in some cases, a

company may have divided their operations so that the electric power generation is a separate business entity (even if the operations are on the same site). In this case, the electric power generation is included under the Public Electricity and Heat Production category.

The analysis in this section only includes main activity producers. This analysis relies on a variety of data sources; fuel consumption and electricity production data are published by Statistics Canada in the Report on Energy Supply and Demand in Canada (RESD) (Statistics Canada, n.d. [a]), in the publication Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) (Statistics Canada, n.d. [b]) and online via Statistics Canada data tables 25-10-0019-01, 25-10-0020-01, 25-10-0021-01 and 25-10-0084-01 (Statistics Canada, n.d. [c], n.d. [d], n.d. [e], n.d. [f]).

A "generation intensity" indicator is derived to reflect the GHG emissions intensity of electricity as it is delivered to the electricity grid. Electricity generation intensity values were derived for each fuel type using GHG emission estimates and electricity generation data. The methodology used to develop the GHG emissions is discussed in Chapter 3 and Annex 3.1 of this report. GHG emissions are based on the total fuel consumed by the public utility sector, as provided in the RESD,1 while generation data are from Statistics Canada data tables (2005-2023) and the EPGTD publication (1990-2004).

A "consumption intensity" indicator was also derived to reflect the GHG emissions intensity of electricity as it is delivered to the consumer. Accordingly, electric energy losses (mainly) in transmission and distribution are subtracted from the overall total electricity generation, while SF<sub>6</sub> emissions associated with equipment used in electricity transmission and distribution are added to overall total GHG emissions. The electric energy losses in transmission, distribution and anywhere else are taken to be the utility sector's share of "unallocated energy," as presented in Table A13-1 to Table A13-14 and calculated from data provided by Statistics Canada (n.d. [e]) or regional electricity system operators. Likewise, the SF<sub>6</sub> emission values are based on the electric utility sector's share of total SF<sub>6</sub> emissions from equipment used in electricity transmission and distribution.

Electricity intensity values for Canada, the provinces and the territories are provided in Table A13-1 to Table A13-14.

<sup>1</sup> Occasionally, Statistics Canada revises some of its historic data, which can affect the values provided in Table A13-1 to Table A13-14.

Data presented include emissions, generation and intensity for facilities classified under NAICS code 22111 - Electric Power Generation

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada
- Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total g.
- Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005-2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020-2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005-2023).
- Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables - includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.
- Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.

  Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators. Ο.
- Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses
- p. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb			
					kt CO₂ equ	ivalent				
Combustion	1 640	820	740	1 340	1 130	1 140	950	650	690	680
Coal	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Natural Gas	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	1 640	820	740	1 340	1 130	1 140	950	650	690	680
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
OVERALL TOTALe, f, g	1 640	820	740	1 340	1 130	1 140	950	650	690	680
				ELEC	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	h, i			
					GW	h				
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	2 090	1 360	916	1 560	1 260	1 320	1 090	760	800	780
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Natural Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Fuels	2 090	1 360	920	1 560	1 260	1 320	1 090	760	800	780
Nuclear	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Hydro	34 300	38 900	39 400	38 800	41 800	40 800	38 500	39 400	39 500	42 200
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	-	180	170	210	180	180	160	180	170
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	36 400	40 300	40 500	40 500	43 300	42 300	39 800	40 300	40 400	43 100
					NHOUSE G					
			Gene	ration Inten	sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	ity generate	d)		
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	45	20	18	33	26	27	24	16	17	16
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.0005	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.0009	0.0004	0.0004	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	45	20	18	33	26	27	24	16	17	16
					Loss	ses				
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	990	860	1 200	1 900	1 930	1 900	1 800	2 100	1 900	2 400
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	0.97	0.52	0.55	3.5	2.2	1.9	3.6	3.2	2.9	5.7
			Consu	ımption Inte	ensity (g GHG	i / kWh electi	ricity consun	ned)		
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	46	21	19	35	27	28	25	17	18	17

Data presented include emissions, generation and intensity for facilities classified under NAICS code 22111 - Electric Power Generation.

