BR CTF submission workbook

Submission Year	2014	Party	NORWAY
Submission Version	v2.0	Submission Level	Submitted
Submission Key	NOR_2014_V2.0	Submission Status	Closed
Submitted By	Hans Kolshus	Workbook Created	24.10.2014 03:50:30
Submitted Date	24.10.2014 03:49:21		

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Table 1
Emission trends: summary (1)
(Sheet 1 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

	Base year ^a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq
CO ₂ emissions including net CO ₂ from LULUCF	19,471.36	16,895.70	17,730.40	17,599.49	20,597.93	17,990.19	21,652.64	22,127.25	21,471.22
CO ₂ emissions excluding net CO ₂ from LULUCF	34,833.33	33,369.03	34,167.25	35,805.19	37,718.76	37,791.07	41,040.55	41,142.10	41,369.88
CH ₄ emissions including CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,031.25	5,049.37	5,130.54	5,181.45	5,254.41	5,199.64	5,229.84	5,234.02	5,086.78
CH ₄ emissions excluding CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,030.13	5,047.49	5,128.82	5,181.13	5,254.06	5,199.50	5,228.86	5,232.94	5,086.38
N ₂ O emissions including N ₂ O from LULUCF	5,032.04	4,871.75	4,316.62	4,501.96	4,585.27	4,638.86	4,672.88	4,660.53	4,700.79
N ₂ O emissions excluding N ₂ O from LULUCF	5,018.81	4,857.00	4,301.64	4,487.35	4,570.31	4,623.62	4,657.07	4,644.24	4,684.10
HFCs	0.05	9.01	18.12	28.45	44.20	80.34	112.22	164.81	209.78
PFCs	3,370.40	2,992.92	2,286.92	2,297.72	2,032.47	2,007.96	1,829.46	1,633.25	1,485.80
SF ₆	2,199.78	2,079.15	705.03	737.71	877.98	607.79	574.10	579.86	726.74
Total (including LULUCF)	35,104.88	31,897.89	30,187.63	30,346.80	33,392.27	30,524.79	34,071.14	34,399.71	33,681.10
Total (excluding LULUCF)	50,452.50	48,354.59	46,607.79	48,537.56	50,497.78	50,310.28	53,442.26	53,397.19	53,562.69
	1	1001	4000	1002	1001	100.7	1001	100=	1000
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ^a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO ₂ eq
1. Energy	29,491.28	28,571.53	29,458.39	30,674.56	32,267.57	32,156.38	35,464.60	35,374.15	35,382.16
2. Industrial Processes	13,807.06	12,657.76	10,038.80	10,838.11	11,166.50	11,097.27	10,898.95	11,023.89	11,274.93
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	191.18	171.93	176.02	177.16	190.29	186.74	195.57	190.04	190.45
4. Agriculture	5,102.75	5,106.21	5,122.31	5,044.19	5,072.81	5,105.75	5,155.58	5,120.41	5,135.43
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry ^b	-15,347.62	-16,456.70	-16,420.16	-18,190.77	-17,105.50	-19,785.49	-19,371.12	-18,997.49	-19,881.59
6. Waste	1,860.23	1,847.17	1,812.27	1,803.54	1,800.60	1,764.14	1,727.56	1,688.72	1,579.72
7. Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total (including LULUCF)	35,104.88	31,897.89	30,187.63	30,346.80	33,392.27	30,524.79	34,071.14	34,399.71	33,681.10

¹ The common tabular format will be revised, in accordance with relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties and, where applicable, with decisions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol."

-21,686.77 -24,493.77

1,230.70

29,939.79

NA

1,277.86

34,413.91

NA

Table 1
Emission trends: summary (1)
(Sheet 2 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq							
CO ₂ emissions including net CO ₂ from LULUCF	27,240.48	26,777.93	24,504.51	21,075.42	20,404.02	17,309.60	16,231.85	21,748.69	23,773.38	19,888.90
CO ₂ emissions excluding net CO ₂ from LULUCF	42,119.61	41,790.84	43,159.60	42,282.54	43,647.31	44,057.25	43,059.47	43,463.75	45,482.02	44,411.05
CH ₄ emissions including CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,006.52	5,057.81	5,068.53	4,937.69	5,015.76	4,978.16	4,763.08	4,654.32	4,740.46	4,607.11
CH ₄ emissions excluding CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,006.43	5,057.64	5,068.45	4,937.36	5,015.03	4,978.02	4,762.67	4,650.56	4,740.18	4,601.35
N ₂ O emissions including N ₂ O from LULUCF	4,937.15	4,699.61	4,618.21	4,829.94	4,682.03	4,831.59	4,901.80	4,564.61	4,390.79	3,913.69
N ₂ O emissions excluding N ₂ O from LULUCF	4,920.16	4,682.56	4,599.42	4,811.03	4,662.48	4,811.81	4,880.41	4,543.14	4,369.20	3,891.06
HFCs	270.78	327.32	403.07	491.79	475.15	507.56	524.05	579.46	612.11	691.95
PFCs	1,388.70	1,318.11	1,328.81	1,437.76	909.25	880.06	828.71	742.51	820.94	772.75
SF ₆	873.96	934.42	791.20	238.30	227.86	276.05	312.03	212.09	76.24	65.40
Total (including LULUCF)	39,717.58	39,115.20	36,714.33	33,010.90	31,714.06	28,783.02	27,561.53	32,501.67	34,413.91	29,939.79
Total (excluding LULUCF)	54,579.64	54,110.89	55,350.56	54,198.78	54,937.08	55,510.75	54,367.34	54,191.50	56,100.68	54,433.56
CDEENHOUGE CAS SOUDCE AND SIMU CATEGODIES	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq							
1. Energy	36,267.44	35,590.26	37,508.39	37,123.80	38,466.54	38,403.19	37,693.95	38,476.91	40,405.58	39,007.03
2. Industrial Processes	11,484.84	11,776.80	11,253.73	10,558.91	9,893.33	10,591.26	10,245.80	9,370.13	9,349.79	9,180.57
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	188.27	181.74	184.36	187.22	190.58	194.31	183.96	174.00	175.06	170.30
4. Agriculture	5,175.63	5,068.88	4,967.49	4,963.99	5,032.50	4,976.56	4,969.78	4,876.08	4,892.39	4,844.96

-14,862.05

1,463.45

39,717.58

NA

-14,995.68

1,493.21

39,115.20

NA

-18,636.24

1,436.59

36,714.33

NA

-23,223.02

1,354.13

31,714.06

NA

-26,727.73

1,345.42

28,783.02

NA

-26,805.80

1,273.84

27,561.53

NA

-21,689.82

1,294.39

32,501.67

NA

-21,187.88

1,364.87

33,010.90

NA

Note: All footnotes for this table are given on sheet 3.

5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry^b

Total (including LULUCF)

6. Waste

7. Other

Table 1 NOR_BR1_v2.0

Emission trends: summary (1) (Sheet 3 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

1,251.60

29,641.98

NA

1,228.01

30,756.32

NA

1,221.25

25,873.44

NA

-34.35

0.00

-26.30

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
	kt CO ₂ eq	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq	(%)
CO ₂ emissions including net CO ₂ from LULUCF	20,660.54	21,876.46	17,053.27	-12.42
CO ₂ emissions excluding net CO ₂ from LULUCF	42,902.74	45,478.78	44,649.10	28.18
CH ₄ emissions including CH ₄ from LULUCF	4,506.96	4,523.64	4,397.65	-12.59
CH ₄ emissions excluding CH ₄ from LULUCF	4,505.91	4,522.02	4,397.44	-12.58
N ₂ O emissions including N ₂ O from LULUCF	3,299.85	3,161.32	3,185.86	-36.69
N ₂ O emissions excluding N ₂ O from LULUCF	3,277.66	3,138.65	3,163.18	-36.97
HFCs	736.47	914.44	950.21	1,917,097.30
PFCs	376.72	205.08	225.73	-93.30
SF_6	61.46	75.38	60.72	-97.24
Total (including LULUCF)	29,641.98	30,756.32	25,873.44	-26.30
Total (excluding LULUCF)	51,860.95	54,334.35	53,446.37	5.93
	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES				reported year
	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO 2 eq	kt CO ₂ eq	(%)
1. Energy	38,864.96	40,653.42	39,828.85	35.05
2. Industrial Processes	6,960.31	7,739.46	7,647.07	-44.61
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	150.59	170.88	180.55	-5.56
4. Agriculture	4,633.49	4,542.58	4,568.66	-10.47
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry ^b	-22,218.96	-23,578.03	-27,572.93	79.66

Notes

6. Waste

7. Other

- (1) Further detailed information could be found in the common reporting format tables of the Party's greenhouse gas inventory, namely "Emission trends (CO_2)", "Emission trends (CO_4)", "Emission trends (CO_4)" and "Emission trends (CO_4)", which is included in an annex to this biennial report.
- (2) 2011 is the latest reported inventory year.
- (3) 1 kt CO₂ eq equals 1 Gg CO₂ eq.

Total (including LULUCF)

Abbreviation: LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

- ^a The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.
- ^b Includes net CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O from LULUCF.

Table 1 (a)
Emission trends (CO₂)
(Sheet 1 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

CREENHOUSE CAS SOURCE AND SINK CATECORIES	Base year a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt								
1. Energy	28,529.52	27,584.81	28,377.80	29,488.88	31,010.97	30,895.04	34,135.65	33,969.04	34,071.35
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	25,869.80	25,478.68	25,965.16	26,952.07	28,347.71	28,267.06	31,084.94	31,170.94	31,183.45
1. Energy Industries	6,891.48	7,260.88	7,833.25	8,104.75	8,787.58	8,646.77	9,694.36	10,061.18	9,749.73
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	3,522.04	3,351.85	3,266.80	3,510.57	4,074.40	3,801.45	4,320.85	4,210.33	4,374.54
3. Transport	10,862.68	10,748.08	10,984.39	11,633.88	11,485.32	11,880.62	12,452.32	12,698.90	12,861.63
4. Other Sectors	4,137.41	3,712.12	3,393.82	3,336.08	3,492.76	3,484.03	4,210.82	3,775.95	3,837.98
5. Other	456.19	405.75	486.91	366.79	507.65	454.19	406.60	424.57	359.57
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	2,659.72	2,106.13	2,412.63	2,536.80	2,663.26	2,627.98	3,050.71	2,798.10	2,887.90
1. Solid Fuels	7.37	7.84	6.51	7.22	7.20	7.09	7.24	6.34	6.59
2. Oil and Natural Gas	2,652.35	2,098.29	2,406.12	2,529.58	2,656.06	2,620.90	3,043.47	2,791.76	2,881.31
2. Industrial Processes	6,147.97	5,647.40	5,648.46	6,174.92	6,555.82	6,748.09	6,748.70	7,022.32	7,147.45
A. Mineral Products	728.66	685.00	734.83	919.76	937.88	983.71	985.51	1,042.69	1,019.07
B. Chemical Industry	1,189.86	1,061.73	1,006.31	1,061.32	1,150.01	1,166.33	1,167.64	1,219.18	1,052.28
C. Metal Production	4,145.91	3,774.32	3,774.18	4,041.99	4,329.04	4,449.03	4,440.65	4,590.05	4,952.25
D. Other Production	77.30	120.29	119.85	126.96	125.64	133.88	135.43	152.14	102.81
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6									
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6									
G. Other	6.23	6.06	13.29	24.90	13.26	15.14	19.46	18.27	21.03
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	155.65	136.62	140.81	141.23	151.79	147.79	156.06	150.60	150.94
4. Agriculture									
A. Enteric Fermentation									
B. Manure Management									
C. Rice Cultivation									
D. Agricultural Soils									
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas									
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues									
G. Other									
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	-15,361.97	-16,473.33	-16,436.86	-18,205.70	-17,120.82	-19,800.87	-19,387.90	-19,014.85	-19,898.66
A. Forest Land	-18,148.33	-19,341.50	-19,352.78	-21,255.04	-20,194.33	-23,021.26	-22,650.03		-23,297.12
B. Cropland	2,342.99	2,314.66	2,275.91	2,285.95	2,239.13	2,249.50	2,208.42	2,234.18	2,169.33
C. Grassland	-17.94	-13.31	-8.53	-1.89	3.90	3.19	5.84	14.57	7.95
D. Wetlands	-58.46	-62.20	-62.22	-68.16	-64.81	-73.62	-72.41	-71.55	-74.34
E. Settlements	507.85	613.53	693.48	814.34	870.90	1,011.68	1,083.11	1,156.91	1,256.04
F. Other Land	1.81	3.61	5.42	7.22	9.03	10.83	12.64	14.45	16.25
G. Other	10.12	11.88	11.88	11.88	15.34	18.80	24.53	27.22	23.23
6. Waste	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.16	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.15
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	NA, NO								
B. Waste-water Handling	111,110	1112,110	1,12,110	111,110	1(12,110	1(12,110	1,12,110	1,12,110	1,12,110
C. Waste Incineration	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.16	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.14	0.15
D. Other	NO NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA								
Total CO2 emissions including net CO2 from LULUCF	19,471.36	16,895.70	17,730.40	17,599.49	20,597.93	17,990.19	21,652.64	22,127.25	21,471.22
Total CO2 emissions excluding net CO2 from LULUCF	34,833.33	33,369.03	34,167.25	35,805.19	37,718.76	37,791.07	41,040.55	41,142.10	41,369.88
Memo Items:	37,033.33	55,507.05	5-1,107.25	55,005.19	51,110.10	51,171.07	71,070.33	71,172.10	71,507.00
International Bunkers	2,097.52	1,811.80	2,169.53	2,312.09	2,462.27	2,841.18	3,171.59	3,772.86	3,687.43
Aviation	619.47	559.65	602.87	635.14	616.57	585.57	691.44	770.89	821.39
Marine	1,478.05	1,252.15	1,566.66	1,676.94	1,845.70	2,255.62	2,480.16	3,001.98	2,866.04
Multilateral Operations	1,478.05 NO	1,252.15 NO	1,500.00 NO	1,676.94 NO	1,845.70 NO	2,233.62 NO	2,480.16 NO	3,001.98 NO	2,800.04 NO
_									
CO2 Emissions from Biomass	4,478.18	4,381.07	4,104.04	4,420.31	4,738.78	4,846.91	4,870.16	5,080.99	4,710.31

