Overview of German INDC Support

4th Durban Forum on Capacity Building

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BMUB & BMZ support for the preparation of INDCs

Implementing organizations:
- Gesellschaft für internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ)
- United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
- Climate Analytics
- World Resources Institute (WRI)

Implementing countries:
- Jordan
- Malawi
- Maldives
- Marshall Islands
- Lebanon
- Dominican Republic
- Ghana
- Armenia
- Costa Rica
- Peru
- Columbia
- Viet Nam
- Indonesia
- Thailand
- Argentina
- Philippines
- The Ukraine
- Mexico
- Morocco
- Mali
- Georgia
- Macedonia
- Fiji
- Senegal
- Ethiopia
- Uganda
- Gambia
- Malawi
- Palau
- Micronesia
- Marshall Islands
- Panama
- Panama

Total BMZ funding volume approx.
2,1 Mil. €

Total BMUB funding volume approx.
5 Mil. €
Global INDC Support Project

• Duration: June 2014 – December 2015
• Supports 20 Partner countries
• Ad-hoc support for additional countries
• Addresses climate negotiators and decision makers commissioned with the design and implementation of climate policies at national and global level
• Financed by the International Climate Initiative (IKI) of the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety (BMUB)
• Carried out by GIZ in collaboration with the UNDP Low Emission Capacity Building Programme and Climate Analytics.
Support provided at national level of partner countries

- Process facilitation and technical support for inter-ministerial agreement on mitigation goal, stakeholder consultation and for roadmap development
- Technical analyses and studies e.g. on development of BAU, mitigation potentials
- Workshops to embed INDC in LEDS, to operationalize INDCs as NAMAs, to establish MRV systems
- Supporting political decision-making processes for the submission of INDCs and the implementation thereof
- Foster (regional) peer-to-peer exchange and knowledge management
Some snapshots of cooperation with partner countries

- In the **Dominican Republic**, GHG data sets were improved, and inter-ministerial processes for INDC coordination supported.

- Advisory services for the prioritization of mitigation sectors forestry and transport were delivered in case of **Georgia**.

- In **Indonesia**, the review of the current national action plan for mitigation is underway as a basis for formulating the INDC.

- In **Thailand**, analysis of GHG emissions and mitigation potentials were done for waste and industrial processes sectors. A consultative process served to include stakeholders and to validate results.

- In **Vietnam**, a comprehensive analysis of sectoral GHG profiles and mitigation potentials for forestry, energy, waste and agriculture was done.
Support at global level

- Process Guidance (Document prepared by New Climate Institute) on how to develop ambitious and at the same time feasible INDCs
- Stocktaking of planned and ongoing INDC processes for exchange between individual countries
- Foster (regional) peer-to-peer exchange and knowledge management
- Provision of general Terms of Reference for technical studies and analyses in individual countries
- Global workshop (4/2015) on lessons learnt, challenges and strategies to overcome those
- Webinars, conference calls on specific issues
Process guidance for INDCs

- **Objective:** assist countries in the preparation of their INDCs especially on how to address/select:
  - Process elements & challenges
  - Process options (top down or bottom-up)
  - Components of INDCs

- Available under [UNFCCC INDC Portal](#) and the [International Partnership on Mitigation and MRV](#)
Global Workshop on INDCs

• Berlin from 14-17 April 2015

• More than 80 government representatives and participants from more than 50 countries

• **Objective:** provide a forum for exchanging country experiences with the design and preparation of INDCs

• Organised by GIZ and UNDP Low Emission Capacity Building (LECB) Programme; financed by BMUB, the EU Commission, and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Australia

• Workshop report and further information available at: [http://mitigationpartnership.net/peer-exchange-lead-paris-%E2%80%93-global-workshop-intended-nationally-determined-contributions](http://mitigationpartnership.net/peer-exchange-lead-paris-%E2%80%93-global-workshop-intended-nationally-determined-contributions)
Key Takeaways (1)

- **Strong political leadership** is an enormous advantage in accelerating the design and development of an INDC, as well as in linking technical work with the political coordination and approval process.

- INDCs should be **embedded into existing domestic development strategies** to ensure political buy-in and advance development goals, non-GHG benefits such as employment, air quality, and economic growth can help increase political support.

- The **variety of design options** (contribution types) that exist for INDCs is reflective of the **diversity of national circumstances** and should allow for every country to submit a contribution.

- Lima COP decision and INDC submissions to date provide a **starting point** for countries on the **types of upfront information** that can facilitate transparency of INDCs.
Key Takeaways (2)

• **Existing information can be used**, building on efforts such as LEDS, NAMAs, TNA

• While many countries plan to include an **adaptation component** in their INDCs, some do not consider INDCs to be the right vehicle for communicating adaptation efforts

• **Synergies between adaptation and mitigation** can offer countries win-win opportunities in the context of INDC design.

• Linking GHG emissions reductions with **cost assessments and finance options** is seen as a challenge by many countries but is considered essential to ensure **implementation of INDCs**.

• Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV) **related to INDCs** can build on past efforts, such as GHG inventories, Biennial Update Reports (BUR), and MRV systems for NAMAs.
International Partnership on Mitigation and MRV

• Supports national projects with knowledge management on INDCs
• Maintains a website on INDCs with background information on the international process, relevant documents, and country experiences [http://mitigationpartnership.net/intended-nationally-determined-contributions-indcs](http://mitigationpartnership.net/intended-nationally-determined-contributions-indcs)
• Exchange of experiences and approaches between Parties in developing their respective contributions
• Collaborates with other partnerships (Partnership for Market Readiness, NAMA-Partnership, LEDS Global Partnership) and think tanks (Ecofys, Öko-Institut, Wuppertal Institute, Climate Analytics, Fraunhofer ISI)
• Contributes to UNDP Technical Dialogue on NDCs
The Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ) has launched two projects to support countries in preparing their INDCs:

1. **BMZ in cooperation with WRI** supports the INDC process on a global as well as country-specific level, with particular focus on Mexico, Indonesia, Colombia, Ethiopia, and Uganda, by providing technical support for the mitigation and adaptation component:

   - **developing policy frameworks** (e.g. on fairness/equity and ambition)
   - **providing analysis and expert advice** (e.g. INDC guidebook on mitigation and adaptation, Open Book Initiative)
   - **convening stakeholders** (e.g. engagement with governments, workshops)
Further INDC activities supported by Germany (ctd.)

2. In Mongolia and Senegal GIZ, on behalf of BMZ, provides tangible INDC support on:
   - compiling and reviewing existing information materials,
   - conducting technical analyses (e.g. establishment of baselines in Senegal, identification of INDC target types in Mongolia)
   - enhance capacity-building (e.g. training on INDCs in Senegal)
   - promote political and stakeholder dialogues through workshops.
Thank you!

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Further information:
http://www.mitigationpartnership.net/intended-nationally-determined-contributions-indcs