

### **ABOUT NAP-GSP SUPPORT:**

### LESSONS FROM IMPLEMENTATION AND FUTURE DIRECTION

UNDP / UNEP NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN GLOBAL SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NAP-GSP): SUPPORTING COUNTRIES TO ADVANCE NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLANS





























### Capacity gaps, challenges and opportunities expressed by LDCs



"We have really great capacity gaps...Because of the war, our efforts have been concentrated on peace-keeping, so we lack the technical tools to adapt to climate change."

Mme. Providence Fale Omona, Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Tourism, DRC



"Capacity needs to be developed to support scenarios building, identifying the adaptation options and appraising the options. That's the expertise that we need."

Dr. Aloysius Kampherewera - Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Management, Malawi



"Many people at the national and local level lack understanding of climate change, the science of climate change, the impacts of climate change and adaptation...We need capacity development in that area." Mrs. Sonam Lhaden Khandu – National Environment Commission, Bhutan



# Overview of the NAP GSP



























### What does the NAP-GSP do?

Activities commenced in June 2013

Programme Objective: "To strengthen institutional and technical capacities for iterative development of comprehensive NAPs"



Supports requesting countries with oneon-one technical assistance on demand to get started on the NAP process



Provides tools and training to support key steps of the NAP process through regional training



Facilitates exchange of lessons and knowledge through South-South and North-South cooperation

























### **Key aspects of the NAP-GSP support**



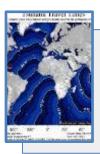
Builds on efforts underway from the National Adaptation Programme of Action (NAPA) - which address urgent and immediate priorities for adaptation



Focusses on the need for countries to initiate steps to identify, finance and implement appropriate medium- to long-term adaptation needs



Balances sectoral and cross-sectoral priorities, at national, sub-national and local levels.



Analyzes appropriate data



Considers the country's experiences and good practices. Encourages knowledge sharing and learns from other countries' experiences.



Responds to the invitation made by the UNFCC Parties in Durban, Doha and Warsaw to the UN Agencies and other organizations to provide support including through support programs

























### **Examples of NAP-GSP support**

Assists national NAP teams with training / briefings/dialogue/sensitization of national stakeholders

Scoping/stocktaking missions to support national teams to review relevant plans and activities that have entry points of relevance to the NAP process.

Facilitation support to develop NAP Road Map - or to respond to specific technical support needs

Regional technical trainings on NAP process. Specific sessions on climate finance and leveraging public and private finance

Reviewing NAP documents in coordination with ministries and sectors

Capacity building opportunities, sensitisation and awareness-raising for relevant sectors

Development of strategies for communication and education on NAP

Visualizing the process by developing infographics and other communication tools to aid dialogue

Virtual training tools and capacity building - such as a series of thematic or sectoral-focussed webinars

Developing a knowledge portal - creating opportunities for exchange of experiences and emerging lessons

Support to link with regional institutions and initiatives

























### **Key NAP-GSP activities so far Aug 2013 – Mai 2015**

### Regional Training Workshops in collaboration with the LEG

- Decision-makers from Environment, Planning and Finance Ministries from LDCs oriented on the steps for National Adaptation Planning as well as on leveraging finance by NAP GSP team and partners with the participation of the GEF.
  - Asia (teams trained from 8 countries)
  - Pacific training (trained from 4 countries).
  - Africa (teams trained from 15 Anglophone countries) and 18 Francophone countries) = 120 people