Table 1 (a) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Emission trends (CO₂) (Sheet 2 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt									
1. Energy	34,953.38	34,201.33	35,983.57	35,670.43	36,940.01	36,838.06	36,303.03	37,133.33	38,895.62	37,578.17
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	31,448.98	30,486.75	32,565.42	32,753.23	34,110.15	34,147.41	33,704.35	34,616.04	35,166.14	34,543.23
1. Energy Industries	9,714.30	10,653.05	11,888.81	12,131.27	12,831.27	12,939.34	13,207.79	13,193.77	13,529.31	13,557.68
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	3,951.75	3,784.26	3,864.68	3,641.47	3,942.76	3,685.60	3,425.29	3,740.86	3,466.63	3,476.78
3. Transport	13,460.42	12,635.28	12,926.45	12,768.70	13,118.74	13,584.98	13,503.49	14,122.12	14,897.72	14,345.78
4. Other Sectors	3,930.95	3,236.00	3,590.56	3,758.56	4,044.93	3,607.34	3,278.63	3,281.66	3,062.96	2,910.48
5. Other	391.56	178.16	294.91	453.23	172.46	330.15	289.15	277.63	209.52	252.50
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	3,504.39	3,714.58	3,418.15	2,917.20	2,829.86	2,690.65	2,598.68	2,517.29	3,729.48	3,034.95
1. Solid Fuels	8.47	9.25	8.39	7.74	11.89	7.61	6.77	5.37	8.59	5.91
2. Oil and Natural Gas	3,495.93	3,705.33	3,409.76	2,909.46	2,817.97	2,683.04	2,591.91	2,511.93	3,720.89	3,029.03
2. Industrial Processes	7,018.03	7,447.74	7,031.64	6,464.95	6,557.37	7,066.02	6,613.90	6,198.84	6,453.38	6,705.45
A. Mineral Products	986.85	993.92	954.14	981.11	1,032.44	844.38	906.97	944.69	1,003.92	1,026.99
B. Chemical Industry	874.65	1,130.72	1,091.02	969.35	1,014.39	1,059.08	814.45	909.04	836.82	897.97
C. Metal Production	5,056.32	5,070.58	4,747.80	4,260.56	4,256.24	4,888.47	4,653.90	4,096.16	4,400.65	4,535.31
D. Other Production	79.28	232.01	217.26	233.60	231.57	242.97	200.35	210.30	165.23	198.77
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6										
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6										
G. Other	20.92	20.50	21.42	20.32	22.73	31.12	38.23	38.65	46.76	46.40
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	148.08	141.69	144.32	147.11	149.89	153.12	142.49	131.57	133.03	127.43
4. Agriculture										
A. Enteric Fermentation										
B. Manure Management										
C. Rice Cultivation										
D. Agricultural Soils										
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas										
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues										
G. Other										
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	-14,879.13	-15,012.91	-18,655.09	-21,207.12	-23,243.29	-26,747.65	-26,827.61	-21,715.05	-21,708.64	-24,522.15
A. Forest Land	-18,731.42	-18,881.11	-22,578.22	-25,649.50	-27,489.45	-30,741.43	-31,351.02	-26,116.23	-25,599.96	-28,956.93
B. Cropland	2,225.40	2,032.07	2,180.21	2,034.27	2,232.88	1,993.66	2,099.49	1,985.47	1,937.48	1,943.60
C. Grassland	115.91	217.23	164.63	63.24	262.30	61.63	140.92	144.98	113.37	276.47
D. Wetlands	-61.78	-34.44	-44.84	-48.74	-54.53	-70.05	-43.52	-26.21	-24.57	-52.97
E. Settlements	1,530.46	1,610.66	1,583.07	2,358.84	1,754.60	1,960.19	2,276.98	2,245.83	1,816.09	2,215.99
F. Other Land	16.25	16.25	16.25	16.25	32.50	32.50	32.50	32.50	32.50	32.50
G. Other	26.04	26.43	23.81	18.52	18.41	15.84	17.02	18.59	16.45	19.18
6. Waste	0.12	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	NA, NO									
B. Waste-water Handling										
C. Waste Incineration	0.12	0.07	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO
D. Other	NO									
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA									
Total CO2 emissions including net CO2 from LULUCF	27,240.48	26,777.93	24,504.51	21,075.42	20,404.02	17,309.60	16,231.85	21,748.69	23,773.38	19,888.90
Total CO2 emissions excluding net CO2 from LULUCF	42,119.61	41,790.84	43,159.60	42,282.54	43,647.31	44,057.25	43,059.47	43,463.75	45,482.02	44,411.05
Memo Items:										
International Bunkers	3,619.86	3,514.91	3,428.96	2,808.04	2,803.69	2,815.92	3,343.66	3,508.39	3,235.17	3,232.22
Aviation	941.67	912.88	835.42	739.74	747.48	846.91	1,080.01	1,244.26	1,158.07	1,150.31
Marine	2,678.18	2,602.03	2,593.53	2,068.30	2,056.22	1,969.01	2,263.65	2,264.13	2,077.10	2,081.91
Multilateral Operations	NO		NO							
CO2 Emissions from Biomass	4,895.94	4,743.57	5,186.94	5,309.74	5,429.74	5,212.68	5,336.32	5,419.81	5,602.65	5,848.91

Emission trends (CO₂) (Sheet 3 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
	kt	kt	kt	%
1. Energy	37,480.78	,	38,402.34	
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	35,080.32	36,528.72	35,772.21	
1. Energy Industries	14,313.41	14,727.78	14,324.49	
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	3,209.32	3,413.05	3,287.91	
3. Transport	14,172.40	14,762.74	14,870.59	36.90
4. Other Sectors	3,121.59	3,358.31	3,047.04	-26.35
5. Other	263.60	266.83	242.18	-46.91
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	2,400.46	2,646.71	2,630.13	-1.11
1. Solid Fuels	4.60	4.11	5.08	-31.09
2. Oil and Natural Gas	2,395.86	2,642.61	2,625.06	-1.03
2. Industrial Processes	5,315.63	6,176.65	6,110.26	-0.61
A. Mineral Products	1,012.14	1,031.40	1,005.13	37.94
B. Chemical Industry	785.68	857.81	819.46	-31.13
C. Metal Production	3,291.07	4,027.93	4,053.80	-2.22
D. Other Production	180.76	207.27	179.59	132.32
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6				
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6				
G. Other	45.97	52.24	52.27	738.47
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	106.34	126.70	136.51	
4. Agriculture				
A. Enteric Fermentation				
B. Manure Management				
C. Rice Cultivation				
D. Agricultural Soils				
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas				
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues				
G. Other				
	-22,242.21	-23,602.32	-27,595.83	79.64
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry A. Forest Land	-26,725.27	-28,680.97	-27,393.83	
B. Cropland				
•	1,912.67	1,977.96	1,923.72	
C. Grassland	274.51	100.31	175.52	
D. Wetlands	-60.04	-81.52	-83.29	
E. Settlements	2,306.77	3,021.63	2,704.28	
F. Other Land	32.50	48.22	46.95	
G. Other	16.65	12.04	16.78	
6. Waste	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	-100.00
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
B. Waste-water Handling		,	,	
C. Waste Incineration	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	-100.00
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	0.00
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA	0.00
Total CO2 emissions including net CO2 from LULUCF	20,660.54	21,876.46	17,053.27	-12.42
Total CO2 emissions excluding net CO2 from LULUCF	42,902.74	45,478.78	44,649.10	
Memo Items:				
International Bunkers	2,854.17	2,769.24	2,653.22	26.49
Aviation	1,093.53	1,300.96	1,172.43	
Marine	1,760.65	1,468.29	1,480.78	
Multilateral Operations	NO	NO	NO	
CO2 Emissions from Biomass	5,407.50	6,467.58	6,339.47	

Abbreviations: CRF = common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

^a The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

^b Fill in net emissions/removals as reported in CRF table Summary 1.A of the latest reported inventory year. For the purposes of reporting, the signs for removals are always negative (-) and for emissions positive (+).

Emission trends (CH₄) (Shoot 1 of 3)

(Sheet 1 of 3) CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	Base year ^a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt
1. Energy	30.57	31.84	36.31	41.07	42.95	42.16	43.75	47.06	44.60
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	12.65	12.02	11.88	12.60	12.97	12.71	13.14	13.45	12.82
1. Energy Industries	2.36	2.48	2.64	2.73	2.81	2.82	3.01	3.18	3.07
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.50	0.50	0.47	0.49	0.54	0.55	0.55	0.58	0.55
3. Transport	3.96	3.79	3.66	3.62	3.48	3.35	3.17	3.08	2.87
4. Other Sectors	5.81	5.23	5.09	5.74	6.12	5.97	6.40	6.59	6.30
5. Other	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	17.92	19.82	24.43	28.47	29.97	29.45	30.60	33.61	31.78
1. Solid Fuels	2.69	2.86	2.38	2.63	2.63	2.59	2.64	2.31	2.41
2. Oil and Natural Gas	15.23	16.96	22.05	25.83	27.34	26.86	27.96	31.29	29.37
2. Industrial Processes	0.48	0.41	0.42	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.47	0.56	0.57
A. Mineral Products	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA, NO	NA, NO
B. Chemical Industry	0.43	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.41	0.43	0.41	0.50	0.51
C. Metal Production	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
D. Other Production									
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6									
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6									
G. Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3. Solvent and Other Product Use									
4. Agriculture	125.49	125.71	126.75	125.02	126.98	127.02	128.55	127.26	127.94
A. Enteric Fermentation	110.32	110.37	111.70	109.90	111.86	111.55	112.76	111.59	112.06
B. Manure Management	14.20	14.58	14.63	14.55	14.71	14.96	15.24	15.27	15.46
C. Rice Cultivation	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
D. Agricultural Soils	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.97	0.76	0.41	0.57	0.41	0.51	0.55	0.40	0.42
G. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.02
A. Forest Land	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.02
B. Cropland	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO
C. Grassland	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO
D. Wetlands	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO
E. Settlements	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO
F. Other Land	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO
G. Other	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
6. Waste	83.00	82.39	80.75	80.20	79.81	77.93	76.23	74.31	69.10
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	82.07	81.50	79.90	79.39	79.04	77.20	75.54	73.66	68.49
B. Waste-water Handling	0.93	0.89	0.85	0.81	0.77	0.73	0.68	0.64	0.60
C. Waste Incineration	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA 244.21	NA	NA 250.21	NA	NA 240.04	NA 240.24	NA
Total CH4 emissions including CH4 from LULUCF	239.58	240.45	244.31	246.74	250.21	247.60	249.04	249.24	242.23
Total CH4 emissions excluding CH4 from LULUCF	239.53	240.36	244.23	246.72	250.19	247.60	248.99	249.19	242.21
Memo Items:	0.11	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.15	0.10	0.22	0.00
International Bunkers	0.11	0.09	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.19	0.23	0.22
Aviation	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Marine	0.11	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.16	0.18	0.22	0.21
Multilateral Operations CO2 Emissions from Biomass	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO

Table 1(b)
Emission trends (CH₄)

(Sheet 2 of 3) CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

annus avan ava a avan a- ··	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt									
1. Energy	43.33	48.75	53.79	50.77	53.55	54.87	48.72	45.30	51.54	48.35
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	12.64	12.79	13.27	14.16	14.50	14.21	14.05	14.01	14.98	15.41
1. Energy Industries	2.86	3.14	3.49	3.63	3.89	4.05	3.96	3.97	4.01	4.19
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.56	0.51	0.54	0.52	0.54	0.52	0.51	0.54	0.54	0.56
3. Transport	2.76	2.60	2.40	2.23	2.33	2.39	2.36	2.29	3.38	3.64
4. Other Sectors	6.44	6.53	6.83	7.77	7.73	7.23	7.21	7.21	7.04	7.00
5. Other	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	30.69	35.95	40.51	36.61	39.05	40.66	34.67	31.28	36.56	32.95
1. Solid Fuels	3.09	3.37	3.06	2.83	4.34	2.78	2.01	1.96	3.14	2.16
2. Oil and Natural Gas	27.60	32.58	37.45	33.78	34.71	37.88	32.65	29.33	33.43	30.79
2. Industrial Processes	0.48	0.48	0.49	0.55	0.39	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.30	0.31
A. Mineral Products	NA, NO	NA	NA	NA						
B. Chemical Industry	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.51	0.34	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.27	0.26
C. Metal Production	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04
D. Other Production										
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6										
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6										
G. Other	NA									
3. Solvent and Other Product Use										
4. Agriculture	131.07	126.06	124.31	124.04	125.98	123.33	122.79	120.08	119.27	118.21
A. Enteric Fermentation	115.36	110.46	109.17	109.28	111.09	108.31	107.60	105.33	104.16	103.01
B. Manure Management	15.33	15.20	14.82	14.53	14.69	14.79	15.00	14.60	14.95	15.04
C. Rice Cultivation	NO									
D. Agricultural Soils	NO									
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	NO									
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.38	0.40	0.32	0.24	0.20	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.15	0.16
G. Other	NO									
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.01	0.27
A. Forest Land	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.01	0.27
B. Cropland	IE, NO									
C. Grassland	NO									
D. Wetlands	NE, NO									
E. Settlements	NE, NO									
F. Other Land	NO									
G. Other	NA, NO									
6. Waste	63.53	65.55	62.77	59.75	58.90	58.50	54.95	55.74	54.62	52.24
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	62.97	65.04	62.30	59.32	58.53	58.06	54.50	55.28	54.14	51.77
B. Waste-water Handling	0.55	0.51	0.47	0.42	0.36	0.43	0.45	0.46	0.48	0.47
C. Waste Incineration	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D. Other	NO									
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA									
Total CH4 emissions including CH4 from LULUCF	238.41	240.85	241.36	235.13	238.85	237.06	226.81	221.63	225.74	219.39
Total CH4 emissions excluding CH4 from LULUCF	238.40	240.84	241.35	235.11	238.81	237.05	226.79	221.46	225.72	219.11
Memo Items:	_330									
International Bunkers	0.21	0.20	0.20	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.18	0.18	0.17	0.17
Aviation	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Marine	0.19	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.14	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Multilateral Operations	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO NO	NO	NO	NO NO	NO	NO NO
munaciai Operations	NO	NO	140	NO	140	110	140	110	110	140

Emission trends (CH₄) (Sheet 3 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
	kt	kt	kt	%
1. Energy	47.26	49.47	46.35	51.60
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	16.03	17.36	16.60	31.16
1. Energy Industries	4.50	4.61	4.52	91.95
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.47	0.56	0.57	15.46
3. Transport	3.86	4.06	4.31	8.78
4. Other Sectors	7.19	8.02	7.08	21.78
5. Other	0.02	0.11	0.11	359.01
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	31.23	32.11	29.75	66.03
1. Solid Fuels	1.68	1.50	1.85	-31.09
2. Oil and Natural Gas	29.55	30.61	27.90	83.19
2. Industrial Processes	0.25	0.31	0.30	-36.69
A. Mineral Products	NA	NA	NA	0.00
B. Chemical Industry	0.21	0.25	0.25	-42.31
C. Metal Production	0.04	0.06	0.06	11.69
D. Other Production				
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6				
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6				
G. Other	NA	NA	NA	0.00
3. Solvent and Other Product Use				
4. Agriculture	114.06	113.59	111.24	-11.35
A. Enteric Fermentation	98.96	98.49	96.34	-12.68
B. Manure Management	15.01	14.98	14.82	4.36
C. Rice Cultivation	NO	NO	NO	0.00
D. Agricultural Soils	NO	NO	NO	0.00
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	NO	NO	NO	0.00
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.10	0.11	0.08	-91.25
G. Other	NO	NO	NO	0.00
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.05	0.08	0.01	-80.54
A. Forest Land	0.05	0.08	0.01	-80.54
B. Cropland	IE, NO	IE, NO	IE, NO	0.00
C. Grassland	NO	NO	NO	0.00
D. Wetlands	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	0.00
E. Settlements	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	0.00
F. Other Land	NO	NO	NO	0.00
G. Other	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
6. Waste	53.00	51.96	51.51	-37.93
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	52.55	51.51	51.05	-37.80
B. Waste-water Handling	0.44	0.45	0.46	-50.31
C. Waste Incineration	0.00	0.00	0.00	334.50
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA	
Total CH4 emissions including CH4 from LULUCF	214.62	215.41	209.41	-12.59
Total CH4 emissions excluding CH4 from LULUCF	214.57	215.33	209.40	
Memo Items:				
International Bunkers	0.14	0.12	0.12	11.57
Aviation	0.02	0.02	0.02	300.16
Marine	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.26
Multilateral Operations	NO	NO	NO	
CO2 Emissions from Biomass				

 $\label{eq:abbreviations: CRF = common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and for a common reporting format, land-use change and land-use change an$

^a The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

Emission trends (N₂O) (Sheet 1 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

NOR_BR1_v2.0

CDEEDWIGHER CAR COVIDED AND COMPACTORS	Base year a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt
1. Energy	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.04	1.14	1.21	1.32	1.34	1.21
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.13	1.20	1.31	1.33	1.19
1. Energy Industries	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.16
3. Transport	0.50	0.50	0.49	0.50	0.57	0.63	0.73	0.75	0.65
4. Other Sectors	0.27	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.23	0.24	0.23	0.24
5. Other	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
1. Solid Fuels	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
2. Oil and Natural Gas	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
2. Industrial Processes	6.71	6.20	4.42	5.13	5.31	5.30	5.24	5.20	5.46
A. Mineral Products	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA, NO	NA, NO
B. Chemical Industry	6.69	6.18	4.41	5.11	5.29	5.28	5.22	5.18	5.44
C. Metal Production	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
D. Other Production	3.02	2.42	7.4-	2.02		3.42	7.42	2.42	
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6									
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6									
G. Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
4. Agriculture	7.96	7.96	7.94	7.80	7.76	7.87	7.92	7.90	7.90
A. Enteric Fermentation	7.50	7.50	7.54	7.00	7.70	7.67	1.72	7.50	7.50
B. Manure Management	0.53	0.55	0.55	0.53	0.56	0.56	0.57	0.55	0.55
C. Rice Cultivation	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.30	0.50	0.57	0.55	0.55
D. Agricultural Soils	7.41	7.39	7.37	7.26	7.20	7.29	7.34	7.34	7.34
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	7.41 NO	7.39 NO	NO	NO	7.20 NO	NO	NO	NO	7.34 NO
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
G. Other	NO	NO 0.05	NO 0.07	NO 0.05	NO 0.05	NO 0.05	NO 0.05	NO 0.05	NO
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
A. Forest Land	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
B. Cropland	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
C. Grassland	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
D. Wetlands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E. Settlements	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO
F. Other Land	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
G. Other	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
6. Waste	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land									
B. Waste-water Handling	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.40	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41
C. Waste Incineration	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total N2O emissions including N2O from LULUCF	16.23	15.72	13.92	14.52	14.79	14.96	15.07	15.03	15.16
Total N2O emissions excluding N2O from LULUCF	16.19	15.67	13.88	14.48	14.74	14.91	15.02	14.98	15.11
Memo Items:									
International Bunkers	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.10
Aviation	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03
Marine	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.08	0.07
Multilateral Operations	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
CO2 Emissions from Biomass									

Emission trends (N₂O)

(Sheet 2 of 3) CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

CDEENHOUSE CAS SOURCE AND SINU CATEGORIES	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt
1. Energy	1.30	1.18	1.28	1.25	1.30	1.33	1.19	1.27	1.38	1.33
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	1.29	1.16	1.26	1.24	1.29	1.32	1.18	1.26	1.36	1.31
1. Energy Industries	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.15
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.12	0.13	0.13	0.14
3. Transport	0.77	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.74	0.78	0.65	0.73	0.83	0.77
4. Other Sectors	0.24	0.23	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.25
5. Other	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
1. Solid Fuels	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
2. Oil and Natural Gas	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
2. Industrial Processes	6.20	5.61	5.45	6.18	5.53	5.98	6.32	5.26	4.45	3.03
A. Mineral Products	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA	NA	NA
B. Chemical Industry	6.18	5.59	5.43	6.16	5.52	5.96	6.31	5.25	4.45	3.02
C. Metal Production	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
D. Other Production										
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6										
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6										
G. Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.14
4. Agriculture	7.82	7.81	7.60	7.61	7.70	7.70	7.71	7.59	7.70	7.62
A. Enteric Fermentation										
B. Manure Management	0.56	0.57	0.57	0.57	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.51	0.52	0.53
C. Rice Cultivation										
D. Agricultural Soils	7.25	7.23	7.03	7.04	7.18	7.19	7.20	7.09	7.18	7.09
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
G. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
A. Forest Land	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
B. Cropland	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
C. Grassland	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
D. Wetlands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E. Settlements										
F. Other Land	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO
G. Other	NO NA NO	NO NA NO	NA, NO	NO NA NO	NO NA NO	NA, NO	NO NA NO	NO NA NO	NO NA, NO	NA, NO
6. Waste	NA, NO 0.42	NA, NO	,	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.38	NA, NO 0.39	NA, NO		
	0.42	0.38	0.38	0.36	0.38	0.38	0.39	0.40	0.42	0.43
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land	0.42	0.20	0.20	0.26	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.40	0.42	0.42
B. Waste-water Handling	0.42	0.38	0.38	0.36	0.38	0.38	0.39	0.40	0.42	0.43
C. Waste Incineration	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total N2O emissions including N2O from LULUCF	15.93	15.16	14.90	15.58	15.10	15.59	15.81	14.72	14.16	12.62
Total N2O emissions excluding N2O from LULUCF	15.87	15.11	14.84	15.52	15.04	15.52	15.74	14.66	14.09	12.55
Memo Items:										
International Bunkers	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.09
Aviation	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04
Marine	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.05
-	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Multilateral Operations CO2 Emissions from Biomass	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	

