

# NAP-GSP

NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN GLOBAL SUPPORT PROGRAMME



## ABOUT NAP-GSP SUPPORT: LESSONS AND EXPERIENCE FROM IMPLEMENTATION

UNDP / UNEP NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN GLOBAL SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NAP-GSP):  
SUPPORTING COUNTRIES TO ADVANCE NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLANS

## Key aspects of the NAP-GSP support



Builds on efforts underway from the National Adaptation Programme of Action (NAPA) – which address urgent and immediate priorities for adaptation



Focusses on the need for countries to initiate steps to identify, finance and implement appropriate medium- to long-term adaptation needs



Balances sectoral and cross-sectoral priorities, at national, sub-national and local levels.



Analyzes appropriate data



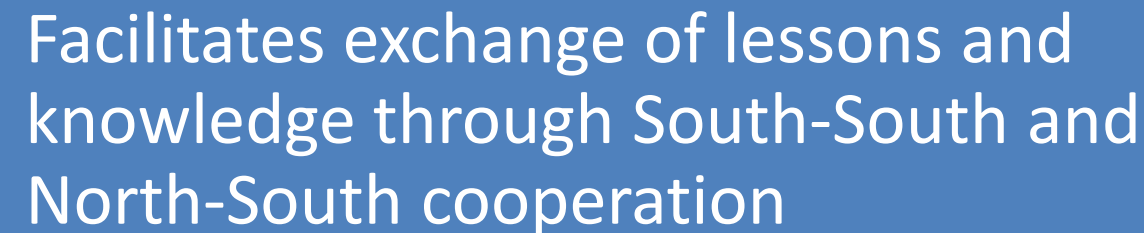
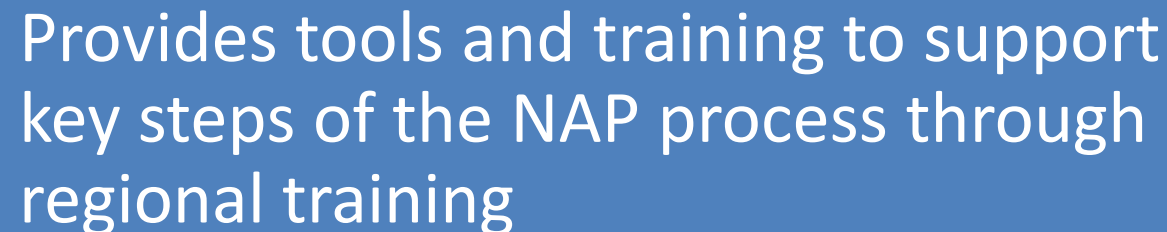
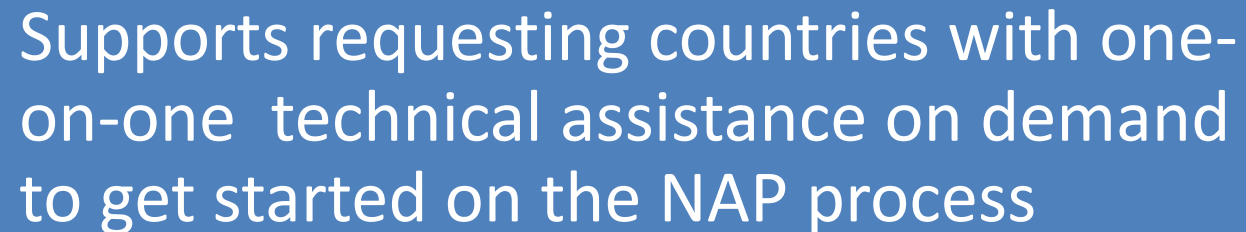
Considers the country's experiences and good practices. Encourages knowledge sharing and learns from other countries' experiences.



Responds to the invitation made by the UNFCCC Parties in Durban, Doha and Warsaw to the UN Agencies and other organizations to provide support including through support programs



Programme Objective: *“To strengthen institutional and technical capacities for iterative development of comprehensive NAPs”*



# Lessons learnt and experiences – initial reflections



- **Adaptation and NAP itself is not a one-time activity;**
  - requires **ongoing action**;
  - **learning** plays a key role and needs to be built in to the NAP process
- **There is guidance on doing NAP's ( LEG guidelines, supplements) - HOW**
  - No clarity about **WHAT** *is* likely to come out at the end of a NAP process?