### Country support 2014 -2015

National activity by NAP team	NAP GSP support towards this	
Burkina Faso NAP document is under process	Technical inputs draft document - (UNDP/GWP/UNITAR/PROVIA)	
Cambodia NAP stock-taking and road-map development	Stock-taking and elements of road map - UNDP and GIZ	
Niger preparations to launch NAP process	Stocktaking with a focus on institutional capacity (UNDP/GWP/UNITAR)	
Bangladesh NAP road-map	Support to National team (UNDP CO) Virtual Review (UNDP/UNITAR)	
Malawi NAP process launch	Technical support to training work-shop (UNDP/GIZ/GWP)	
Comoros NAP process launch	Technical support to training work-shop and stocktaking (UNDP)	
DRC Congo NAP process launch	Technical support to training work-shop (UNDP)	
Madagascar NAP preparation process	Technical support to training and sensitisation workshops, stocktaking (UNDP, GWP)	
Djibouti NAP process launch	Technical support to training and high-level sensitisation work-shops, stocktaking (UNDP, UNITAR)	
Mauritania NAP	NAP Orientation for senior decision makers (GIZ/UNDP/UNITAR)	
Liberia NAP preparation process	Technical support to training and sensitisation workshops (UNDP)	

### Snap-shot of NAP process in countries

MALAWI: Has officially launched the NAP process and established a cross-ministerial NAP task force which includes Ministry of Planning, sectoral ministries and Ministry of Environment. Will undertake comprehensive stocktaking

CAMBODIA: Has identified building blocks of the NAP process as the CCCSP and CCCAP, and climate fiscal framework. Six areas of strengthening the implementation of adaptation are seen as the as value added of the NAP process. These are identified under three work-streams, steering, implementing and monitoring the NAP process.

BANGLADESH: Has prepared a detailed methodological note and road map for the NAP process and has identified activities; detailed scenarios, analyzing Bangladesh's Specific Vulnerability (by sector), visualizing adaptation needs in vulnerable sectors and integration of the NAP with national development pathways

MADAGASCAR: is completing its NAP process initiated in 2012 to align with the LEG TG. The key areas of intervention will be climate information, economic modeling and the strengthening of CC coordination and CC integration mechanisms

NIGER: Directions for NAP are identified as a focus on skills development, institutional capacity building, supporting coordination and steering of adaptation, building an effective information platform, mainstreaming in Vision 2035, and strengthening CCA mainstreaming and implementation with local level governance structures.

D.R. Congo: has developed a road map for the NAP. The focus will be put on strengthening a strategic framework for the NAP through the setting up of a coordination mechanism, raising awareness and building capacities of key stakeholders at national level, as well as implementing a more comprehensive NAP process in pilot provinces.

Liberia: 50 technical crosssectoral ministerial staff were trained and a draft roadmap was drafted to guide the activities to advance the NAP process

Djibouti: NAP process was launched at a high-level event. The stocktaking is taking place and a roadmap will be finalised to help steer the process

COMOROS: Has officially launched its NAP process at national level and will soon set up a steering committee with strong involvement from the General Commission for Planning. The priority areas of intervention will be to further develop stakeholders' awareness and ownership, strengthen coordination and M&E mechanisms for development planning and to build institutional capacities, incl. at Islands level.

### Upcoming country support

National activity by NAP team	NAP GSP support towards this	
Gambia – Launch of NAP process	NAP training and stock-taking with focus on coastal issues	
Senegal – Launch of NAP process	NAP training and launch of sectoral NAP preparations	
Malawi – Support to Stocktaking	Technical inputs to comprehensive stocktaking	
Ivory Coast - Launch of NAP process	NAP training and stock-taking with focus on economics of adaptation	
Tanzania – Launch of NAP process	NAP Orientation for senior decision makers followed by technical training	
Lesotho – Preparations for NAP process	Under discussion	
Mozambique – Preparations for NAP process	Stock-taking with focus on cross-sectoral issues	
Benin, Mali, Niger	Under discussion	



# Progress and lessons learned on NAP process in countries



























### Lessons learned from supporting countries

**Countries call for simplified supplements** to the LEG NAP technical guidelines - not **new tools** 

Countries eager to move from planning to implementation

Countries requesting additional technical support both in-country and regional level trainings to advance NAPs

More targeted and sustained one-one-one support is required based on specific institutional and national contexts

It is crucial to link the NAP process to ongoing mid-term and long-term development strategy processes

Relevant connections can be made to National Communications process and existing NAPA implementation projects.