Emission trends (N₂O) (Sheet 3 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
	kt	kt	kt	%
1. Energy	1.26	1.42	1.46	41.74
A. Fuel Combustion (Sectoral Approach)	1.25	1.40	1.45	42.65
1. Energy Industries	0.16	0.17	0.16	78.80
2. Manufacturing Industries and Construction	0.11	0.14	0.14	-0.20
3. Transport	0.73	0.83	0.89	78.27
4. Other Sectors	0.25	0.26	0.25	-8.28
5. Other	0.01	0.02	0.01	-29.55
B. Fugitive Emissions from Fuels	0.01	0.01	0.01	-24.00
1. Solid Fuels	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
2. Oil and Natural Gas	0.01	0.01	0.01	-24.00
2. Industrial Processes	1.50	1.17	0.95	-85.87
A. Mineral Products	NA	NA	NA	0.00
B. Chemical Industry	1.49	1.15	0.93	-86.05
C. Metal Production	0.01	0.02	0.01	-14.48
D. Other Production				
E. Production of Halocarbons and SF6				
F. Consumption of Halocarbons and SF6				
G. Other	NA	NA	NA	0.00
3. Solvent and Other Product Use	0.14	0.14	0.14	23.95
4. Agriculture	7.22	6.96	7.20	-9.52
A. Enteric Fermentation				
B. Manure Management	0.53	0.53	0.52	-1.82
C. Rice Cultivation				
D. Agricultural Soils	6.69	6.43	6.68	-9.86
E. Prescribed Burning of Savannas	NO	NO	NO	0.00
F. Field Burning of Agricultural Residues	0.00	0.00	0.00	-91.25
G. Other	NO	NO	NO	0.00
5. Land Use, Land-Use Change and Forestry	0.07	0.07	0.07	71.40
A. Forest Land	0.04	0.04	0.04	-2.71
B. Cropland	0.03	0.03	0.03	2,782.55
C. Grassland	NO	NO	NO	0.00
D. Wetlands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E. Settlements	NE, NO	NE, NO	NE, NO	0.00
F. Other Land	NO	NO	NO	0.00
G. Other	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
6. Waste	0.45	0.44	0.45	19.10
A. Solid Waste Disposal on Land				
B. Waste-water Handling	0.45	0.44	0.45	19.11
C. Waste Incineration	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.44
D. Other	NO	NO	NO	0.00
7. Other (as specified in the summary table in CRF)	NA	NA	NA	0.00
Total N2O emissions including N2O from LULUCF	10.64	10.20	10.28	-36.69
Total N2O emissions excluding N2O from LULUCF	10.57	10.12	10.20	-36.97
Memo Items:				
International Bunkers	0.08	0.08	0.07	31.08
Aviation	0.03	0.04	0.04	89.26
Marine	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.26
Multilateral Operations	NO	NO	NO	0.00
CO2 Emissions from Biomass				

 $\label{eq:abbreviations: CRF = common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forest common reporting format.$

^a The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

Table 1(d)

Emission trends (HFCs, PFCs and SF₆)

(Sheet 1 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

CDEENWAYIGE CAG GOVERGE AND GRAW CATEGORIES	Base year a	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt	kt
Emissions of HFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	0.05	9.01	18.12	28.45	44.20	80.34	112.22	164.81	209.78
HFC-23	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-32	NA, NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-41	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
HFC-43-10mee	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
HFC-125	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
HFC-134	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
HFC-134a	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.06
HFC-152a	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-143	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
HFC-143a	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
HFC-227ea	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO
HFC-236fa	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
HFC-245ca	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
Unspecified mix of listed HFCsd - (kt CO ₂ eq)	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
Emissions of PFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	3,370.40	2,992.92	2,286.92	2,297.72	2,032.47	2,007.96	1,829.46	1,633.25	1,485.80
CF ₄	0.47	0.42	0.32	0.32	0.29	0.28	0.26	0.23	0.21
C_2F_6	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01
C 3F8	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C_4F_{10}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
c-C ₄ F ₈	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
C_5F_{12}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
C_6F_{14}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
Unspecified mix of listed PFCs(4) - (Gg CO ₂ equivalent)	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO
Emissions of SF6(3) - (Gg CO2 equivalent)	2,199.78	2,079.15	705.03	737.71	877.98	607.79	574.10	579.86	726.74
SF ₆	0.09	0.09	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03

Table 1(d)

Emission trends (HFCs, PFCs and SF₆)

(Sheet 2 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

Cherwhouse Cas sounds and sink categories	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	kt									
Emissions of HFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	270.78	327.32	403.07	491.79	475.15	507.56	524.05	579.46	612.11	691.95
HFC-23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
HFC-41	NA, NO									
HFC-43-10mee	NA, NO									
HFC-125	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07
HFC-134	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-134a	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.14	0.17	0.20
HFC-152a	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-143	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HFC-143a	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05
HFC-227ea	IE, NA, NO									
HFC-236fa	NA, NO									
HFC-245ca	NA, NO									
Unspecified mix of listed HFCsd - (kt CO ₂ eq)	NA, NO									
Emissions of PFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	1,388.70	1,318.11	1,328.81	1,437.76	909.25	880.06	828.71	742.51	820.94	772.75
CF ₄	0.20	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.13	0.12	0.12	0.10	0.11	0.10
C_2F_6	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
C 3F8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C_4F_{10}	NA, NO									
c-C ₄ F ₈	NA, NO									
C_5F_{12}	NA, NO									
C_6F_{14}	NA, NO									
Unspecified mix of listed PFCs(4) - (Gg CO ₂ equivalent)	NA, NO									
Emissions of SF6(3) - (Gg CO2 equivalent)	873.96	934.42	791.20	238.30	227.86	276.05	312.03	212.09	76.24	65.40
SF ₆	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00

Emission trends (HFCs, PFCs and SF₆) (Sheet 3 of 3)

CRF: NOR_CRF__ v2.1

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK CATEGORIES	2009	2010	2011	Change from base to latest reported year
	kt	kt	kt	%
Emissions of HFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	736.47	914.44	950.21	1,917,097.3 0
HFC-23	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00
HFC-32	0.02	0.02	0.02	100.00
HFC-41	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
HFC-43-10mee	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
HFC-125	0.07	0.09	0.10	244,984,779 ,848.75
HFC-134	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00
HFC-134a	0.23	0.26	0.28	198,896,411
HFC-152a	0.00	0.00	0.00	378.77
HFC-143	0.00	0.00	0.00	100.00
HFC-143a	0.05	0.07	0.06	161,703,332 ,383.75
HFC-227ea	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	IE, NA, NO	0.00
HFC-236fa	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
HFC-245ca	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
Unspecified mix of listed HFCsd - (kt CO ₂ eq)	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
Emissions of PFCsc - (kt CO2 eq)	376.72	205.08	225.73	-93.30
CF ₄	0.05	0.03	0.03	-93.60
C_2F_6	0.01	0.00	0.00	-90.56
C 3F8	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
C_4F_{10}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
c-C ₄ F ₈	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
C_5F_{12}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
C_6F_{14}	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
Unspecified mix of listed PFCs(4) - (Gg CO ₂ equivalent)	NA, NO	NA, NO	NA, NO	0.00
Emissions of SF6(3) - (Gg CO2 equivalent)	61.46	75.38	60.72	-97.24
SF ₆	0.00	0.00	0.00	-97.24

 $\label{eq:abbreviations} Abbreviations: \ CRF = common \ reporting \ format, \ LULUCF = land \ use, \ land-use \ change \ and \ forestry.$

^cEnter actual emissions estimates. If only potential emissions estimates are available, these should be reported in this table and an indication for this be provided in the documentation box. Only in these rows are the emissions expressed as CO2 equivalent emissions.

^dIn accordance with the "Guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention, Part I: UNFCCC reporting guidelines on annual inventories", HFC and PFC emissions should be reported for each relevant chemical. However, if it is not possible to report values for each chemical (i.e. mixtures, confidential data, lack of disaggregation), this row could be used for reporting aggregate figures for HFCs and PFCs, respectively. Note that the unit used for this row is kt of CO2 equivalent and that appropriate notation keys should be entered in the cells for the individual chemicals.)

Documentation Box:			

^a The column "Base year" should be filled in only by those Parties with economies in transition that use a base year different from 1990 in accordance with the relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties. For these Parties, this different base year is used to calculate the percentage change in the final column of this table.

Table 2(a) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: base year^a

Party	Norway	
Base year /base period	1990	
Emission reduction target	% of base year/base period	% of 1990 ^b
	-30.00	-30.00
Period for reaching target	2013-2020	

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b Optional.

Table 2(b) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: gases and sectors covered a

Ga	ses covered	Base year for each gas (year):
CO_2		1990
CH ₄		1990
N_2O		1990
HFCs		1990
PFCs		1990
SF ₆		1990
NF ₃		Not yet decided
Other Gases (specify)		
Sectors covered ^b	Energy	Yes
	Transport ^f	Yes
	Industrial processes ^g	Yes
	Agriculture	Yes
	LULUCF	Yes
	Waste	Yes
	Other Sectors (specify)	

Abbreviations: LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b More than one selection will be allowed. If Parties use sectors other than those indicated above, the explanation of how these sectors relate to the sectors defined by the IPCC should be provided.

f Transport is reported as a subsector of the energy sector.

^g Industrial processes refer to the industrial processes and solvent and other product use sectors.

Table 2(c) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: global warming potential values $(GWP)^a$

Gases	GWP values ^b			
CO ₂	4nd AR			
CH ₄	4nd AR			
N_2O	4nd AR			
HFCs	4nd AR			
PFCs	4nd AR			
SF ₆	4nd AR			
NF ₃	4nd AR			
Other Gases (specify)				

Abbreviations: GWP = global warming potential

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b Please specify the reference for the GWP: Second Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) or the Fourth Assessment Report of the IPCC.

Table 2(d) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: approach to counting emissions and removals from the LULUCF ${\sf sector}^a$

Role of LULUCF	LULUCF in base year level and target	Included
	Contribution of LULUCF is calculated using	Activity-based approach

Abbreviation: LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

Table 2(e)I NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: market-based mechanisms under the ${\bf Convention}^a$

Market-based mechanisms	Possible scale of contributions
under the Convention	(estimated kt CO 2 eq)
CERs	NE
ERUs	NE
AAUs ⁱ	NE
Carry-over units ^j	NE
Other mechanism units under the Convention (specify) ^d	

Abbreviations: AAU = assigned amount unit, CER = certified emission reduction, ERU = emission reduction unit.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^d As indicated in paragraph 5(e) of the guidelines contained in annex I of decision 2/CP.17.

ⁱ AAUs issued to or purchased by a Party.

^j Units carried over from the first to the second commitment periods of the Kyoto Protocol, as described in decision 13/CMP.1 and consistent with decision 1/CMP.8.

Table 2(e)II NOR_BR1_v2.0

Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: other market-based mechanisms^a

Other market-based mechanisms	Possible scale of contributions
(Specify)	(estimated kt CO_2 eq)

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

· ·	
$\textbf{Description of quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: any other information}^{a,b}$	

NOR BR1 v2.0

Custom Footnotes

Table 2(f)

All currently available mechanisms under the Convention may be used to meet the target. Future mechanisms will be considered, but first a decision on this must be taken by the COP, and if applicable, by the CMP.

Other market-based mechanisms that are not underthe Convention will not be used for meeting Norway's target for KP 2.

Protocol, including for LULUCF, applies both to the 2020 target and the commitment under the Protocol. The consistency between the two targets is described in Norway's submission of 8 May 2012 to the Ad Hoc Working Group on Further Commitments for Annex I Parties under the Kyoto Protocol and Norway's presentation in the same group 12 May 2012, see http://unfccc.int/files/meetings/ad_hoc_working_groups/kp/application/pdf/awgkp_norway_ppt.pdf. This includes Norway's expected contribution from the LULUCF sector at the time following the accounting rules under the Kyoto Protocol with its activity based approach.

The 2020 target is operationalised through the QELRC for 2013-2020 under the Kyoto Protocol and the Protocol's accounting rules apply. The expected contribution from LULUCF in the target period is explained in the chapter 5.4.2 of the NC 6 p 120. A decision on accounting for other activities than forest management under Art. 3.4, which is referred to on p. 258, could entail some reflection of LULUCF categories also in base year.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b This information could include information on the domestic legal status of the target or the total assigned amount of emission units for the period for reaching a target. Some of this information is presented in the narrative part of the biennial report.

