

## Brief summary

### PCCB Gender 101 Webinar for the constituted bodies

23 October 2019<sup>1</sup>

1. A webinar on gender capacity-building was jointly organized by PCCB and the secretariat on 23 October 2018<sup>2</sup>. The webinar started with a quick overview by the secretariat of gender considerations in the UNFCCC process and briefly addressed the establishment of the GAP and its five priority areas. Then, UN Women delivered a presentation on gender concepts and terminology and explained that the attributes and opportunities linked with being male or female shape what is expected from and valued in a man or women in a given context, and that the social norms and stereotypes linked with a typical man or woman can lead to differences and inequalities.

2. The webinar continued with two case studies on gender-responsive budgeting for climate change and gender - sensitive capacity building, from Mexico and Bangladesh, respectively. The former focused on the reduction of gender inequality and the advancement of women in Mexico, by integrating considerations of women's equality and advancement into the budget. The latter drew attention to climate related hazards in Bangladesh and that women are more affected by such disasters. Skill development training, preparedness for disasters, and legal support for women were mentioned as key interventions which had seemingly led to women empowerment, including receiving positive image in the family and having access to social networks in Bangladesh. To conclude, the key messages of the webinar were as follows:

(a) The necessity of gender mainstreaming in the entire project cycle from project identification to M&E;

(b) With regard to monitoring and reporting, of great importance is the role of constituted bodies on reporting and supporting the integration of gender considerations into their respective areas of work;

(c) Gender mainstreaming requires active promotion of gender equality, women's human rights and empowerment, as well as recognizing women as an essential part of the solution in climate action; and

(d) Methodologies and tools are necessary for gender analysis, but they are not sufficient.

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<sup>1</sup> Summary prepared by Adaptation Committee. Also available in: AC/2019/4  
([https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/ac15\\_5d\\_gender.pdf](https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/ac15_5d_gender.pdf))

<sup>2</sup> [https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/Agenda\\_PCCB%20gender%20webinar.pdf](https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/Agenda_PCCB%20gender%20webinar.pdf)