Regional thematic workshops provide a useful avenue for technical training as well as South-South exchange













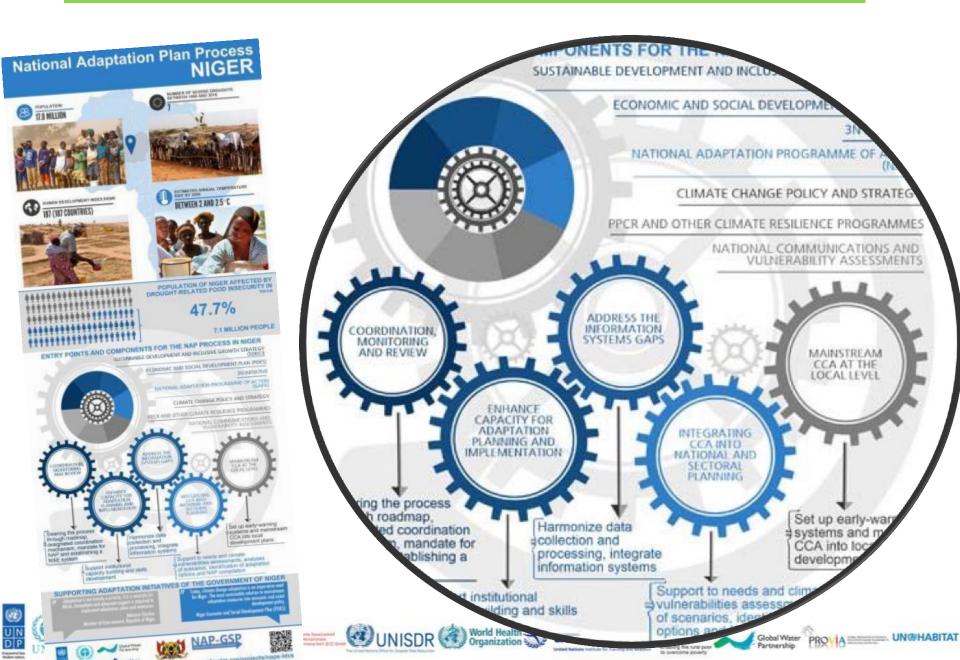








### Iterative and process intensive approach





### Lessons learned from implementation of NAP-GSP

#### Partnerships with organisations are key to supporting countries for the NAP

- Partnership enables the programme to cover many relevant sectors, with targeted sector and regional expertise
- Provides synergies with existing adaptation planning programmes
  - e.g. WACDEP through GWP in Africa
  - e.g. GIZ partnering in scoping and capacity building in Africa, Cambodia, etc.

#### Most countries agree that NAP is both a process and a document

• A NAP process is country-specific – NAP documents may inform the process

### The connection between the NAPA and the NAP process is significant

• The JNAP is a bridge between the NAPA to the NAP process

Climate finance for NAP a priority for most countries including finance for implementation

The NAP process should systematically involve a **broad spectrum of environment, planning** and finance ministries – including central government and line ministries of vulnerable sectors to address the NAP in an integrated way

Malawi – First National Workshop on NAP - bringing the sectoral Ministries together























### Information sharing and support

- NAP-GSP website: www.undp-alm.org/projects/naps-ldcs:
  - Key aspects:
    - Information repository on NAPs
    - News hub on NAP activities in countries
    - Interactive introductions to training events
    - Links to NAP tools and additional support available from NAP-GSP partners
  - Featuring:
    - Workshop resources and materials,
    - 27 Country-based sections
    - NAP global calendar, photo galleries, country-based videos.
- *Upcoming:* Webinar series, links to NAP-focussed MOOC material, linkages with NAP Central once live































# Moving forward..... and further support



























### Consultations for expanding support to countries – results...

This word cloud is a visual representation of the common themes from stakeholder consultations...