Table 3

Progress in achievement of the quantified economy-wide emission reduction target: information on mitigation actions and their effects

Name of mitigation action ^a	Sector(s) affected ^b	GHG(s) affected	Objective and/or activity affected	Type of instrument ^c	Status of implementation ^d	Brief description ^e	Start year of implementation	Implementing entity or entities	Estimate of mitigati cumulative, in k	
Emission trading 2013- 2020		CO ₂ , N ₂ O, PFCs	Pricing emissions gives incentives to cut emissions using measures with equivalent costs.	Economic	Implemented	The EU ETS is a market for selling and buying emission allowances as a measure to reduce emissions. Coverage of existing system further expanded, covering new sectors and gases. See NC chapter 4.3.1.4 for further details.	2013	Norwegian Environment Agency	NE	NE
CO2 tax	Energy	CO ₂	Reduce emissions	Economic	Implemented	Increase in the general CO2 tax of NOK 100	2014	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
CO2 tax on domestic	Energy	CO ₂	Reduce emissions	Economic	Implemented	Increase in the CO2 tax on domestic aviation of NOK 50	2014	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
CO2 tax on natural gas and LPG	Energy	CO ₂	Reduce emissions and avoid substitution	Economic	Implemented	Expand the CO2 tax to include natural gas and LPG	2010 Ministry of Finance		50.00	50.00
CO2 tax on fishing and catching in inshore waters	Energy	CO ₂	Reduce emissions	Economic	Implemented	Abolish the exempt for mineral oil used for fishing and catching in inshore waters and replace it by a low rate of NOK 0.13 per litre	2013	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
CO2-tax offshore	Other (Oil and gas extraction)	CO ₂	Reduce emissions	Economic	Implemented	Increase in the CO2 tax for the petroleum activities by NOK 200 per tonne CO2 in order to keep up the incentives to reduce emissions	2013	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
Base tax on mineral oils	Energy	CO ₂	Avoid substitution	Economic	Implemented	Increase in base tax on mineral oils of NOK 539 per litre	2014	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
The Norwegian Energy fund, Enova	Industry/industria	CH ₄ , CO ₂ , HFCs, N ₂ O, NF ₃ , PFCs, SF ₆	Contribution to an environmentally friendly change in the consumption and production of energy and the development of energy and climate technologies	Economic	Implemented	The mandate now includes support of	Implemented in 2002, extended in 2012	Enova SF	900.00	NE
Energy requirement in the building code	Energy	CO ₂	Reduce emissions and energy use	Regulatory	Implemented	Reduce use of fossil fuels and energy demand in new buildings	strengthened in 2010	Ministry of Local Government and regional Development	IE	
CO2-dependent registration tax for vehicles	Transport	CO ₂	Reduce emissions from new cars	Economic	Implemented	-	2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 (adjusted annually)	Ministry of Finance	NE	NE
Increase the requirement of bio fuels in road transport	Transport	CO ₂	Reduce emissions	Regulatory	Implemented	In order to increase the use of biofuels, a mandatory turnover is in place	Implemented in 2009 (2,5%), increased in 2010 (3,5%)	Ministry of the Environment	100.00	100.00
EU emission standards for passenger cars	Transport	CO ₂	Reduce emissions per km driven	Regulatory	Adopted	New emissions standards on new vehicles	Adopted and partially implemented	European commission	NE	NE
N2O reduction, production of nitric acid	Industry/industria l processes	N ₂ O	Reduce emissions	Voluntary Agreement	Implemented		Implemented, includes effects since 2010	NA	70.00	70.00

Name of mitigation action ^a	Sector(s) affected ^b	GHG(s) affected	Objective and/or activity affected	Type of instrument c	Status of implementation ^d	Brief description ^e	Start year of implementation	Implementing entity or entities	Estimate of mitigo cumulative, in	ation impact (not n kt CO ₂ eq)
									2020	2030

Note: The two final columns specify the year identified by the Party for estimating impacts (based on the status of the measure and whether an ex post or ex ante estimation is available).

 $\label{eq:Abbreviations: GHG = greenhouse gas; LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry. \\$

- ^a Parties should use an asterisk (*) to indicate that a mitigation action is included in the 'with measures' projection.
- ^b To the extent possible, the following sectors should be used: energy, transport, industry/industrial processes, agriculture, forestry/LULUCF, waste management/waste, other sectors, cross-cutting, as appropriate.
- ^c To the extent possible, the following types of instrument should be used: economic, fiscal, voluntary agreement, regulatory, information, education, research, other.
- ^d To the extent possible, the following descriptive terms should be used to report on the status of implementation: implemented, adopted, planned.
- ^e Additional information may be provided on the cost of the mitigation actions and the relevant timescale.
- ^f Optional year or years deemed relevant by the Party.

Custom Footnotes

For CO2 tax on natural gas and LPG, the estimated effect in the range of 0-50 kt CO2-eq.

Table 4 NOR_BR1_v2.0

Reporting on progress^{a, b}

	Total emissions excluding LULUCF	Contribution from LULUCF d	Quantity of units fi mechanisms unde		Quantity of units from other market based mechanisms			
Year ^c	(kt CO ₂ eq)	$(kt\ CO_2\ eq)$	(number of units)	$(kt \ CO_2 \ eq)$	(number of units)	$(kt \ CO_2 \ eq)$		
(1990)	50,453.00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2010	54,334.00	0.00	19,217.10	19,217.00	NA	NA		
2011	53,446.00	0.00	19,333.29	19,333.29				
2012	NA	NA	19,132.76	19,132.76				

Abbreviation: GHG = greenhouse gas, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

Custom Footnotes

The emissions for 2012 will be reported in April 2014

RMUs issued by Norway will not be used to meet the commitment under Article 3.1

Units from marked-based mechanisms correspond to the units surrendered by the installations in Norway that are covered by the EU-ETS.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

b For the base year, information reported on the emission reduction target shall include the following: (a) total GHG emissions, excluding emissions and removals from the LULUCF sector; (b) emissions and/or removals from the LULUCF sector based on the accounting approach applied taking into consideration any relevant decisions of the Conference of the Parties and the activities and/or land that will be accounted for; (c) total GHG emissions, including emissions and removals from the LULUCF sector. For each reported year, information reported on progress made towards the emission reduction targets shall include, in addition to the information noted in paragraphs 9(a—c) of the UNFCCC biennial reporting guidelines for developed country Parties, information on the use of units from market-based mechanisms.

^c Parties may add additional rows for years other than those specified below.

^d Information in this column should be consistent with the information reported in table 4(a)I or 4(a)II, as appropriate. The Parties for which all relevant information on the LULUCF contribution is reported in table 1 of this common tabular format can refer to table 1.

Table 4(a)I

Progress in achieving the quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets – further information on mitigation actions relevant to the contribution of the land use, land-use change and forestry sector in 2011 $^{\rm a,b}$

	Net GHG emissions/removals from LULUCF categories ^c	Base year/period or reference level value ^d	Contribution from LULUCF for reported year	Cumulative contribution from LULUCF ^e	Accounting approach f
		(kt CO 2 eq	<i>y</i>)		
Total LULUCF					Activity-based
A.D. (1.1					approach
A. Forest land					Activity-based
1.5					approach
1. Forest land remaining forest land					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to forest land					Activity-based
•					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
D. C 1 . 1					approach
B. Cropland					Activity-based
1.0.1.1					approach
1. Cropland remaining cropland					Activity-based
2.1					approach
2. Land converted to cropland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
C. Grassland					Activity-based
					approach
1. Grassland remaining grassland					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to grassland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
D. Wetlands					Activity-based
					approach
1. Wetland remaining wetland					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to wetland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
E. Settlements					Activity-based
					approach
1. Settlements remaining settlements					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to settlements					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
F. Other land					Activity-based
					approach
1. Other land remaining other land					Activity-based
5					approach
2. Land converted to other land					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
J. Oulei					approach
Harvested wood products					Activity-based
The reside wood products					approach

 $\label{lem:abbreviations:GHG} Abbreviations: GHG = greenhouse \ gas, \ LULUCF = land \ use, \ land-use \ change \ and \ forestry.$

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b Parties that use the LULUCF approach that is based on table 1 do not need to complete this table, but should indicate the approach in table 2. Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^c For each category, enter the net emissions or removals reported in the most recent inventory submission for the corresponding inventory year. If a category differs from that used for the reporting under the Convention or its Kyoto Protocol, explain in the biennial report how the value was derived.

^d Enter one reference level or base year/period value for each category. Explain in the biennial report how these values have been calculated.

^e If applicable to the accounting approach chosen. Explain in this biennial report to which years or period the cumulative contribution refers to.

f Label each accounting approach and indicate where additional information is provided within this biennial report explaining how it was implemented, including all relevant accounting parameters (i.e. natural disturbances, caps).

^g Specify what was used for the category "other". Explain in this biennial report how each was defined and how it relates to the categories used for reporting under the Convention or its Kyoto Protocol.

Table 4(a)I

Progress in achieving the quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets – further information on mitigation actions relevant to the contribution of the land use, land-use change and forestry sector in 2012 $^{\rm a,\,b}$

	Net GHG emissions/removals from LULUCF categories c	Base year/period or reference level value ^d	Contribution from LULUCF for reported year	Cumulative contribution from LULUCF ^e	Accounting approach f
		(kt CO 2 eq	<u>()</u>		
Total LULUCF					Activity-based
A. E (11					approach
A. Forest land					Activity-based approach
1. Forest land remaining forest land					Activity-based
1. Forest land remaining forest land					approach
2. Land converted to forest land					Activity-based
2. Land converted to forest fand					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
5. Other					approach
B. Cropland					Activity-based
2. Crop.and					approach
Cropland remaining cropland					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to cropland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
3. Other					approach
C. Grassland					Activity-based
					approach
1. Grassland remaining grassland					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to grassland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
3. Other					approach
D. Wetlands					Activity-based
					approach
Wetland remaining wetland					Activity-based
•					approach
2. Land converted to wetland					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
E. Settlements					Activity-based
					approach
1. Settlements remaining settlements					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to settlements					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
F. Other land					Activity-based
					approach
1. Other land remaining other land					Activity-based
					approach
2. Land converted to other land					Activity-based
					approach
3. Other ^g					Activity-based
					approach
Harvested wood products					Activity-based
					approach

Abbreviations: GHG = greenhouse gas, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b Parties that use the LULUCF approach that is based on table 1 do not need to complete this table, but should indicate the approach in table 2. Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^c For each category, enter the net emissions or removals reported in the most recent inventory submission for the corresponding inventory year. If a category differs from that used for the reporting under the Convention or its Kyoto Protocol, explain in the biennial report how the value was derived.

d Enter one reference level or base year/period value for each category. Explain in the biennial report how these values have been calculated.

^e If applicable to the accounting approach chosen. Explain in this biennial report to which years or period the cumulative contribution refers to.

f Label each accounting approach and indicate where additional information is provided within this biennial report explaining how it was implemented, including all relevant accounting parameters (i.e. natural disturbances, caps).

^g Specify what was used for the category "other". Explain in this biennial report how each was defined and how it relates to the categories used for reporting under the Convention or its Kyoto Protocol.

Table 4(a)II

NOR_BR1_v2.0

Source: NOR CRF v2.1

Progress in achievement of the quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets – further information on mitigation actions relevant to the counting of emissions and removals from the land use, land-use change and forestry sector in relation to activities under Article 3, paragraphs 3 and 4, of the Kyoto Protocol^{a,b,c}

GREENHOUSE GAS SOURCE AND SINK ACTIVITIES	Base year ^d	Net emissions/removals ^e						Accounting quantity i
		2008	2009	2010	2011	Total ^g		
				(kt CO ₂ eq)				
A. Article 3.3 activities								

Note: 1 kt CO₂ eq equals 1 Gg CO₂ eq.

Abbreviations: CRF = common reporting format, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

- ^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.
- b Developed country Parties with a quantified economy-wide emission reduction target as communicated to the secretariat and contained in document FCCC/SB/2011/INF.1/Rev.1 or any update to that document, that are Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, may use table 4(a)II for reporting of accounting quantities if LULUCF is contributing to the attainment of that target.
- ^c Parties can include references to the relevant parts of the national inventory report, where accounting methodologies regarding LULUCF are further described in the documentation box or in the biennial
- ^d Net emissions and removals in the Party's base year, as established by decision 9/CP.2.
- ^e All values are reported in the information table on accounting for activities under Article 3, paragraphs 3 and 4, of the Kyoto Protocol, of the CRF for the relevant inventory year as reported in the current submission and are automatically entered in this table.
- f Additional columns for relevant years should be added, if applicable.
- ^g Cumulative net emissions and removals for all years of the commitment period reported in the current submission.
- ^h The values in the cells "3.3 offset" and "Forest management cap" are absolute values.
- ⁱ The accounting quantity is the total quantity of units to be added to or subtracted from a Party's assigned amount for a particular activity in accordance with the provisions of Article 7, paragraph 4, of the Kyoto Protocol.
- ^j In accordance with paragraph 4 of the annex to decision 16/CMP.1, debits resulting from harvesting during the first commitment period following afforestation and reforestation since 1990 shall not be greater than the credits accounted for on that unit of land.
- ^k In accordance with paragraph 10 of the annex to decision 16/CMP.1, for the first commitment period a Party included in Annex I that incurs a net source of emissions under the provisions of Article 3 paragraph 3, may account for anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks in areas under forest management under Article 3, paragraph 4, up to a level that is equal to the net source of emissions under the provisions of Article 3, paragraph 3, but not greater than 9.0 megatonnes of carbon times five, if the total anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks in the managed forest since 1990 is equal to, or larger than, the net source of emissions incurred under Article 3, paragraph 3.
- In accordance with paragraph 11 of the annex to decision 16/CMP.1, for the first commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol only, additions to and subtractions from the assigned amount of a Party resulting from Forest management under Article 3, paragraph 4, after the application of paragraph 10 of the annex to decision 16/CMP.1 and resulting from forest management project activities undertaken under Article 6, shall not exceed the value inscribed in the appendix of the annex to decision 16/CMP.1, times five.