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005-2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020-2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005-2023).
- i. Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.

  K. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).

  r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- $0.0 \ \text{Indicates}$  emissions or electricity generation value less than 0.1

### Notes:

Data presented include emissions, generation and intensity for facilities classified under NAICS code 22111 – Electric Power Generation.

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total
- 1. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).
- Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- . NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.
- n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $\mbox{SF}_{\mbox{\scriptsize 6}}$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- $0.0 \quad \text{Indicates emissions or electricity generation value less than } 0.1 \text{ and intensity values less than } 0.0001$
- unk Indicates unknown as appropriate data were unavailable
- Due to the high level of imports from New Brunswick, values for New Brunswick are more indicative of GHG consumption intensity. Please refer to <a href="Table A13-5">Table A13-5</a>.

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a		
	1990	2003	2010			AS EMISSIO		2021	2022	2023		
		kt CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent										
Combustion	6 870	10 000	8 780	6 700	6 970	6 670	6 280	6 040	5 780	4 8 1 0		
Coal	5 080	5 460	6 340	4 400	4 840	4 820	4 240	4 440	3 680	3 000		
Natural Gas	_	х	х	690	790	780	990	920	880	1 040		
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	1 790	х	х	1 610	1 340	1 070	1 050	680	1 220	770		
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	6 870	10 000	8 780	6 700	6 970	6 670	6 280	6 040	5 780	4 810		
				ELEC	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	lh, i					
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	8 440	11 100	10 300	8 220	7 890	7 410	7 410	7 260	6 740	6 600		
Coal	6 020	6 770	6 790	4 870	4 980	4 990	4 470	4 660	3 850	3 640		
Natural Gas	-	180	2 270	1 300	1 420	1 360	1 860	1 670	1 630	1 930		
Other Fuels	2 430	4 110	1 270	2 050	1 490	1 060	1 080	930	1 250	1 030		
Nuclear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Hydro	1 120	1 040	970	1 010	940	1 030	750	780	910	970		
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	26	110	410	820	1 410	1 270	1 280	1 180	1 280	1 280		
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	9 590	12 200	11 700	10 000	10 240	9 710	9 430	9 210	8 930	8 850		
						AS INTENSI						
					sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	ity generate	d)				
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	710	820	750	660	680	680	660	650	640	540		
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.007	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04		
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	720	820	750	670	680	690	670	660	650	540		
					Loss	ses						
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	580	770	670	570	670	640	640	600	540	550		
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	24	30	28	34	26	6.2	4.2	5.7	5.7	7.5		
			Const	umption Inte	nsity (g GHG	i / kWh electi	ricity consun	ned)				
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	770	880	800	710	730	740	710	700	690	580		

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
   e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO2 from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).
  i. Taken from the *Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution* (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
  r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

## Notes:

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- $_{\rm C}$  . Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.  $_{\rm C}$  .  $_{\rm C}$  .  $_{\rm C}$  from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- n. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).
- . Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- . NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.
- n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy
- Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a		
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIC	ONS <sup>b</sup>					
	kt CO₂equivalent											
Combustion	1 490	610	420	210	240	240	290	250	230	270		
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Natural Gas	110	270	220	0.0	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.4	41		
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	1 380	350	200	210	240	240	290	250	230	230		
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	1 490	620	420	210	240	240	290	250	230	270		
				ELE	CTRICITY G	ENERATIO	N <sup>h, i</sup>					
	GWh											
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	1 980	1 390	1 510	960	1 350	1 240	1 260	1 270	1 190	1 220		
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Natural Gas	_	210	200	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.8	1.4	2.1		
Other Fuels	1 980	1 170	1 310	960	1 350	1 240	1 260	1 270	1 190	1 220		
Nuclear	4 070	4 480	3 550	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Hydro	112 000	155 000	161 000	175 000	180 000	180 000	176 000	183 000	185 000	165 000		
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	420	1 550	6 420	10 200	10 700	10 800	10 100	9 700	9 300		
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	118 000	161 000	168 000	182 000	191 000	191 000	188 000	195 000	196 000	175 000		
	GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSITY <sup>n</sup>											
			Gene	eration Inten	sity (g GHG /	kWh electri	city generate	ed)				
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	13	3.7	2.5	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.5		
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.0004	0.0010	0.0004	0.0	0.0	0.0002	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0001		
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.0003	0.0004	0.0001	0.0	0.0	0.0001	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	13	3.8	2.5	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.5		
					Los	ses						
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	7 280	9 060	15 600	17 250	17 890	17 800	16 870	17 410	16 220	13 620		
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	38	31	32	76	60	39	71	71	33	44		
	Consumption Intensity (g GHG / kWh electricity consumed)											
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (q CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	14	4.3	3.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.9		