move from planning to implementation developing bankable projects

coordination of support activities

need for flexibility in NAP process institutional arrangements & coordination frameworks

support in identifying adaptation options

knowledge sharing engaging communities focus on reducing vulnerability access

build upon existing plans

M&E of adaptation activities costing of adaptation

support in developing comprehensive approach to adaptation

enhance inter-ministerial dialogue and coordination

guidance on NAP process























### **UNDP/UNEP NAP-GSP: Overview and moving**

NAP-GSP Support to LDCs:

NAP-GSP for LDCs (UNDP/UNEP)

USD 2 million from the LDCF

Active since 2013

Supporting LDCs based on request

Expanding the NAP-GSP for LDCs

- expected to commence in August 2015

NAP-GSP for non-

Programme expanded to assist non-LDCs / developing countries with NAP processes – funded by SCCF

Commencing in May 2015

Supporting non-LDCs based on request

























# Consultations for the expanding support under the NAP-GSP

Consultatio	ns thus far		
African States	Colombia	Ghana	Panama
Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS)	Cook Islands	Grenada	Philippines
Armenia	Costa Rica	Honduras	Samoa
Bangladesh	Cuba	Indonesia	Serbia
Belize	Dominican Republic	Jamaica	Senegal
Bhutan	Eastern European States	Kenya	South Africa
Bolivia	Ecuador	Macedonia	Sri Lanka
Chile	El Salvador	Malaysia	Thailand
Mongolia	Federated States of Micronesia	Maldives	Trinidad & Tobago
Nicaragua	G-77 and China	Marshall Islands	Uganda
Nigeria	Georgia	Mexico	Viet Nam
Pakistan		Palau	

<sup>\*</sup>LDCs were also consulted as a means of learning from related experience



























### **Further information on NAP-GSP**

www.undp-alm.org/projects/naps-ldcs

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# Key questions

- 1. What are the lessons learned from capacity building under the NAPA
- 2. What are the new emerging areas in countries for capacity development to address climate risk in the medium term
- 3. How can we build capacity at policy, institutional and individuals?
- 4. What has worked? Why has it worked?























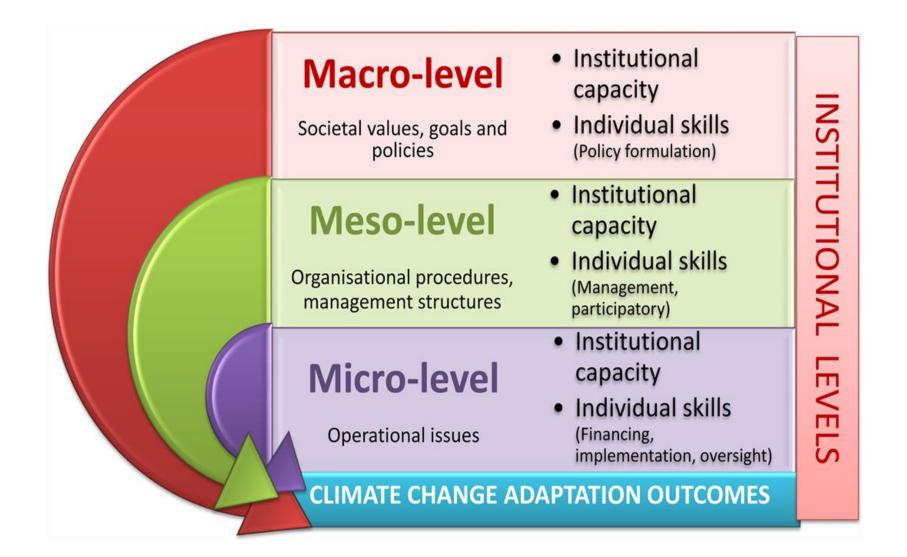




The NAP Process as a means to develop national capacity in the medium term

The NAP is largely about developing skills and functions, including climate services that will help steer plans, programmes, policies and investments towards addressing climate risk and building resilience - at national, sectoral and sub-national levels - in the medium to long term

## Levels for building capacity: Policy, institutions and individual





# Any questions....?





























### Countries that have requested support from NAP-GSP

