

10th Meeting of the UNFCCC Adaptation Committee Bonn, 14 September 2016

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Content

- 1. Mandate and structure
- 2. Operative services delivered to Parties
- 3. Challenges and opportunities









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Mandate and structure

- Technology 'Framework' established: 2001 (COP7)
- Technology Mechanism established: 2010 (COP16)
- CTCN established as operational arm: 2011 (COP17)
- CTCN Operational: 2014

Mandate:

"Stimulate technology cooperation and enhance the development and transfer of technologies to developing country Parties at their request"

Governed by:

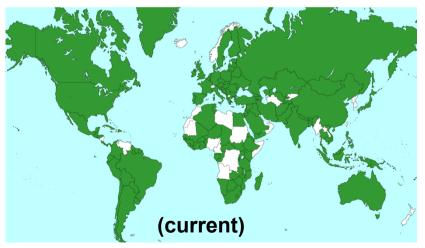
COP and Advisory Board (24 members) **Bilateral financing from:**

Canada, Democratic Republic of Korea, Denmark, European Union, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Japan, Norway, Switzerland, USA

Budget:

USD25/year approved; 10M/year actual

152 National Designated Entities





Mandate and Structure (continued)

3 Core Services:

(1) Technical assistance; (2) Knowledge; (3) Capacity building

Hosted by UNEP with UNIDO and a 12 member Consortium



Supported by a Network of 200+ climate technology leaders





Mandate and Structure (continued)

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Paris Agreement & Advisory Board

- Paris Agreement
 - Engagement in Technical Expert Meeting process
 - Enhanced linkages with Financial Mechanism + financial bodies outside the Convention
- CTCN Advisory Board:
 - Quantification of Technical Assistance impacts
 - Urgency of Financial needs + outreach strategy











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But what is "Adaptation Technology"?

"Any equipment, techniques, practical knowledge and skills needed for adapting to climate change"

- o Hardware, software and 'orgware'
- o Traditional, modern, high tech (Special Report on Technology Transfer, IPCC, 2000)



- Governance and planning
- Financial decision making
- Awareness and education

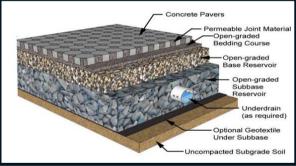
Adaptation

- Water sectors:
- ii. Agriculture and Forestry
- iii. Marine and Fisheries
- iv. Coastal Zones
- v. Human Health
- vi. Early warning and assessment
- vii. Infrastructure, Transport & Urban Design

Cross-cutting Approaches:

- Ecosystem-based
- Gender-oriented
- Community-based









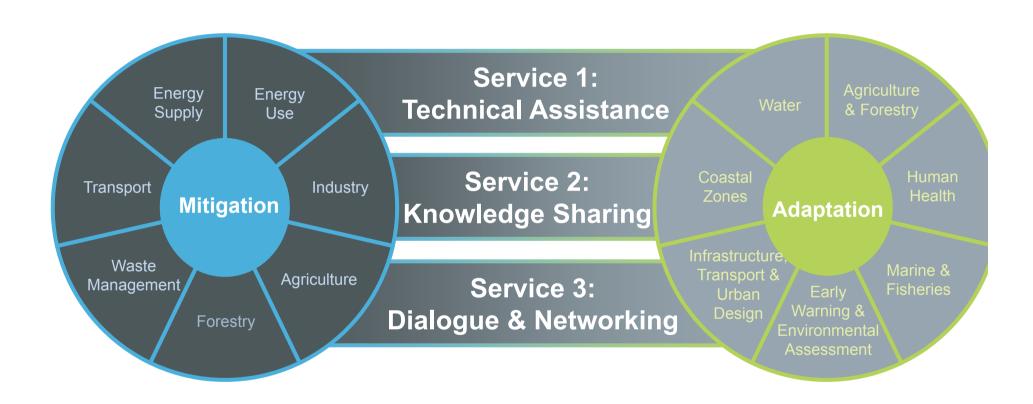








CTCN 3 Core Services











CTCN Service #1: Technical Assistance

Steadily increasing:

- 142 Requests from 70+ countries
- 67+ being designed or implemented;8 completed
- Expect 200 by end 2016;350 by end 2017
- Subject to funding considerations