Documentation Box:			

Reporting on progress^{a, b, c}

	Unite of market based mechanisms		Year	
	Units of market based mechanisms		2011	2012
	W . D . I .	(number of units)	19,333.29	19,132.76
	Kyoto Protocol units	(kt CO ₂ eq)	19,333.29	19,132.76
		(number of units)	15,962.51	19,132.76
	AAUs	(kt CO2 eq)	15,962.51	19,132.76
		(number of units)	138.14	0.00
Kyoto	ERUs	(kt CO2 eq)	138.14	0.00
Protocol units ^d		(number of units)	3,232.64	0.00
units	CERs	(kt CO2 eq)	3,232.64	0.00
	CED.	(number of units)	0.00	0.00
	tCERs	(kt CO2 eq)	0.00	0.00
		(number of units)	0.00	0.00
	ICERs	(kt CO2 eq)	0.00	0.00
	Units from market-based mechanisms under the	(number of units)		
	Convention	(kt CO ₂ eq)		
Other units				
d,e		(number of units)		
	Units from other market-based mechanisms	(kt CO ₂ eq)		
		(number of units)	19,333.29	19,132.76
Total		(kt CO ₂ eq)	19,333.29	19,132.76

Abbreviations: AAUs = assigned amount units, CERs = certified emission reductions, ERUs = emission reduction units, lCERs = long-term certified emission reductions, tCERs = temporary certified emission reductions.

Note: 2011 is the latest reporting year.

^a Reporting by a developed country Party on the information specified in the common tabular format does not prejudge the position of other Parties with regard to the treatment of units from market-based mechanisms under the Convention or other market-based mechanisms towards achievement of quantified economy-wide emission reduction targets.

^b For each reported year, information reported on progress made towards the emission reduction target shall include, in addition to the information noted in paragraphs 9(a-c) of the reporting guidelines, on the use of units from market-based mechanisms.

^c Parties may include this information, as appropriate and if relevant to their target.

^d Units surrendered by that Party for that year that have not been previously surrendered by that or any other Party.

^e Additional rows for each market-based mechanism should be added, if applicable.

Summary of key variables and assumptions used in the projections analysis^a

Key underlying assur	nptions			Histori	cal			Projected				
Assumption	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2015	2020	2025	2030	
Gross domestic product (GDP)	million NOK. Fixed 2005- prices	1,221,175.00		1,756,996.00			2,061,807.00		2,677,835.00		3,212,241.00	
- Petroleum activities and ocean transport	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	269,222.00		487,421.00			389,785.00		403,467.00		332,957.00	
- Mainland Norway	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	929,055.00		1,281,285.00			1,684,451.00		2,284,509.00		2,889,388.00	
Consumption	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	767,556.00		1,041,930.00			1,444,246.00		2,054,255.00		2,740,279.00	
Gross fixed capital formation	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	201,691.00		302,671.00			124,695.00		517,496.00		530,251.00	
- Petroleum activities and ocean transport	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	64,919.00		88,473.00			124,695.00		142,409.00		94,806.00	
- Mainland Norway	Million NOK. Fixed 2005-prices	133,965.00		213,506.00			297,701.00		375,754.00		434,836.00	
Population	thousands	4,249.83		4,503.44			4,985.87		5,572.43		6,079.64	
Number of persons employed	thousands	2,059.00		2,320.00			2,632.00		2,924.00		3,036.00	
Oil price	2011-NOK	248.00		328.00			622.00		505.00		505.00	

^a Parties should include key underlying assumptions as appropriate.

Custom Footnotes

For the assumptions on GDP, consumption and gross fixed capital formation, the estimates for 2020 and 2030 are based on annual growth rates.

^b Parties should include historical data used to develop the greenhouse gas projections reported.

Table 6(a) NOR_BR1_v2.0 Information on updated greenhouse gas projections under a 'with measures' scenario^a

			GHG emis	ssions and rem	ovals ^b			GHG emission	1 projections
			(kt CO 2 eq)				(kt CO	0 ₂ eq)
	Base year (1990)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2020	2030
Sector d,e									
Energy	18,389.77	18,389.77	20,008.85	22,689.77	23,937.96	25,616.47	24,592.28	25,300.00	23,000.00
Transport	11,101.51	11,101.51	12,147.53	12,900.49	13,755.99	15,105.94	15,238.52	15,900.00	16,600.00
Industry/industrial processes	13,998.24	13,998.24	11,284.01	11,958.53	10,429.76	7,910.34	7,827.62	8,100.00	7,700.00
Agriculture	5,012.63	5,012.63	5,015.75	4,975.10	4,878.19	4,456.49	4,484.53	4,200.00	4,200.00
Forestry/LULUCF	-15,347.62	-15,347.62	-19,785.49	-14,995.68	-26,805.80	-23,578.03	-27,572.93	-23,800.00	-19,800.00
Waste management/waste	1,860.23	1,860.23	1,764.14	1,493.21	1,273.84	1,228.01	1,221.25	800.00	700.00
Other (specify)									
Gas									
CO ₂ emissions including net CO ₂ from LULUCF	19,471.36	19,471.36	17,990.19	26,777.93	16,231.85	21,945.45	17,055.23	22,400.00	24,700.00
CO ₂ emissions excluding net CO ₂ from LULUCF	34,833.33	34,833.33	37,791.07	41,790.84	43,059.47	45,547.77	44,651.06	46,200.00	44,500.00
CH ₄ emissions including CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,031.25	5,031.25	5,199.64	5,057.81	4,763.08	4,523.64	4,397.65	NE	NE
CH ₄ emissions excluding CH ₄ from LULUCF	5,030.13	5,030.13	5,199.50	5,199.50	4,762.67	4,522.02	4,397.44	3,900.00	3,700.00
N ₂ O emissions including N ₂ O from LULUCF	4,941.91	4,941.91	4,548.86	4,605.82	4,810.21	3,075.23	3,101.74	NE	NE
N ₂ O emissions excluding N ₂ O from LULUCF	4,928.68	4,928.68	4,533.62	4,588.77	4,788.81	3,052.57	3,079.06	2,900.00	3,000.00
HFCs	0.05	0.05	80.34	327.32	524.05	914.44	950.21	1,100.00	700.00
PFCs	3,370.40	3,370.40	2,007.96	1,318.11	828.71	205.08	225.73	200.00	200.00
SF ₆	2,199.78	2,199.78	607.79	934.42	312.03	75.38	60.72	100.00	100.00
Other (specify)									
Total with LULUCF ^f	35,014.75	35,014.75	30,434.78	39,021.41	27,469.93	30,739.22	25,791.28	23,800.00	25,700.00
Total without LULUCF	50,362.37	50,362.37	50,220.28	54,158.96	54,275.74	54,317.26	53,364.22	54,400.00	52,200.00

Table 6(a) NOR_BR1_v2.0

Information on updated greenhouse gas projections under a 'with measures' scenario^a

		GHG emi	issions and rer	novals ^b			GHG emission	on projections
			(kt CO ₂ eq)				(kt CO ₂ eq)	
Base year (1990)	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2020	2030

Abbreviations: GHG = greenhouse gas, LULUCF = land use, land-use change and forestry.

- ^a In accordance with the "Guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention, Part II: UNFCCC reporting guidelines on national communications", at a minimum Parties shall report a 'with measures' scenario, and may report 'without measures' and 'with additional measures' scenarios. If a Party chooses to report 'without measures' and/or 'with additional measures' scenarios they are to use tables 6(b) and/or 6(c), respectively. If a Party does not choose to report 'without measures' or 'with additional measures' scenarios then it should not include tables 6(b) or 6(c) in the biennial report.
- ^b Emissions and removals reported in these columns should be as reported in the latest GHG inventory and consistent with the emissions and removals reported in the table on GHG emissions and trends provided in this biennial report. Where the sectoral breakdown differs from that reported in the GHG inventory Parties should explain in their biennial report how the inventory sectors relate to the sectors reported in this table.
- ^c 20XX is the reporting due-date year (i.e. 2014 for the first biennial report).
- ^d In accordance with paragraph 34 of the "Guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Parties included in Annex I to the Convention, Part II: UNFCCC reporting guidelines on national communications", projections shall be presented on a sectoral basis, to the extent possible, using the same sectoral categories used in the policies and measures section. This table should follow, to the extent possible, the same sectoral categories as those listed in paragraph 17 of those guidelines, namely, to the extent appropriate, the following sectors should be considered: energy, transport, industry, agriculture, forestry and waste management.
- ^e To the extent possible, the following sectors should be used: energy, transport, industry/industrial processes, agriculture, forestry/LULUCF, waste management/waste, other sectors (i.e. cross-cutting), as appropriate.
- ^f Parties may choose to report total emissions with or without LULUCF, as appropriate.

Provision of public financial support: summary information in 2011^a

Allocation channels	Year										
		Noru	egian krone -	NOK		USD^{b}					
	Core/	Climate-specific ^d				Core/	Climate-specific ^d				
	general ^c	- C	Adaptation	Cross- cutting ^e	Other ^f	general ^c	Mitigation	Adaptation	Cross- cutting ^e	Other f	
Total contributions through multilateral channels:	2,730,073,14	-361,557.63		441,350,493.	719,766,324.						
	1.07			82	00						
Multilateral climate change funds ^g	194,333,000.	-361,557.63									
č	00										
Other multilateral climate change funds ^h											
Multilateral financial institutions, including regional	1,665,740,14			14,000,000.0	719,766,324.						
development banks	1.07			0	00						
Specialized United Nations bodies	870,000,000.			427,350,493.							
	00			82						1	
Total contributions through bilateral, regional and other		66,554,524.4	8,562,621.59	1,887,907,17							
channels		4		8.29							
Total	2,730,073,14	66,192,966.8	8,562,621.59	2,329,257,67	719,766,324.						
	1.07	1		2.11	00						

Abbreviation: USD = United States dollars.

Documentation Box:	
this information in relation to table 7(a) and table 7(b).	
Each Party shall provide an indication of what new and additional financial resources they have provided, and clarify how they have determined that such resources are new and additional. Please provided, and clarify how they have determined that such resources are new and additional. Please provided, and clarify how they have determined that such resources are new and additional financial resources they have provided, and clarify how they have determined that such resources are new and additional financial resources.	ovide

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should provide an explanation on methodology used for currency exchange for the information provided in table 7, 7(a) and 7(b) in the box below.

^c This refers to support to multilateral institutions that Parties cannot specify as climate-specific.

^d Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^e This refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

^f Please specify.

^g Multilateral climate change funds listed in paragraph 17(a) of the "UNFCCC biennial reporting guidelines for developed country Parties" in decision 2/CP.17.

^h Other multilateral climate change funds as referred in paragraph 17(b) of the "UNFCCC biennial reporting guidelines for developed country Parties" in decision 2/CP.17.

Provision of public financial support: summary information in 2012^a

					Ye	ear				
Allocation channels	Norwegian krone - NOK							USD^{b}		
	Core/	Climate-specific ^d				Core/	Climate-specific ^d			
	general c	Mitigation	Adaptation	Cross- cutting ^e	Other ^f	general ^c	Mitigation	Adaptation	Cross- cutting ^e	Other ^f
Total contributions through multilateral channels:	2,666,750,73 7.44			1,963,855,45 2.17						
Multilateral climate change funds ^g	162,333,000. 00									
Other multilateral climate change funds ^h										
Multilateral financial institutions, including regional development banks	1,634,417,73 7.44			1,388,375,80 0.00						
Specialized United Nations bodies	870,000,000. 00			575,479,652. 17						
Total contributions through bilateral, regional and other		272,104,787.	25,330,765.1	2,686,987,92						
channels		78	3	0.47						
Total	2,666,750,73 7.44			4,650,843,37 2.64						

Abbreviation: USD = United States dollars.

Custom Footnotes

Each Party shall provide an indication of what new and additional financial resources they have provided, and clarify how they have determined that such resources are new and additional. Please provide this information in relation to table 7(a) and table 7(b).

Documentation Box:

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should provide an explanation on methodology used for currency exchange for the information provided in table 7, 7(a) and 7(b) in the box below.

^c This refers to support to multilateral institutions that Parties cannot specify as climate-specific.

^d Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^e This refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

^f Please specify.

^g Multilateral climate change funds listed in paragraph 17(a) of the "UNFCCC biennial reporting guidelines for developed country Parties" in decision 2/CP.17.

^h Other multilateral climate change funds as referred in paragraph 17(b) of the "UNFCCC biennial reporting guidelines for developed country Parties" in decision 2/CP.17.

