

Sharing EU experiences on implementation and M&R of effectiveness of capacity-building activities





We made in Durban notable progress on UNFCCC capacity-building

- establishment of the Durban Forum for in-depth discussion on capacity-building,
- completion of the second comprehensive review of the implementation of the framework for capacity-building in developing countries.





1. General Principles

2. Monitoring and Review





General Principles

Capacity building:

- is fundamental to enable the full, effective and sustained implementation of the Convention
- is cross-cutting by nature
- should be an integral part of work in relevant areas such as adaptation, mitigation, REDD, response measures, technology transfer and market mechanisms.





General Principles 2

- Ownership and demand driven approach capacity building support must be designed, managed and monitored in collaboration with local partners
- Long term iterative process should entail a flexible and adaptive approach to ensure
 - changing conditions can be taken into account
 - emerging challenges can be addressed.
- Coordination between donors and beneficiary countries is essential





Monitoring and Review

- Monitoring and review on capacity building interventions is crucial to
 - Assess impact and effectiveness
 - Exchange best practices and lessons learnt
- Should be done at country level taking into account the local context
- Information from partner countries and constant dialogue between practitioners is crucial





Monitoring & Review 2

- Capacity building should provide adequate quality assurance
- Most appropriate channels to communicate and share capacity-building information:
 - National communications
 - Voluntary submissions
- Participation of all stakeholders is essential.
 - Example: in many cases, implementation be in the hands of local communities or civil society organisations
 - ⇒ capacity building monitoring should target these different groups.





Monitoring & Review 3

- Indicators related to capacity-building results or activities
 - should be tailor-made to each of the results/activities
 - developed in collaboration with donors and partners.

- Impact-based indicators
 - are equally important
 - should be defined jointly with the partner country.





Monitoring & Review 4

- Capacity building should undergo same monitoring scrutiny as "normal" development programmes components
- Should include following criteria:
 - relevance
 - efficiency
 - development effectiveness
 - development impact
 - sustainability
 - ownership

- use of country's own institutions and systems
- management for results
- mutual accountability
- coordination
- complementarity
- coherence





Thank you

More information ? : check EU submissions and national communications on unfccc.int