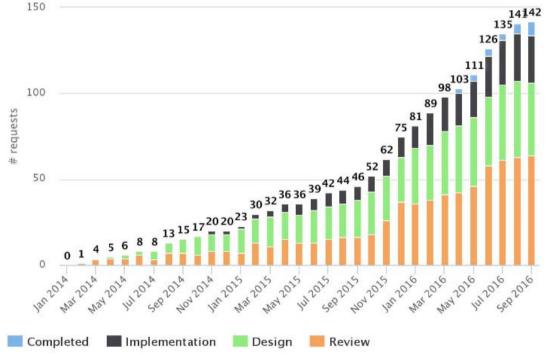
Quick and accessible:

- By request by NDE
- USD 25k to USD 250k
- 3-12 months
- Implemented by CTCN Consortium or Network partner



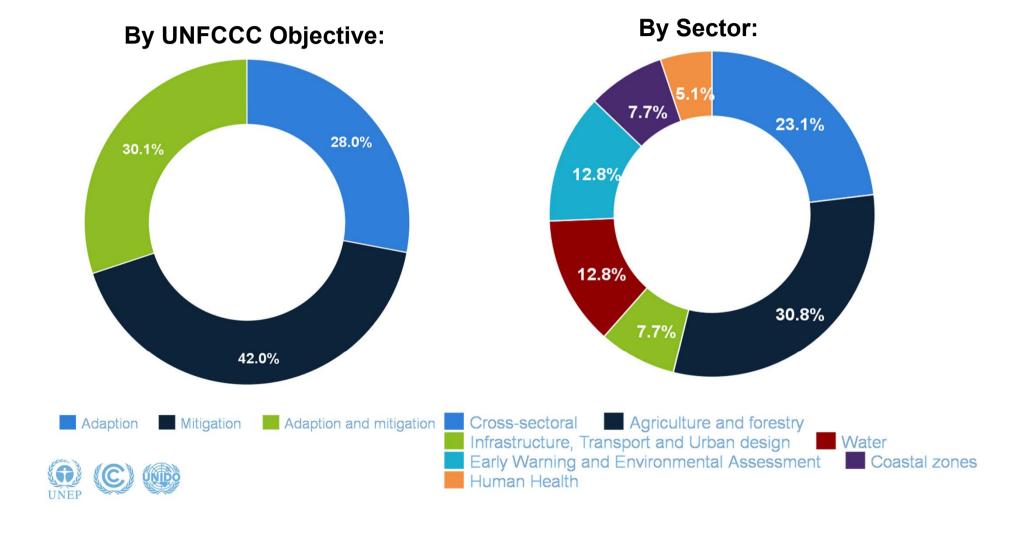








Breakdown of Requests for Technical Assistance





Examples of CTCN Technical Assistance

Country	Focus			
Dominican Republic	Disaster risk management communications protocol using mobile phone technology			
Indonesia	Flood modelling for infrastructure investment planning in Jakarta			
Kenya	Technology design and private-public partnership for investing rural water service provision			
Mauritius	Inclusion of climate change aspects in the 2020 development plan for the Port of Port Louis			
Mali	Prioritising technologies and catalysing private finance crop drying and storage to strength climate resilient food security			
Peru	Design of the national fisheries strategy			
Colombia	Monitoring impact of adaptation investments at nationally and locally			



Impacts of CTCN Technical Assistance













CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION Cross sectoral



Senegal



CONNECTING COUNTRIES TO CLIMATE TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS

The Climate Technology Centre and Network promotes the transfer of climate technologies at the request of developing countries for energy-efficient, low-carbon and climate resilient development

By connecting stakeholders with technology experts from around the world, the CTCN delivers customized capacity building and technical assistance aligned with national climate objectives.



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des Entreprises du Senegal National Designated Entity: Mr. Issakha Youm Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches sur les Energies Renouvelables Duration: 7 months Status: Under implementation Budget: 50,000 USD Technical Assistance Planned by:

Implemented by: Sofies SA

Applicant: Bureau de Mise a Niveau

Green technology deployment in Senegal's industrial sector

Senegal has a growing industrial sector. However, modern CONNECTING COUNTRIES

options for energy efficiency and industrial symbiosis remain CTCN ASSISTANCE

- . Conduct resource-efficient and cleaner production assessments of 5 priority sectors to identify high potential technology and process improvements
- Develop a set of recommendations (policy, regulatory, financial, technical, etc.) for each sector and an implementation plan for a pilot enterprise in each sector
- Identify and disseminate best practices for development of an eco-industrial park with a focus on industrial symbiosis (including energy and material resources treatment and recovery; waste valorisation; use of renewable energy and sustainable material substitutes; and by-product reuse and