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).

  i. Taken from the *Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution* (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- J. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- $q. \ \ \, \text{The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF_6).}$
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $SF_{\theta}$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- $0.0 \ \ Indicates \ emissions \ or \ electricity \ generation \ value \ less \ than \ 0.1 \ and \ intensity \ values \ less \ than \ 0.0001$
- Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

## Notes:

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total
- 1. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).
- Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar
- NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.
- n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>)
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $\mathsf{SF}_{\theta}$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a				
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb							
					kt CO₂ equ									
Combustion	520	350	81	100	25	24	28	43	32	57				
Coal	х	х	х	71	5.6	-	-	-	-					
Natural Gas	х	х	х	32	7.2	13	16	29	19	43				
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	49	19	14	_	12	12	13	14	13	14				
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	8.8	12	21	16	16	13	13	16	17				
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	520	360	92	120	41	40	41	56	48	74				
	ELECTRICITY GENERATION <sup>b, i</sup>													
	GWh													
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	400	450	84	110	30	32	35	60	45	82				
Coal	380	420	44	63	5.3	-	-	-	-	-				
Natural Gas	0.90	11	23	29	9.7	17	19	43	29	65				
Other Fuels	22	15	17	14	15	15	16	17	16	17				
Nuclear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_				
Hydro	19 800	36 400	33 300	34 800	30 700	32 900	36 200	28 000	36 700	32 300				
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	53	340	900	870	880	960	960	970	850				
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	20 200	36 900	33 700	35 800	31 600	33 900	37 200	29 000	37 800	33 200				
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS INTENSI	TYn							
			Gene	ration Inten	sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	ity generate	d)						
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	26	9.7	2.7	3.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.2	2.2				
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.0002	0.0004				
$N_2O$ intensity (g $N_2O$ / kWh)	0.001	0.0002	0.0	0.0001	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	26	9.8	2.7	3.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.3	2.2				
					Loss	ses								
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	2 100	1 860	1 660	2 850	2 440	2 090	3 150	2 140	3 020	2 990				
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	4.4	4.1	4.4	1.0	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.2	2.0	1.5				
			Consu	ımption Inte	ensity (g GHG	/ kWh elect	ricity consun	ned)						
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (q CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	29	10	3.0	3.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	2.2	1.4	2.5				

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).

  i. Taken from the *Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution* (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $SF_{\theta}$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- $0.0 \ \ Indicates \ emissions \ or \ electricity \ generation \ value \ less \ than \ 0.1 \ and \ intensity \ values \ less \ than \ 0.0001$
- Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