Provision of public financial support: contribution through multilateral channels in 2011^a

Donor funding	Total amount								
	Core/general ^d		Climate-specific ^e		Status ^b	Funding source f	Financial	Type of support ^{f, g}	Sector c
	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD	Sittus	1 mung source	instrument ^f	Type of support	Secion
Total contributions through multilateral channels	2,730,073,141.07		1,160,755,260.19						
Multilateral climate change funds ^g	194,333,000.00		-361,557.63						
1. Global Environment Facility	106,333,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (Other)
2. Least Developed Countries Fund	53,000,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (Other)
3. Special Climate Change Fund	15,000,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (Other)
4. Adaptation Fund									
5. Green Climate Fund									
6. UNFCCC Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities	20,000,000.00		-361,557.63		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-cutting
7. Other multilateral climate change funds									
other					Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Multilateral financial institutions, including regional development banks	1,665,740,141.07		733,766,324.00						
1. World Bank	1,018,951,392.10		719,766,324.00		Provided				
2. International Finance Corporation					Provided				
3. African Development Bank	534,155,862.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
4. Asian Development Bank	71,824,909.84				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (Other)
5. European Bank for Reconstruction and Development	37,345,000.00		14,000,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
6. Inter-American Development Bank	3,462,977.13				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
7. Other									
Specialized United Nations bodies	870,000,000.00		427,350,493.82						
1. United Nations Development Programme	770,000,000.00		280,845,069.37						
UNDP	770,000,000.00		280,845,069.37		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
2. United Nations Environment Programme	100,000,000.00		2,694,972.04						
UNEP	100,000,000.00		2,694,972.04		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
3. Other			143,810,452.41						
other			143,810,452.41		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting

Abbreviations: ODA = official development assistance, OOF = other official flows.

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should explain, in their biennial reports, the methodologies used to specify the funds as provided, committed and/or pledged. Parties will provide the information for as many status categories as appropriate in the following order of priority: provided, committed, pledged.

^c Parties may select several applicable sectors. Parties may report sectoral distribution, as applicable, under "Other".

^d This refers to support to multilateral institutions that Parties cannot specify as climate-specific.

^e Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^f Please specify.

^g Cross-cutting type of support refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

Provision of public financial support: contribution through multilateral channels in 2012^a

		Tot	al amount						
Donor funding	Core/general ^d		Climate-sp	ecific ^e	Status ^b	Funding source ^f	Financial	Type of support ^{f, g}	Sector c
Botot fantang	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD	Siaius	r unuing source	instrument ^f	Type of support	Sector
Total contributions through multilateral channels	2,666,750,737.44		1,963,855,452.17						
Multilateral climate change funds ^g	162,333,000.00								
1. Global Environment Facility	106,333,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
2. Least Developed Countries Fund	20,000,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
3. Special Climate Change Fund	17,000,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
4. Adaptation Fund									
5. Green Climate Fund									
6. UNFCCC Trust Fund for Supplementary Activities	19,000,000.00				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
7. Other multilateral climate change funds									
Multilateral financial institutions, including regional development banks	1,634,417,737.44		1,388,375,800.00						
1. World Bank	1,008,423,955.11		1,197,875,800.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
2. International Finance Corporation									
3. African Development Bank	533,806,307.00		155,000,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
4. Asian Development Bank	73,454,715.24		20,000,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
5. European Bank for Reconstruction and Development	15,386,750.00		15,500,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
6. Inter-American Development Bank	3,346,010.09				Provided	ODA	Grant	Other ()	Other (other)
7. Other									
Specialized United Nations bodies	870,000,000.00		575,479,652.17						
1. United Nations Development Programme	770,000,000.00		408,856,508.94						
UNDP	770,000,000.00		408,856,508.94		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
2. United Nations Environment Programme	100,000,000.00		28,588,541.44						
UNEP	100,000,000.00		28,588,541.44		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
3. Other			138,034,601.79						
other			138,034,601.79		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting

Abbreviations: ODA = official development assistance, OOF = other official flows.

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should explain, in their biennial reports, the methodologies used to specify the funds as provided, committed and/or pledged. Parties will provide the information for as many status categories as appropriate in the following order of priority: provided, committed, pledged.

^c Parties may select several applicable sectors. Parties may report sectoral distribution, as applicable, under "Other".

^d This refers to support to multilateral institutions that Parties cannot specify as climate-specific.

^e Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^f Please specify.

^g Cross-cutting type of support refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

Table 7(b) NOR_BR1_v2.0 **Provision of public financial support: contribution through bilateral, regional and other channels in 2011**^a

	Total an	nount						
Recipient country/ region/project/programme b	Climate-specific ^f		Status ^c	Funding source g	Financial instrument g	Type of support g, h	Sector ^d	Additional information ^e
region/project/programme	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD		source	instrument	support		
Total contributions through bilateral,	1,963,024,32							
regional and other channels	4.32							
Afghanistan /	7,000,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Africa /	20,214,065.1		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
	2					cutting	cutting	
America /	2,472,824.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other	
							(Other)	
Armenia /	1,817,500.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
						cutting	cutting	
Asia /	16,464,149.0		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
	0					cutting	cutting	
Azerbaijan /	2,560,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Bangladesh /	4,507,643.41		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
						cutting	cutting	
Belarus /	3,816,500.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-	
							cutting	
Bhutan /	13,778,560.7		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-	
	1						cutting	
Brazil /	364,379,838.		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
	00					cutting	cutting	
Cambodia /	213,371.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-	
							cutting	
Cameroon /	327,343.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Chile /	_		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
	68,145,210.0							
	0							
China /	38,474,543.9		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
	9					cutting	cutting	
Democratic Republic of the Congo /	14,006,569.2		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-	
	2					cutting	cutting	

Cuba /	720,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Water and sanitation	
Dominican Republic /	162,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)	
Eritrea /	572,289.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross- cutting	
Ethiopia /	31,454,967.2	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Europe /	6,122,487.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross- cutting	
Georgia /	1,500,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Ghana /	3,733,166.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Global /	419,869,073. 30	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Guatemala /	11,210,400.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Guyana /	5,981,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross- cutting	
Haiti /	413,801.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Agriculture	
India /	42,308,492.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Indonesia /	15,628,685.0 1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Kazakhstan /	4,680,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross- cutting	
Kenya /	24,319,831.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Kosovo /	4,088,533.05	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Kyrgyzstan /	97,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Agriculture	
Lao People's Democratic Republic /	38,663,770.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	
Liberia /	4,922,334.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Macedonia (Fyrom) /	8,900,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross- cutting	
Madagascar /	6,399,875.59	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting	

Malawi /	158,236,078.	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
361 . /	14	D	OD t		cutting	cutting
Malaysia /	1,370,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry
Mali /	28,772,696.9	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	0				cutting	cutting
Mozambique /	52,044,275.1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	9				cutting	cutting
Myanmar /	348,685.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)
Nepal /	43,301,299.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	0				cutting	cutting
Nicaragua /	24,559,449.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	0				cutting	cutting
Niger /	8,231,297.59	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)
Nigeria /	299,280.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
Pakistan /	10,072,803.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	0				cutting	cutting
Palestine /	450,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Water and
						sanitation
Panama /	38,814,227.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
	0					
Papua New Guinea /	300,295.89	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)
Peru /	3,500,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry
					8	
Philippines /	45,184,036.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
11	0				cutting	cutting
Serbia /	48,356.86	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Other (other)
					cutting	
South Africa /	9,225,783.98	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
					cutting	cutting
South of Sahara /	83,912,687.2	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
	6				cutting	cutting
South Sudan /	9,416,520.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-
						cutting
Sri Lanka /	366,973.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-	Cross-
					cutting	cutting
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines /	700,875.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)

Tajikistan /	7,468,868.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
United Republic of Tanzania /	96,042,842.8	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting
Thailand /	331,324.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Cross- cutting
Togo /	955,864.79	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross- cutting
Uganda /	103,902,820. 28	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting
Ukraine /	1,594,003.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting
Viet Nam /	1,325,002.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting
Zambia /	178,612,579. 00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross- cutting	Cross- cutting

Abbreviations: ODA = official development assistance, OOF = other official flows; USD = United States dollars.

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should report, to the extent possible, on details contained in this table.

^c Parties should explain, in their biennial reports, the methodologies used to specify the funds as provided, committed and/or pledged. Parties will provide the information for as many status categories as appropriate in the following order of priority: provided, committed, pledged.

^d Parties may select several applicable sectors. Parties may report sectoral distribution, as applicable, under "Other".

^e Parties should report, as appropriate, on project details and the implementing agency.

^f Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^g Please specify.

^h Cross-cutting type of support refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

Table 7(b) NOR_BR1_v2.0 **Provision of public financial support: contribution through bilateral, regional and other channels in 2012**^a

	Total amo	unt						
Recipient country/ region/project/programme ^b	Climate-specific ^f		Status ^c	Funding source g	Financial instrument g	Type of support g, h	Sector ^d	Additional information ^e
region/project/programme	Norwegian krone - NOK	USD		Source	instrument	support		
otal contributions through bilateral, egional and other channels	2,984,423,47 3.38							
Afghanistan /	3,929,304.69		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Africa /	25,404,882.0 8		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Albania /	1,800,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Energy	
America /	5,769,755.44		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Angola /	1,080,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Cross-cutting	
Armenia /	5,867,645.05		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Asia /	42,131,011.6		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Azerbaijan /	2,738,286.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Bangladesh /	2,295,195.84		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Belarus /	1,211,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (Other)	
Bhutan /	4,643,682.53		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Brazil /	1,186,182,08 1.57		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Burundi /	299,113.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)	
Cambodia /	434,317.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Cameroon /	800,000.00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Chile /	186,809,477. 00		Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	

China /	46,595,293.1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Democratic Republic of the Congo /	14,276,420.5	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Cuba /	12,000,000.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)	
Ethiopia /	100,638,231.	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Europe /	2,777,780.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Other (other)	
Georgia /	858,335.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy	
Ghana /	1,500,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Global /	393,070,334. 84	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Guatemala /	1,050,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Cross-cutting	
Guyana /	2,281,428.59	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Haiti /	1,773,057.82	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
India /	106,966,733. 36	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Indonesia /	33,102,941.1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Jordan /	204,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)	
Kazakhstan /	3,400,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-cutting	
Kenya /	19,606,992.8	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Kosovo /	6,474,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry	
Lao People's Democratic Republic /	591,160.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Liberia /	3,674,305.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Macedonia (Fyrom) /	9,080,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-cutting	
Madagascar /	15,079,915.5	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	
Malawi /	83,820,680.9	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting	

Malaysia /	1,200,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Forestry
Mali /	32,847,799.1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Mozambique /	66,111,204.7	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Myanmar /	8,643,925.90	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Namibia /	1,800,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)
Nepal /	70,597,934.2	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Nicaragua /	11,498,857.3	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Niger /	8,437,788.55	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)
Nigeria /	3,572,033.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
North & Central America /	12,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Other (other)
Democratic People's Republic of Korea /	10,000,000.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)
Pakistan /	7,117,674.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Palestine /	864,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Other (other)
Panama /	8,815,788.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
Papua New Guinea /	335,014.19	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Other (other)
Peru /	9,410,362.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Cross-cutting
Philippines /	13,459,120.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Serbia /	1,766,305.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting

Somalia /	-145,580.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Agriculture
South Africa /	21,772,887.7	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
South of Sahara /	85,903,908.0 1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
South Sudan /	11,941,716.0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
Sri Lanka /	4,018,155.67	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Sudan /	995,976.58	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Agriculture
Tajikistan /	11,927,627.0 0	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
United Republic of Tanzania /	117,776,595. 33	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Thailand /	745,467.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Adaptation	Cross-cutting
Togo /	1,321,754.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Mitigation	Energy
Uganda /	90,750,127.1	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Ukraine /	860,000.00	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Other (other)
Viet Nam /	4,205,781.15	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting
Zambia /	72,560,129.7 7	Provided	ODA	Grant	Cross-cutting	Cross-cutting

Abbreviations: ODA = official development assistance, OOF = other official flows; USD = United States dollars.

^a Parties should fill in a separate table for each year, namely 2011 and 2012, where 2014 is the reporting year.

^b Parties should report, to the extent possible, on details contained in this table.

^c Parties should explain, in their biennial reports, the methodologies used to specify the funds as provided, committed and/or pledged. Parties will provide the information for as many status categories as appropriate in the following order of priority: provided, committed, pledged.

^d Parties may select several applicable sectors. Parties may report sectoral distribution, as applicable, under "Other".

^e Parties should report, as appropriate, on project details and the implementing agency.