INTENDED IMPACT: Carbon emission abatement

- Design of technology solutions that can result in a reduction of up to 10 % in energy consumption and green house gas emissions in each pilot enterprise
- Recommendations that can be replicated and scaled-up nationally in other industrial enterprises to multiply impact









CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION Infrastructure, Transport, Urban Design





Hydrodynamic mo resilient infra

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THIS PROJECT ADVANCES

Thailand's Nationally Determined Contribution

- Promote and strengthen Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) practices
- Strengthen disaster risk reduction and reduce the population's vulnerability to climate risk and extreme weather events
- Strengthen climate modelling capacity while promoting collaboration among relevant agencies Establish effective early warning system and enhance the adaptive capacity of national agencies











What is climate technology?

Any equipment, technique practical knowledge or skills needed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and/or adapt to climate change. This includes traditional, modern and high tech technologies



THE STORY

When a World Bank report on Climate Risks and Adaptation in Asian Coastal Megacities indicated that Bangkok must undertake proactive measures to address increased flooding risks as an integral part of urban planning the Bangkok Metropolitan Administration sought technical assistance through the CTCN

The CTCN drew on technical expertise of the UNEP-DHI Centre on Water and the Environment and the guidance of Thailand's National Designated Entity to design an urban flood early warning system for a high-risk catchment within the Bangkok Metro area. This assistance includes technology transfer, a demonstration programme and capacity building.

The flood warning system will provide:

- · Information on flood risk zones to residents and commuters through an automated web and mobile
- · Empowerment of Bangkok city staff with warning management skills
- · Proposed methods to expand the system through a citywide warning platform
- · Dissemination of findings to other cities and organizations in the region

The CTCN gratefully acknowledges the support of:





















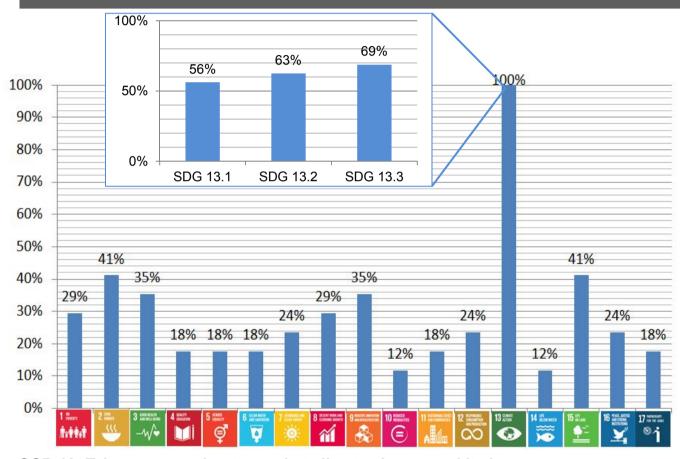








Contribution technical assistance projects towards SDGs





- 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
- 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning
- 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning









Aligning technical assistance to remove technology barriers with Parties' priorities to to finance large scale technology deployment

Technical assistance to remove barriers for technology deployment:

- What: Feasibility studies; policy reform, cost benefit analysis, technology options, etc.
- Who: Development Banks, GCF, Adaptation Fund, private investment





















Relevance of CTCN technical assistance to Adaptation Fund Readiness

Compliment to Adaptation Fund Readiness support, especially "Project Preparation Assistance" grants (15k)

Type of technical assistance CTCN can provide:

- Vulnerability assessment of key productive sectors
- Identification of locally relevant climate technology solutions
- Cost-benefit and multi-criteria analysis to prioritise climate technology solutions
- Feasibility studies of scaling-up climate technology solutions
- Business planning and facilitating private investment
- Policy and regulatory reform design
- Able to support both South-South and North-South modalities















CTCN Service 2: Knowledge Sharing & Capacity Building

- Climate Tech Portal: (www.ctc-n.org)
 - 35,000+ visits/month
 - Users globally (200 countries)
- Tech Library of proven and emerging low carbon and climate-resilient technologies and publications, showcased by target sector
- Weekly webinar series:
 - Proven and emerging technologies by CTCN partners
 - 1500+ participants total
 - 100+ per event
 - NRCan/RETScreen; Econoler



Active engagement with CKBN, REEEP & CDKN









CTCN Service 3: Capacity Building

- Annual Regional Forums:
 - 5+ Forums/year
 - 236 individuals from 120+ countries
 - NDEs, GCF, Development Bank, and private sector representatives.
- Increasing thematic workshops and launch of stakeholder/private sector platform (subject to funding)