Table A13–9 Electricity Generatio	n and GH	G Emissi	on Detai	ls for Sas	katchew	an						
	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a		
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb					
	kt CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent											
Combustion	11 100	15 300	16 200	16 200	16 300	16 000	13 900	16 100	14 800	14 600		
Coal	х	х	х	12 500	11 700	11 400	8 700	11 100	9 800	9 200		
Natural Gas	х	х	х	3 620	4 620	4 600	5 170	4 970	4 950	5 410		
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	6.5	4.3	12	9.1	9.4	5.8	4.7	5.5	12	9		
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	_	18	30	39	41	41	35	38	35	32		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	11 100	15 300	16 200	16 200	16 400	16 000	13 900	16 100	14 800	14 600		
				ELE	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	Įh, i					
	GWh											
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	9 660	14 800	15 100	19 100	19 400	19 300	18 800	20 500	18 900	19 600		
Coal	9 340	12 200	12 100	12 100	10 300	10 000	7 900	9 700	8 500	7 900		
Natural Gas	310	2 610	3 040	6 990	9 020	9 270	10 890	10 840	10 380	11 650		
Other Fuels	8.8	12	18	0.41	0.42	0.20	0.28	0.17	0.18	0.20		
Nuclear	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Hydro	4 210	4 570	3 870	3 430	3 590	3 670	4 420	2 980	3 300	2 770		
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	92	510	620	690	710	740	890	1 790	1 980		
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	630	-	210	220	180	210	170	250		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	13 900	19 500	20 100	23 100	23 900	23 900	24 100	24 600	24 200	24 600		
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS INTENSI	TYn					
			Gene	eration Inten	sity (g GHG ,	/ kWh electric	ity generate	ed)				
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	800	780	800	700	680	670	570	650	610	590		
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06		
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01		
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	800	790	810	700	690	670	580	660	610	590		
					Los	ses						
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	1 330	1 360	1 840	1 970	1 660	1 630	1 700	1 580	1 530	1 420		
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	1.8	1.3	1.4	0.75	0.28	0.50	0.48	0.94	0.60	0.59		
		ı	Cons	umption Inte	ensity (g GHC	3 / kWh electi	ricity consur	ned)				
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>												

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005-2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020-2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005-2023).
- i. Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).

  j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).

  Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

Table A13–10 Electricity Generati	on and G	HG Emiss	sion Deta	ils for Al	berta								
	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a			
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb						
					kt CO₂ equ	iivalent							
Combustion	39 700	51 900	49 000	46 700	36 600	36 300	32 200	28 300	24 700	25 400			
Coal	38 000	46 800	43 400	39 200	26 000	24 800	20 500	14 500	9 000	8 100			
Natural Gas	1 700	5 120	5 580	7 510	10 600	11 500	11 700	13 800	15 700	17 200			
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	11	60	18	17	0.0	10	10	8.6	8.3	8.6			
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	10	5.6	19	15	16	13	13	15	13			
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	39 700	52 000	49 000	46 800	36 600	36 300	32 200	28 300	24 700	25 400			
				ELE	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	Jh, i						
		GWh											
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	39 900	54 200	51 700	54 100	51 500	51 600	47 300	46 300	43 300	44 600			
Coal	37 300	42 200	41 000	39 100	29 400	27 700	22 400	16 300	10 000	8 900			
Natural Gas	2 510	11 600	10 200	14 500	21 500	23 200	24 300	29 400	32 800	35 100			
Other Fuels	22	420	500	520	660	670	640	620	550	540			
Nuclear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Hydro	2 060	2 240	1 480	1 980	1 990	2 040	2 150	2 070	1 990	1 780			
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	840	1 630	4 090	4 140	3 970	5 960	7 040	8 160	13 160			
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	32	1 500	280	130	110	300	410	360	300			
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	41 900	57 300	56 400	60 400	57 800	57 700	55 800	55 800	53 800	59 900			
						AS INTENSI							
						kWh electric							
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	940	900	860	770	630	620	570	500	450	420			
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07			
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	950	910	870	770	630	630	580	510	460	420			
					Los	ses							
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	3 380	4 870	2 490	2 210	2 060	1 590	1 590	1 600	1 700	1 870			
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	1.7	0.45	1.0	3.3	2.4	4.1	2.9	2.9	1.9	1.9			
			Cons	umption Inte	ensity (g GHC	6 / kWh elect	ricity consur	med)					
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	1 030	990	910	800	660	650	600	520	470	440			

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).

  i. Taken from the *Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution* (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $SF_6$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- 0.0 Indicates emissions or electricity generation value less than 0.1

