

Capacity-building Initiative for Transparency (CBIT)

Update on CBIT Support and Early Findings

December 5, 2019
Transparency Day at the Capacity-building Hub



Transparency: cornerstone of Paris Agreement



- ✓ Each and every Party decides own contributions to Paris Agreement
- ✓ Transparency a precondition to raising climate ambition, and builds trust and accountability among Parties
- ✓ Many Parties lack capacity to effectively track, report, and enhance
- → GEF requested in Paris
 Agreement decision to
 support establishment and
 operation of CBIT

Paris Agreement decision requested the GEF to support the establishment and operation of the CBIT



Aims of CBIT (paragraph 85)

- To strengthen national institutions for transparency-related activities in line with national priorities;
- To provide relevant tools, training and assistance for meeting the provisions stipulated in Article 13 of the Agreement;
- To assist in the improvement of transparency over time.

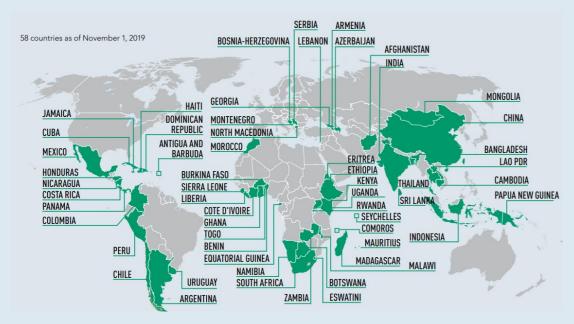


Key Considerations

- Alignment with Art. 13 and COP outcomes
- ✓ Alignment with NDC
- ✓ Address identified capacity needs
- ✓ Alignment and coordination with other support (i.e. GEF, ICAT, etc.)
- ✓ Inter-ministerial coordination
- Feedback of data and information into policy-development
- Linkage with the Global Coordination Platform

Programming Status as of 1 November 2019







- 18 Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and 9 Small Island Developing States (SIDS)*
- 29 projects have begun implementation
- 4 global projects aim to improve knowledge sharing, coordination and facilitate additional capacity-building
- 6 agencies involved to date: Conservation International, FAO, FECO, IDB, UNEP and UNDP

*1 Country is an LDC SIDS

Coverage of CBIT Support as of 1 November 2019

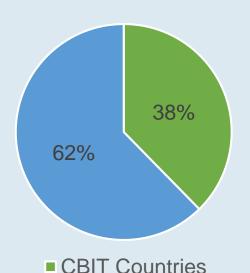


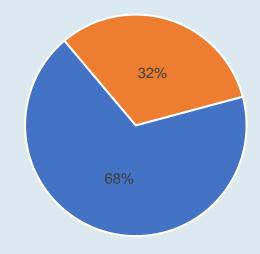
Regional Breakdown of CBIT Support

Share of Non-Annex I Parties Supported by CBIT

Share of GHG Emissions from Non-Annex I Parties Supported by CBI







- Remaining non-
- Remaining non-Annex I countries

- CBIT Countries
- Rest of Non-Annex 1 Parties

Programming Priorities To-Date



Country Priorities Identified

Lessons Learned for CBIT Support

- 100% Capacity Building / Training / Knowledge Sharing

 87% Monitoring, Reporting and Verification Systems (MRV)

 80% Institutional Arrangements

 78% Nationally Determined Contributions (NDC)

 70% GHG Inventory Improvements

 61% GHG Inventory Data Collection / Management Tools / Hardware and Software

 61% Accounting and MRV Methodologies for Mitigation Actions

 48% Accounting and MRV Methodologies for Adaptation Actions

 31% Tracking Climate Finance

 31% Agriculture, Forestry and other Land Use (AFOLU)

 17% Scenario Modeling
- ✓ Provide project component details in initial project design
- ✓ Demonstrate clearly incremental nature of proposed activities
- ✓ Highlight project linkages to NDC and enhanced transparency framework
- ✓ Utilize existing resources that have identified gaps and barriers
- ✓ Demonstrate agency's comparative advantage for proposed project



GEF-7 (2018-2022) Outlook

- Programming has progressed rapidly in the last 18 months
- Continue to review and approve new CBIT project proposals in alignment with programming directions and in response to COP guidance utilizing available set-aside resources
- Continue to coordinate with other transparency initiatives such as Initiative for Climate Action Transparency (ICAT), the Partnership on Transparency in the Paris Agreement (PATPA), the NDC Partnership, and the Partnership to Strengthen Transparency for Co-Innovation (PaSTI)
- Undertake additional work to respond to new guidance from COP 24 on biennial transparency reports
- Next global coordination meeting in Japan in April 2020!



Thank you