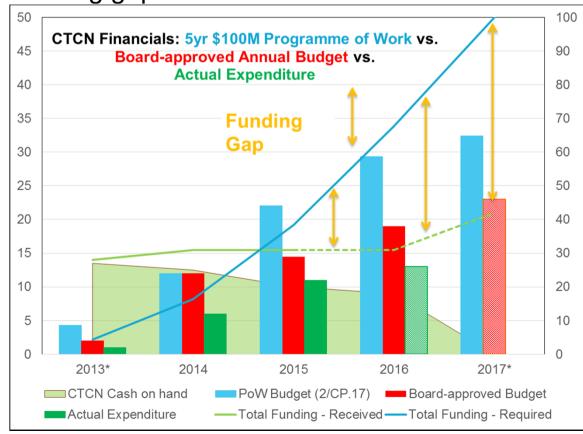






CTCN Financial Snapshot

- Budget approved by Advisory Board: USD 100 for 5 yrs (25M/yr)
- CTCN has received USD 31M over 3 years (10.3M/year)
 - Extensive strategy discussion at AB8; TA collaboration with GCF
 - Large funding gap remains











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Challenges and Opportunities

Challenge:

- 1. Definition of technology and breadth of solutions
- 2. Need for finance to implement at a scale that matters
- 3. Resource limitations and uncertainty
- 4. Engagement/sharing across diverse and adaptation community



Taxonomy of adaptation technologies (7 sectors; 3 x-cutting enablers; 3 design approaches

Align technical assistance with project design

Active donor engagement with Parties and beyond the Convention; TA collaboration with GCF

Engaging with global and regional Forums, TEMs, etc

Thank you













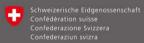








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Swiss Confederation

Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO





Summary/Looking forward

- Carrying strong Paris mandate into COP22
 - Focus on implementation + value proposition
- Matching DC needs with private sector solutions
 - Stakeholder Forums in priority sub-regions
 - Engagement with Business Dialogues
 - Leveraging Developed Country NDE Engagement
- Enhancing Linkages with the Financial Mechanism
 - GEF Pilot Programmes
 - GCF collaboration under Readiness & PPF
- Expand resource mobilisation
 - Approved (\$100M/5yrs) vs Actual (\$31M/3yrs)
 - Broader donor base to support ongoing operations









How and when to request CTCN technical assistance

How to request CTCN assistance:

- 1. 'Proponent' gains endorsement of NDE
- 2. Submit request (3 pages)
- 3. Criteria
 - Eligibility: relevance to (i) CC priorities; (ii) national plans; (iii) sustainability
 - Prioritisation criteria: balancing of (i) geography balancing; (ii) adaptation/mitigation; (iii) stage of technology cycle
- 4. CTCN design technical assistance work plan
- 5. CTCN selects implementer from 180+ Network
- Implementation and evaluation overseen by CTCN and NDE

When to request:

- Request accepted by CTCN at any time during the year
- For AF project developing: During design of concept notes of full proposals

<u>www.ctcn-n.org/</u> <u>technical-assistance</u>



... and proponents presented on their success to AB8 in Colombia...

3. DEVELOPMENT OF A NATIONAL SYSTEM OF INDICATORS FOR ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE

- Conceptual framework of indicators
- Analysis of existing territorial and sectoral information
- · Development of a baseline of indicators
- Catalyze effort around M&E needs
- · Inclusion of indicators in analyses and web tools

	Esposure	Sensibility	Adaptative Capacity	Impacts
Biodiversity and ecosystem services	Projected change in acceptance	Land use conflict Eco systemic representability	Conservation, protection, restauration	Ecoptonic collapse
Water management	Alifty	Pressure over hydric sessurem	Watershed management	Water scarcity
Agriculture & Food Security	Projected changes in crop areas	Sol quality	Crop-diversity	Water scarcity for agriculture
Infrastructure	Different kinds of infrastructure Ker's produced	Resilient Materials Energy Matrix Storage Capacity	Resilient Design Energy matrix discretification	Infrastructure & damage Cost fluctuation für h
Human Settlements	Individuals, Neurona Tocated at potential sisk press	Use conditions	tilucation, income.	Mortality rate Migration
Health	Potential population at risk	Access to health services	Energency presention	Mortality and N

http://accionclimatica.minambiente.gov.co







