

Experiences, good practices, lessons learned, gaps and needs in the process to formulate and implement NAPS

Governance, Policy and Legal Framework on Climate Change in Peru

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What has Peru done at the national level?

The National Agreement

Organic Law of Decentralization

National Development Plan

National Policy of Environment

Policy of modernization of pubic management

Law of CC (in process)

1992-2015

Strategic Objective CC

Political Goals

National Commission on Climate Change

National Climate Change Strategy

Ministry of Environment (2008)

Action Plans

Sectorial ministries at national level

Sectorial Action Plans

Regional (sub-national) Governments

Regional Development Plans

Regional Strategies for Climate Change

Management Tools

- SNIP, PIP
- Results-based budget
- Land use planning
- Capacity building plans and guidelines



VISION

Change

Climate

OU

Strate¿g/

National

Means of implementation

Institutional

Strengthening

Capacity

Building

Information,

research and

technological

development

Financing

Influence of Subnational Level

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Management of
Climate Risks
(Adaptation =
tackling the
consequences)

Reducing GHG
emmissions
(Mitigation = Acting
on the causes)



- > Air
- Forests
- Biodiversity
- Critical ecosystems
- Landscapes & Seascapes

Territorial and **Thematic Synergies**



Next step

Institucional Strengthening

Mainstream CC in Regional Development Plans and others

Tools to formulate Action Plans and finance mechanisms

Action Plans Sectorial and Regional

M&E ENCC

Capacity Building

Technical support - actors

Capacity Building Plan implementation

Communication Strategy

Science &Technology

Generating information about impacts and scenarios of vulnerability

Identifying adaptation measures

Finance

Investment System, and Public Investment Project

CCA in15 Public Budget Programs -MEF

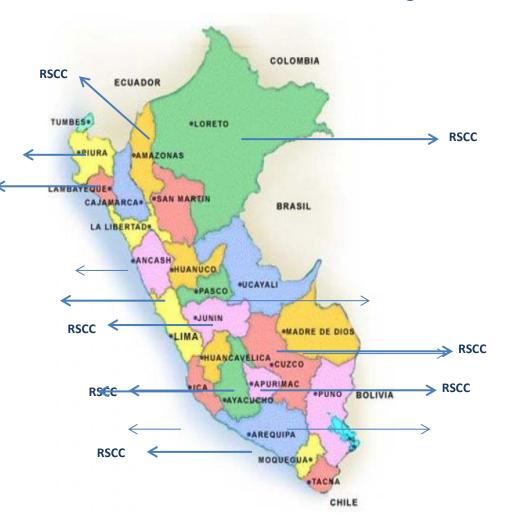
After design14 ENCC, we are mainstreaming climate change in development plans and in others instruments to obtain finance ant get "ACTION"

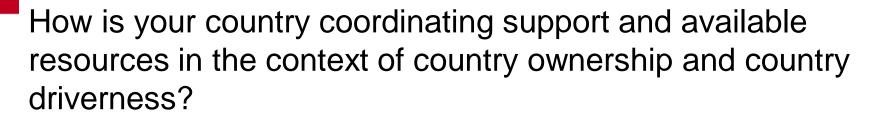
Influence of Regional Level: RSCC and Projects

 14 Regions have approves their strategies and 9 are in process

 Some Regions have created institutional structures to manage CC

- 43 Public Investment Projects in 13 regions
- 4 Ministries (Finance, Health, Production and Agriculture) start to incorporate CC in their planning instruments and in their operational standards.







Funding Source Type

Mechanisms for channeling funds

From Public Sources

Contingency funds for Disasters

National System for Public investment

Public Budget

From Multilateral and Bilateral Institutions (Dev. Cooperation)

Multilateral Institutions suppliers of funds for development

Adaptation Fund & GCF

Bilateral Cooperation

National Platform to implement ENCC

Drive national and international finance Engage and articulate actors and efforts

GAPS? key factors for achieving effective climate change adaptation management

- 1. Lack of scientific data, local knowledge need to be systematized (scenarios), methodologies.
- 2. Capacity to generate political and social agreements to reduce impacts and vulnerabilities related to climate change.
- 3. Technology, skills and technical and economic resources
- 4. Evaluating action impact or effectiveness of the adaptation measures that we implement: assess whether we have actually lessened impacts and vulnerabilities, and to feed back our actions



Thank you!

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