Table A13–11 Electricity Generati	on and G	HG Emis	sion Deta	ils for Br	itish Col	umbia						
	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a		
	1111					AS EMISSIO						
		kt CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent										
Combustion	800	1 330	1 560	780	810	1 040	730	950	880	750		
Coal	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Natural Gas	х	х	х	733	752	967	671	898	815	711		
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	х	х	х	49	59	73	57	55	69	35		
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	_	4.6	6.0	7.2	6.9	7.4	6.7	8.3	9.3	11		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	800	1 330	1 560	790	820	1 050	730	960	890	760		
				ELE	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	Jh, i					
	GWh											
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	1 390	3 820	3 050	1 610	1 580	2 280	1 680	2 280	1 980	1 700		
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		
Natural Gas	1 310	3 140	1 850	790	750	1 420	680	1 210	780	580		
Other Fuels	79	690	1 210	820	830	870	1 000	1 070	1 200	1 130		
Nuclear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Hydro	46 400	50 300	45 000	52 400	52 900	48 000	55 000	58 000	57 800	42 400		
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	-	120	870	1 690	1 650	1 760	1 700	1 830	1 720		
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	3 630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	47 800	54 100	51 800	54 800	56 200	52 000	58 400	62 000	61 600	45 800		
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS INTENSI	TYn					
			Gene	eration Inten	sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	city generate	d)				
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	17	24	29	14	14	19	12	15	14	15		
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.004	0.011	0.033	0.021	0.022	0.026	0.021	0.022	0.026	0.034		
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.0004	0.0016	0.0017	0.0009	0.0007	0.0008	0.0007	0.0009	0.0007	0.0009		
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	17	25	30	14	15	20	13	16	15	17		
					Los	ses						
Unallocated Energy (GWh)o, p	2 210	2 120	1 940	3 170	3 950	3 190	3 830	4 180	3 820	3 040		
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	59	49	60	21	12	23	3.9	13	10	8		
			Cons	umption Inte	ensity (g GHC	/ kWh elect	ricity consun	ned)				
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	19	27	33	16	16	22	14	17	16	18		

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).

  i. Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- i. Scholing the Legenter ower generation, transmission and distribution (EPGID) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).

  j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).

  Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and SF<sub>6</sub> transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a			
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb						
					kt CO₂ equ	iivalent							
Combustion	90	22	18	18	33	48	54	42	39	37			
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Natural Gas	-	-	-	0.79	12	30	22	9.8	10	15			
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	90	22	18	17	21	18	32	32	29	23			
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	90	22	18	18	33	48	54	42	39	37			
				ELEC	TRICITY G	ENERATION	h, i						
		GWh											
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	62	22	25	26	59	92	91	65	67	68			
Coal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
Natural Gas	-	-	-	1.3	30	66	48	22	26	36			
Other Fuels	62	22	25	24	29	26	44	44	41	32			
Nuclear	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Hydro	420	320	380	420	420	380	440	510	500	490			
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	-	0.89	0.09	0.65	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0			
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	480	340	410	450	480	470	530	570	570	560			
						AS INTENSI							
			Gene	ration Intens	sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	ity generate	d)					
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	190	64	44	41	69	100	100	70	70	70			
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	0.005	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.007	0.017	0.012	0.006	0.006	0.008			
N <sub>2</sub> O intensity (g N <sub>2</sub> O / kWh)	0.002	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.0009	0.0009	0.001			
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	190	64	44	41	69	100	100	70	70	70			
					Loss	ses							
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	47	45	33	54	56	45	42	45	43	43			
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	-	-	-	-	0.71	0.95	0.94	2.1	-	1.0			
			Consu	ımption Intei	nsity (g GHG	/ kWh electi	ricity consun	ned)					
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	210	74	48	46	80	120	110	80	70	70			

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).

  i. Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
- k. Other Renewables includes electricity generation by wind, tidal and solar.
- I. NAICS category 221119, Other Electric Power Generation.
- m. Prior to 2014, this includes electricity generation from steam from waste heat. From 2014 onward, most of the electricity generation from steam from waste heat is reported as part of its original fuel source.