# Lessons learnt and experiences – initial reflections



- **A set of effective institutional response mechanism /arrangements** - must be one of the outcomes of a 'NAP process' which should include :
  - Policy, legislation, inter-ministerial coordination, finance, knowledge, science, capacity utilization, stakeholder engagement , monitoring.
- There is need for **tailored support** – countries come from different locations and different baselines
  - and the process itself is about developing a model that is appropriate given the national circumstances and the political economy
- **NAP document is another outcome.**
  - NAP document is an important document that informs the NAP process.

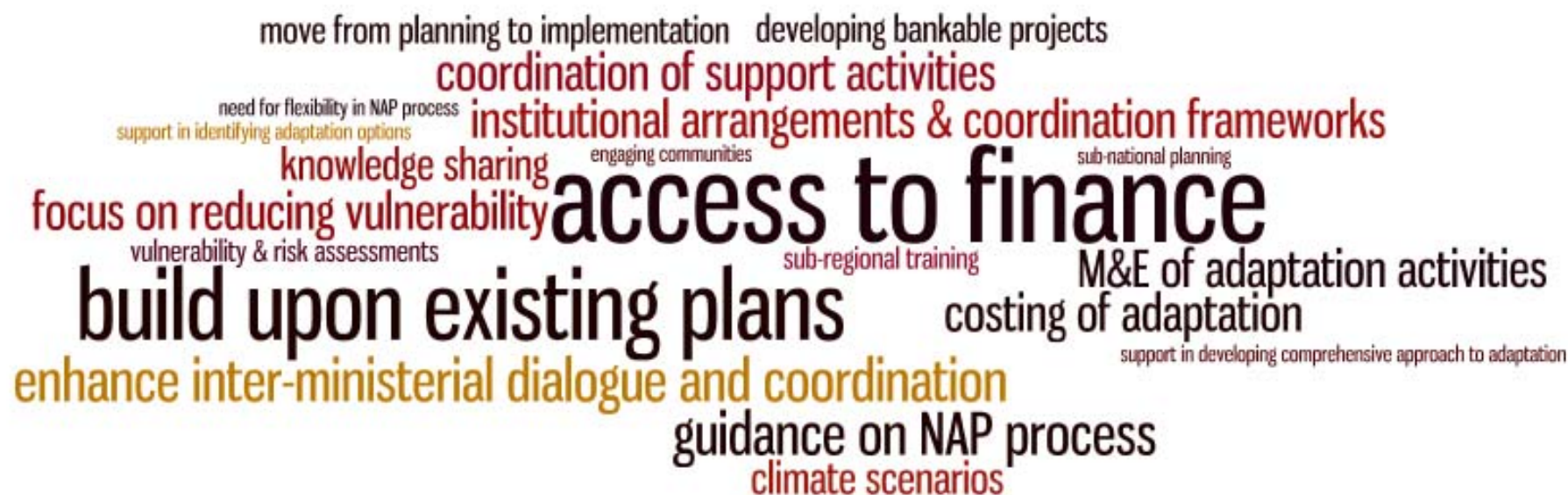
# Lessons learnt and experiences – initial reflections



- **Partnerships with organizations are key to supporting countries for the NAP**
- **Planning doesn't happen in a vacuum—NAP is a political economy issue**
  - Environment ministries in association with sector ministries, planning and finance
- **The connection between the NAPA, National Communication and the NAP process is significant**
- **Countries eager to move from planning to implementation**

## Consultations for the next NAP-GSP phase – results...

*This word cloud is a visual representation of the common themes from stakeholder consultations...*



# Lessons learnt and experiences – initial reflections



- **Challenges:**
  - Supporting an ongoing process such as NAP goes beyond the project –type of support.
  - Monitoring and evaluation – should be a means for promoting learning that enables planning and design
  - *Closing thought:* need to look at the transformational potential of the NAP process so as to enable finance from GCF