^f Parties should explain in their biennial reports how they define funds as being climate-specific.

^g Please specify.

^h Cross-cutting type of support refers to funding for activities which are cross-cutting across mitigation and adaptation.

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** a,b

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Kenya, Bhutan, Liberia, Ethiopia, Maldives, Senegal, Morocco, United Republic of Tanzania, Nepal, Mali, Grenada, Mozambique	Mitigation and Adaptation	development of low- carbon and energy		Public	Private and Public	Implemented	

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** and transfer support

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Ethiopia, Liberia, Mozambique, Nepal, United Republic of Tanzania, Timor-Leste, Uganda	Mitigation and Adaptation	The Norwegian Clean Energy for Development Initiative contributes to the international transfer of energy-related technology by supporting investment in infrastructure and production capacity in the energy sector of developing countries. Such investment support is frequently supplemented by institutional and human resource development measures that improve the technological expertise of the recipient country.	efficiency), Other (Energy access)	Public	Private and Public	Implemented	
Angola, Bolivia, Ghana, Mozambique, Sudan, South Sudan, Timor-Leste, Uganda	Mitigation and Adaptation	The Oil for Development (OfD) programme was launched by the Norwegian Government in 2005, and has a considerable element of technology transfer and capacity-building. The operative goal of the programme is "economically, environmentally and socially responsible management of petroleum resources which safeguards the needs of future generations".	Energy	Public	Private and Public	Implemented	

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** a,b

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Focus on non-Annex 1 countries	Mitigation and Adaptation		Industry, Transport	Private and Public	Private and Public	Implemented	
Focus on non-Annex 1 countries	Mitigation	contributors to the	Other (Renewable energy), Other (Energy efficiency), Other (Energy access), Industry	Public	Private and Public	Implemented	

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** and transfer support

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector ^c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Non-Annex I	Mitigation	Norway has been an active supporter of the International Renewable Energy Institute (IRENA) since the early planning stage, and signed the statutes in January 2009. We strive to involve our private sector companies and our technological institutions as much as possible in the endeavour to promote the widespread use of renewable energy. We contribute to the Global Renewable Energy Atlas and Renewable Energy Roadmap, as well as a range of other products and resources IRENA is developing to support developing countries develop their own renewable energy resources and industries.		Public	Private and Public	Implemented	

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** a,b

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector ^c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Both Annex-I and non-Annex-I	Mitigation	is based in Norway and	energy), Other (Energy efficiency), Other (Energy access)	Public	Private and Public	Implemented	
Both Annex-I and non-Annex-I	Mitigation	Norway is a member of the Clean Energy Ministerial (CEM). CEM is a high-level global forum to promote policies and programs that advance clean energy technology, to share lessons learned and best practices, and to encourage the transition to a global clean energy economy. Initiatives are based on areas of common interest among participating governments and other stakeholders.	energy), Other (Energy efficiency), Other (Energy access)	Public	Private and Public		The CEM is focused on three global climate and energy policy goals: 1. Improve energy efficiency worldwide, 2. Enhance clean energy supply, 3. Expand clean energy access. Improving policies and enhanced deployment of clean energy technologies is the main objective.

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** a,b

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector ^c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Non Annex-I	Mitigation and Adaptation	The Climate Technology Initiative (CTI) is a multilateral cooperative activity that supports implementation of the UNFCCC by fostering international cooperation for accelerated development and diffusion of climate-friendly technologies and practices. CTI was originally established at the first Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC in 1995. Since July 2003, CTI has been operating under an implementing agreement of the International Energy Agency.	energy), Other (Energy efficiency), Other (Energy access)	Private and Public	Private and Public		Through a variety of capacity-building activities, CTI has promoted technology transfer to and among developing and transition countries. In addition to their current and future environmental benefits, these efforts are promoting near-and long-term global economic and social stability.

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** and transfer support

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector ^c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Botswana, South Africa, China, Kosovo, Indonesia, Egypt, Jordan, Maghreb, Mexico	Mitigation	The World Bank CCS Capacity Building Trust Fund for developing countries: In 2009, Norway was the largest donor to the establishment of the World Bank CCS Capacity Building Trust Fund. The Fund's purpose is to strengthen the opportunities of developing countries to promote economic growth with low CO2 emissions through technology cooperation that promotes the use of CO2 capture and storage technologies in industry and the energy sector.	Energy, Industry	Public	Private and Public	Implemented	The support of NOK 53 million (primarily development assistance funds), will help to strengthen technology cooperation between industrialised countries and developing countries.
All	Mitigation	The Global Carbon Capture and Storage Institute: The Global Carbon Capture and Storage Institute (GCCSI) was established at the initiative of the Australian authorities. The aim of the institute is to contribute to a more rapid international dissemination of CO2 capture and storage technologies. The Norwegian Ministry of Petroleum and Energy is a member of the institute.	Energy, Industry	Private and Public	Private and Public	Implemented	

Table 8 **Provision of technology development and transfer support** and transfer support

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector ^c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
All	Mitigation	The technology centre for CO2 capture at Mongstad: The CO2 Technology Centre Mongstad initiated the technology center to create an arena for targeted development, testing and qualification of CO2 capture technologies. International dissemination of the center's experiences and results is important so as to reduce the costs and risks associated with large-scale CO2 capture.		Private and Public	Private and Public	Implemented	
Non Annex I	Mitigation			Public	Private and Public		Norway has been the2nd largest donor to the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Partnership (REEEP) since 2006, and has supported with a total of NOK 61,5 million. REEEP has supported 185 projects in 65 different countries.

Provision of technology development and transfer support ab

Recipient country and/or region	Targeted area	Measures and activities related to technology transfer	Sector c	Source of the funding for technology transfer	Activities undertaken by	Status	Additional information ^d
Non Annex I	Mitigation	GEEREF is an innovative fund that aims to mobilise private sector finance. By providing new risk-sharing and contributing to co-financing options, GEEREF plays a role in increasing the uptake of renewables and energy efficiency in developing countries. The approach is demand-driven in markets that need more risk capital to evolve. GEEREF's support to regional sub-funds tailored to regional needs and conditions stimulates these markets.		Public	Private and Public		Norway participated in the establishment of the Global Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Fund (GEEREF) in 2008 together with the European Commission and Germany. We have supported GEEREF over a period of four years with totally NOK 110 million.

^a To be reported to the extent possible.

^b The tables should include measures and activities since the last national communication or biennial report.

^c Parties may report sectoral disaggregation, as appropriate.

^d Additional information may include, for example, funding for technology development and transfer provided, a short description of the measure or activity and co-financing arrangements.

Provision of capacity-building support^a

Recipient country/region	Targeted area	Programme or project title	Description of programme or project b,c
Both Annex-I and non-Annex-I	Multiple Areas		CEM is a high-level global forum to promote policies and programs that advance clean energy technology, to share
			lessons learned and best practices, and to encourage the transition to a global clean energy economy. Initiatives are based on areas of common interest among participating governments and other stakeholders.
			The CEM is focused on three global climate and energy policy goals:
			•Improve energy efficiency worldwide •Enhance clean energy supply •Expand clean energy access
			Improving policies and enhanced deployment of clean energy technologies is the main objective.
	Multiple Areas	Global Framework for Climate Services – WMO	The GFCS is a global partnership of governments and organizations that produce and use climate information and services. It seeks to enable researchers and the producers and users of information to join forces to improve the quality and quantity of climate services worldwide, particularly in developing countries. Norway has provided NOK 60 million for the period 2011-2014 for the GFCS secretariat and for activities strengthening weather and climate services in Africa. Furthermore, NOK 60 million is provided for the period 2013-2015 for strengthening the production of user friendly climate services in Africa, mainly Tanzania and Malawi.
Various REDD+ partner countries	Mitigation	Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF)	The Forest Carbon Partnership Facility is a global partnership of governments, businesses, civil society and indigenous peoples established to provide financial and technical assistance to countries seeking to build their capacity to effectively implement REDD+. In 2012, Norway disbursed approximately USD 150 million for this purpose.
Developing country partners	Mitigation	Partnership for Market Readiness	Norway is one of the contributing participants in the World Bank Partnership for Market Readiness (PMR). The PMR brings together most of the world's major market players, and consists of 28 developing and developed countries and the European Commission. The PMR is made up of Contributing Participants who provide financial support to the PMR trust fund and Implementing Country Participants who receive PMR funding. Together, the participants have created a global platform for discussions on new market instruments and how best to create and build market solutions for GHG mitigation.
Various REDD+ partner countries	Mitigation	The Forest Investment Program (FIP)	The Forest Investment Program (FIP) under the CIF provides financing at scale to a limited number of pilot countries to support the implementation of their national REDD+ strategies. Over time, the intention is to help countries access larger and more sustainable results-based REDD+ payments.
Angola, Bolivia, Ghana, Mozambique, Sudan, South Sudan, Timor-Leste, Uganda	Multiple Areas	The Norwegian Oil for development Programme	The Oil for Development (OfD) programme was launched by the Norwegian Government in 2005, and has a considerable element of technology transfer and capacity-building. The operative goal of the programme is "economically, environmentally and socially responsible management of petroleum resources which safeguards the needs of future generations".
Turkey, Georgia, Ghana, Angola, Mozambique	Mitigation	INTPOW (Norwegian Renewable Energy Partners)	INTPOW is a public-private partnership between three Government Ministries and Norwegian renewable energy companies. The aim is to promote Norwegian renewable energy competence in international markets. Intpow has held capacity building activities in several countries.

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Provision of capacity-building support^a

Recipient country/region	Targeted area	Programme or project title	Description of programme or project b,c
Both Annex-I and non-Annex-I	Multiple Areas	The International Centre for Hydropower (ICH)	The International Centre for Hydropower (ICH) is based in Norway and has members from the hydropower industry as well as Norwegian public institutions. Its aim is promoting hydropower and power market competence in emerging markets and developing countries. Institutional frameworks and capacity building as well as technological transfer are central in ICH's programmes.
Both Annex-I and non-Annex-I	Multiple Areas	The Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum	The Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum (CSLF) has 23 member states including China, India, South Africa, Mexico, The Republic of Korea, Brazil, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates; and is today one of the most important arenas for promoting CO2 capture and storage. The CLSF has a policy group and a technical group. The CSLF has established a capacity building Fund. Norway has contributed with NOK 5 million to this Fund.
Ethiopia, Liberia, Mozambique, Nepal, United Republic of Tanzania, Timor-Leste, Uganda	Multiple Areas	The Norwegian Clean Energy for Development Initiative	The Norwegian Clean Energy for Development Initiative contributes to the international transfer of energy-related technology by supporting investment in infrastructure and production capacity in the energy sector of developing countries. Such investment support is frequently supplemented by institutional and human resource development measures that improve the technological expertise of the recipient country.
Kenya, Bhutan, Liberia, Ethiopia, Maldives, Senegal, Morocco, United Republic of Tanzania, Nepal, Mali, Grenada, Mozambique	Multiple Areas	Energy+	Energy+ will support development of low-carbon and energy sector strategies, establish reference levels, and strengthen technical and institutional capacity to support private sector investment in developing countries. In this regard it will support the implementation of policy and legal reforms and the establishment of monitoring and reporting systems, and will promote regulatory regimes that provide incentives for commercial investments.
Botswana, South Africa, China, Kosovo, Indonesia, Egypt, Jordan, Maghreb, Mexico	Multiple Areas	World Bank Trust Fund on Capacity Building on Carbon Capture and Storage in Developing Countries.	Norway initiated in 2009 the establishment of the World Bank Trust Fund on Capacity Building on Carbon Capture and Storage in Developing Countries. Since then Norway has contributed with NOK 68 million and has been the greatest financial contributors during the first four years. The trust fund has undertaken capacity building activities in about 10 countries.
Various REDD+ partner countries	Mitigation	The UN-REDD Programme	The UN-REDD Programme is a collaborative partnership bringing together the expertise of the UN Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO), the UN Development Program (UNDP) and the UN Environment Program (UNEP). The Programme has 35 member countries. Through its global activities UN-REDD contributes to the development of methodology and building of capacity within areas such as REDD+ governance, MRV, biodiversity and green economic development. In 2012, Norway contributed USD 32.8 million to the UN-REDD Programme

 $^{^{}a}$ To be reported to the extent possible.

^b Each Party included in Annex II to the Convention shall provide information, to the extent possible, on how it has provided capacity-building support that responds to the existing and emerging capacity-building needs identified by Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention in the areas of mitigation, adaptation and technology development and transfer.

^c Additional information may be provided on, for example, the measure or activity and co-financing arrangements.