  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $\text{SF}_{\theta}$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- $0.0\,$  Indicates emissions or electricity generation value less than  $0.1\,$

## Notes:

- a. Preliminary data
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included.
- f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total
- 1. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005–2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020–2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005–2023).
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- n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy
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- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  $\mathsf{SF}_{\theta}$  transmission emissions.
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- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations

	1990	2005	2010	2015	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023a			
				GREE	NHOUSE G	AS EMISSIO	NSb						
					kt CO₂ equ								
Combustion	**	х	х	110	160	160	150	160	150	150			
Coal	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_				
Natural Gas	**	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Fuels <sup>c</sup>	**	х	х	110	160	160	150	160	150	150			
Other Emissions <sup>d</sup>	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>e, f, g</sup>	**	Х	Х	110	160	160	150	160	150	150			
				ELE	CTRICITY G	ENERATION	h, i						
	GWh												
Combustion <sup>j</sup>	**	140	160	160	190	190	200	190	190	190			
Coal	**	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-			
Natural Gas	**	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-			
Other Fuels	**	140	160	160	190	190	200	190	190	190			
Nuclear	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Hydro	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Renewables <sup>k</sup>	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other Generation <sup>I, m</sup>	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
OVERALL TOTAL <sup>f</sup>	**	140	160	160	190	190	200	190	190	190			
	GREENHOUSE GAS INTENSITY <sup>n</sup>												
			Gene	eration Inten	sity (g GHG /	kWh electric	ity generate	ed)					
CO <sub>2</sub> intensity (g CO <sub>2</sub> / kWh)	**	х	х	720	840	840	760	790	780	780			
CH <sub>4</sub> intensity (g CH <sub>4</sub> / kWh)	**	х	х	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02			
$N_2O$ intensity (g $N_2O$ / kWh)	**	х	x	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			
GENERATION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>f</sup>	**	X	X	720	840	850	770	800	780	780			
					Loss	ses							
Unallocated Energy (GWh) <sup>o, p</sup>	**	6.7	3.4	5.5	10	5.2	8.6	9.0	8.7	4.5			
SF <sub>6</sub> Emissions (kt CO <sub>2</sub> eq) <sup>q</sup>	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
			Cons	umption Inte	ensity (g GHC	/ kWh electi	ricity consun	ned)					
CONSUMPTION INTENSITY (g CO <sub>2</sub> eq / kWh) <sup>r</sup>	**	880	760	750	890	870	800	830	820	800			

- a. Preliminary data.
- b. Emissions based on data taken from the Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, Catalogue No. 57-003-XIB, Statistics Canada.
- c. Includes GHG emissions from the combustion of refined petroleum products (light fuel oil, heavy fuel oil, and diesel), petroleum coke, still gas and other fuels not easily categorized.
- d. GHG emissions from on-site combustion of fuel not directly related to electricity generation.
- e. GHG emissions from the flooding of land for hydro dams are not included. f. Totals may not add up to overall total due to rounding.
- g. CO<sub>2</sub> from carbon capture and storage has been removed from the total.
- h. Taken from StatCan Data Tables 25-10-0019-01 (2005-2019), 25-10-0084-01 (2020-2023), and 25-10-0020-01 (2005-2023).
- i. Taken from the Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (EPGTD) publication, Catalogue No. 57-202-XIB, Statistics Canada (for 1990–2004).
- j. From 2014 onward, this includes most of the electricity generated from the by-product steam associated with the fuel combustion. Prior to 2014, it was not possible to break this data into the original fuel source, so it was included in Other Generation.
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  n. Intensity values have been rounded so as to present the estimated level of accuracy.
- o. Adapted from StatCan Data Table 25-10-0021-001 (2005-2023), Cat. No. 57-202-XIB (1990-2004) or regional electricity system operators.
- p. Includes transmission line losses, metering differences and other losses.
- q. The electric utility sector's share of emissions from electrical equipment from CRT Category 2.F.viii (Production and Consumption of Halocarbons and SF<sub>6</sub>).
- r. Consumption intensity values are impacted by unallocated energy and  ${\sf SF}_6$  transmission emissions.
- Indicates no emissions or no electricity generation
- x Indicates data not shown due to statistical limitations
- \*\* Data is only available aggregated with Northwest Territories. Please refer to  $\underline{\text{Table A13}-\text{13}}$  for values.

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